Headway

Intermediate Workbook with key



Liz & John Soars • Paul Hancock

irlanguage







Liz & John Soars • Paul Hancock



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Numbers

REVIEW

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Course overview

Headway

Welcome to **Headway 5th edition**. Here's how the blended syllabus helps you link learning in the classroom with meaningful practice outside.



Student's Book

All the language and skills you need to improve your English, with grammar, vocabulary and skills work in every unit. Also available as an ebook.

Use your Student's Book in class with your teacher.



Workbook

Exclusive practice to match your Student's Book, unit by unit.

Use your Workbook for homework or for self-study to give you new input and practice.



ACTIVITIES AUDIO VIDEO WORDLISTS



Headway >> Online Practice

Go to
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Practice.

LOOK AGAIN

- Review the language from every lesson
- Watch the videos and listen to all the class audio again

PRACTICE

 Develop your skills with extra Reading, Writing, Listening and Speaking practice

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

- Test yourself on the main language from the unit and get instant feedback
 - Try an extra challenge

Online Practice

Look again at Student's Book language you want to review or that you missed in class, do extra **Practice** activities, and **Check your Progress** on what you've learnt so far.

Use the Online Practice at home to extend your learning and get instant feedback on your progress.

What's your story?

- Question forms
- Adjectives, synonyms and antonyms

- Phrasal verbs in situations
- Saying the right thing

GrammarQuestion forms

Ouestions and answers

- 1 Read these questions (1-12) from an interview from Aksel Pedersen. Match them with his answers (a-l).
 - 1 Who do you live with?
 - 2 How many houses have you lived in?
 - 3 How much time do you spend writing every day?
 - 4 What are you like in the morning?
 - 5 Whose writing has influenced you the most?
 - 6 How long did it take you to write your first novel, Crime City?
 - 7 Which university did you go to?
 - 8 How often do you travel abroad?
 - 9 What kind of holiday do you like?
 - 10 What objects do you always carry with you?
 - 11 Who are you like in your family?
 - 12 What are you afraid of?

1.1 Listen and check.

2	Fir	Find questions in exercise 1 with:			
		how + adjective / adverb 6 Howlong?			
	b	what + noun			
	С	which + noun			
	d	whose + noun			
	e	how much			
	f	how many			
	g	a preposition at the end			
	h	like as an adverb			
	i	like as a verb			

"What matters to me, THE FIVE-MINUTE INTERVIEW
We ask the Danish crime writer, Aksel Pedersen, about his life and career.
 a. My Copenhagen card (that's a travel card), a photo of my son and my phone, of course.
 b. It depends sometimes I spend all day just researching, other times I write all day and night – that's exhausting.
 c. Stieg Larsson's, the Swedish writer, without a doubt. Especially his The Girl with the Dragon Tattoo. He was a genius.
d. My wife and son. We have a small family house in Elsinore – you know, Hamlet's Elsinore!
 e. My son and I go to a fishing lodge on Fyn Island every summer. I love fishing – I find it really relaxing.
f. This is my first house. I've always lived in apartments, two in fact – one in Copenhagen, one here in Elsinore.
g. Four or five times a year – always work. I've done author tours from Brazil to Bulgaria. I find it exciting but very stressful.
h. Dreadful! I'm not an early-morning type of person – especially if I've been writing all night.
 i. I look like my mother, and I have my father's bad temper. It's an unfortunate combination.
 j. I didn't. I studied acting at the Commedia School in Copenhagen. I was useless, I got just a few small parts on TV.
k. That anything bad might happen to my wife or son.
I. Kriminalitet City – I first had the idea when I was 15 and I finally finished writing it when I was 35!

Questions with what / which / whose

3 Write a question with what / which / whose + noun.

1	Do you want to get up at 6.00? 7.00? 8.00?	What time do you want to get up?
2	Are you looking for a small shirt? Medium? Large?	
3	Is this Jane's coat? Annie's? Henry's?	
4	Is your wife Hungarian? Spanish? Lebanese?	
5	Do you read The Times? Daily Mirror? The Telegraph?	
6	Do you like classical music? Rock 'n' roll? Jazz?	
7	Is the healthiest vegetable cauliflower? Broccoli? Spinach?	
8	Is your smartphone an Apple? A Samsung?	
9	Is it the 39 bus that goes to the station? The 18? Or the 103?	
10	Is this my dictionary or your dictionary?	
11	Is your house number 3? Number 33?	
12	Do you want this one or that one?	

Questions with how

4 Write a question with *how*.

1	'How wide	is the English Channel?'
		es from Dover to Calais.'
2	(is it from your house to school?'
	'About five kilometres.'	
3	•	_ can your car go?'
	'The top speed is 240 k	
4	(time do you spend on social media?'
	'I guess about three hor	urs a day.'
5	(do you go to the dentist?'
	'Three or four times a	
6		have you known your girlfriend?'
	'We were at school toge	
7	(are you?'
	'I'm 1 metre 75.'	•
8		did your baby weigh when she was born?
	'3.2 kilos.'	





Questions with like

5 Match a question in **A** with an answer in **B**.

A	В
1 c What would you like to drink?	a It's lovely and sunny.
2 Do you like cooking?	b Either. I don't mind. Whatever you're having.
Who do you look like in your family?	c I'll have a Coke, please.
4 What's the weather like today?	d She's OK. We get on most of the time.
5 Would you like to go for a walk?	e Yeah, he's all right but he's not really my type.
6 Do you like Mike?	f No, thanks. I'm too tired.
7 Would you like tea or coffee?	g No, I hate it. I can't even boil an egg.
8 What's your sister like?	h Everyone says I look like my mother.

Questions with a preposition

- **6 EXTENSION** Complete the questions. They all have a preposition at the end.
 - 1 A I think Jamie's in love?
 - B Oh, really? Who / he / in love ...? Who's he in love with?
 - A Beth, of course. He's crazy about her.
 - 2 A Dad, can I have the car tonight?
 - B What / you / want it ...?
 - A I'm going out with a couple of friends. Is that OK?
 - 3 A Someone's left their phone on the table. Who / it belong ...?
 - B It's mine. Thanks.
 - 4 A Jack's grandad died last week.
 - B Oh, dear! What / he die ...?
 - A A heart attack.
 - 5 A I am REALLY angry.
 - B What / you so angry ...?
 - A My bank charged me £20 for being 50p overdrawn.
 - 6 A Pierre's the director of a European company.
 - B Really? Who / he work ...?
 - A Allgemeine Union.
 - 7 A We can't go yet! Not everyone's here.
 - B Who / we waiting ...?
 - A Anna. She's getting ready.
 - 8 A Do you like my new dress?
 - B Mmm! Where / you get it ...?
 - A I got it online.
 - 9 A Mary got married last weekend.
 - B Really! Who / she get married ...?
 - A A guy she met in Spain.
 - 10 A I had a great chat with Rob the other day.
 - B Oh, yes? What / you talk ...?
 - A His relationship with his mother. Very interesting.

Questions in context

7 Read Holly's profile on her website. Complete the questions about her.



1	Where does s	he <u>come</u> from?		
2	What	she?		
3		university does she study		?
4		does she get	her course?	
		does she live		
6	Has she	a boyfriend?		
7		doing in her free time?		
8	What is her	hair?		
9		_colour her	eyes?	
10		_ is she?		
11	What	of clothes does she		_
12	What is she	as a person?		

Vocabulary

-ed / -ing adjectives

1 Complete the story about Happy Holly. Use the words in brackets. Add -ed or -ing. Sometimes the spelling changes.

Happy Holly!

Holly Summers is very happy with her life. She thinks her drama course is really 'interesting' (interest), but it isn't easy, and she has a lot to learn, so she finds it very (challenge) as well.



Her teachers have told her that they are more than

3 ______ (satisfy) with her acting ability and Holly is
obviously 4 ______ (delight) to hear that. She has always
wanted to act, and has an 5 ______ (overwhelm) passion
for the theatre.

Holly shares a flat with her sister, who's a nurse. It's a tiny flat but it's on the fourth floor and has '_______ (stun) views over the city. The sisters find it very '______ (excite) to be living in a big, cosmopolitan city like Manchester, but they are too '______ (exhaust) at the end of each day to have much of a social life.

2 Complete the story about Miserable Max. Use the words from the box below. Add *-ed* or *-ing*. Sometimes the spelling changes.

hore	WORRY	confuse	frighten	annov	disappoint	tiro	place
DOILE	WOITY	comuse	manten	annov	aisabboint	tire	piease

Miserable Max!

Max isn't happy at all. He has just started a new job and he is both 'disappointed and 'because his salary is much less than he was promised. This is really 'for Max because he was out of work for a long time, and has a lot of debts. Also, his new boss doesn't with his work so far She doesn't explain of



a lot of debts. Also, his new boss doesn't seem 4_____ with his work so far. She doesn't explain clearly what she wants him to do, which is very 5_____ for him, and he is too 6_____ to ask her many questions.

All these problems mean that Max isn't sleeping well, so he

All these problems mean that Max isn't sleeping well, so he always arrives at work feeling 7______ and he sometimes falls asleep at his desk. And his work colleagues don't help – they're no fun at all, they're all really 8_____.

Poor, miserable Max.

Antonyms

3 Match an adjective in **A** with its opposite in **B**.

Α	В
1 hard-working	a part-time
2 old-fashioned	b stressful
3 casual	c lazy
4 good-looking	d smart
5 full-time	e rude
6 polite	f modern
7 relaxing	g unattractive

Α		В
8	quiet	h light
9	easy-going	i tiny
10	shy	j moody
11	enormous	k boring
12	second-hand	l noisy
13	heavy	m sociable
14	thrilling	n brand-new

- **4** Complete the conversations with a word from the boxes in exercise 3.
 - 1 'He isn't very polite, is he?'
 'No. In fact, he's incredibly *rude*.'
 - 2 'They really need to modernize the way they work.'

'True. Some of their business practices are very _____.'

- 3 'Camping is not a relaxing holiday, is it? 'I know, it can be a very _____ way of spending a holiday.'
- 4 'Jane's such a lazy person.'

 'Strange. Her brother is very _____.'
- 5 'You can't wear jeans to an interview! You've got to look _____!
- 6 'Can I help you with that bag? It looks very

'Thank you! That's really kind of you.'

- 7 'My sister's really difficult one minute she's kind, the next she's horrible.''She sounds like a typical ______ teenager to me.'
- 8 'Look at the size of that sunflower!'

 'Wow, it's absolutely ______! It's even taller than Ben!'
- 9 'I don't really want to go to Kim's party.'
 'Oh, come on! You really have to try to be more ______.'

Antonyms and synonyms

5	EXTENSION	Write	the	opposite.
---	------------------	-------	-----	-----------

1	a rich person	a poor person
	a rich cake	a plain cake
2	an old car	
	an old man	
3	a single person	
	a single ticket	
4	a light suitcase	
	a light colour	
5	a hard exam	
	a hard pillow	
6	a hot drink	
	a hot curry	

6	Write an	adjective	of	similar	meanin	2
---	----------	-----------	----	---------	--------	---

1	a rich woman	a wealthy woman
2	a handsome man	
3	a funny story	
4	an untidy room	
5	a badly-behaved child	
6	a brilliant idea	
7	tasty food	
8	a lovely view	

Phrasal verbs

Phrasal verbs in situations (1)

7 EXTENSION Complete the conversations with a phrasal verb from the boxes. Put the verb in the correct form. The definitions in brackets will help you.

Journeys

set off pick up hang on get in

- A You're arriving in London next Monday, right?
- B Yes, that's right.
- A I'll pick you up if you like. (collect)
- B That would be lovely.
- A What time does your train 2_____? (arrive)
 - ! (Wait). I'll just check on the ticket. Er ... 17.45.
- A OK. The traffic's bad at that time, but if I 4_____ (leave the house) at about 5.00, I'll be there in plenty of time.

STARTING A BUSINESS

set up work out cut back come up with



- our own business. (start) A Jim and I are going to 9_____
- B Wow! What are you thinking of doing?
- A Well, I've always liked cooking, and Jim 10 the idea of opening a restaurant. (thought of)
- **B** Have you found a place yet?

MOVING HOUSE

any work. (finally start doing)

- ____(calculated) that we A We're looking. We've 11 can afford about £25,000 a year rent. We're saving like crazy. We've 12_____ (reduced) our spending on going out and clothes and stuff like that.
- B Well, good luck. I'll be your first customer.

get down to bring up work out settle in

A I hear you've just moved house. How are you

B Not bad. It's all a bit chaotic, so it's hard to 14

Relationships



put up with split up get over go out

- A Did you hear that Sam and Dee have ⁵

 _ (ended a relationship) together for years! B Really? They've been 6__
- (be boyfriend and girlfriend) What went wrong? A Sam said all they did was argue, and he couldn't it anymore. (tolerate) Dee is very upset,
- B I'm sure she is, but she'll 8____ it. (begin to feel better) He wasn't that great!

A And the kids?

B Well, we moved to the country because we didn't want to them _____ in a town. (educate and care for) They're finding it a bit difficult at the moment. They've left their friends behind.

______? (adapting to new surroundings)

. (get better) Give it time. A I'm sure it'll all 16

1.2 Listen and check.

apparently.

Everyday English Saying just the right thing!

1

2

Complete the questions and the adjectives in the conversations.
1 A So, you've met the 'love of your life'! Tell me about her. What's <i>she like</i> ?
B Fabulous! She's really good-looking, and she's always smiling and cheer You'll like her.
A I'm sure I will.
2 A Wow! Is that your car? It looks -new!
B It's new all right, but it's not mine.
A is it then?
B My dad's.
A That's a shame.
3 A I'm so w about my son. He's always looking at a screen.
B I know – it's a common problem these days else does he like doing
A Not a lot! He needs some digital detox!
B That's a great idea! don't you
take the family on a digital-free holiday?
4 A They say I'm the image of my mum. do you look
in your family?
B I'm a mixture – I've got my mum's very red hair. I spend hours
each day trying to straighten it. But I'mlike my dad, 1 metre 80.
A Lucky you! I hate being so short.
Write a response to the lines below using the
expressions in italics from the conversations in
exercise 2.
1 'I've won £1,000 on the lottery!'
'Wow! Lucky you!'
2 'I know you'll really enjoy the film.'
3 'Why don't we take a picnic to the beach?'
4 'Sports day was cancelled because of the weather.'
5 'Have you heard? Max and Fiona are getting divorced.'
-
Go online for more skills
and language practice

REVIEW

1 Rosa Volpe is an Italian housewife. Read her answers and complete the questions about her kitchen.

'My kitchen is my life'

Q1: <u>How much</u> is your house worth? About €70,000. It's not a '<u>modern</u> house – it's a 100-year-old farmhouse.

Q2: ______'s your kitchen like?

It's not very big for a farmhouse kitchen, but it's big enough for me.

And it's quite ² because there's only one small window. But it's my special part of the house.

Q3: ______big is it exactly?

Just 12m². My daughter has just moved to a ³ apartment in the city centre and her kitchen's much bigger than mine. It's beautiful, but I prefer mine.

Q4: _____ time do you spend in your kitchen?

About four hours a day. But I go in and out to my kitchen garden – it's just outside – picking herbs and getting 4______ fruit and vegetables for my cooking.

Q5: _____ often do you eat together as a family?

At least twice a day – with my husband and two sons. They all work on the farm so they're always hungry. They have 5 ______ appetites! Eating together is very important to me. My family is everything – I want grandchildren now!

Q6: _____recipes do you follow?

Nobody's – I don't have any cookbooks. I just cook like my mother and grandmother did before me. My cupboards are full of jars of 6______jams and sauces. Everyone says they are 7______

Q7: _____ helps you in the kitchen?

Nobody. My sons can cook but they're usually too 8______ to help me, and my husband can't cook at all.

Q8: ______else would you like to have in your kitchen?

Nothing really! I'm very 9_____ with my kitchen and my life. But perhaps a dishwasher would be good. My husband and sons are always too 10_____ to help with the washing-up at the end of the day.

2 Complete the gaps 1–10 in Rosa's answers with the correct adjective from 1–10 below.

1	modern	old-fashioned	up-to-date
2	light	dark	useless
3	brand-new	fresh	tiny
4	new	mature	fresh
5	delicious	huge	tiny
6	second-hand	homesick	home-made
7	delicious	charming	stunning
8	hard-working	busy	overwhelmed
9	disappointed	satisfied	thrilled
10	exhausting	relaxed	exhausted

Go online to Check your progress.

Language matters



- Tenses, auxiliary verbs
- Vocabulary word formation, words that go together
- Prepositions verb + preposition
- Everyday situations

Grammar

Tenses

Recognizing tenses

- 1 Look at the emojis 1-4 and match them with meanings a-d.
 - a I'm only joking!
- c I'm not going to say any more!
- b I'll think about it.
- d I feel so embarrassed!





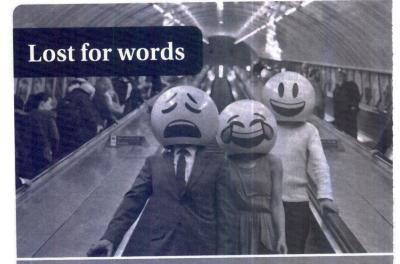




2 Read the text and answer the questions.

- 1 Why were people surprised by the Oxford Dictionaries Word of the Year in 2015?
- 2 Who were the first people to use emojis?
- 3 How many emojis are sent every day?
- 3 Use the verb forms in italics in the text to complete the chart.

Present Simple (x3)	says
Present Continuous (x1)	
Past Simple (x3)	announced
Past Continuous (x1)	
Present Perfect (x1)	
Present Perfect Continuous (x1)	
Future Forms (x2)	
Present Simple passive (x2)	
Past Simple passive (x2)	



When the Oxford English Dictionary announced its word of the year for 2015, the surprise was ... it wasn't a word! It was the 'face with tears of joy' emoji.

Casper Grathwohl, president of Oxford Dictionaries, decided that emojis were the most important new development in our use of language that year. In 2015, Hillary Clinton asked students to tell her how they felt about student loans in emojis. Classic literary works were translated into emojis - Moby Dick, for example, was renamed Emoji Dick!

Grathwohl, 44, says he's been avoiding using emojis himself until now - he didn't want people to think he 'was trying to get in on teen culture'. Emojis were originally popular with Japanese teenagers, and in the UK, a third of people over 40 have never used them. However, Grathwohl feels it's becoming acceptable for older people to use them now, and even the messages his mother sends him are full of them. Worldwide, six billion emojis are sent every day, and the 'face with tears of joy' is used the most.

Emojis help us to communicate better, but they aren't going to replace text language. And the 'face with tears of joy' won't appear in the Oxford English Dictionary. For a start, there's the problem of where to put it!

Producing tenses

4 Complete the sentences using the verbs from the box and the TENSES given.

make		
1 PRESENT SIMPLE		
I work for a company that makes printer	s.	
2 PRESENT SIMPLE PASSIVE		
The printers in Chin	a.	
3 PRESENT PERFECT	0.00	
We a big profit	de plant	
this year.		
take		
4 PAST SIMPLE		
I my daughter to the park yesterday.	200.00	
5 GOING TO FUTURE	Strate in	
I her to the cinema	2-18-40	
tomorrow.		
6 PAST SIMPLE PASSIVE	S. A. S.	
This photo of her	100	
when she was six.	Total Carrier	
be		
7 PRESENT PERFECT	1004101100	
I to every country in	0.096.700	
Europe on business.		
8 PAST SIMPLE	and other states	
This time last year I	Series of the series	
in Prague.	der administration	
9 WILL FUTURE		
Next week I in Madrid.	to specially	
Madi Id.	-	
work	Commence of the Commence of th	
10 PRESENT CONTINUOUS	To the same of	
I from home today.		
11 PAST CONTINUOUS	1000	
I in Munich when	SEC. (25):108	
Iin Munich when my wife and I first met.	Mary report	
12 PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS	10011001100	
7) .: 1 7	1	
I'm tired. I too hard recently!		

Tenses and time expressions

5 Put the verb in the correct tense for each group of time expressions.

			six months ago.
1	1	(<i>move</i>) to Italy	last year.
			in 2015.
	He usually		every day.
2		(<i>go</i>) jogging	twice a week.
		3 7, 33 3	on Saturday mornings.
	We		for C
3		(<i>live</i>) here	for five years. since January.
5			all our lives.
	What		at the moment?
4		(<i>work</i>) on	these days?
			this week?
	I		next week.
5		(see) you	later.
		·	tonight.

be, do, have: auxiliary or full verb?

6 Is the verb in **bold** used as an auxiliary verb (A) or a full verb (F)?

1 A F	Have you ever been to China? They have three children.
2	I do my homework every night. Where do you come from?
3 🗌	They are such lovely children! They are learning Chinese.
4	What time did you get home? I did a lot of research for that project.
5 🗌	England has only won the World Cup once. England has some beautiful countryside.
6 🗌	I was just thinking about you! I was just a kid then.
7 🗌	My son is at the same school I went to. He is taught French by my old teacher!
8 🔲	My sister does yoga every day. What does your father do?



Asking questions

7 Read Language facts. Choose the answer you think is correct. Then complete the questions that will get the information.



1	When was Sumerian first written down	:
2	How many	
3	Which	
4	How many	
5	What	
6	How many	
7	In which	
8	How many	
9	Which	?
	How many	

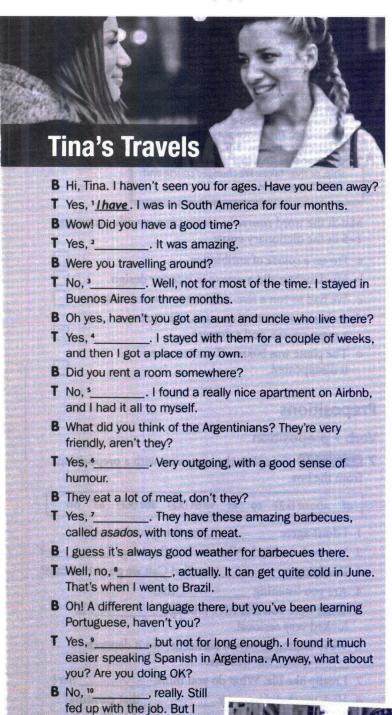
8 (1) 2.1 Listen and check.

Replying with questions

9 Reply to these statements with a question.	
1 A Amy's writing an email.	2
B Who's she writing to	.5
2 A Dom speaks four languages. B Which	?
3 A I got some great presents for my birthday.B What	?
4 A Jamal and Naomi paid a lot of money for that house.B How much	?
5 A I'm going to the cinema tonight. B What	
6 A We had a wonderful holiday. B Where	_?
7 A Bye! See you later! B Where	_;
8 A I really enjoy learning Italian. B How long	_?
 Negatives 10 Everything that A says is wrong! Complete B's lines as she corrects him. 1 A Jane and Anna live in the centre of Liverpool. B They don't live in the centre! They live in the suburing the sub	bs!
2 A Jane works in a bank. B She works in advertising	
3 A Anna's got two brothers. B! She's an only chi	ild!
4 A They've been sharing a flat for two years. B! They only met last Augustian.	ust!
5 A They've made a lot friends in Liverpool. B! They don't seem to know anyone.	ne!
6 A Jane went to Oxford University. B! She went to Cambrid	lge!
7 A Anna has to work on Sundays. B! She's a school teach	her!
8 A They had a holiday in Spain last month. B! They went to Green	ece!
① 2.2 Listen and check.	

Short answers

11 Read the conversation between Tina and Beth. Complete the sentences with short answers.



1)2.3 Listen and check.

about it!

was saying that when I last saw you, so I really must do something

Vocabulary

Grammar words

1 EXTENSION Match words in A with a grammar term in B.

A	В
1 f write, want	a preposition (prep)
2 she, him	b adjective (adj)
3 car, tree	c adverb (adv)
4 can, must	d modal auxiliary verb
5 slowly, always	e pronoun (pron)
6 nice, pretty	f verb (v)
7 bigger, older	g count noun (C)
8 to like	h uncount noun (U)
9 🗌 a	i comparative
10 on, at, under	j superlative adjective
11 hoping, living	k infinitive with to
12 the	I -ing form of the verb (-ing form)
13 astest, hottest	m past participle (pp)
14 done, broken	n definite article
15 rice, weather	o indefinite article

Word formation

Buenos Aires

2 Change the words in A so that they fit the grammar term in B.

A	В	
silent (adj)	silently	(adv)
educate (v)		(U noun)
easy (adj)	-	(superlative adjective)
break (v)		(pp)
simple (adj)	-	(verb)
correct (v)		(C noun)
fluency (U)	The second secon	(adj)
die (v)	-	(-ing form)

3 Complete the sentences using the words in CAPITALS in the correct form.

	APPY				
1	People often find when they're not looking for it.				
2	You seem with your job – why don't you look for another one?				
3	It's nice that your children and mine play so together.				
FI	RIEND				
4	Jason is such a nice guy – he's to everyone.				
5	Your is very important to me.				
	Have I said something wrong? Why are you being so to me?				
E	MPLOY				
7	have a lot of responsibility for their staff				
Q	The rate in the UK is about 5%				

Words that go together

9 I'm self-

4 Match the verbs in A with the nouns in B.

A	В
take	a prize
correct	a noise
have	places
support	a presentation
give	a mistake
win	a photo
hear	a team
swap	an allergy

I can work for whoever I want.

5 EXTENSION Which expressions from the box go with make, and which go with do? Write them in the correct column.

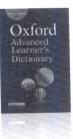
research exercise a list notes a phone call the shopping a job an exam a profit an effort an appointment a mess some work your best

MAKE	DO

Different meanings

6 Look at the dictionary entry for the word *course*.

course /kɔ:s/ noun 1 [C] a course (in/on sth) a complete series of lessons: I've enrolled on an English course. A course in selfdefence. 2 [C] one of the parts of a meal: a three-course lunch I had chicken for the main course. 3 [C] an area where golf is played or where certain types of race take place: a golf course • a racecourse 4 [C] a course (of sth) a series of medical treatments: The doctor put her on a course of radiation therapy. 5 [C, U] the route or direction that sth, especially an aeroplane, ship, or river takes: We changed course and sailed toward land.



M 1-	atch the word <i>course</i> in sentences a-e with a mean -5 in the dictionary entry.	ing
a	I'm on a course of antibiotics.	
b	My daughter did a course in interior design.	
	We had to run a five-mile cross-country course.	
d	A three-course meal consists of a starter, a main course, and a dessert.	
e	The plane was 50km off-course when it disappeared.	

Prepositions

Verb + preposition

7 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

(of about (x3) to at with (x2) for (x2) as on					
1	I don't agree anything you've said.					
2	You look worried. What are you thinking?					
3	I'm dyinga coffee! Can we go in that café?					
	Are you listening me?					
	What were you and Alex talking? It looked very serious!					
6	We're hoping to have a barbecue, but it depends the weather.					
7	I really like Ela. What do you think her?					
	How much did you pay that painting?					
9	Don't look your phone when I'm talking to you!					
10	'Comfort' is useda verb in that sentence.					
	Does the chicken curry come rice?					
12	Don't worryyour interview – you'll be fine.					

Everyday English

Everyday situations – short remarks

1 EXTENSION Match the lines in A with what the other person says in B.

A						
1	g 'I've got a cold. It's aaaatchooo!'					
2	'The taxi's here - it's waiting outside.'					
3	You can keep that umbrella if you like.					
4	Good luck in the exam!'					
5	Do you need any help?'					
6	'I'm going on holiday to Barbados tomorrow.'					
7	How short do you want your hair?'					
8	'I recommend the steak pie.'					
9	You should visit the cathedral this afternoon.					
10	'Could I try one of your biscuits?'					
В						
B	'Does it come with chips?'					
	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.'					
a b c	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.' 'Is it within walking distance?'					
a b c d	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.' 'Is it within walking distance?' 'Sure, help yourself!'					
a b c d e	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.' 'Is it within walking distance?' 'Sure, help yourself!' 'OK, let's go!'					
a b c d e f	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.' 'Is it within walking distance?' 'Sure, help yourself!' 'OK, let's go!' 'Are you sure? Thanks!'					
a b c d e	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.' 'Is it within walking distance?' 'Sure, help yourself!' 'OK, let's go!' 'Are you sure? Thanks!' 'Bless you!'					
a b c d e f g	'Does it come with chips?' 'Just a trim, please.' 'Is it within walking distance?' 'Sure, help yourself!' 'OK, let's go!' 'Are you sure? Thanks!' 'Bless you!'					

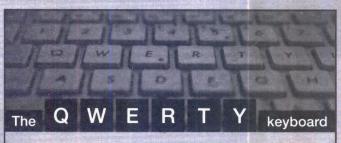
①2.4 Listen to the lines from A. Reply, then check and repeat. Pay attention to stress and intonation.

Go online for more skills and language practice.



REVIEW

Read the text about keyboard design, and <u>underline</u> the correct answers in 1–20.



Q-W-E-R-T-Y. 'Have you seen / Did you see this arrangement of letters before? Look ² to /at the top of the keyboard on your laptop or smartphone and you ³ 'll /'re going to see that, yes, you ⁴ have / did. Your keyboard is called a Qwerty keyboard, and although you've probably never thought ⁵ of / about the order of the letters on it, your fingers know it ⁶ every time / all time they ⁷ types / type something.

So who put the letters in this order? And how add /have they decide which order was the easy /easiest to use?

The Qwerty keyboard ¹º is / was invented for the new mechanical typewriter in 1867, by an American, Christopher Sholes. On his first design, Sholes put all the letters in alphabetical order. However, there ¹¹ was / has been a problem; in the alphabet the most-used letters are often next to each other, and when typists ¹² were typing / have typed quickly, the letters often stuck together. So, the keyboard ¹³ was / were rearranged and Q-W-E-R-T-Y was born.

¹⁴On /In 1873, the Qwerty keyboard was used by Remington, the makers of the first popular typewriters. ¹⁵ Since /From then, all typists in English, and most other European languages, ¹⁶ are using / have been using the Qwerty keyboard. But is the Qwerty design the ¹² efficientest / most efficient for modern digital keyboards, where there's no problem of letters sticking together? The answer is no, it probably ¹⁶ doesn't /isn't, and there have been many suggestions for more efficient keyboards. It's unlikely that we're ever ¹⁶ going to make / making the change from the familiar Qwerty, however, and it probably wouldn't ²⁰ do / make much difference to our typing speeds anyway.



The Dvorak keyboard, one of many suggested alternatives, designed by August Dvorak (cousin of the Czech composer Antonin Dvorak), in 1932.

Go online to Check your progress.

3

Just a job?

- Present tenses simple, continuous, passive
- State and activity verbs
- Jobs, work and play

- Phrasal verbs + noun
- Making small talk

Grammar

Present tenses

Recognizing tenses

1 Look at the photos. What do the people do? What are they doing at the moment?

Sanjeev Singh	
He's a	
He's serving a customer.	with the second
A Francisco	
THE STATE OF	
Dave Telford	
He's a	
He's	

2 Read the texts. Complete the charts with the present verb forms in *italics*.

Present tenses	Sanjeev
Present Simple	have, run, don't have
Present Continuous	
Present Simple passive	
Present Continuous passive	

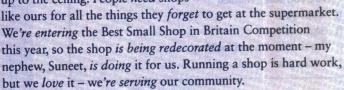
Present tenses	Dave
Present Simple	work
Present Continuous	
Present Simple passive	

My Working Life

SANJEEV SINGH

I have a small corner shop on the outskirts of Birmingham. I run it with my wife Farida. We don't have any days off, our whole life is controlled by the shop. The shop opens every day at 6 a.m. and doesn't close until 11 p.m.

We sell everything – from biscuits to batteries, light bulbs to lemonade. Our shelves are always stocked right up to the ceiling. People need shops





DAVE TELFORD

I'm a police officer. I work in Devon, in the south-west of England. I love my job, but my passion is surfing - it's why I live near the sea. I work different shifts. I hate the morning shift because it begins at 5 a.m. My favourite shift goes from 2 p.m. till midnight. I work ten hours a day for four days then I'm given three days off. My job is often stressful and challenging, but I like working in a team. I go surfing to get away from it all, not just from work - I'm going through a rather messy divorce at the moment. I travel all over the world surfing. This year I'm training for the World Surfing Games in Costa Rica.



Simple or continuous?

3 Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb and the tense given.

open
1 PRESENT SIMPLE We our shop at 6 a.m every day.
2 PRESENT CONTINUOUS Starbucks a new shop on the High Street this week.
work
3 PRESENT SIMPLE Dave ten hours a day, four days a week.
4 PRESENT CONTINUOUS He (not) today because it's his day off.
give
5 PRESENT SIMPLE PASSIVE Police officers three days off a week.
6 PRESENT CONTINUOUS Suneet up his weekend to help his uncle.
think
7 PRESENT SIMPLE Dave police officers work very hard.
8 PRESENT CONTINUOUS Sanjeev of opening another shop for his nephew to run.
serve
9 PRESENT SIMPLE PASSIVE Excellent south Indian curries in the restaurant
next door.
10 PRESENT CONTINUOUS PASSIVE A special south Indian curry there tonight.

What's the question?

4 Read the answers to questions about Sanjeev and Dave. Complete the questions.

7.4	м			W
C.	α	JE	-	M.E

100						
1	Who does he run the shop with?					
	His wife, Farida.					
2	How many?					
	They don't get any. They work every day of the week.					
3	What kinds sold in the shop?					
	All kinds – from biscuits to batteries, light bulbs to lemonade.					
4	Why is redecorated?					
	Because they are entering a competition.					
	DAVE					
200	near the sea?					
J	Because he loves surfing.					
6						
C	Very stressful and challenging. job like?					
7						
,	How many given? Three days a week.					
0	at the moment?					
0	He's training for the World Surfing Games.					
	ries training for the world surring Games.					
Ne	gatives – correct the information					
5 (Correct these sentences about Sanjeev and Dave.					
000	Sanjeev					
1000						
1	He lives in Manchester.					
2	He doesn't live in Manchester. He lives in Birmingham.					
2	Farida works in a hospital.					
2	She in their shop.					
3	They have Sundays off.					
	any days They					
4	The shelves in the shop are often empty.					
	up to the ceiling.					
	DAVE					
5	8					
	. His favourite					
-	goes from 2 till midnight.					
0	He has a happy marriage.					
7	. He a divorce.					
7	He's training to run a marathon.					
	World Surfing Games. the					
8						
J	Costa Rica.					
	Costa Rica.					

Questions and negatives

6 Read the text about Kumiko Mogi and do the exercises.

C	omplete the questions in the Present Simple.	
1	How fast? 300 km/h.	
2	How many passengers?	
3	How long? Two hours 48 minutes.	e e
4	How much ? 125,000 yen.	N
5	How many women	•
	Complete Kumiko's questions about the assengers in the Present Continuous.	

Complete the negative sentences.

8 How many bags _____

9 What books or newspapers _

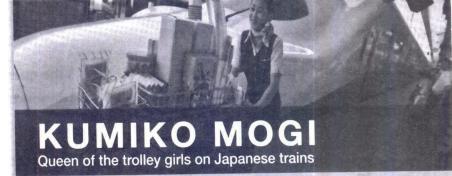
10 Mogi / not sell / ice cream / winter.

6 What _____

7 Who _____

- 11 People / not want beef / rice / breakfast.
- 12 She / not got whisky.
- 13 The trolley girls / not sit down.
- 14 Mogi / not turn / back on / customers.
- 15 She / not want / be promoted.





KUMIKO MOGI is 27 and the most successful snack food saleswoman on the Japanese train network. Bullet trains travel at 300 km/h and carry 800 passengers, but they have no dining cars. Mogi works on the train that goes from Yamagata to Tokyo. The journey takes two hours 48 minutes. Ordinary wagon girls earn about 25,000 yen (£110) on the six-hour return journey. Mogi earns 125,000 yen.

She is more successful than all her colleagues, and she is now an instructor to the 1,300 women who work on the East Japan Railways bullet trains.

'The important thing in this job,' she says, 'is to know the customers. I look at them very carefully as they are getting on the train, and I ask myself these questions.

- → What / the passengers / wear?
- → Who / they / travel / with?
- → How many bags / they / carry?
- → What books or newspapers / they / read?

Based on the answers, she decides what people will want to eat and drink, 'If it's hot, I sell a lot of banana cakes and iced coffee for breakfast. No ice cream in winter. People buy lunchboxes of beef and rice. I also have dried fish, salted beef tongue, and beer. But there's no whisky in my trolley.'

The trolley girls have no seats. They carry on selling until the door opens at the terminus.

She pulls her trolley, she doesn't push it. 'I never turn my back on the customers. I can look at their faces all the time and work out what they want.'

Does she want to be promoted and do something different? 'Of course not,' she replies. 'You can see that I'm perfect for this job.'



Present passive

Present Simple passive

7 Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Simple passive.

Facts about office life	

1	Open plan offices (dislike) by 40% of workers.
2	40% of Internet use in the office (not relate) to
	work.
3	Nearly half of work time (waste) on chatting, drinking coffee, and taking personal calls.
4	In 70% of offices, employees (ban) from using social
	media sites.
5	More than 120 billion business emails (send) worldwide
	every day.
6	Both employers and employees (stress) by the
	number of emails they receive.
7	On average, 31 hours a month(spend) on unproductive
	meetings.
8	95% of new products which (introduce) each year fail.

Present Continuous passive

amount of work they now do.

8		Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Continuous passive.			
	1	At the moment, many employees (<i>make</i>) redundant in order to save money.			
	2	As a result, many employees are now complaining that they (overwork) by their employers.			
	3	Another complaint is that they (underpay) for the increased			

State and activity verbs

9 Some verbs **rarely** take the continuous form. These are called **state verbs**. Complete the sentences with a verb from the lists below.

believe know
remember forget think
love like need prefer
hope seem hear
smell taste see
feel



1	That phon	e <u>t</u>	elongs to Jus	stin.	
				ation of 60 mill	ion.
3	Ι	yo	our face, but I'	ve forgotten you	ur name – sorry!
4	I really		a haircut	. My hair is too	long.
5		you	ı t	his flat, or do y	ou rent it?
6	Petrol		over a po	und a litre.	
7	This cake _		delici	ous. Can I have	e the recipe?
8	Good luck	! I	th	e exam goes w	ell.
9	We might	hav	e a picnic. It	on	the weather.
10	I like both	tea	and coffee,	but I	_ tea.
11	If you		(not) the a	answer, don't pu	ıt your hand up.
12	That's a lie	! I .		(not) a wo	rd you say.
th	eaning char	ige	s. Complete t	he sentences w	us form but the ith the verb in to the meaning.
		1	T	vov'll got th	a i a b
				you'll get th _ of applying fo	,
pe	ossible plan	2	T. S. S. Series and S.	_ or applying to	or a new job.
	have				
po	ossession	3	Не	a brand nev	w motorbike.
ac	ctivity	4	She	a great tim	e in Majorca.
9	see				
ap	pointment	5		y y	ou
	nderstand	-		_ the dentist?	
ш	nuersiunu	0	1	what you m	iean.
ı	ove				
a	feeling	7	Tom and Sa	rah	each other.
er	ijoyment	8	I	this holiday	. It's great.

VOCABULARY

Work and play

1 Use the clues to complete the crossword. All the words have appeared in Unit 3.

ACROSS

- 3 thinking deeply and quietly
- 6 shoes worn for sport
- 12 helps you look after your money
- 13 a worker for a company
- 14 wear this to protect your head
- 16 use this for DIY
- 17 money you owe

DOWN

- 1 sit on this on a horse
- 2 play tennis or squash with this
- 4 running to keep fit
- 5 do these to keep fit
- 7 someone who hires and fires people
- 8 people who buy things in shops
- 9 ride the waves on this
- 10 wear this to hear music
- 11 follow this when you cook
- 15 you need this when camping

Phrasal verbs + noun (1)

2 EXTENSION Many phrasal verbs go with a noun. Match a verb in A with a noun in B.

1 take up 2 look after 3 fill in 4 find out 5 try on 6 look up 7 pick up 8 take off 9 turn off 10 get on with a a new suit b golf c the truth d your jacket if you're hot e your phone in a meeting f your work colleagues g an application form h somebody from the airport i a word in a dictionary j sick patients	A	В	and the second second
The second secon	1 take up 2 look after 3 fill in 4 find out 5 try on 6 look up 7 pick up 8 take off 9 turn off 10 get on	a b c d e f g	golf the truth your jacket if you're hot your phone in a meeting your work colleagues an application form somebody from the airport
	WILII	i j	a word in a dictionary



3	Co	omplete the sentences with one of	he phrasal verbs in its correct form.
	1	A Can I	_ these jeans, please?
		B Sure. The changing rooms are o	
	2	I can't go out tonight. I'm	
		If you're so bored, why don't you hobby.	
	4	No one's watching the TV.	!
	5	A What do I do with this form?	
		B Justit	_ and give it to the receptionist.
	6	Please	your dirty shoes before you come in.
			my sister, but not my
		brother. He and I fight all the tim	2.
	8	His train gets in at 14.42. Can you station?	himfrom the
	9	A I don't know what time my tra	n leaves.
		B Don't worry, I'lli	t for you online.
	10	A What's the matter? You look up	

_____ that I didn't get the job.

B I've just _

Everyday English

Making small talk

- 1 (3.1) Eva is in Britain to study. She's staying with a host family. Listen to the conversation between Eva and the mother, Anna. Why aren't Eva's replies friendly?
- 2 Now read the conversation and complete it with the lines below to make it more polite.

Welcome Eva! A Hello, Eva. It's lovely to meet you at last. E Hello. _____ A Did you have a good journey?



E It was OK.

A That's good. Would you like to see your room and freshen up a bit?

E Yes, I would. _____

A That's fine. I'll take your bags upstairs and show you the bathroom.

E Thank you. _____

A Just follow me. Kate is really looking forward to meeting you – she'll be back from school soon.

E That's nice.

A How old's your sister?

F 13

A Ah – just like Kate! Do you get on well with your sister?

E Sometimes. ____

A Here's your room. I hope you like it.

F I do

A That's good. We want to hear all about your home and family. Now, unpack your things, have a shower and come down when you're ready.

E Thank you. ____

- 1 I managed to sleep for an hour on the plane.
- 2 Nice to meet you, too.
- 3 I'd love to have a shower if that's OK.
- 4 But I think she's a bit spoilt. I get on better with my brother he's 11.
- 5 I can't wait to meet her. I have a younger sister I think she's the same age as Kate.
- 6 You're very kind, but I can carry them myself. Now where do I go?
- 7 You've made me feel very welcome. I'm sure I'll be very happy here.
- 8 She looks and acts as if she's 16 though!
- 9 It's lovely. It looks like my room back home in Slovakia
 I won't feel homesick at all.

3.2 Listen and check.

REVIEW

Read about 'The Cowboys in the Sky' and complete gaps 1-14 with the correct word from 1-14 below.



'THE COWBOYS IN THE SKY'

Who builds the New York City skyscrapers?

New York City is famous worldwide for its skyscrapers. The term 'skyscraper' 1_____ for buildings over 50m high and currently, over 50 skyscrapers 2_ in New York City. The ironworkers who 3_____ the steel frames for these buildings 4_____ as 'cowboys in the sky'. Johnny Malone is one of 100 or so of these 'cowboys' who 5_____ on a new 40-story building in Times Square 6_____. Ironwork is a trade that is ⁷_____ handed down from father to son. Johnny's great-grandfather helped build the Empire State Building. Johnny loves his job. He *______ very proud when he '_____ the New York skyline. He says: 'We ironworkers work hard and play hard. It's a very 10_____ job and we 11____ many days 12_____. When we do, we often 13_____ the time together - we all 14_____ well with each other - you have to in this job.'

建筑规则	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF		
1	describes	is called	is used
2	are building	are being built	are built
3	erect	builds	are making
4	are known	are called	are named
5	are worked	work	are working
6	usually	these days	at the moment
7	frequently	never	from time to time
8	is feeling	feels	takes
9	looks after	looks up	looks at
10	busy	stressful	violent
11	have	don't have	are given
12	on	off	away
13	take	keep	spend
14	go on	get on	put in

Go online to Check your progress.

Tales of the unexpected

- Narrative tenses
- Past Simple, Past Continuous, Past Perfect
- Sounds and spelling; birth, marriage, and death
- Prepositions of time in / at / on
- Expressing opinions

Grammar

Narrative tenses

Recognizing tenses

1 Read the story. Why is there a question mark after the title?



Brigit Larsen, from Norway, was visiting London last autumn, when she noticed a handsome young man on the Underground. He was wearing headphones and listening to music. She was too shy to talk to him, but she secretly took his photograph with her phone. She returned home but couldn't forget the young man she had seen on the Tube, so she put his photo and this message on a social media site.



05/12/2015 **Brigit Larsen**

On October 8 this mystery young man was travelling on the London Underground, Victoria Line. He got off at Green Park at about 5.30 p.m.

If you know him, or you are him, please call 00 47 571 43 890.



UNDERGROUND

Brigit didn't have much hope of getting a reply. Fortunately, the message was seen by a journalist from London's City News and both message and photo were printed in the newspaper. Immediately, the young man was identified by one of his work colleagues. He was 24-year-old Theo Asher, a graphic designer from south-west London.

Theo said, 'In fact, when my friend showed me the photo, I'd already seen it.'

He had been standing on the Tube on his way to work and as usual lots of people were reading City News. He couldn't understand why they were giving him funny looks. 'Then I saw my picture!'

So, was there a happy ending? Well, that's still to be seen. Theo called Brigit and they met when she returned to London. They had their first date, a meal in Covent Garden, and they got on really well. Who knows what will happen in the future?

2 Read the story again. Put the verbs in *italics* in the correct place in the chart.

Pact Simple (v10)

ast Simple (X10)
Past Continuous (x5)
Past Continuous (x3)
4/300
Past Simple passive (x3)
Past Perfect (x2)
Past Perfect Continuous (x1)

Forming the tenses

3 Use the information in the story to complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in **bold**.

1 Brigit_	Lo	ondon for the first time
		er
	n before.	
wear	PAST SIMPLE F	PAST CONTINUOUS
3 Theo _ saw hir		adphones when Brigit
4 He said on the		headphones
see	PAST PERFECT	PAST SIMPLE PASSIVI
5 The me		PAST SIMPLE PASSIVE by a
5 The me colleag 6 Theo sa	essage and photo _ ue of Theo.	by a

PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

only

for news back home in

Forming questions

4.1 Listen and check.

7 Brigit

4 Complete the questions about Brigit and Theo.

a few days when Theo got in touch.

Norway when Theo phoned.

	1 1
1	'When was she visiting London?'
	'Last autumn.'
2	'Who on the Tube?'
	'A handsome young man.'
3	'What?' 'Listening to music.'
4	'Why?'
	'Because she was shy.'
5	'Where the message?'
	'In City News.'
6	'Why Theo
	standing on the Tube?'
	'Because there hadn't been any room to sit down.'

Forming negatives

5 Correct these sentences about the story.

1	Brigit put Theo's photo in an album.		
	She didn't put his photo in an album. She put it on social media.		
2	Theo and Brigit were travelling on the bus.		
2	Theo and Dright were traveling on the bas.		
3	Theo's photo was identified by a journalist.		
4	He'd been sitting on the Tube when he saw his picture.		

Past Simple or Past Perfect?

- **6** Read the beginning of a **romantic novel**. Why is Nancy exhausted? What happens to wake her up?
- **7** Read the extract again and <u>underline</u> the correct tense.



It was ten o'clock in the evening. Nancy 1 sat / had sat down on her sofa and thought about the day. What a busy day it ² was / had been. This was her first night in her very own flat. She 3 lived / had lived her entire life so far, 23 years, in the family home with her parents, and now for the first time, she 4 was / had been on her own.

She sat surrounded by all the boxes that she 5 didn't manage / hadn't managed to unpack during the day. It 6 took / had taken months to get all her belongings together and her mum and dad 7 were / had been very generous, buying her things like towels and mugs.

She suddenly 8 felt / had felt exhausted, she yawned. No wonder she 'was / had been tired! She 'was / had been packing and unpacking since six o'clock in the morning. She 11 decided / had decided to make a mug of hot chocolate and go to bed. She knew she 12 packed / had packed the mugs somewhere, but she couldn't remember where.

There was a knock at her door. There stood a neighbour holding a bunch of flowers and a bottle of champagne. He ¹³ came / had come to welcome her to their apartment block. Nancy was suddenly awake! Champagne 14 won / had won over hot chocolate every time. Her neighbour smiled at her. He 15 looked / had looked like a really nice guy.

4)4.2 Listen and check.

Past Perfect Simple or Continuous?

8	Complete the sentences with the	words in brackets.	Use the Past	Perfect Simp	le or Continuous.
---	---------------------------------	--------------------	--------------	--------------	-------------------

1 I was broke because I'd been	shopping and I'd spent all my money.	(shop and / spend / money)
2 Mary was really angry. She_		(wait / for hours and / boyfriend / not / turn up)
3 Before his accident, Peter (be / best player / team and /	train for the Olympics)	
4 I was annoyed with my daug	hter. She	(listen / her music / not / hear me call her)
5 Jack wanted a new challenge (be / at the same company / a	in his work. He and he / do / same job / ten years)	
6 When I got home I was star	ving I	(work / all day and / not have / anything to eat)

SOME FACTS ABOUT ROMI	EO AND JULIET	E W
Romeo and Juliet was first published	<u>d</u> (publish) in 1597.	
It isn't known exactly when it	first(perform).	from my only hate.
	vers who lived and died in Verona in 1303.	2
In Shakespeare's day, women((not allow) to act on play) by young men.	A MANY
	(perform) at the (build) in 1599.	
The first film of <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> silent movie.	(make) in 1916. It was a	Day of
modern-day Los Angeles. It	eonardo DiCaprio, (set) in (shoot) in Mexico City in 1996.	WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE'S
Some scholars still believe that the part Shakespeare.	olays (not write) by	ROMEO JU
9 Shakespeare died in 1616 and	(bury) in Stratford-upon-Avon.	

10 Write another word that sounds the same as these past tense forms.

1 read _	red	/red/
2 knew		/nju:/
3 rode		/rəud/
4 caught		/kɔ:t/
5 saw	_	/so:/
6 threw		/\text{\text{θru:}}
7 thrown		/ 0 rəun/
8 heen		/br:n/

Write the words.

1	The burglar /θruz. the factory.	(<u>threw</u> a brick /θruː/	the window of
2	He was /kɔ:t/	by the police and wer	nt to /kɔːt/

		where he was sentenced to five years in pr	ison.
3	L/so:/	Jack at the doctor's. He had a /sɔː/	throat

4 We/nju:/_____ that Sue had bought a /nju:/____ car.

5 No, that's not the book I /red/ _____last year. It had a /red/ ____cover.

6 We /rəud/ _____ our bikes down the mountain /rəud/ ____

Past tenses in a narrative

12 Read the newspaper articles and answer the questions.

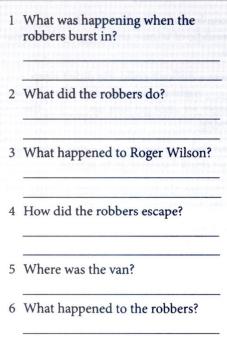




'Hands Up!' for supermarket customers

Customers in Supersave Superstore received a terrible shock yesterday as they were queuing to pay at the cash desks. Two armed, masked robbers burst into the shop and demanded money from the cashiers. Sixty-year-old Roger Wilson suffered a heart attack and was taken to hospital. The robbers escaped in a stolen van, which was parked outside. The robbers were finally caught in a country lane five miles away.

Read the full story >

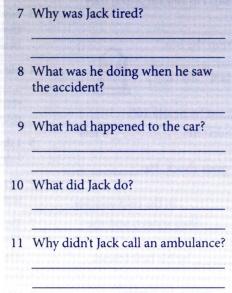




Hero saves man from blazing car

Jack Banner, 52, was tired. He'd been working late. At around 7.30 p.m., he was driving home when he saw a terrible accident. A black VW Golf had crashed into a tree and caught fire. Without thinking of his own safety, Jack stopped his car and ran to the scene. He had just managed to pull the young driver out of the car when it exploded. Fortunately, a police car was in the area and an officer had called an ambulance. The young man, Gary Baker, 22, was taken to a nearby hospital, where he is doing well.

Read the full story >



12 What happened to the young man?



Dog attacked by swans

Last Thursday afternoon, Margot
Balding, 54, took her dog, Toby, for
a walk in St James' Park. She was
throwing sticks into the pond and Toby
was swimming to fetch them, when
suddenly he was attacked by two huge
swans. Mrs Balding's screams were
heard by two gardeners, who were
working nearby. They ran into the
water and rescued the dog. Fortunately,
he wasn't badly injured. It was poor
Mrs Balding who needed help – she'd
fainted on the grass.

Read the full story >

	•
13	What was Mrs Balding doing in the park?
14	What was she doing when Toby was attacked?
15	What did she do when he was attacked?
16	How did the gardeners help?
17	Why was Toby lucky?

18 Why did Mrs Balding need help?

Vocabulary

Birth, marriage, and death

1 **EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

-	ĽΛ	Complete the sentences with a word from the box.
	b	irth (x3) birthday born (x2)
	1 5	Shakespeare was into quite a wealthy family.
		Congratulations on the of baby Emma!
		What are you doing for your this year?
		She gave to a beautiful healthy boy.
	5	Your date and place of are on your passport.
	6	They say that the first child is always more ambitious.
	Со	omplete the sentences with a word from the box.
	g	vedding (x2) marriage marry married (x2) get married got married been married got divorced got engaged
	1	Darling, I love you. Will you <u>marry</u> me?
		They met and in just three months!
	3	A Are you?
		B No, we've just We're going to next year.
	4	How many times has she?
	5	We had a lovely in a small country church.
	6	Did you hear? James and Henrietta last Saturday.
	7	How many guests did they have at the?
	8	Their was always stormy. I'm not surprised they
3	C	omplete the sentences with a word from the box.
		dying (x2) dead (x2) died death (x3) die (x2)
	1	A Is old Bert Harris still alive? He must be nearly 100.
		B No, I'm sure he's Didn't he a few
		years ago?
	2	Her father's came as a great shock. He
	2	of a heart attack. Every winter thousands of birds in the cold weather.
	3	Every winter thousands of birds in the cold weather. I think our poor old cat is She's sixteen and she
	4	just sleeps all day long.
	5	Julius Caesar was stabbed to by his best friend, Brutus.
	6	There are always a lot of bodies in Agatha Christie's stories.
	7	I can't watch horror movies. I get scared to
		My wedding ring was my grandmother's. It was her wish that I should have it.

Prepositions

in / at / on for time

()			
We u time expression at at at at at at at at we u	se at for the and some essions. 8.00 midnight lunchtime the weekend Christmas the same time the moment the age of five use on for days	We use in for longer periods of time. in April in 2012 in summer in the twentieth century We also use in for parts of the day. in the morning in the afternoon in the evening (but at night) There is no preposition before	
700	dates.	last, next, this, tomorrow, or yesterday.	
or m	n Monday n Sunday orning n August 17 n Thursdays	I saw him this morning I'll see you next week Did you go out last night / yesterday evening?	
		I'll call you tomorrow morning.	
2	Our first baby	antic. He asked me to marry him night New Year's Eve! y was born 2.40 Christmas Day.	
	the morning Christmas Day. 3 My son hates having his birthday the middle of winter and Christmas		
	time.		
4 He was a difficult child. He didn't sleep night until he was five. Now he's a teenager we can't get him up the morning.			
5	I don't feel ve I don't think	ery well this morning. I should go to school.	
6	My 10-year-o	old daughter wants a tattoo. She roung her age.	
7	Thursday, W	September 4th. It's a 'hy are we starting a this year? It usually begins onday.	
8	We arriveafternoon.	3.30 Friday	

Everyday English

Expressing opinions

1 Two dads, Henry and Bob, are having a conversation about their kids. Complete it with the words and phrases below.

a isn't he d absolutely brilliant g totally agree b don't you e absolutely right h really enjoy c didn't he f pretty scary i certainly j Too true



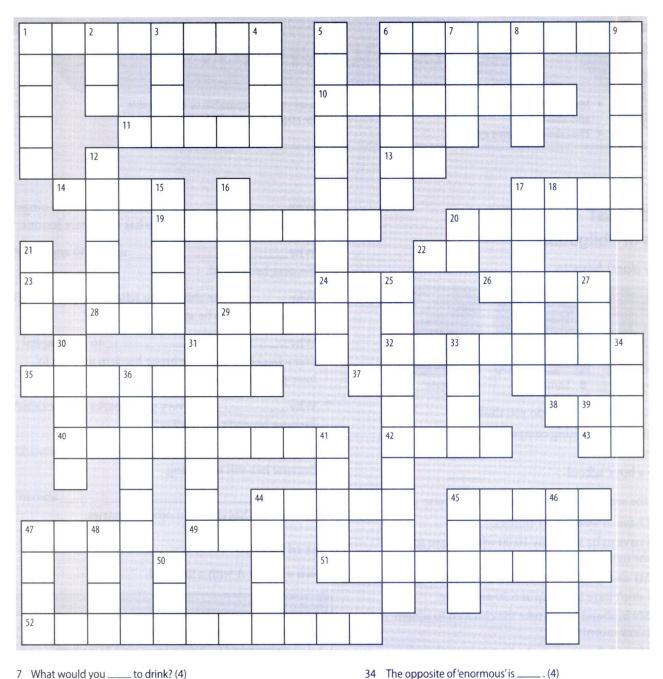
- H I love being a dad, 1_____?
- **B** Yeah, of course I do most of the time.
- **H** My favourite thing is bedtime.
- **B** Ah, I ²_____! It's the best time of day. Peace at last!
- H No, it's not just that. I ³ _____ reading bedtime stories to my kids.
- **B** Do you? My kids are a bit old for that now, but I used to read to them a lot. What are your kids' favourites?
- **H** Well, Emma thinks anything by Roald Dahl is great.
- **B** He's an excellent writer for kids, 4_____?
- H Yeah, he is. He's 5_____! My kids love Charlie and the Chocolate Factory and The BFG –The Big Friendly Giant it's 6_____ in places but they like being scared.
- **B** Yeah, I think most kids like scary bits. I know mine did. Dahl wrote for adults too, 7_____?
- H He ⁸ did he wrote books of short stories. I read them years ago real page-turners.
- **B** Yes, I remember aren't they kind of scary too dark but funny?
- H You're 9_____, and they all have really unexpected endings *Tales of the Unexpected* is one of Dahl's books.
- **B** What are you reading to your kids at the moment then?
- Actually, it's not a Dahl, it's a fairy story a scary fairy story! Beauty and the Beast – you can't beat a good fairy story.
- **B** ¹⁰_____! There's nothing better than a story that begins 'Once upon a time ...'.
- 2 ①4.3 Listen and check.
- Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

1	Co	omplete the sentences with was, were, did, or had.
	1	The police found the money which been stolen from the supermarket.
	2	you do much sightseeing when you were in Paris?
	3	We arrived late because our flight been delayed by bad weather.
	4	Theyleaving for the station when I saw them.
	5	How many times your passports checked before you got on the plane?
	6	it raining when you left the cinema?
	7	I forgotten to set my alarm, so I was late for work.
	8	I sent you a text you get it?
	9	you listening to me? I telling you about my terrible day at work!
2		ut the verb in bold in the Past Simple, the Past ontinuous, the Past Perfect Simple or Continuous.
		eat
	1	I couldn't understand what she was saying because she <u>was eating</u> an apple.
	2	The meal was terrible, but Johnit. He must have been hungry.
	3	There was nothing in the fridge. The kids everything.
		talk
	4	The lesson was so boring. The teacher just for a whole hour.
	5	I knew about Annie's problem because I to her mother the day before.
	6	Who to on the
		phone just now?
		die
	7	Alice never knew her grandfather. Hebefore she was born.
	Q	The old man lay in his bed, hardly breathing. He
	Ů	, and he knew it.
	9	Vincent van Gogh in 1890.
		drive
	10	'How did you get here?' 'I'
	11	I was tired, and needed to go to bed. I300 miles that day.
	12	I to work when I had an accident and hit a tree.
	(F-	Go online to Check your progress.

Stop and check Units 1-4

1 Complete the sentences 1–15 with the correct word from below.	2 Use the clues to complete the crossword.
1 Do you like your father or mother?	ACROSS
be look take	1 Christopher Sholes invented the QWERTY (8)
	6 I don't work part-time, I work (8)
2 Who is Maria married?	10 We may replace QWERTY keyboards in future, but it's
by to with	(8)
3 I all my homework before I went to bed.	11 Where's the changing room? I want to
did have done was doing	these trousers. (3, 2) 13 You're love with Emily, aren't you?! (2)
	14 Diane on well with Jake – they're good friends. (4)
4 My aunt asked me if I wanted money for my birthday, and I said	17 The unemployment in the UK is about 5%. (4)
1	19 The adverb for <i>happy</i> is (7)
do did would	20 I do the cooking and my husband all the
5 I haven't upgraded my phone	shopping. (4)
already just yet.	22 Which university did you to? (2)
	23 Heft my company and started a business of my
6 Drinks outside in the garden.	(3)
are being served are serving will serve	24 The 1996 film of <i>Romeo and Juliet</i> was in Los Angeles. (3)
7 What are you making for dinner? It	26 Zoe's flatmate is so untidy – I don't know how she
really good.	up with it. (4)
is smelling is tasting smells	28 'When did Shakespeare?''In 1616.'(3)
	29 If you owe people money, you're in (4)
8 George left before I a chance to apologize.	
'd had 've had was having	32 A, B, C, D is the order of the letters in the (8)
9 She and walking at the same time, when	35 I was the road when the cyclist hit me. (8)
she fell and broke her ankle.	37 'Can we meet tomorrow?''Hang, I'll check if I'm
had texted texted was texting	free.' (2) 38 We can't access Facebook at work – they us from
	using it. (3)
10 I'mliving back at home with my parents.	40 Pronunciation is a word people find difficult to! (9
currently nowadays often	42 You and your sister look just each other! (4)
11 You to a word I've said!	43 I've managed to buy a place of own! (2)
aren't listening didn't hear haven't been listening	44 The director of Star Wars Episode 9 wants to the
	film in space! (5) 45 We've bought a new home. We're moving next
12 I don't know keys these are.	week. (5)
how many where whose	47 Hello Valentina! It's lovely to you at last! (4)
13 Tom and Tessa married just last year and they	49 I don't often meat – I like vegetarian dishes. (3)
already.	51 'Sleep' is an verb. The past tense is 'slept'. (9)
had split up have split up split up	52 Jed's not lazy! He's very! (11)
	DOWN
14 Do you know who the computer by?	New York ironworkers are as 'cowboys in the sky
has been invited invented was invented	(5)
15 We never go to the cinema nowadays, but we	2 'I'm going on holiday tomorrow.''Lucky!'(3)
every week.	3 Grace is upset now, but she'll get it soon. (4)
had gone used to go went	4 It's sometimes hard to get to work in the
0	morning. (4)
2005	5 write articles for magazines and newspapers. (11 6 I have to this form and send it back. (4, 2)
SCORE 15	this form and send it back. (4, 2)



8	I'm not good at making small at parties. (4)
9	Luke and Ellie have got! The wedding's in June. (7)
12	We might have a picnic tomorrow. It will on the weather. (6)
15	'I can't come to your party." Oh, that's a (5)

- How much time do you _____ social media?' (5, 2)
- 'Walk' is a _____ verb. The past tense is 'walked'. 17
- 18 You can drive _____ fast as you like on German motorways. (2)
- 20 You may not be the best, but it's important to _____ your best! (2)
- 21 'I haven't slept all night."_____ poor thing!'(3)
- 25 ____ rewrite texts in a different language. (11)
- 27 'Bye! _____ you later! (3)
- 30 Farmers grow different _____ in their fields. (5)
- 31 Dave was married, but he went through a difficult _____. (7)
- 33 My train gets in at 8.00. Can you ____ me up from the station? (4)

- 34 The opposite of 'enormous' is _____. (4)
- 36 My little brother gets everything he wants. He's _____. (6)
- 39 'Who's sitting here?" | _____.'(2)
- 41 The 'face with tears of joy' is the most popular _____. (5)
- 44 On alphabetical keyboards, the keys often got _____ together. (5)
- '____' means the same as 'enormous'. (4) 45
- 46 'To set up' a business means 'to _____' one. (5)
- 47 How _____ time do you spend at the gym? (4)
- 48 Have you _____ been to China?"Yes, I went two years ago.'(4)
- 50 '____ long does the film last?'(3)

TOTAL	75
SCORE	60



Rights and wrongs

- Modals of obligation, advice, permission and ability
- The criminal justice system
- Phrasal verbs separable or inseparable
- Polite requests and offers

Grammar Modals of obligation

have to / don't have to









A	Tommy	В	Samantha	C Melvin
1	Look at the ph		Who do you thising company	
	is retired	avert	ising company	
		- ala a	al	
	goes to a boys'	SCHO	OI	
2	Match the sen	tence	s with the peop	ole in exercise 1.
	1 B I have to	o wea	r smart clothes	S.
	2 I have t		n bed by 10.00	when I have school
		,	lly has to work	in the evenings.
			to get up at 6.30	
		band	has to take the	children to school
	•	e has	to go to the ho	spital every week at
	7 I have t	o get	very good mai	ks in my exams.
		e bro		ve to help with the
	9 🗌 I often	have	to travel abroa	d.
C	Questions wi	th ho	ave to	
3	Write question have to.	ns ab	out the people	from exercise 1, using
	1 Why does	she h	nave to wear	smart clothes?
			to meet impor	
	2 Why			in bed by 10.00?

3	Why in the evenings? Because his dad's a teacher. He has to prepare lessons.
4	Why up at 6.30 any more? Because he's retired.
5	Why the children to school every morning? Because she has to be at work early.
6	Why to the hospital every week? Because she broke her arm and has to have physiotherapy.
7	Why very good marks in his exams? Because his dad's his teacher!
8	Whywith the housework? Because he's still too young.
9	Why abroad? Because she has clients in other countries.
	rms of have to Match a line in A with a line in B.
	A
	You don't have to pay to park here Children had to show more respect to teachers More people in the UK are having to rent property We'll have to burn less coal and gas You didn't have to dress so smartly, How much will I have to pay
	B a if we want to keep global temperatures down.

b because houses are so expensive to buy.

c it's just a family barbecue. d between 6.30 p.m. and 7.30 a.m.

e to upgrade my phone? f when I was at school.

Because he has school the next day.

must and have to

must / have to

There is often a difference between *must* and *have to*. With *must*, the idea of obligation comes from the speaker's own feelings.

I must get my hair cut – I think it's too long. With have to, the idea of obligation comes from outside the speaker.

I have to get up early tomorrow – my boss wants me to be at work by 7.00.

- **5** Match the sentences in each pair with their explanations.
 - I must have a drink of water.

 I have to drink more water.
 - a The doctor told me to.
 - **b** I feel thirsty.
 - 2 I must tidy my room.
 - I have to tidy my room.
 - a I hate it when it's so messy.
 - b Mum says I can't go out until I do.
 - We must go to Amsterdam some time.
 - We have to go to Amsterdam next week.
 - a I've heard it's really nice.
 - **b** I'd rather not I don't want another work trip!
 - I must go round to Rick's today.

 I have to go round to Rick's today.
 - a Lisa's given me an important parcel for him
 - b I haven't seen him for ages.
 - We must have lunch soon.

 We have to have lunch with the

boss today.

- a How about next Wednesday?
- b I'm not looking forward to it.

Obligation in situations

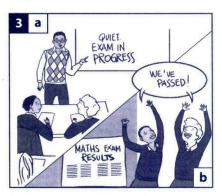
6 Complete the sentences with must / mustn't, have to / had to, or don't have to / didn't have to.



- a You_____be home by 11.00.
- **b** Bye! Dad says I ______ be home by 11.00.



- a We ______ visit Jo this afternoon and see her new baby.
- **b** Sorry we're late. We _____ wait ages for a bus.



- a You ______ talk during the exam.
- **b** We've passed! And we _____ take a maths exam ever again!



- a My hair looks awful! I _
- wash it tonight.
- b I _____wash a these pans.



- a We _____ take Gina some flowers.
- **b** You _____bring flowers! But thank you!



- a You _____ draw if you don't want to.
- **b** You _____ draw on the nursery walls!

should for advice

7 Read the sentences. Give advice using should / shouldn't and an idea from the box.

get a cat	drink so	much	cof	fee	
see an acc	ountant	take	up	a new	hobby
let him pla	y				

1 My son wants to play computer games all

You shouldn't let him play for longer than two hours.

2 I'm lonely and I hate coming home to an empty house.

You				

3 I've no idea how to work out my tax now that I'm self-employed.

You	
iou	_

4 I'm having trouble getting to sleep at the moment.

You	before you
go to bed.	

5 Since he retired, my father doesn't know what to do with himself.

,,,,,,,,,	 			
TT.				

8 Complete the questions with do you think I should ...? and a verb from the box.

see send it back say take	order
---------------------------	-------

1 This laptop I bought online gets very hot sometimes.

Do you think I should send it back?

- 2 I've been offered similar jobs in Madrid and Rome. Which job _____?
- 3 Sven, I'm going to Stockholm next week. What _____ while I'm there?
- 4 Both the fish and the chicken dishes on the menu look great. Which one _____

5	My uncle's invited me to the opera, but I
	don't really want to go. What

Permission and ability

can and be allowed to

9 Match these sentences with the people who say them.

A	flight attendant	1	'You can't park here. I'll have to give you a parking ticket.'	D
В	prisoner	2	'I'm sorry, you're not allowed to take bottles of water through security.'	
c	museum attendant	3	'Shh. You can't talk in here. People are studying.'	
D	traffic warden	4	'You can use mobile phones and other devices as long as they're in flight mode.'	
E	swimming pool attendant	5	'We're allowed to make one phone call a week, and we can go to the exercise yard, but we spend most of the day in our cells.'	
F	airport security officer	6	'You can take photographs of the exhibits, but you aren't allowed to use a flash.'	
G	librarian	7	'You aren't allowed to jump into the pool, but you can dive from the board in the deep end.'	

(1) 5.1 Listen and check.

Rules around the world

10 Choose the correct modal verb in these rules and laws from around the world.

1 You're not allowed	to I don't have to buy or sell	chewing
gum in Singapore.		

- 2 On Canadian state radio, 50% of pop songs played can / must be sung by a Canadian.
- 3 In Saudi Arabia, a girl mustn't / doesn't have to be of any particular age to get married.
- 4 In France, you 're allowed to I mustn't marry a dead person.
- 5 You can / mustn't forget your wife's birthday in Samoa - it's illegal.
- 6 By law, dog owners in Turin, Italy, are allowed to / have to walk their dogs three times a day.
- 7 In Alabama, in the US, you mustn't / have to carry an ice cream in your back pocket.
- 8 You can I don't have to drive as fast as you like on a German motorway.

1) 5.2 Listen and check/compare.



Vocabulary

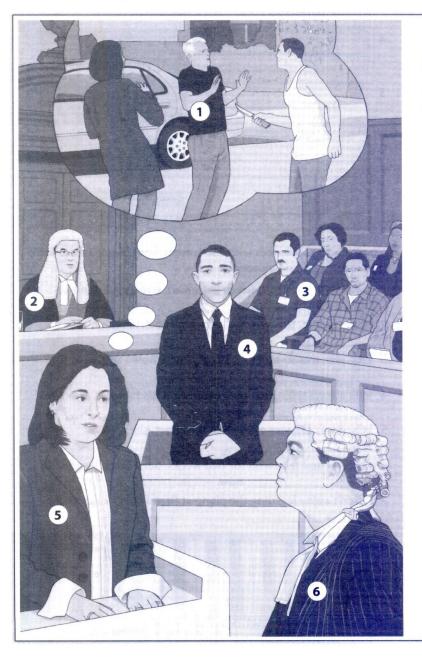
The criminal justice system

1 EXTENSION Look at the picture of a court. Write the names from the box in **1–6**.

victim	lawyer	judge	defendant	jury	witness

2 Read the description of the criminal justice system in the UK. Complete it with the people from exercise 1, and the words from the box below.

evidence	prison	defence	suspects	sentence
arrested	charge			



Guilty or Not Guilty?

When a crime has been committed, the				
police will talk to any 1 to the				
crime who were present at the scene. They				
will then interview any 2, and				
some of them might be 3 and				
taken to the police station for further				
questioning. If the police think that they have				
enough 4 against any of them,				
they will 5 them with the crime,				
and they will then be tried in a court of law.				
At the beginning of the trial, the 6				
is asked to plead guilty or not guilty. If they				
plead not guilty, the trial goes ahead.				
⁷ for both the prosecution and				
the 8 will ask the 9				
of the crime, and any witnesses, to give				
evidence. At the end of the trial, the				
10will sum up the case for the				
twelve members of the " They				
have to then discuss what they have seen and				
heard, and reach a verdict - guilty or not				
guilty. If the defendant is found guilty, the				
judge will pass 12 This might				
be a fine, community service, or a				
13sentence.				

Phrasal verbs

Separable

- **3** Put the nouns in brackets in two places in the second of these sentences.
 - 1 I'm going to bed. Could you turn / off (the light)?

Could you turn off the light? Could you turn the light off?

- 2 Look at the rubbish in the park! I've got to pick / up (those empty bottles)!
- 3 I went clothes shopping this morning. I tried / on (a lovely coat).
- 4 We moved house last week. I threw / away (so much stuff)!
- 4 Rewrite the second sentences in exercise 1 with the noun as a pronoun.
 - 1 Could you turn it off?

Inseparable

- 5 Put the nouns, and then the pronouns, in brackets in just one place in these sentences.
 - 1 I'm looking for (Karl, him)

I'm looking for Karl.

I'm looking for him.

- 2 You go out tonight. I'll look after (the children, them).
- 3 I need to go over (my presentation, it) again.
- 4 She really takes after (her mother, her), doesn't she!

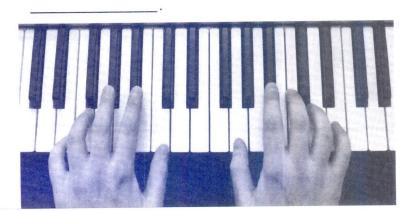
Literal and idiomatic

6 Write the phrasal verbs from the box next to the things they go with. Which combination (a or b) is literal (L)? Which is idiomatic (I)?

get through look up to get into blow up run into pick up get over

	a a language
pick up	b some rubbish
	a an illness
	b a wall
	a a building
	b a balloon
Total Selection of The Selection of Control Selecti	a a car
	b a hobby
A STATE OF THE STA	a a difficult period
	b a narrow doorway
)	a a room
	b a friend in the street
7	a the sky
	b a parent

- **7** Complete the sentences with the correct form of one of the verbs from exercise 6 and a pronoun.
 - 1 I was trying to get in touch with Karl, and then I ran into him in the supermarket!
 - 2 In the movie, the terrorists hijacked a petrol tanker and
 - 3 Last year was so horrible, I don't know how I managed to
 - 4 Jed's always telling me how wonderful his father is. He really
 - 5 Whenever Liz sees rubbish in the street, she always
 - 6 I had flu and felt awful for two weeks, but I think I've finally now.
 - 7 I didn't enjoy learning the piano at first, but now I'm really



Everyday English

Polite requests and offers

1		k at lines 1–10. Which are polite requests (R)? ich are offers (O)?	
	1 (Could I possibly use your phone?	
		s there anything I can get you?	
		Could you explain that to me again?	
		Vould you mind if I sat here?	
	5 I	Oo you want me to send it by email?	
	6 I		
	7 V	Vould you mind talking more quietly?	
	8 I	could lend you some money. Vould you mind talking more quietly? Is there any chance I could leave now?	
	9 (Can I give you a hand with the cooking?	
1	0 I	ll take Katie to school if you like.	
2	Mat	ch the lines in exercise 1 with the replies.	
	6	Oh, thanks a lot. Can you manage £20?	
		Oh, that would be great. I'll pick her up after work.	
		No, go ahead, there's no-one sitting there.	
		Oh, yes, please. A fresh orange juice would be nice.	
		Mmm. Would you mind staying till we've finished discussing this?	
		Oh, thanks. You could peel those onions for me!	
		Yes, please. And could you copy Jeff in, as well?	
		Yes, of course. I know it's not easy to get this first time.	
		Oh, sorry! We didn't realize you were trying to work.	
		Sure. Let me just unlock the screen for you.	
3		Listen and check. Which of the replies tain another offer or request?	
	C	Go online for more skills and language practice.	

REVIEW

Choose the correct answers in the conversation between Kate, who is self-employed, and James, who works for a big company.

THE PROS AND CONS OF BEING SELF-EMPLOYED

James 11 could / Could I ask you something about your work?

Kate Of course, go ahead.

- Well, I'm wondering if I 2 should / must leave my job and go self-employed like you, but I don't know if it's the right thing for me. It seems scary!
- K Oh, you ³ don't have to / mustn't be surprised if it feels scary! It did for me, but I ⁴ got over / went over it.
- J I just can't imagine not knowing how much you're going to earn every month.
- K Well, I worried about it, but then business *took over / took off and now the problem is deciding which work to take on, but I'm happy about that!
- J And what else do you like about it?
- K I love the fact that I can start and finish work when I want to. You need to keep 'an eye / a look on deadlines, of course, and you 'have to / should put the hours in at some point, but you can be flexible.
- J Don't you get lonely, though, stuck at home with no-one to talk to?
- K Well, we certainly * didn't have to / weren't allowed to sit around chatting in the company I worked for! And I do get to chat to people on the phone.
- J Mmm. I think I *can / need to be in an office, where you 10 don't have to / can't do anything except work. I'd waste time doing other things at home.
- K Well, it's true, even household "work / chores can start to seem attractive! But the great thing is, you '2 don't have to / mustn't work at home you can work in cafés sometimes if they've got good Wi-fi.
- J So what don't you like about it? There must be something.
- K Oh yes doing my own taxes! I ¹³ didn't have to / couldn't think about that when I worked for a company. Now I have to ¹⁴ fill up / fill in all these complicated tax forms! It's only once a year though. Anyway, you should think about doing it. ¹⁵ I could / Could I pass on to you some of the work I'm being offered!

Go online to Check your progress.



Easier said than done

- Present Perfect Simple and Continuous
- Active and passive
- Adverbs

- Prepositions noun + preposition
- Numbers

Grammar

Present Perfect or Past Simple?

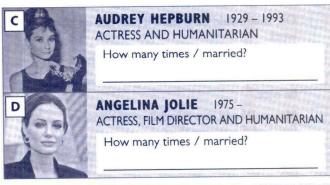
Who's who?

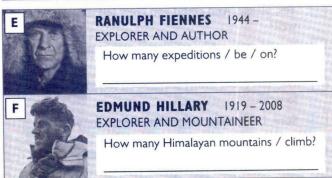
- 1 Match sentences 1-8 with the people A-H.
 - 1 She's been acting since she was seven and has been married three times. She works with the UN. D
 - 2 He climbed 11 Himalayan mountains and was the first to climb Everest. His Himalayan Trust has built schools and hospitals in Nepal.
 - 3 He won three heavyweight titles. He never refused to sign autographs after his hero Sugar Ray Robinson refused him one as a child.
 - 4 He's been playing football professionally since he was 14. He supports many charities, and has never had a tattoo because he gives blood.
 - 5 She was married twice, and was voted the most beautiful woman of all time in 2006. She did a lot of work for UNICEF.
 - 6 He's been on 19 expeditions and was the first person to walk across Antarctica. He lost the top of his fingers from frostbite.
 - 7 She fights for girls' rights to have an education and was shot by a gunman. She received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2014.
 - 8 She fought for black Americans by refusing to give her bus seat to a white passenger in 1955. She received the Congressional Gold Medal in 1999.
- **2** Complete the questions under each person using the Present Perfect or Past Simple.

(1) 6.1 Listen and check.

- 3 Write the names of two people in exercise 1 who ...
 - 1 have been working since they were children:
 - 2 have suffered injury as a result of their activity:
 - 3 were the first to reach a remote part of the world:



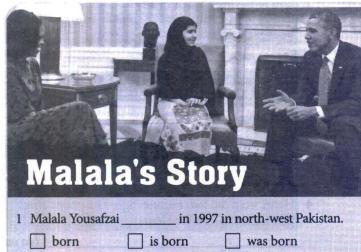


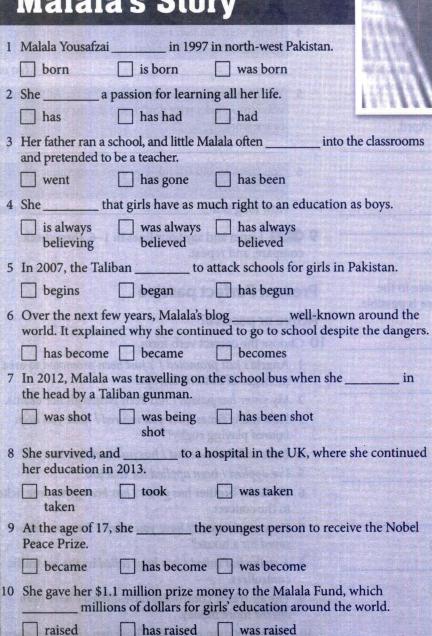


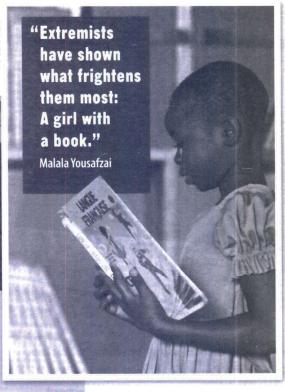


Choosing the correct tense

4 Read more about the life of Malala Yousafzai. Tick (✓) the correct form of the verb.







been or gone?

5	EXTENSION	Complete the
	sentences with	been or gone.

00	interiores with order of govern
1	A Where's Mum?
	B She's to the post office.
2	You're home late! Where have you?
3	A Are you taking Marc to Disneyland while you're in Paris?
	B He's already We took him last year.
4	If anyone asks for me, tell them I've to lunch. I'll be back at 2.00.
5	I've never to Japan but I'd love to go some time.
6	A When are you going on holiday?
	B We've already

We went to New Zealand.

B Oh, they've _____ to live in the south of France.

39

Time expressions



- **6** Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.
 - 1 She went to Germany in April. (It's now June.)
 - a (since) She's been in Germany since April.
 - b (for)_____
 - c (ago)_____
 - 2 I last saw him in 2014.
 - a (since)
 - b (for)_____
- **7** Put the word in brackets in the correct place in the sentences. Sometimes more than one place is possible.
 - 1 I've heard about your accident. (just)
 - 2 Have you had breakfast? (yet)
 - 3 I've seen that film. (already)
 - 4 Have you been to Thailand? (ever)
 - 5 I haven't read the newspaper. (yet)
 - 6 Have you finished that book? (already)

- 8 Read situations 1-6. What would you say in each one? Use the verbs in brackets and a time expression from exercises 6 and 7.
 - 1 You're having a salad in a restaurant. You stop eating for a minute and the waiter tries to take your plate away.

Excuse me!	!	(not	finis	h
Acuse IIIc.		(,	

2 You've just had a cup of coffee. Your flatmate asks you if you'd like a cup of coffee.

No	thanks,		(have)
----	---------	--	---	------	---

You rush home to see a football match on TV. You want to know if you've missed the beginning.

? (start)

4	Henri went out two minutes ago. The phone rings	
	and someone asks for Henri.	

. (go out)

5 You finished your homework at 7 p.m. At 9 p.m., your mum asks why you're not doing your homework.

. (do)

6 You meet an old friend. You can't remember when you last met.

How long is it	 (meet)

9 16.2 Listen and say your lines in 1–6, then check / compare, and repeat.

Present Perfect passive

Active or passive?

- 10 Choose the correct verb form.
 - 1 Angela's just promoted / 's just been promoted to area manager of Eastern Europe.
 - 2 My sister has passed / has been passed all her exams.
 - 3 How many times have you injured / have you been injured playing rugby?
 - 4 Bob's wife has just lost / has just been lost her job.
 - 5 I've applied / been applied for that job.
 - 6 My lucky brother has given / has been given free tickets to the concert.
 - 7 How much money have you saved I have you been saved for a house?
 - 8 A strike has called / has been called by the air traffic controllers.
 - 9 The air traffic controllers have offered / have been offered more money.
 - 10 The population of London has risen / has been risen by 1½ million since 2001.

Present Perfect Continuous

Simple or Continuous?

11 Choose the correct form of the verb.



- 1 How many biscuits have you eaten / been eating today?
- 2 Who's eaten / been eating my chocolates? There are only three left!
- 3 How long have you known / been knowing Ed and Liz?
- 4 He's written / been writing a novel for three years it's nearly finished.
- 5 He's written / been writing a novel. It was published last year.
- 6 So that's why the children are so quiet! They've watched / been watching TV all morning!
- **12** Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

1	Someone (move) my car keys.	
	I(look) for them for ages, but	
	(not find) them yet.	
2	I(shop) for clothes all	
	morning, but I (not buy)	
	anything yet.	
3	Come and join us! We're laughing because Ben	
	(<i>tell</i>) us some brilliant	
	jokes. That last one was one of the best I	
	(ever hear).	
4	I (listen) to you talking about	
	astrophysics for the past five minutes, but I'm afraid	
	(understand) a single word!	
5	I(work) on the computer all	
	day and it (give) me a terrible	4
	headache.	
6	I (try) to lose weight for the	
	past month, I (lose) five kilos	

so far.

Replying with questions

- **13** Complete the questions with either the Present Perfect Simple or Continuous.
 - 1 **A** My brother runs marathons.

В	How long <u>has he been running marathons</u>	:
	How many marathons has he run	?

2 **A** I'm having driving lessons.

B	How long	
	How many	?

3 A My girlfriend translates German novels into English.

B	How long	
	Which German novels	

4 A Anna and Ian are getting married on Saturday.

В	How many guests	they
	to the wedding	?
	II	

5 A Klara is a teacher.

B How long	for?
How many schools	in?

6 A Hi Chris! It's good to see you again!

B Yes. What	since we last met?
-------------	--------------------

- A Taking more law exams.
- B Really! So how many _____ now?

Correcting mistakes

14 Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

1	How	long	do	you	know	our	teacher
---	-----	------	----	-----	------	-----	---------

- 2 This is the first time I eat Thai food.
- 3 I learn English for four years now.
- 4 How long you been working here?
- 5 The World Cup has won by Brazil five times.
- 6 We've been living here since three years.



Vocabulary

Adverbs

- <u>Underline</u> the TWO adverbs that can go in the sentences.
 - 1 I love Cynthia heavily / passionately / deeply.
 - 2 The soldiers fought *bravely | fine | hard*, and eventually captured the castle.
 - 3 I was surprised that Andrew left so completely / suddenly / late.
 - 4 Don't panic! Relax, and try to breathe deeply / fluently / slowly!
 - 5 It's been raining very *deeply / heavily / hard* for the last two days here.
 - 6 I hate it when you drive so fast / suddenly / slowly!
 - 7 I don't enjoy talking to Robert he talks so *loud / fast / fluently*.
 - 8 She whispered the answer *softly* / *quietly* / *peacefully* in my ear.
 - 9 Come forward / close / straight so I can see who you are!
 - 10 I'm sure I'm a good mother, but I often feel I'm doing everything hard / badly / wrong.
- **2** Put the adverbs in the correct place in the sentence. Sometimes more than one place is possible.
 - 1 You'll succeed if you don't work hard. (never)

You'll never succeed if you don't work hard.

- 2 I've finished my homework, but not quite. (almost)
- 3 She's been crying. (definitely)
- 4 You behaved yesterday. I'm ashamed of you. (very badly)
- 5 He earns \$15,000 a year. (only)
- 6 He wasn't injured. (fortunately, seriously)
- 7 I forgot her birthday. (completely)
- 8 Have you seen Peter? (recently)

Prepositions

Noun + preposition

3 EXTENSION Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

	on (x3) to (x3) in (x2) with by between into
1	There's a difference lend and borrow. Remember – if you lend something, it leaves you.
2	There's a need for more research renewable energy.
3	You need to improve your attitudelife. Be more positive!
4	How much do you spend on food every weekaverage?
	The trouble you is that you don't listen to anyone's advice.
6	I can't get access my Internet bank account at the moment.
7	I didn't stand on your foot purpose! It was an accident!
8	Congratulations your engagement! When's the wedding?
9	Be careful what you say to Adam today - he'sa bad mood!
10	We've had a huge increase sales this year, so well done everybody!
11	I don't think there's really an alternative travelling by air sometimes.
12	There are no rules for prepositions – you just have to learn them heart.



Everyday English

Numbers

1 Look at the numbers in the circle.

56.7°C 17:05 31-0
77.1kg 7½m 98%
01632 500623 £11,750,000
1:3 5143 6112 0300 7530
2/9/1666 0.1%

Write the number which is ...

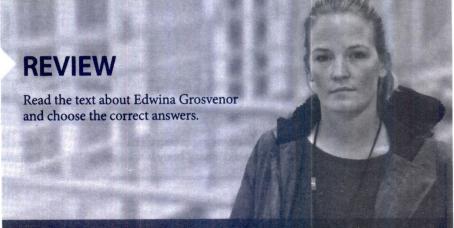
- 1 a phone number
- 2 someone's weight
- 3 a local temperature
- 4 a London house price
- 5 an exam score
- 6 a flight departure time
- 7 a credit card number
- 8 a football score
- 9 an inflation rate
- 10 a historic date
- 11 a ratio of the human body
- 12 a distance

(1) 6.3 Listen and check.

2 Say the numbers in 1–12 in exercise 1 out loud.

(1)) 6.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.



LADY EDWINA GROSVENOR: THE LADY OF PRISONS

Edwina Grosvenor is from one of the richest families in Britain, which owns half of London. So why 'did she spend / has she spent so much of her life in prisons?

Edwina's work in prisons 'began / has begun in Kathmandu prison in Nepal, during her gap year before university. It 'took / has taken her into more than 50 prisons, and she 's been involved / was involved in many charities working with prisoners.

She *has been always / has always been interested in society's 'hidden people'. Her parents *took / have taken her to a centre for heroin addicts when she was 14, and she remembers thinking, 'how come that person 'took / has taken drugs and I haven't?'

She *studied / has studied sociology and criminology at university, and at 22, she paid for research *into / of what people need after leaving prison. Since then she *10 did / 's done voluntary work in some of the toughest prisons.

"Did she ever feel / Has she ever felt in danger, knowing that many prison workers have been "extremely / seriously injured at work? How does her husband, the television historian Dan Snow, feel about her going into prisons? 'Dan is pretty relaxed about it. My parents and Dan are more proud of the fact that I'm "actually doing / doing actually something that I love doing."

She 14's recently working / 's recently been working on providing an alternative 15 for / to a life of crime for people who've 16 been / gone in prison. For the last two years, her project Pathways 17 is helping / has been helping ex-prisoners to start their own businesses, giving them access 18 to / with the money and advice they need.

Has Edwina found that some people have a negative attitude "for / to a very rich lady helping poor people? 'I cannot escape the fact that I am a wealthy person and the daughter of a duke and duchess, because I am, and I'm not apologetic about that. You can be embarrassed about it or you can forget about it or you can be proud of it and "I've done / I've been doing all those things. I'm now 30 and I feel more at peace with myself and I'm more confident about what I'm doing."

Go online to Check your progress.

Best years of your life?

- Verb patterns, reporting verbs
- Using a dictionary, body language
- · Phrasal verbs without a noun
- Exclamations

Grammar Verb patterns

Recognizing patterns

1 Read and listen to a conversation between **Alistair** and **Becky**. Alistair is applying for a job in East Africa. Complete the chart with the verb forms in *italics*.

verb + -ing	verb + to
enjoy working	want to ask
verb + sb + to	verb + adj + to
verb + (sb) + infin (no 'to')	verb + prep + -ing
	thinking of applying

2 Complete this summary of the conversation with the verb in brackets in the correct form.

Alistair is wonde	ering about 1 app	<i>lying</i> for a job in East
Africa. He has as	ked Becky 2	(<i>tell</i>) him
about it because	she used 3	(<i>live</i>) there.
She tries 4	(rememi	ber) what it was like. She
says that it wasn	't easy 5	(work) in the heat
and that the pro	blem of 6	(<i>live</i>) on the
coast was the hu	umidity, as well as	the heat. However, she
really enjoyed 7_	(ge	o) on safari and loved
8	(visit) the game p	arks. She was amazed
9	(see) lions 10	(sleep) in
trees and once a	lot of monkeys	started 11
(play) on the roo	of of the car. Beck	y helped Alistair
12	(make) up his m	ind about the job and
he's decided 13_	(ap	pply) for it. He's promised
14	(call) Becky and	let her 15
(know) if he get	s it.	

MY FIRST JOB

- A I'm thinking of applying for a job in East Africa, in Tanzania.
- **B** Really? I lived there for two years I was teaching. It was my first job after university.
- A Yes, I thought so. I want to ask you about it, if that's OK.
- **B** Of course go ahead. I'll *try to remember* it all. I was there for two years, but that was ten years ago.
- A So, what was it like?
- **B** Well, it was a great experience. I really would encourage you to apply. I liked everything except the climate. I didn't enjoy working in the heat.
- A hh, yes I'm a bit worried about that. Was it really difficult to keep cool?
- **B** Well, yes it was. And we were on the coast, north of Dar es Salaam and it's really hot and humid there. There was no air conditioning, we just had fans in the classrooms. Where do you *hope to be based*?
- A A town called Arusha.
- **B** Oh, very nice. That's much cooler, inland, near Mount Kilimanjaro. Some friends *invited us to stay* in Arusha. I'll never *forget climbing* Kilimanjaro.
- A Oh, I'd love to do that. Did you manage to go on safari when you were there?
- **B** Oh yes, we went to most of the big game parks you know, like Serengeti and the Ngorongoro Crater that was so huge it *made me feel* small and the wildlife was fantastic. Once, on Serengeti, a whole family of monkeys *decided to play* on the roof of our car. We *didn't dare move*.
- A Which animals did you like best?
- **B** Actually, I think it was the giraffes, I loved watching the way they raise their long necks to eat. Oh, and the lions, of course. Do you know that in one of the parks the lions actually climb trees? It was incredible to see them sleeping high up on the branches.
- A Really? It all sounds so exciting. I'm definitely going to apply for the job.
- **B** Give me a call and let me know how you get on. I'm looking forward to hearing all about it.

	0	
-ing	tor	ms

3	Complete the sentences with the -ing form of	f
	the verbs from the box.	

		give up wake up						<
1		i't help be like.			_ wha	t lif	fe in A	Africa
2		t	oo mu	ch	TV is	s ba	d for	you.
3		epair your t		for	r you.	l'n	n goo	d at
4			a job is	dif	ficult	the	ese da	ays.
5		children a lark now,						
6	Did the b	you know est forms	that _	rcis	se?		is or	ne of
7		nk you for reciate it.			1	me.	I rea	lly
8		ery stressf		rki	ng in	a b	oig cit	y can
9		dreds of ti		ıg i	s easy	. I'v	ve do	ne it
0		ned a lot	of mon	ey	by_			

Infinitives

4 Complete the sentences with the infinitive form, with or without *to*, of the verbs from the box.

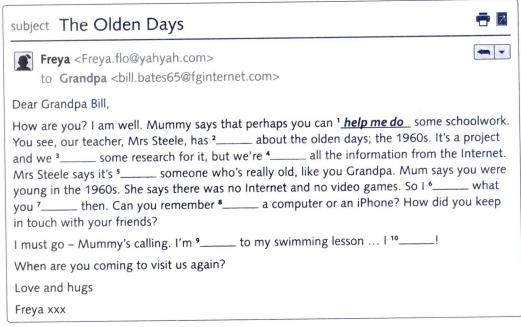
	buy pay follow join stay be carry learn hurt show
1	We can't afford all our bills.
2	It's hard these instructions.
3	Let me you how to do it.
4	I'm so sorry, I didn't meanyour feelings.
5	The teacher made the childrenafter school.
6	I want my children to play a musical instrument.
7	My son persuaded me the latest iPhone.
8	Can you help this box?
9	I've invited Mr Smith us.
10	My parents have always encouraged me independent.

Read the sentences and tick (\checkmark) the two verbs or phrases that can fill the gap correctly.						
1 The teacher me to be more careful v	vith my work.					
a told b would like c hop	oes 🗌					
	to see the first of the second					
2 Iplaying football when I broke my l	ST MADE AND SELECTION OF THE SECOND					
a gave up	oped					
3 She to help me paint the kitchen.						
a enjoyed b promised c offe	ered					
4 I going to Sydney next year.						
a 'm looking b would love c 'm to	thinking of					
5 M Cd	-h I 17					
5 My father me have driving lessons v						
a let b made c allo	wed					
6 I'm to have a big party for my next l	oirthday.					
a looking b planning c ho	oing 🗆					
forward D planning D c no						
7 We to find a parking place in the cit	y centre.					
a tried b didn't manage c suc	ceeded					
0. I driving in the much bour						
8 I driving in the rush hour. a don't want b can't stand c loa	the					
a don't want b can't stand c loa	tile 🔲					
Reporting verbs + infinitive						
6 Complete the lines and rewrite the sentences to mea	n the same.					
1 'Please can you translate this sentence for me?' Ma						
Maria asked <i>Mark to translate the sentence for her</i> 2 'Don't forget to send Aunt Maud a birthday card,' Mary said to						
Mary reminded						
The postman told						
4 'Please come to our wedding,' John said to his bo						
John invited 5 'I'll pay for the next round of drinks,' Dan said.						
Dan offered						

Ben advised _

The 'SWINGING SIXTIES!' – an email to Grandpa

7 Read the email Freya, age 10, has sent her grandpa. What has she asked him to help her with? Complete the gaps, 1-10, with the correct phrases, a-j.



- a a good idea to ask
- b not having
- c told us to find out
- d 'd like to know
- e not allowed to get
- f hate swimming
- g about to go
- h help me do
- i have to do
- j spent your time doing

1) 7.2 Listen and check.

8 Read Grandpa Bill's reply. <u>Underline</u> the correct verb form.

subject Re: The Olden Days Grandpa < bill.bates65@fginternet.com> to Freya <Freya.flo@yahyah.com> My dear Freya, I'm very happy 'to help / helping you with your project. You probably can't 'believe / believing that I was ever young, but I really was a teenager once and the 1960s were a great time 3 to

be / being young. We teenagers wanted *to change / change the world. We had more freedom and more money than our parents had had in the 40s and 50s. I remember 5 to think / thinking that my mum and dad were totally boring and old-fashioned. We were the kids of 'The Swinging Sixties', London was the 'swinging city', and we weren't interested in 'listen / listening to our parents' dreary music and we refused 'to follow / following their dreary fashions - we had trendy fashion boutiques!

And, of course, I was lucky enough *living / to be living in an even 'cooler' city than London -Liverpool! Home of the 'Fab Four' - The Beatles - and lots of other pop groups. Actually, between you and me, my favourites were 'The Rolling Stones' - I'm amazed 'to see / seeing that they're still going strong! Did you know that I met Grandma Linda at a Stones concert?

She was sixteen and wearing the shortest mini-skirt and long white boots. I couldn't stop 10 to look/looking at her. She was gorgeous - she still is! I got her phone number and called her again and again, until she agreed "to see / seeing me - no texting, no emailing. I wrote her a letter (yes, a letter!) in the end – she's still got it I'm glad 12 say / to say! Better than any text!

Freya - I hope this is useful. Lots of love to all the family,

Grandpa XXX

1) 7.3 Listen and check.

Swinging



Vocabulary

Using a dictionary

1 Look at the extract from the Oxford Wordpower Dictionary. It shows you all the possible verb patterns for the verb agree.

agree /əˈgriː/ verb

- ▶ SAME OPINION 1 [I] agree (with sb/sth); agree (that...) to have the same opinion as sb/sth: 'I think we should talk to the manager about this.' 'Yes, I agree.' ♦ I agree with Paul. ♦ Do you agree that we should travel by train? ♦ I'm afraid I don't agree. OPP DISAGREE
- ► SAY YES 2 [I] agree (to sth/to do sth) to say yes to sth: I asked if I could go home early and she agreed.

 Andy agreed to lend me his car for the weekend.

 PP REFUSE
- ▶ ARRANGE 3 [I,T] agree (to do sth); agree (on sth) to make an arrangement or agreement with sb: They agreed to meet again the following day. ♦ Can we agree on a price? We agreed a price of £500.
- ▶ APPROVE OF **4** [I] **agree with sth** to think that sth is right: I don't agree with experiments on animals.
- ▶ BE THE SAME 5 [I] to be the same as sth: The two accounts of the accident do not agree. IDM not agree with (food) to make sb feel ill. The oysters didn't agree with me.

- 2 Read the sentences and check with the dictionary extract. Is the verb pattern correct ✓ or incorrect ✗? Rewrite the incorrect ones.
 - 1 Ana thinks the test's too difficult, and I'm agreed.
 - 2 Thomas thinks he's right, but I disagree.
 - 3 We don't ever seem to agree to each other about anything.
 - 4 They agreed talking about it again tomorrow.
 - 5 All doctors agree that too much sugar is bad for your health.
 - 6 She thought we should go, and I agreed it.
 - 7 I don't agree with boarding schools for young children.
 - 8 I don't feel well. Something I've eaten hasn't agreed on me.

Body language

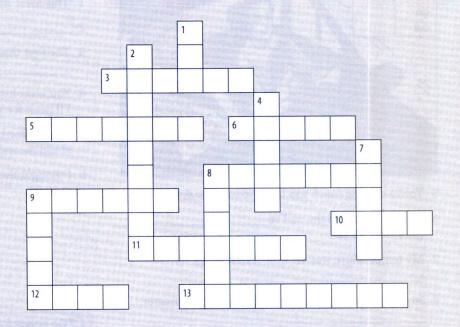
3 Use the clues to complete the crossword. All the words have appeared in Unit 7.

ACROSS

- 3 You can taste with this.
- 5 Your lips can make this noise.
- 6 How soldiers walk.
- 8 You blow this up for parties.
- 9 You do this if you're cold or very afraid.
- 10 To shout loudly.
- 11 What you do if you have an itch.
- 12 How you eat an ice cream cornet.
- 13 These are either side of your neck.

DOWN

- 1 To hold someone tight.
- 2 If you do the same as your father, 'you follow in his ...'
- 4 These are at the end of your fingers and toes.
- 7 What you do when you pray.
- 8 'He won't listen to you, so don't waste your ...'
- 9 What you do with your nose.



Phrasal verbs



Phrasal verbs without a noun

4 Complete the groups of sentences with the correct form of a phrasal verb from the box.



- 1 I can't hear you! Can you _____
- 2 If we want to have a holiday this year, we'll have to
- 3 We're late! If you don't ______, we'll miss the plane.
- 4 We're going on a long drive. I'll _____ with petrol.



- 5 You're driving much too fast! Please slow down!
- 6 I want to lose weight, so I've _____ the amount I eat.
- 7 My temperature was 42, now it's 39, so it's
- 8 Stop getting so upset about things that don't matter.



- 9 I've _____ with my room mate because she's so messy and never tidies up.
- 10 Tim _____ of university because he found it too difficult.
- 11 The fire ______ because we didn't put enough wood on.
- 12 Tigers are killed for their skins. They're _____ in the wild.
- **5 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs from the box.

hold on look out turn up go off check in shop around

- 1 This meat smells awful. I thinks it has **gone off**.
- 2 _____! The glass is going to fall! Oh! Too late.
- 3 The first thing to do when you arrive at an airport is

4 You want his phone number? _____ a second. I'll get it for you.

- 5 I can't afford a new car. I'll have to _____ for a cheap second-hand one.
- 6 I thought they weren't coming, then they _____ at 10.00.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

Everyday English

Exclamations

1 Complete the exclamations in **A** with words from the box and match them with a line in **B**.

what a	how (x2)	so (x2)	such	such a/an
******	11011 (111)	()		

A			В	
1 2 3 4 5	It's He's It'syou!	_ brilliant idea! hot in here! nice guy! stupid of me! very kind of	b c	Who? Tim? I think he's boring. Why? Was the weather bad? How do you know? You haven't tasted it yet. I know – they're completely out of control. Don't tell me! You've lost your
7	children! We had time!	badly-behaved	we can share the costs. g I know, and I can't open window.	Yes, if we rent a flat together we can share the costs. I know, and I can't open the window.
8	disgusting!	absolutely	h	Not at all. I'm always happy to help.

(1) 7.4 Listen and check.

2 Read the conversation between two university students. <u>Underline</u> the correct word.

The worst exam ever!

- A Well, that was a 'complete / whole disaster!
- B Why? What happened? Didn't it go well?
- A Well?! I nearly walked out after five minutes. I couldn't answer a single question. They were ² very / absolutely impossible.
- B How come? You worked 3 so / totally hard.
- A Well, none of the topics I'd revised came up.
- B Oh, that's *such / such a bad luck!
- A I know. I managed to write something but I don't think it was any good.
- **B** *What / How a shame! But perhaps you've done better than you think. When's your next exam?
- A Tomorrow! And I feel *so / such tired and disappointed, I just can't go home and start revising again.
- **B** Of course you can't. Come out with me! I'm meeting the guys for a drink.
- A 7How / So nice! I'd love to, but I daren't drink not with an exam tomorrow. Anyway, you lucky things, you've finished your exams. I've still got one more.
- **B** OK we've all had *such / such a stressful week, we'll celebrate big time when you finish!
- A I'll look forward to that!

1) 7.5 Listen and check.

REVIEW

Complete each gap with a suitable word.

1	You persuaded to go to the
	lecture, but I didn't understand a word. It went straight over my
2	I'llforget going on safari. I particularly loved the elephants, but they're killed for the ivory and may eventually die
3	My son and I often don't see eye to I was furious when he dropped of university and
4	didn't complete his degree. Sport had such important role in my school, but I was no good doing any sports. I couldn't
	even a football.
	Sugar is really bad for your health, but I've got such a tooth it's difficult for me to cut
6	I was surprised when Ken said he'd got 100% in his maths exam – but then he laughed and told me he was just pulling my
7	Poor Paul was sent to boarding school and he absolutely it. He begged his mum and dad to let him but they wouldn't allow him
8	a surprise! Maria has agreed marry Frank. He kept on her and she finally said yes.
9	Grandpa to be a great fan of The Rolling Stones in the 1960s. He saved all his pocket money, and managed get tickets for a lot of their concerts.
10	My niece's Facebook account was hacked so she's stopped it. She has tried to find how it happened, no luck yet.

Future friendly?

- **Future forms**
- Modal auxiliary verbs may, might, could
- Sources of energy, prefixes and suffixes
- Prepositions adjective + preposition
- Making arrangements

Grammar

Future forms

Recognizing tenses

1 Read the text. Complete the chart with the future verb forms in italics.

prediction with will (x4)

prediction with won't (x4)

prediction with going to (x2)

it's going to mean

intention with going to (x1)

arrangement with Present Continuous (x1)

possibility with may (x1)

possibility with might (x2)

possibility with could (x3)

FUTURE FOODS



Chocolate grasshoppers

The world's population continues to grow, and it's going to mean higher food prices for us all in future. Some experts think the price of meat might double in the next ten years, which will make it too expensive for most people, so what will they eat instead? What might a typical meal look like in 20 years' time?

Insects will certainly be a part of the answer. They're already popular in many parts of the world, and they will become an important part of all our diets, because they can provide the same protein as meat. But don't worry, you won't have to see bugs on your plate - insects such as crickets and grasshoppers can be turned into burgers, so you won't even notice you're eating them.

Some people may still find the idea of eating insects too difficult, and a more popular alternative for them could be meat that's grown in a laboratory. Professor Mark Post leads

a Dutch team working on lab-grown meat, and thinks most people won't realize his burgers aren't made from real meat.

And what about some vegetables to go with all these burgers? Well, seaweed could become the world's biggest vegetable crop. It's the fastest growing plant on Earth, and because it can be grown in the sea, we won't need to worry about finding enough land to grow it on.



HOW DO PEOPLE FEEL ABOUT EATING INSECTS?

Federica, Italy	'I don't think people are going to be happy about having to eat
	insects. I certainly couldn't eat anything with insects in it – it
	makes me feel a bit sick just to think about it!'
Mil. IIV	Province my sister in Theiland payt wook and I'm definitely

I'm visiting my sister in Thailand next week, and I'm definitely Mike, UK going to try the crispy insects on sticks she's always telling me about!'

'I love eating fried ants! Some of the movie theatres here sell Carlos, Colombia them like popcorn!



will

Predictions

- **2** Write the <u>underlined</u> sentences, using *will* and the prompts.
 - 1 You've been studying hard. I / sure / you / pass / exams.

I'm sure you'll pass your exams.

- 2 I'm so tired. I think / sleep well tonight.
- 3 That was a terrible interview! I / not / think / they / offer me the job.
- 4 I'll have a meal ready for you.
 I expect you / be / hungry after your journey.
- 5 I'll ask my dad if I can stay out late. I / not / suppose / he / say yes, though.
- 6 You're going to see the new Tarantino film? I / sure / you / not / like it. It's so violent!
- 7 I'm not happy with the plan. I / not / think / it / work.
- 8 You're going to Hollywood! Maybe / you / see someone famous!

Ouestions

- **3** Write questions with *will* and the prompts in brackets.
 - 1 So, you're going on holiday! (When / be back?)
 When will you be back?
 - 2 So, you've finished all your exams. (When / get / results?)
 - 3 Your colleague's off sick and you have to do your work and his? (*How / manage*?)
 - 4 So, you're going home after five years living in France. (What / miss?)
 - 5 The concert finishes at 11.30 and the last bus goes at 11.00. (*How / we / get home?*)

Negatives

- 4 Use negatives with won't to express the same idea.
 - 1 I'll pass my test.

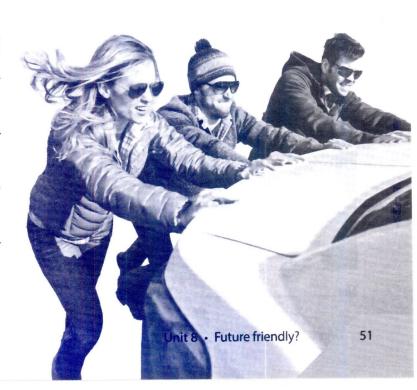
I won't fail my test.

- 2 They'll be on time.
- 3 He'll remember your birthday.
- 4 She'll refuse the job offer.
- 5 Obviously England will win against Iceland.

Offering to help

5 Match the lines in A with the offers of help in B.

A		В	
1	My car's broken down.	a	Don't worry, I'll remind
2	It's so hot in here!		you.
3	I'm really hungry!	b	We'll give you a push
4	I don't have enough money		to the garage.
	on me.	C	I'll see who it is.
5	There's someone at the door.	d	It's OK, I'll wait for you.
6	My train leaves in 10	e	I'll make you
	minutes!		something to eat.
7	You go – I need to finish this	f	I'll drive you to the
	work.		station.
8	What if I forget to take my	g	Don't worry, I'll lend
	passport?!		you some.
		h	I'll open a window.



going to for predictions

What's going to happen?

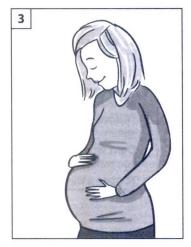
6 Look at the pictures. Write what is going to happen.





He's going to have a haircut.

She





She

They





She

They



W	ill	0	r going to?				
PI	Planned or spontaneous?						
7	7 Complete the conversations with <i>will</i> or <i>going to</i> and the verb in brackets.						
	1	A	Why are you wearing those old clothes?				
		B Because I'm going to paint (paint) the front door.					
	2		A I've got a headache. Have you got any paracetamol?				
		В	Yes, they're in the bathroom. I (get) you some.				
	3		Drive carefully! Let me know when you're home.				
		В	I (give) you a ring as soon as I get home.				
	4	A	Why are you making all those sandwiches?				
		B	Because we (have) a				
		Δ	Picnic on the beach. Do you want to come? Yes! I(go) and get my				
		A	swimming costume and towel.				
5 A What's the plan? we we we							
	B I don't think I feel like going out. I						
	(get) a takeaway on the						
	-	A	way home.				
	0	A	Hey, when you (give) me my electric				
			drill back?				
		B	Oh, sorry, I'd forgotten about it. I				
			(<i>bring</i>) it round tomorrow.				
	7	A	My new boyfriend's coming round for dinner tonight!				
		B	Oooh! What(cook)?				
		A	I (make) a curry.				
		A	I (let) you know how				
			it goes.				
	8 A Your exams are in two weeks' time. Whenyou						
			(start) revising for them?				
		B	It's OK, I've got a revision plan, and I(do) some tonight.				
	A But you said you were going out tonight.						

1) 8.1 Listen and check.

B Oh, yeah... Erm, I_

(start) tomorrow night, then.

Present Continuous

Making arrangements

8 Complete the conversation with the Present Continuous form of the verbs from the box.

			127		**			
bring	drive	make	get	have	fly	organize	invite	stay



Can you keep a secret?

- A Can you keep a secret?
- B Yes, of course. What is it?
- A 11 'm organizing a surprise party for Bobbi's birthday next Sunday!
- B How exciting! Where 2_______ you ______ it?
- A In the garden at home.
- A Friends and family even her aunt and uncle from Scotland. They 4_____ down on Saturday and they in a hotel so Bobbi won't know they're here.
- B What about food? Where 6______ you _ that from?

- A It's all arranged. Marcello's restaurant 7_ kinds of delicious things over on Sunday afternoon, and their chef *_____a special birthday cake!
- B Oh, so it really is a special birthday?
- A Yes, it's her 40th. And she doesn't know yet, but the weekend after, we 9_____first class to New York!
- **B** Fab! Am I invited to this party?
- A Of course you are! But don't tell anyone!

(1) 8.2 Listen and check.

All future forms

Driverless cars

- **9** Complete the text about driverless cars using the future verb forms a-i.
 - a may cause
- g could be avoided
- b won't be possible
- h might wait
- c not going to be
- i won't be able to relax
- d are launching
- i will reduce
- e won't take

driverless cars.

- k will need
- f are not going to have
- 10 Complete the questions for these answers about
 - 1 What is fast becoming a reality? The future of driverless cars.

2		a self-driving model			
	In 2021.				

- ____drivers of the first self-driving cars _____? Relax and watch a video.
- 4 _____ human drivers ? Take control sometimes. 5 How many deaths ______ in future?
- Millions.
 - too long for? Clear openings in the traffic.



The future of driverless cars is fast becoming a reality. All the major car companies have plans to produce them - BMW, for example, have announced that they 'd a self-driving model in 2021.

But drivers of the first self-driving cars 2____ and watch a video. Unfortunately, these cars can still get confused about what they're 'seeing', and a human driver 3 ____ to take control sometimes. This is clearly necessary - the test driver of an early Tesla car on Autopilot died in a crash while watching a Harry Potter DVD.

Accidents such as these 4____ people to reject the idea of driverless cars altogether. However, it's predicted that driverless cars 5____accidents by 90%, and so millions of deaths 6____ in future.

Most experts agree that we 7____ true driverless cars on our roads until after 2030. Even then, it 8____ to drive anywhere you want. Driverless cars need extremely accurate digital maps, and it's 9_____ easy to produce these for all areas, particularly in the countryside.

Another problem is that self-driving cars can be too careful. They 10____ enough risks and 11____too long for clear openings in the traffic, which could cause even bigger traffic jams!

Vocabulary

Sources of energy

1 Match nouns from **A** and **B** to make compound nouns connected with energy issues.



A	В	
wind	reactor	
solar	source	
fusion	wind farm	
fossil	change	
energy	warming	
radioactive	material	
climate	turbine	
offshore	panel	
global	fuels	

Word building

Prefixes

2	C	Correct the mistakes with the prefixes in the words in <i>italics</i> .		
	1 It's unpossible to do this crossword! imposs			
	2	You've disspelt 'address' again!		
	3 It's <i>unlegal</i> to smoke in public buildings.			
	4 The man was <i>inconscious</i> when the ambulance arrived.			
	5	Is 'burn' an unregular verb?		
	6	'Doing something <i>misperfectly</i> is better than doing nothing perfectly.'		
S	uff	fixes		
3	Use the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the sentences.			
	1	I wouldn't trust a car – I want to see a person in control! (<i>drive</i>)		
	2 Most accidents happen because people drive (care)			
	3	Would this hotel befor families with small children? (<i>suit</i>)		
	4	We're going to win 3-1 - that's my (predict)		
		I left that job because I had so many with my boss. (disagree)		
	6	I'll throw this umbrella away – it's! (use)		
	7	Sue's had a lot of in her life, but she's still very positive. (<i>unhappy</i>)		
	8	You should be a designer – you're so! (create)		

9 This dress is too long – I need to have it ______. (*short*)
10 People wear such _____ clothes in Africa – they look

Prepositions

Adjective + preposition

fantastic! (colour)

Everyday English

Making arrangements

- Put the words in the conversations in the correct order.
 - 1 A you / Friday / Are / evening / on / free /?
 - B on / a / with / I'm / Friday / No, / Helen / meal / having
 - 2 A could / was / at / tomorrow / if / I / meet / we / wondering / 2.00 / ?
 - B afraid / about / for / 2.00 / How / I'm / work / me / 3.30 / won't / ?
 - 3 A together / afternoon / could / Saturday / Maybe / on / get / we / ?
 - B no / me / Sorry, / good / the / for / afternoon's
 - 4 A tomorrow / don't / Why / a / we / for / morning / coffee / go / ?
 - B we / idea / say / ten / Good / half / Shall /?
 - 5 A for / after / go / work / a / Let's / pizza
 - B late / to / but / I'd / work / I'm / today / love / finishing
 - 6 A meeting / you / at 4.30 / a / tomorrow / make / Can / ?
 - **B** is / see / Yes, / you / fine / then / 4.30 / I'll
 - 1) 8.3 Listen and check.
 - Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Emma is discussing her future with her friend, Sam. Choose the correct answers in the conversation.



- 5 11 am / was wondering if we could go to the cinema on Thursday?
- E 12'd love to / love to, but I'm going to Birmingham.
- S Oh, ³ will you have / are you having another interview for university?
- Yes. Birmingham's not my first choice, but I 4'm going to see / may see what it's like. It might be a 5 suitable / suited back-up.
- S You don't seem very excited for / about it all!
- **E** Oh, I am really. There are just so many decisions to make, and I know I have to be ⁷ careful / careless about it all.
- **S** Well, yes, going to university's getting pretty expensive now, isn't it?
- E You can say that again! I a'm going to take out /'ll take out a student loan, and I could end up / m ending up over £50,000 in debt!
- S You must be worried 10 about / for how you'll pay it back.
- E I am! It seems "inpossible / impossible when you think about how much we'll need to save to buy a house or flat in future. And we don't even know that we "2" Il have / may have jobs, do we? I saw a prediction the other day that 40% of jobs "a are going to be / are being taken over by machines in the next 20 years.
- **S** Ah, you'll be OK. You ¹⁴'ll be / 're going to be a fashion designer machines will never take over from humans in the ¹⁵ creative / creating world.
- E We 16'll see / 're going to see. Anyway, enough feeling sorry 17 about / for myself. Come on, I 18'm going to buy / 'll buy you a drink while I still have enough money!

Go online to Check your progress.

Stop and check Units 5-8



1 C	omplete the sentences 1-15 with the correct word from below.	2 Use the clues to complete the crossword.
1	We don't have a choice, we sell our house. We	ACROSS
	need the money.	1 The of a crime is the person who suffers it. (6)
	have to might should	4 I feel very of the success we've achieved. (5)
2		7 can't buy chewing gum in Singapore. (3)
2	I forget my grandpa's birthday.	8 Jim to pay for lunch, but I refused. (7)
	can't have don't have to mustn't	9 I've eaten tofu – what's it like? (5)
3	Youtext while driving in the UK. It's the law.	10 Tom and I often argue – we don't see eye to (3)
	are not allowed to don't have to shouldn't	12 Mum made me my homework before
4	You take your jacket off if you're too hot.	dinner. (2)
1	have to must should	14 Could you me £30, and I'll pay you back
		tomorrow? (4) 16 I hate filling my tax forms! (2)
5	My dad me borrow the car.	17 My dad never me stay out late. (4)
	won't agree won't allow won't let	19 It's such important meeting this one! (2)
6	'Mum! Danny share his sweets with me!'	20 Oil and coal are fossil (5)
0		22 Please don't drive fast! (2)
	refuses can't won't	23 Relax! to forget about work for a moment! (3)
7	I'm fed up! I to mend my bike for hours. No joy!	24 'Thanks, that's so kind!''Not all – happy to help.' (2)
	can't manage didn't succeed 've been trying	25 The deepest hole that's ever been is in Russia. (3)
8	Have you heard? Tom to hospital with	27 I'm lucky to living in this flat. (2)
	pneumonia!	28 'When's Dan leaving?"He's left. (7)
	is taken has been taken has taken	31 You can use your phone as long it's in flight mode. (2)
9	You should watch the new crime drama on TV. I'm sure you	32 The soldiers up the bridge with dynamite. (4)
	it a lot.	33 Stop it! I'm up with you complaining! (3)
	'll like won't like may like	35 I didn't break it purpose – it was an accident! (2)
10	He of leaving his job because it's boring.	37 Sophie often out with her brother – they're
	has been thinking has decided was hoping	always arguing. (5)
11	That's really heavy carry it for you if you like.	38 Storms are getting worse because of
	I'll I'm going to I may	change. (7) 39 My brother helped paint my flat. (2)
		40 Elephants could out soon. (3)
12	Do you think you possibly get this book	41 It's easy to the word 'weird' as 'wierd'. (8)
	down for me? The shelf's so high.	43 'Do you want a lift?''Thanks, would be
	could may will	great!'(4)
13	How many times you not to do that!	45 It's typical Jason to leave when it's time to
	have I been telling have I told have you been told	clear up. (2) 47 A is someone who saw a crime being
14	Mike's on holiday in Thailand. I don't know when he	committed. (7)
		49 Guess who I ran in the supermarket?
	's been 's gone went	Charlie! (4)
		51 Don't stop! Go singing! It's lovely! (2)
15	I hear Maria's away on holiday to Spain again?	52 Last year was so horrible I don't know how I got it. (7)
	Has she been Is she going Has she gone	53 I don't have a tattoo because I give (5)
	SCORE 15	54 'Would you if I sat here?''No, go ahead.' (4)

	1		2			3		4						5
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53										Tradition		54		

DOWN

- 2 You should _____ two hours before the flight. (5, 2)
- 3 Have you ____ all the arrangements for the wedding yet? (4)
- 4 We've got solar ____ on our house. (6)
- 5 At the end of a trial, the judge ____ up the facts for the jury. (4)
- 6 | _____ if we could meet at 3.00 not 2.00? (6)
- 11 It's the _____ time I've been to New York it's all new and exciting! (5)
- 13 It's _____ to use your phone while driving. (7)
- 15 Relax and try to breathe _____. (6)
- 18 I _____ be late home tonight. I'll let you know. (3)
- 21 'I can do 3.00.'OK, 3.00 _____ is then.'(2)

- 22 Don't worry! I'm _____ you'll pass your driving test! (4)
- 25 The _____ lawyer argues that the defendant is not guilty. (7)
- 26 Pay more attention to your writing. You make a lot of _____ mistakes. (8)
- 29 Ed speaks Dutch ____ his mum's Dutch. (8)
- 30 Don't throw that magazine _____. I haven't read it yet. (4)
- 31 You should shop _____ before you decide to buy the laptop here. (6)
- 34 I'm wet through! This umbrella is _____! (7)
- 36 Audrey Hepburn ____ a lot of work for UNICEF. (3)

- 37 'Is there a bank near here?''Sorry, I'm not ____ with this area myself.' (8)
- 39 'Hi, Jo! How long is it since we last _____? (3)
- 42 My neighbour _____ after my dog while I was away. (6)
- 44 I lived in Berlin six years _____. (3)
- 46 I need to ____ up the car with petrol. (4)
- 48 I'm on a diet. I've lost six kilos _____ far. (2)
- 50 Slow down! You're driving _____ fast! (3)

TOTAL	75
SCORE	60

Caring and sharing

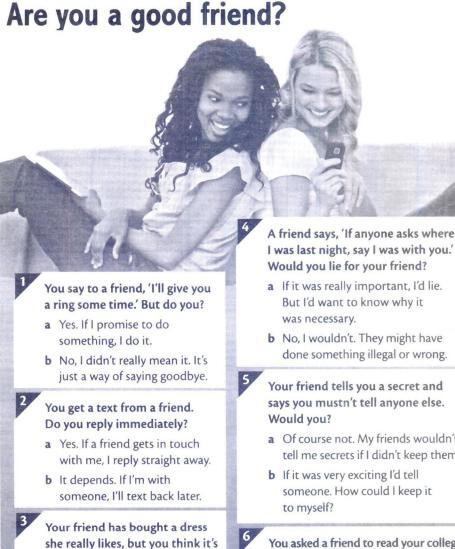
- Conditionals, should, could have done
- Words with similar and different meanings
 Money matters
- Prepositions with money

Grammar **Conditionals**

Recognizing conditionals

- 1 Do the quiz. Are you a good friend?
- 2 Complete the examples in 1-4 of the conditional forms from the quiz.

ZERO CONDI	TIONAL
if + Present +	Present
If I promise to de I do it.	o something,
If a friend	
	straight
away.	
FIRST CONDI	
if + Present +	will
If	
	later.
If	
	it looks
good.	
SECOND CON	NDITIONAL
	ıld
My friends	
	them.
If	,
	someone.
THIRD OR PA	ST CONDITIONA
if + Past Perfe	ct + would have
If	the
I	
criticism if it _	
	nore tactful.



awful. What do you say?

friends are for.

a If she likes it, I'll tell her it looks

good. It doesn't matter what

b I'll tell her the truth. That's what

Would you lie for your friend? a If it was really important, I'd lie.

- But I'd want to know why it
- **b** No, I wouldn't. They might have done something illegal or wrong.
- Your friend tells you a secret and says you mustn't tell anyone else.
 - a Of course not. My friends wouldn't tell me secrets if I didn't keep them.
 - **b** If it was very exciting I'd tell someone. How could I keep it
- You asked a friend to read your college essay. They returned it and said it wasn't very good. Were you hurt?
 - a No. If I hadn't wanted the truth, I wouldn't have asked.
 - **b** Yes. I would have accepted criticism if it had been more tactful.

dependable. Who would want to have you as their best friend? You would do anything for your friends. Mostly Bs: You put yourself before your friends, and you're not very Quiz answers: Mostly As: You're a true, loyal friend. You really believe that a friend in need is a friend indeed.

Types of conditional

3 Complete the examples of each type of conditional using the verbs in brackets.

General conditions (zero conditional)

present			present	
1 Mi off	(90)		you (not keep) it in the fridge.	
_	nink music (sound)	if	you (listen) to it on headphones.	

Improbable or impossible conditions (second conditional)

would			+	past	
5	that concert	(<i>go</i>) to	if	itsold out.	(not be)
6	They a house here	(buy)	n n	theyenough money.	(have)

Possible conditions (first conditional)

will		+	present	
3	Rick (give) the presentation	if	you him to.	(ask)
4	We(come) to the party	"	youus!	(invite)

Past conditions (third conditional)

would have	+	past perfect	
7 Arsenal		Chelsea (not score) a late goal.	
(won)	if	(not score) a late goal.	
8 She		she (gone) to	
(become) a star		Hollywood.	

4 Match the lines in each box to make zero (0), first (1), second (2), and third (3) conditional sentences.

Α	0 Jenny never says thank you1 I'll help you2 I wouldn't do that	if	I were you. you do something for her. I'd known you were vegetarian.
	3 I wouldn't have cooked meat		I have time.
В	 0 If I don't sleep well 1 If you drink coffee now 2 If they offered me the job 3 If you'd driven more slowly 		you wouldn't have crashed. I'd definitely take it. I'm in a bad mood all day. you won't be able to sleep.
C	0 Henry always gets angry		you just wait and try to be patien

if

if	won't
onuld	

might

should

wont

First conditional

if + will / might / must / should

1 Things will get better

3 Would you have ordered the curry

2 What would you do

5 Match a line in **A** with a line in **B**.



you saw a fight in the street?

you'd known it was so hot?

you criticize his work.

might

A	В
1 If I'm going to be late,	a we might go skiing this winter. We'll see.
2 If Tony calls round,	b you'll soon forget it.
3 If you don't feel well,	c you'll have to do more exercise.
4 If you're ever in London,	d tell him I'll be back in ten minutes.
5 If we can afford it,	e try switching it off and on again.
6 If you want to get fit,	f you should sit down and get some rest.
7 If your computer goes wrong,	g I'll give you a ring and let you know.
8 If you don't revise vecabulary	h you must come and visit us

should

if

Wwoulld

Se

W

7

cond conditional	
nat would you do?	
Read the social dilemmas 1-6. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.	
What would you do if?	
 the ATM <u>gave</u> (give) you £200 but only charged you for £100 you (find) a wallet with \$500 in it and the name of a well-known millionaire a friend (cheat) in a school exam and got better marks than you a work colleague (claim) expenses that you knew were false a teenage girl you know (want) to go on a date with a boy she'd met online you (took) a photo of a celebrity doing something wrong, and she asked you not to sell it to a newspaper 	
Read the responses. Match them to the questions 1–6, and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.	Luman
 a 4 I'd ignore (ignore) it. Everyone tries to make a bit of money with expenses. b 1 (not give) it back, even if 1 (know) the owner. Someone as rich as him (miss) it. 	
c [] (not want) to tell the teachers. But if it (be) an important exam, I (be) very angry.	

Third conditional

with her.

the celebrity.

(not know) I had it.

8 Write questions and answers about what people didn't do! Use the w

____ (sell) it to a newspaper if I ____

(keep) the money. It's just a bank, and they $_{-}$

_____ (tell) her to meet him in a public place and take a friend

1 A	I haven't travelled much in life. I never had the
	opportunity, and it's too late now.
В	Where would you have gone? (go)
A	I'd have gone to South Africa and Japan.
	(Africa and Japan)
2 A	It's a shame I never went to university.
В	What? (study
	(psychology
3 A	I didn't get a bonus, so I decided not to buy a new car
В	What kind? (buy
Δ	. (a Mercedes

vord	s in brackets.
A	I saw the actor Matt Damon in a restaurant. I wish
	I'd spoken to him.
В	What to him? (say)
	told
11	(I love his films)
5 A	It's annoying, but I'm too full to have a dessert.
	Which? (have)
	(cheesecake)
6 A	We have three lovely daughters. I'd have liked a son, too, but we never had one.
В	What him? (call)

. (Alfie)

Life-changing decisions

9 Read the text and write sentences in the third conditional, using the prompts.

Clare's life story

Clare grew up on a farm in Scotland and helped to look after the animals. She decided to become a vet and studied at Edinburgh University. She met a girl called Hannah there, who became her best friend.

Clare couldn't find a job in the UK after university, and decided to look abroad. She thought about going to America, but Hannah had found a job in New Zealand,

so Clare decided to go there. She got a job in Auckland, and started a relationship with one of the other vets there, Greg. However, after a while she realized that she and Greg didn't have much in common, and so she ended it.

She took up rowing and met a man at the rowing club, Marcus, who she fell head over heels in love with. Clare and Marcus got married and had two children, Max and Alice. Her parents wanted to be nearer their grandchildren, so they moved to New Zealand too!



- 1 If Clare / not grow up / farm / become / vet.
 If Clare hadn't grown up on a farm, she wouldn't have become a vet.
- 2 If she / not go / Edinburgh University / she / not meet / Hannah.
- 3 If she / find / job / UK / not look / abroad.
- 4 If Hannah / not go / New Zealand / Clare / go / work / America.
- 5 If Clare and Greg / have more in common / she / not end / their relationship.
- 6 If she / not take up / rowing / not met / Marcus.
- 7 If she / stay with / Greg / not fall in love / Marcus.
- 8 If she / not have / children / parents / not move / New Zealand.

Past possibilities

should / could have done

10 Complete the sentences with a phrase from the box and the correct form of the verb in brackets.

S	hould have could have shouldn't have
	James <u>could have been</u> (be) a professional football player, but he had a bad leg injury.
2	You (tell) me
	the truth. Lying never helps anyone.
3	You nearly hit that car looking at your
	phone while driving. You (kill
	us all!
4	A present for me! Oh, that's so kind, but
	you
	(bother), really!
5	Sorry, I can't remember your address.
	I (write) it down.
	What was it again?
6	It's your own fault if you're broke. You
	(<i>buy</i>) all those
	clothes – you don't need them.
d –	had or would?
W	rite had or would after each example of 'd .
1	If only I'd known! had
2	I know you'd do that for me!
3	I'd have done anything to
	be there!
4	I'd marry her any day!
5	What if they'd been late?
6	We'd have helped you!
7	She'd have refused, I know.
8	And if she'd agreed?
	9.1 Listen to the lines and repeat, paying
	ttention to the pronunciation.

Vocabulary

Words with similar meanings

1 Match the words with similar meanings.

A	B
1 to rent 2 to trust 3 difficult 4 to hurry 5 happy	a delighted b risky c secure d problems e disadvantage
6 difficulties 7 dangerous 8 safe 9 downside	f to rush g to hire h challenging i to rely on

		2) 9.2 Listen to the words used in sentences and check.		
W	or	ds with different meanings		
2	Write the words in brackets in the correct places in each sentence.			
	1 You're covered in paint! You need to <u>wash</u> your hair and <u>clean</u> your face! (clean / wash)			
	2 The bank was and £50,000 was (robbed / stolen)			
	3	We the other team 4-0 and the cup! (won / beat)		
	4	Spaghetti with pesto is my favourite, but it has to be served on a warm! (dish / plate)		
	5	5 I think the at my old school were better than my at university. (professors / teachers)		
	6	If you carefully, you can the sea. (hear / listen)		
	7	I often you things, so why can't I anything from you? (borrow / lend)		
	8	There's a reminder in my to write an for tomorrow's meeting. (diary / agenda)		
	9	It's good to be to people's feelings, but be you can't help everyone with their problems! (sensitive / sensible)		
]	0	If you your luggage here with you, I'll you to the airport when we've finished our meeting. (take / bring)		
]	1	Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek is the Dutch scientist who the microscope and bacteria. (invented / discovered)		
]	12	Most of our hotel are to the local wildlife park. (visitors / guests)		

Prepositions

Prepositions with money

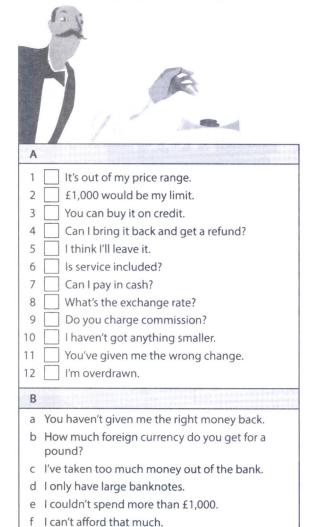
3 EXTENSION Complete the money expressions with the prepositions from the box.

	1	
	to of in (x4) on out from for (x2) into (x2) by	
1	to pay something cash	
2	to paycredit card	
3	to take money your account	
	to pay money your account	
5	to spend money something	
	to lend money someone	
7	to borrow moneysomeone	A
8	to get debt	
9	to be debt	
0	to be charged money something	
1	to invest stocks and shares	
2	to pay dollars / euros	
-	9.3 Listen and check.	
	Listen and check.	
	Samuel Marie	
	Sh.	
	0	
	Control of the contro	
	TORSCEARING	
	TOTAL SE	
	Contraction of the second	
	CALLED TO THE PARTY OF THE PART	
	COLD CONTRACTOR	
	CITI	
	L'O.	

Everyday English

Money matters

1 Match the expressions connected with money in **A** with ways of saying the same thing in **B**.



2 ①9.4 Listen to the lines from B and say the correct expression from A. Try to do it without looking. Listen and check.

j Do we need to leave a tip for the waiter?k Can I return it and have my money back?

Do I have to use a credit or debit card?

g You can take it now and pay later.

i I don't think I'll buy it.

h Do I have to pay a fee for changing the money?

I can't afford that much.

It's out of my price range.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

1 Read the text about a failed bank robbery and choose the correct answers.

How about a loan instead?

A Finnish bank manager stopped two criminals from 'stealing / robbing a bank by persuading them to 'borrow / lend the money instead. The robbers ran into a bank in Helsinki and demanded $\[\in \] 50,000 \]$ in money / in cash. The manager 'brought / took the money and put it on the table in front of them, but then suggested that a loan might be more 'sensible / sensitive. The men 'heard / listened to him carefully, and they then discussed what credit 'limit / deadline they could afford. The manager gave them a $\[\in \] 10 \]$ 'check / note as an advance and told them to 'come back / go back in ten minutes to sign the papers. When the men came back, the police 'waited / were waiting for them.

- **2** Rewrite the sentences connected with the story, using the words in brackets.
 - 1 The manager persuaded them to take out a loan. The men didn't rob the bank. (*if*)
 - 2 'Taking out a loan is more sensible.' (if)
 - 3 They listened to the manager. They didn't steal the money. (if, could)
 - 4 'Come back in ten minutes for the papers to be ready.' (*if*)
 - 5 They were stupid to go back to the bank. (shouldn't)
 - 6 It would have been a better idea to run away. (should)
 - 7 The men came back. The police caught them. (if, might never)
 - 8 People take out a loan. The bank has to decide what their credit limit is. (*if*)

Go online to Check your progress.

Beyond belief!

- Modals of probability
- Continuous infinitive
- Expressions with be and have
- Phrasal verbs with out and up, prepositions
- Expressing attitude

Grammar Modal of probability

Recognizing which modal

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

Sure or Not?

A	В
1 They must be out. 2 You can't be hungry. 3 He can't come from Sydney. 4 You must know Alison. 5 He can't be coming tonight. 6 It could be a shooting star. 7 We may move to the country. 8 I might have flu. 9 You must have lost weight. 10 They can't have bought a new car.	 a I feel hot and I've got a sore throat. b He'd be here by now, if he were. c But perhaps it's just a passing satellite. d Their car isn't in the drive. e He doesn't have an Australian accent. f She's been working in our office since July. g They couldn't afford to. h Your jeans look too big. i We're tired of the city rat race. j We've just had breakfast.

Modals of probability - present

2 Harry is late for class. Suggest reasons why using must, might, could, or may.

Why do you think Harry's late? 5 Is he stuck in a traffic jam? (may) 1 Is he still in bed? (might) He might still be in bed. 6 Is his bus late? (might) 2 Is he ill? (must) 7 Is he talking to a friend from another class? (may) 3 Is he in the coffee bar? (could) 8 Does he want to miss the test? (must) 4 Does he have a doctor's appointment? (might)



3	Rewrite each sentence in exercise 2 with can't, and give the reason			
	1 He can't still be in bed, he never oversleeps.	5		

1 He can't still he in he	still be in bed, he never oversleeps.		5 (not rush hour	
(never oversleep)	G/ HC HC CO. C.	6	(always on time)	
2	(fine yesterday)	7	(everyone / in class now	
3	(it / closed)	8	(been revising for weeks	
4	(not ill)			

10.1 Listen to the complete conversations and check exercises 2 and 3.

Ask Amanda!

KITTY'S PROBLEM:

Dear Amanda,

I have a really lovely boyfriend – he's hardworking, kind and good fun. But, I'm worried about my parents meeting him because ...

Best wishes, Kitty Fisher

Amanda replies:

Dear Kitty,

I understand why you feel worried. Your parents sound very nice, but they obviously have strong feelings about something like this. Have a word with them about what a nice guy he is, and how much he cares for you. Talk to Bill as well and explain that your parents are a bit old-fashioned and aren't up to date with modern trends. They won't know how common it is nowadays for people to have these on their bodies.

You're right, it's a good idea that they meet him, and perhaps he could help them with their garden.

If they get to know him and like him, they may forgive his colourful appearance.

Good luck,

Yours, Amanda!

LEO'S PROBLEM:

Dear Amanda,
We fight all the time. I hate him!
Yours,
Leo Blake

Amanda replies:

Dear Leo,

It is very difficult not to get angry with your brother in your situation. At your age you need time on your own and some privacy when you are with your friends. Ask your parents to find time in their busy lives to sit down and talk to you about what is happening. Tell them how Oliver is stopping you from doing your schoolwork. The youngest child in a family is often the favourite and gets very spoilt. Also, you should tell them about the problems Oliver is having at school. He won't leave you alone until he has more friends of his own.

Yours, Amanda!

- **4** Ask Amanda! is a problem page in a magazine. Read Amanda's reply to Kitty Fisher. What do you think her problem is?
- 5 <u>Underline</u> the correct modal verb.
 - 1 Bill *must / might* be Kitty's new boyfriend.
 - 2 Kitty's parents can't / may be quite old.
 - 3 She can't / must care about her parents' feelings.
 - 4 She *must / might* be their only child.
 - 5 Bill could / can't be a gardener.
 - 6 He must / can't be covered in tattoos.
 - 7 Kitty *must / can't* be hoping to introduce him to her parents soon.
- **6** Read Amanda's reply to Leo Blake. What is his problem?
- **7** Complete the deductions about Leo with the correct words from the box.

must have (x2) must be can't have might not know may sometimes get annoyed could be jealous might be studying

	,	, ,
1	Leo <u>must be</u> the eldest ch	nild in the family.
2	Hecalled Oliver.	_ a younger brother
3	Leo's friends with Oliver.	
4	Leo's parents demanding jobs.	very
5	Leo	for some exams.
6	The parents has problems at school.	that Oliver
7	Leo	of Oliver.
	Oliver	

⊋ Extra material p95 Read the complete letters to Amanda.

The continuous infinitive

- **8** Complete the conversations with a suitable verb in the continuous infinitive.
 - 1 A Do you know where Kitty is?
 - B She's on her phone. She <u>may be calling</u> her mum and dad.
 - 2 A Where's Leo?
 - B He's upstairs. He must _____ his homework in his room.
 - A He's not in his room.
 - **B** Try the bathroom. He might _ a shower.
 - 3 A I can't find the thing that changes the TV channel.
 - B The remote control? Stand up. You may on it.
 - 4 A What's that noise?
 - B It sounds like an ambulance. It must someone to hospital.
 - 5 A What's that noise outside?
 - B It sounds like workmen. They must up the road.
 - A What for?
 - B I don't know. They could _ a broken water pipe.

10.2 Listen and check.

- **9** Rewrite these sentences using the modal verbs in the past.
 - 1 I'm sure you didn't work hard for your exams. You failed. (*can't*)

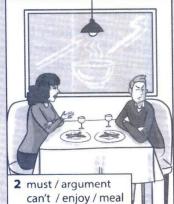
You can't have worked hard.

- 2 I'm sure they've arrived. I can hear a car. (must)
- 3 I'm not sure, but I think they went by train. (may)
- 4 Perhaps I left my phone in the coffee shop. (might)
- 5 I think he went to Oxford University. (may)
- 6 He has probably been on a diet. (must)
- 7 It's possible that they got married in secret. (could)
- 8 Perhaps he called while we were out. (may)

Modals of probability - past

10 Look at the pictures. What *must have* happened? What *might have* happened? Write sentences.











must / boring



All modals of probability

- **11** Read the newspaper article. Answer the questions.
 - 1 How did the cat travel to Paris? **No one knows!**
 - 2 How did it travel back to London?
 - 3 Are Marna and Sean still together?
 - 4 How did they know that it was their cat?
- **12** Rewrite these sentences in the article using the words in brackets.
 - 1 Perhaps Moon Unit was stolen and taken to France. (*might*)
 - 2 Maybe she was frightened by all the noise at the party. (*may*)
 - 3 Perhaps she had been living at the railway station. (*could*)
 - 4 Marna and Sean were undoubtedly very surprised when they heard from ADAD. (*must*)
 - 5 I'm sure they didn't expect to see their cat again. (can't)
 - 6 Their relationship ended so I don't think they have a lot in common. (*can't*)
 - 7 It seems that they are still friends. (must)
 - 8 They probably had a reason to call the cat 'Moon Unit'. (*must*)



Two Londoners, Marna Gillingham and Sean Purdy, have recently been reunited with their pet cat. Of course, it's not unusual for cats to go missing. However, this cat, called 'Moon Unit', had been missing for eight years and was not found in a neighbouring street, but 200 miles away, across the Channel, in Paris.

Marna and her ex-partner, Sean, had adopted Moon Unit over ten years ago, when they were a couple, and she had vanished after a New Year's Eve party at their flat in Bermondsey, London. They searched for months and had numerous 'sightings' but it was never Moon Unit. Eventually, their relationship ended and they moved house.

Then suddenly, last month, Marna received an email from the UK microchipping database, Petlog, saying that their cat had been found by L'Association d'Aide et de Défense des Animaux en Détresse (ADAD) in Paris. Moon Unit had been

spotted wandering around a French railway station. It seemed impossible, but the microchip proved that it was indeed the same cat. Moon Unit travelled back to England on the ferry from Calais, but no one knows how she crossed the sea in the first place, and ended up in the French capital.

Marna and Sean are no longer together as a couple, but they are fundraising to thank ADAD for reuniting them with their cat and Marna has agreed that Sean can keep Moon Unit.



Vocabulary

be and have

	TENSION There are many expressions formed with
	verbs be and have . Complete the expressions with
be (or have.
	sure of crazy about
	keen on a lot in common
_	fun a problem
	into up to date
	off work a word with
	about totime off work
	in touch away on business
	yourself a good time
	ad the conversations and complete these <i>be</i> or <i>have</i> pressions with one word.
1	A Do you like Sally?
	B Like her! I'mabout her!
	A I didn't think she was your type.
	B What do you mean? We great times together. We have a lot in
	A Really?
	B Well, yes. She's opera and so am I.
	A What? Since when have you beenon opera?
	B Well, I am now.
2	A Can I have a with you?
	B What about?
	A Well, you've had a lot of time work lately.
	B I'm sorry.
	A Youoff four times last month.
	B I know, I've a lot of family problems.
	A What kind of problems?
	B Er – I'd rather not say.
3	A I'll miss you. You're so often on business.
	B Don't worry, I'll be in as soon as I get there.
	A Look, you have to go. Your flight's to board.
	B Don'ttoo much fun while I'm away.
	A You can be of that! a good time!

10.3 Listen and check.

Phrasal verbs and prepositions

out and up

3 Complete the text about the two brothers with out or up.



A TRAGIC BUSINESS VENTURE

Ben and Neil Smith were two brothers who loved their
food. Their favourite pastime was eating 1 in the
many cafés and restaurants in the town. Unsurprisingly,
they put on too much weight. They decided to take
² playing squash and working ³ in the local
fitness and leisure centre. Then Ben came 4 with a
good business idea. He suggested that they set 5 a
health shop in the centre of town. Neil was enthusiastic,
so they found 6 how much this might cost and
started to work 7 their finances. Between them,
they had saved 8 quite a bit of money, so they
bought a small shop on the high street. Everything went
well for a time and they built 9 a very successful
business. They became very rich, very healthy and very
slim. They were very happy. Then, they both fell for the
same girl, Zoë - they fell in love with her, but they fell
with each other. They had terrible arguments,
and inevitably their business started to fail and to add to
their misery, Zoë ended " marrying the guy from
the Vodafone shop. Ben and Neil never made 12
They lost their money and they lost the girl.

Verb + preposition

4	EXTENSION	Complete the sentences with one of the
	prepositions	from the box.

	in	for (x2) of (x2) on (x3) with to
1	A	Do you believe ghosts?
	В	Of course not! I'm not frightened anything what's that noise?!
2	A	We fell in love this house as soon as we saw it.
	В	I'm not surprised. I've always dreamed having a kitchen as big as this.
3	A	How did the architect react your ideas?
	В	He said they were possible. He's working the plans now.
4	A	Excuse me, we didn't ask salad with our pizza.
	В	It comes free with every pizza. You don't have to pay it.
5	A	I really like Martin. You can always rely him to help with a problem.
	B	I know, he insisted giving me a lift home

when I missed the last bus.

Everyday English

Expressing attitude

1 Read the conversation quickly. Who are the people talking about? Why?

'Have you heard?'

- A Have you heard about Sam?
- B No, I haven't.
- A Well, I haven't spoken to him myself, but 'actually / apparently he was caught cheating in his maths exam.
- **B** ² Fortunately / No kidding! I just don't believe it! Does he have a problem with maths?
- A No. ³ Actually / Really, maths is his best subject. He's brilliant at maths.
- **B** *Certainly. / Really? I didn't know that. So why would he cheat? He *clearly / hopefully doesn't need to.
- A 'Exactly / Utterly. And 'anyway / unfortunately, Sam's not the type to cheat. He would never do such a thing.
- **B** He must be very upset. * Generally / Presumably he's going to complain.
- A Yes, he's seeing the principal this afternoon. *Luckily / Obviously, he's going to deny it completely.
- **B** Well, ¹⁰ hopefully / naturally, the principal will believe him. Let me know what happens.
- A I will. "Absolutely / Personally, I think he'll be OK.
- **B** I hope you're right. Cheers. See you later.
- A Yeah. Fingers crossed for Sam.
- **2** Read it again and <u>underline</u> the word that expresses the attitude of the speaker.

10.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

1 Read about Barry and Molly. Where did they meet? How does the story end?



Love's ups and downs!

It was a Friday evening and Barry Evans had just been stood 1
by a girl he had arranged to meet via the dating website 'eMatch'. So instead of a romantic evening 2out in a nice restaurant, Barry headed
to his local Tesco supermarket to buy a bottle of wine and a frozen pizza. 'The girl 3 have found someone better-looking on the website,' said Barry.
He waited at the checkout and smiled at the girl serving. She 4 tired – it had been a long day.
'Can I help you with your packing?' she asked automatically.
'Do I look 5 a useless single guy who can't pack two items?' Barry asked. 'Single? How come?' she asked. '6, I'm divorced. She left me.'
'Really? She must ⁷ crazy! That's £9.55, please. Have you got a loyalty card?'
Later, in the car park, Barry was 8 to start his car, but the conversation with the checkout girl kept going round in his head. He wondered if she 9 have been trying to tell him something. He wrote 'CALL ME!' and his phone number on a scrap of paper, ran back and left it on her counter.'I had to 10 out if she was at all 11 on me.'
The girl, Molly, called him that evening, and they met the next evening in a quiet pub. They discovered that they had a lot in 12 She was also divorced. She and her ex-husband had tried to work something 13, but had not managed to 14 up. Barry and Molly started dating and now, one year later, are 15 up for their wedding. They are determined to make this marriage work.

2 Read the text again and complete the gaps 1-15 with the correct word 1-15 from below.

1	down	up	on	9	could	can't	must
2	going	working	eating	10	work	make	find
3	can	may	would	11	interested	keen	attracted
4	looked	spoke	worked	12	similar	future	common
5	like	as	after	13	out	through	on
6	Naturally	Personally	Actually	14	do	make	take
7	be	have	look	15	saving	looking	being
8	want	about	able				

Go online to Check your progress.

11

Back in the real world

- Noun phrases
- Articles, possessives, pronouns
- Compound nouns, count and uncount nouns
- Phrasal verbs + noun (2)
- I need one of those things (...)

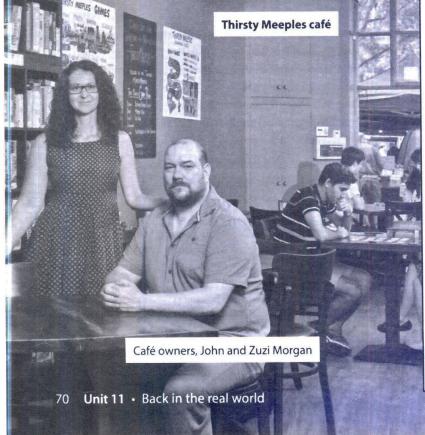
Grammar

Noun phrases

What's in a noun phrase?

- 1 Thirsty Meeples is an unusual café, in Oxford, UK. People come to its tables for more than food and drink. Complete the text about the café using noun phrases a-o.
 - a her Belgian husband
 - b all of the players win
 - c **all our** smartphones
 - d with each other
 - e **a** bright Thursday morning
 - f the most successful
 - g everyone in the café
 - h the café's owners

- i in the desert
- j **every** culture in **the** world
- k a burning building
- I describes itself
- m all over the UK
- n tabletop games
- o **the** original social network



BACK TO BOARD GAMES

It's 'e, and the Thirsty Meeples* café in Oxford is nearly full. The 'waiter', Gareth, offers recommendations to 2. First, he suggests Forbidden Desert. But it's not a drink. 'You have all crash-landed 3, where you are searching for a lost civilization,' he explains. 'Or,' he says, 'how about fighting fires?' He recommends Flash Point, in which you rescue people from 1. Players work as a team, and if they pull enough people from the fire, 5 . But, if a certain number of people are lost to the fire, everyone loses. Thirsty Meeples 6 as 'Oxford's first and only board-game café', though others are now appearing 7. So what has brought all these people here to play board games? Eveline, a Dutch academic who is playing a game with 8, It might seem surprising that board games are booming in the age of digital games, but there is a connection - it's the digital games on 10 that have made more people interested in playing games. l ask 11, John and Zuzi Morgan, why they think 12 have become so popular? 'There's so much technology,' Zuzi says. 'Everybody's busy and you want to bring people back together in a way that's not just staring at screens. It's a natural thing in people. We are supposed to be together and communicating 13 . Gaming has always had a social function, and in 14, games have given families the opportunity to play together. Direct interaction is also important to Matt Leacock, one of 15 designers of tabletop games. 'You connect with people across the table,' he says. 'It's a very human thing. And you need to handle the physical components.'

*a 'meeple' is the piece on a board game that represents each player

Indefinite article: a / an

Saying what something or somebody is

2 Write what these things or people are / were.



1	a Mini Cooper <u>is a car</u> .						
2	BMWs and Toyotas are cars.						
3	a Budweiser						
4	Guinness and Carlsberg						
5	a Boeing 747						
6	Airbus 380s and Lockheed jets						
7	Einstein						
8	Marie Curie and Fleming						
9	Van Gogh						
10	Picasso and Rembrandt						
3 C	omplete the gaps with <i>a</i> or <i>an</i> .						
1	One of my daughters is <u>an</u> actress. The other						
	is at university in America. She's						
	undergraduate.						
2	I'moptimist,incurable						
	optimist.						
3	I have terrible memory for names, but						
	I know yours begins with 'S'.						
4	Jack's interesting person. I talked to him						
	for over hour yesterday.						
5	As child, I was afraid of dogs. I was						
	bitten by Alsatian.						
6	Kath's highly educated woman. She's						
	done incredible amount of studying.						

3

11.1 Listen, check and repeat. Notice the word linking after an: an actress

Definite article: the

4 Complete the sentences with words from the boxes.

	the future the sky the beach the weather the government the country the mountains the environment						
1	We need to protect from so much pollution.						
2							
3	Look at all the stars in!						
4	No-one can see into and say what will happen.						
5	I love taking my kids to We build sandcastles and play cricket.						
6	You can do some great climbing in around here.						
7							
8	People talk about because our climate is so unpredictable.						
	the post office the door the salt the doctor the garden the radio the bathroom the cinema						
9	Mr Jackson – you can see now.						
10	I don't watch TV much. I love listening to						
11	Close, will you! It's freezing in here!						
12	I go to once a week. I love films!						
13	Let's sit in It's such a lovely day!						
14	I'm going to Shall I post your letters?						
15	Sally's in She's having a shower.						
16	Could you pass me, please?						
	the most delicious the best student the same the first						
17	Pablo is in the class.						
18	I'll have pizza as you – cheese and tomato.						
19	This is time I've driven on the left!						
20	That was ice cream I've ever had in my life!						

No article

Things in general

5 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
1 Bees 2 Fruit 3 Dogs 4 Oil 5 Apples 6 Money	 a is full of vitamins. b doesn't always make you happy. c grow on trees. d are easier to train than cats. e make honey. f is used to make petrol.

6 Complete the sentences with a game or academic subject

1	listory poker Biology Physics hess volleyball
1	Tommy is studying <u>Physics</u> at university. He loves science.
2	is a game of strategy played on a black and white board.
3	I love reading about, especially the ancient Greeks and Romans.
4	I enjoy tennis, but I prefer team games like
5	I used to play, but I lost too much money!
6	You need to be good atif you want to be a vet.

- **7** Choose the correct noun in these English proverbs.
 - 1 Love / Beauty is only skin deep.
 - 2 Business / Practice before pleasure.
 - 3 Love / Truth is stranger than fiction.
 - 4 Truth / Home is where the heart is.
 - 5 Crime / Pride doesn't pay.
 - 6 Laughter / Time flies.
 - 7 Love / Laughter is the best medicine.
 - 8 Practice / Beauty makes perfect.
 - 9 Truth / Pride comes before a fall.
 - 10 Love / Pride is blind.

11.2 Listen and check.

Article or no article?

8 Complete the sentences with *the* or nothing (-).

Everyday places
 I go to _ school at 8.00. <u>The</u> school is in <u>the</u> centre of <u>the</u> village. My dad's at work. He teaches children and adults at local college. I'm going home now. I'll be at home all day, but I'll be back in office tomorrow. Good night, I'm going to bed now. Jane's in bed already. My brother's studying Maths at Manchester University. My sister's at University of Bonn.
Place names A Translation
 6 We're staying at Sheraton Hotel in Queen Street. 7 We can see River Thames, St Paul's Cathedral, and Big Ben from our room. 8 We were going to eat in Jo's Bistro, but it's closed down. 9 We're planning to visit London Zoo, British Museum, and Hyde Park. 10 Last year we had a holiday in Mediterranean. We met people from United States, Japan, and Middle East.
Meals C 1
 11 What did you have for lunch? 12 What time shall we have dinner? 13 A Where shall we have breakfast? B Let's go to Central Deli again breakfast we had there yesterday was the best!
Transport Transport
 14 I usually go to work by bus. This morning bus was late, so I missed my meeting. 15 I go everywhere by train. I think trains are the most comfortable way to travel, so I rarely travel by plane.
Nationalities U 🗐 🗐
French love food and wine, but only French food and wine! Italian people have great style. Italian students in my class love discussing things! Greeks are proud of their history. All Americans I know are very friendly.

Possessives

my and mine

9 Complete the chart.

Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun			
my	mine			
your				
his				
her				
its	its			
	ours			
their				

10 Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective or a possessive pronoun.

1	Pat and Peter's hous	e is nice, but I prefer
	yours.	house has a much
	bigger garden than	·

- 2 Sue, could I use _____ phone ____ has run out of charge.
- 3 My sister is always taking _____ clothes without asking me. She'd be furious if I took _____ ! I wish she'd understand that what's mine is _____ and what's hers is _____
- 4 This is Mike. He's an old friend of ______. We were at school together.
- 5 Tim brews _____ own beer, and Katie makes ____ own clothes.
- 6 Bombay changed _____ name to Mumbai in 1995.

Apostrophe's and s'

- **11** Write apostrophes in the correct places.
 - 1 This is Jack (s brother, Tommy.
 - 2 What is your mothers maiden name?
 - 3 The company has raised all of its employees salaries.
 - 4 Childrens clothes are so expensive!
 - 5 Bill and Sues new flat is lovely!
 - 6 Our neighbours dog is always barking.
 - 7 Mr Jones dog is very friendly.
 - 8 What did you think of yesterdays meeting?
 - 9 I'm having two weeks holiday soon.
 - 10 Here is tomorrows weather.

all and every

- **12** Write the word *all* in the correct place in the sentences.
 - 1 In my family we like football.
 - 2 I've spent day on my computer.
 - 3 I've done the housework.
 - 4 Pedro's invited the class to his house of us!
 - 5 I need for breakfast is a coffee.
 - 6 I've wanted to play the piano my life.
 - 7 I like kinds of music, from classical to rock.
- **13** Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

all (x3)	everything	every (x4)	everyone	everywhere
	olice searched rden. They lo			nd they even loo
	's nothing wro petrol!	ong with you	ır car	it need
wond	a great party. erful time and was eaten.			13
	nd my twin sis s clothes – we			1
5 I belie	eve	word he	says.	
6 The b	aby's been wa or so.	king up		
7 Playir	ng a musical i abou	nstrument w	vell is	

Pronouns

myself / each other

8 My team lost _____ played last month.

14 Match the lines in, **A** and **B** to make sentences.

A second of the	B
 I shaved in a hurry this morning and The way you drive, you'll My mother and I Have a great holiday you two! I'm sure you'll How long have you two My twin girls Selfish people only I behaved very badly. I 	known each other? enjoy yourselves in France. phone each other every day. care about themselves. feel ashamed of myself. cut myself. play very nicely with each other. kill yourself one day.

Vocabulary

Compound nouns

1 Complete the compound nouns with words from the box.

	lights wrapping head agent card quarters warden sets
1	Newspapers have dramaticlines to make you read the stories.
2	You get amazing sun on Santorini every evening.
3	Get in touch – my email address is on the businessI gave you.
4	The police stopped my car last night – one of my head isn't working.
5	You can't park here. And look, there's a traffic standing over there!
6	The bank has branches all over Europe, but its head are in Frankfurt.
7	We didn't use an estate to sell our house – we did it ourselves online.
8	Where's the present for Chloe? And have we got any nice paper?

Count and uncount nouns

2 EXTENSION Match a count noun in **A** with an uncount noun in **B**.

A count (C)		B uncount (U)		
1	b a suitcase	a	accommodation	
2	a table	b	luggage	
3	a job	C	trouble	
4	a suggestion	d	information	
5	an apple	e	travel	
6	a journey	f	music	
7	a problem	g	work	
8	a house	h	fruit	
9	a fact	i	advice	
10	a song	j	furniture	

- **3** Choose the correct words.
 - 1 *Travel | Journey* is a wonderful thing, as long as you don't have too much *suitcase | luggage*.
 - 2 I found a work / job in London quite quickly, but I had a big problem / trouble finding an accommodation / a house that we could afford.
 - 3 Would you like an apple / a fruit in your lunch box?
 - 4 I'll give you some *suggestion | advice –* don't buy a cheap dining room *furniture | table*. It's worth paying more for quality.
 - 5 It's an interesting *fact | information* that none of the Beatles could read or write *music | song*.

Phrasal verbs

Phrasal verbs + noun (2)

4 EXTENSION Match the phrasal verbs in **A** with the nouns in **B**.

A	В
1 back up	a a new flat
2 run out of	b the files on your computer
3 hand in	c milk
4 move into	d your homework
5 make up	e a story

5	Complete the sentences with the correct form of	the
	phrasal verbs from exercise 4.	

1	I'm sorry,	I've	run out of	cottee.	Would	you	like	a	cup
	of tea?								

hen are you	your	new
use?		
	nen are you ouse?	

3	Time's up! Please	your
	exam papers.	

4	I'm glad I'd		all	my
		before my computer		

5	I	an excuse for missing the
	first day of the conference.	

6 Match the phrasal verbs in **A** with their meanings in **B**. Which is more formal, **A** or **B**?

A		В
1	sort out	disappoint
2	get over	cancel
3	let down	discover
4	find out	solve
5	call off	recover from

7	Complete the	sentences with the corr	rect form	of the
	phrasal verbs	from exercise 6.		

1	I It takes a long time to			
	a serious illness, but you'll feel better in a week or	two		

2	What if the teacher	that
	you copied the homework from me?	

3	Don't worry, Mike will	
	your computer problems - he's an IT expert.	

	They had to	the footbal
	match because of the snow.	

5	I'm afraid l	can't give you the help	I promised - I'm
	sorry to	you	

Go online for more skills and language practice.

Everyday English

I need one of those things ...

1 Complete the sentences with words from the box.

оре	ening stuff	take	like	kind	made	use	
120	ou use them e oven.	to	_ ver	y hot tl	nings ou	t of	
2 Th Yo	ney're long a ou can use th	nd thin em to e	and t	hey're an foo	d.	f woo	d.
	ave you got of wine?	one of the	nose t	hings f	or	_ bott	tles
	s a sn ou kill insect			cket, m	ade of p	lastic	•
5 Th	ney're the th	ings you of a do	ı	whe	en you wether.	ant to)
	need that aves. It's a _				nis face l	oefore	he
2 Whi	ch sentence	in exerc	ise 1 d	describ	es these	thing	s?
A [3	a corkscr	ew	D	chop	sticks		
В	paper clip	os	E	shav	ing gel /	foam	
C	oven glov	res	F	a fly	swatter		
A real	-life huma	n or a	digit	al rec	ording	?	
	ENSION Rea			lines i	n 1-6. V	Vhich	ĺ
	would you					1.0	
	on the phone in the street		in the		in a on		ie
1 A	A life vest inflate the						t D
В	This is Cap aboard thi					me	Н
2 A	You need to roundabou					eft!	
В	Take the so will arrive				,	ou	
3 A	Don't cros	s yet! T	here's	a cycli	st comir	ıg.	
B	This vehic	le is rev	ersing	g!			
	Please hol						
	I'm ringin	_					
5 A	Mind the g platform!	gap betw	een th	ne train	and the		
В	Tickets for	r anyon	e boar	rding a	t Bristol	!	
6 A			_				
В	Level 3. To Doors ope		oks, F	History	, and Ca	fé.	
4 Afte	er each line i	n exerc	ise 3,	write w	hether	a real	live

human is speaking, H, or a digital recording, D.

11.3 Listen and check.

REVIEW

Read the article about why satnavs for Australia needed changing, and choose the correct answers.

MIND THE GAP BETWEEN THE **REAL AND THE DIGITAL WORLD!**



Continental plates

We know that 'satnavs / sat navs can sometimes get things wrong (2mine / my often does!), but once they've been programmed with the correct coordinates* for a place, using the accurate latitude and longitude, you'd expect that to be the end of 3a / the problem. Not so!

In the real world, things don't always stay *the / - same, and in 2017, Australia had to change sits / it's latitude and longitude by 1.8m. That's because 'all / every the continents of the world are continually moving, as the continental plates they are on float towards and away from 'themselves / each other.

The Australian Plate is one of *the / - fastest moving ones, and although updates were made to 'a / the most popular navigation systems such as Google or Apple Maps in 1994, by 2017 the continent of Australia was about 1.5m further north-east than it was on "every / all global digital map.

Now, that might not seem worth worrying about, but more and more of "our / their technology relies on very detailed navigation information. Self-driving cars are 12 one / the example, and it could be quite "the / a big problem if a car decides to stop 1.5m after the "traffic / stop lights, or tries to 15 take / make the exit from the 16 motor way / motorway too early!

"A / The correction of 1.8m made to Australia's coordinates in 2017 meant that things would keep working until the 2020s. It's hoped that this will be 18 a / the last update needed, as scientists are planning to move to systems that will be able to correct "themselves / each other in future.

*coordinates: the latitude and longitude of a place on the Earth. For example, the coordinates for London are latitude 51°30 North, longitude 0°07 West.

Go online to Check your progress.

12

Living the dream

- Reported speech and indirect questions
- Vocabulary 'talking' verbs
- Phrasal verbs in situations (2)
- Talking in clichés

Grammar

Reported speech

The holiday from hell!

1 Carly and Damian planned a dream honeymoon in the Bahamas, but it all went so wrong. Read what Carly wrote in her diary. Then complete the actual words of their conversation.

12	100 A			
Sunday my diary	1166			
SEPTEMBER	10000 2000			
Damian and I had our first big row last night — all about our honeymoon — of course. He told me that it was my fault that we'd gone to the Bahamas, and that the honeymoon had cost a fortune and it had been the worst holiday he'd ever had.	**************************************			a fortune and it
I insisted that there was nothing wrong with the Bahamas, it was all the travel agent's fault. Their	Caı	with the Bahan	nothing on the trave	el agent's
brochure had promised a luxurious hotel and it had all	1772		Their brochure	
been lies. I told him that he couldn't blame me.			el and it 9	all lies.
	12 8 94	You 10	me.	
Damian apologized and said that he knew that it hadn't been my fault. He said that he wouldn't email	Da	mian l'm ¹¹	. 12	it
the agent, but he would speak to him in person and complain.	・ 年 4 日 ・ 月 4 元 日 ・ 日 4 日	email the agen person.	t. l 15	to him in
I told him to ask for our money back or another	Ca	rly You have to 16_		for our money ba

12.1 Listen and check.

holiday. Let's see what happens tomorrow!!

'But you said ...'

2 Read the holiday brochure and complete **Damian's** complaints to the **travel agent**.



Paradise Island, Bahamas

Luxurious Five-Star Hotel

It has recently been refurbished and decorated.

Location

- The hotel is twenty minutes from the airport.
- There are beautiful tropical gardens which lead down to the beach.
- Two miles of peaceful, white sandy beaches.

Dining

 You can eat the fresh local seafood at one of our six restaurants – cuisine ranges from Bahamian to exotic Asian and classic French and Italian.

TA. Cood marning Mr Janes Howwas your holiday

Facilities

- Your room will have a marble bathroom and a large balcony with stunning ocean views.
- There are three swimming pools and three tennis courts.
- You can relax in the spa or on the beach, where you will be served by a personal butler, who will look after your every need.
- You'll be swimming with dolphins or scuba diving in Thunderball Grotto (used in James Bond films).

IM.	Good morning, will solles. How was your holiday:
D:	It was a disaster! The information in your brochure and online
	was just a pack of lies.
TA:	Oh dear! What went wrong?
D:	Everything! First of all, why did your brochure say that the hotel
	1 was only twenty minutes from the airport? It took two hours!
	And it said that the hotel 2recently
	refurbished – not true – the hotel was a building site! You told us there 3
	sad-looking palm tree and no miles of white sand.
TA:	What about your room?
D:	Ah, our room! The brochure said it 4 a large balcony with ocean views. We had a view of a bulldozer and our bathroom was filthy. And we thought we 5 and looked after by a personal butler – where was he? We never saw him.
TA:	And the activities?
D:	the boat was broken – no boat, no dolphins, no scuba diving. And the food! You said we 7 the fresh local seafood, but Carly, my wife, got food poisoning. She told me to 8 for our
TA.	money back. I'm so sorry. Mr Jones. Let me see what I can do.
IM.	THE SO SOLLY, IVIL JOHES, LET THE SEE WHALL CALL OO.

Reported statements

- **3** Report the direct speech.
 - 1 'I'll miss you very much,' he said to her.

 He told her (that) he would miss her very much.
 - 2 'I'm going to Berlin soon.'
 She said
 - 3 'I can't help you because I have too much to do.'
 She explained that _____
 - 4 'Daniel has bought the tickets.'
 I was told
 - 5 'I think it's a stupid idea, and it won't work.'
 She thought
 - 6 'The banks are closed on Saturdays.'
 The tour guide informed us that ____
 - 7 'We had terrible weather on holiday.'
 He complained that _____
 - 8 'We've never been to Brazil,' they said to me.
 They told me_____
 - 9 'But we want to go some day,' they said.
 They added that

Reported questions

- 4 Report the questions.
 - 1 'What are you doing?'
 She asked me what I was doing
 - 2 'Do you want to go out for a walk?'
 She asked me if
 - 3 'Why are you crying?' He wondered
 - 4 'Can I borrow your car?'
 He asked me
 - 5 'Where have you come from?'
 The customs officer inquired _
 - 6 'How long are you going to be at the gym?'
 She wanted to know _____
 - 7 'Did you buy any milk?' He wondered
 - 8 'Will you be back early?'
 She asked us _____
 - 9 'How much does it cost to fly to New York?'
 She wanted to know _____

Reporting statements and commands

ask and tell

Ask can be used to report questions. Tell can be used to report statements.

- 1 Questions: He asked me where I lived. She asked me if I wanted a lift.
- 2 Statements: She told him (that) she was leaving. He told me (that) she had left.

Both ask and tell can be used to report commands.

3 Commands: He asked me to help him. She told them to leave quietly.

Notice the negative command.

They asked me not to tell anyone. I told him not to text while driving.

- 5 Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using ask or tell.
 - 1 'Leave me alone!' she said to him. She told him to leave her alone.
 - 2 'Please don't go,' he asked her.
 - 3 'I'm going to bed now,' he said to Debra.
 - 4 'How much do you earn, Dad?' asked Jeremy.
 - 5 'Turn to page 34,' the teacher said to the class.
 - 6 'Can you call back later, Miss Fulton?' asked the secretary.
 - 7 'You did very well in the test,' said the teacher to the class.
 - 8 'Don't run across the road!' the police officer told the children.
 - 9 'Are you going to the concert?' Pam asked Roy.
 - 10 'It's time to get up!' Harry said to his daughters.

Reporting a conversation

6 Lisa Allan needs a bank loan. Read the interview and complete the bank manager's questions to her.

G	etting a bank loan						
BM	Good morning, Mrs Allan. Now, you want to borrow some money. 1 How much do you want to borrow ?						
LA	Five thousand pounds.						
BM	And 2?						
LA	Because we need to buy a new car.						
ВМ	I see. Could you give me some personal details? 3 for a living?						
LA	I work for a large pharmaceutical company.						
BM	I see. 4?						
LA	Forty thousand pounds a year.						
BM	And 5?						
LA	Yes, I am. I've been married for five years.						
BM	?						
LA	Yes, we have two; two boys.						
ВМ	Fine. And you own your house, don't you?						
LA	We've lived there for three years.						
BM	The state of the s						
LA	We'd like it as soon as possible, actually.						
ВМ	THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF TH						
1	2.3 Listen and check.						
	is telling her husband about the conversation with the bank nager. Complete how she reports his questions.						
1 F	First, he asked me <u>how much I wanted to borrow</u> .						
2 A	and he wanted to know						
	Then he asked me						
	And I had to tell him						
	He wondered						
	And for some reason, he wanted to know						
	Then he asked me						
8 F	Finally, he wondered						

Indirect questions

wh- and yes / no questions

8 Complete the questions in the quiz with *what*, *when*, *who*, *whose* or the correct form of *do*, *be*, and *have*.

K	GENERAL NOWLEDGE QUIZ
1	What does a 'funambulist' do?
2	<u>Is</u> Shanghai the biggest city in the world?
3	was the first man in space?
4	John F. Kennedy the youngest American president?
5	did the Titanic sink?
6	identical twins have the same fingerprints?
7	nose grew longer when he told a lie?
8	dinosaurs lay eggs?

9 Try to answer the questions. If you can't answer them, use these phrases.

	I'm not sure if I don't know if I've no idea if I can't remember
1	I've no idea what a 'funambulist' does
2	
3	
4	
6	
7	
8	

€ Extra material p95 Check the answers to the quiz.

I don't	know w	here

- **10** Complete the sentences.
 - 1 A Where does Frank live?
 - B I'm afraid I don't know where he lives.
 - 2 A What mark did Thomas get in the test?
 - B I haven't a clue _____
 - 3 A Where have I put my keys?
 - B You're always forgetting
 - 4 A Why did Daniel leave early?
 - B He didn't tell me ____
 - 5 A Whose coat is this?
 - B I've no idea ______.
 - 6 A Did you send Vanessa an invitation?
 - B I can't remember _____ or not.

Vocabulary

speak, talk, say or tell?

W 1 1		100 PER 100 PE			Property I	
	1570	ta en	W-11	0	tall	ĺ

- 1 In British English, we usually use the preposition to with the verbs speak and talk. American English prefers with.
 - Can I **speak to** you for a minute? Come and **talk to** me when you're free.
- 2 Talk usually suggests having a conversation.

Let's go somewhere quiet where we can all **talk**. We stayed up all night **talking**.

3 Speak suggests something more formal or serious.

I have a complaint. I want to **speak** to the manager. Professor Katz is going to **speak** at the conference.

4 Speak can also refer to just the act of producing words.

I've lost my voice. I can't speak.

- 1 **EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with *speak*, *talk*, *say*, or *tell* in the correct form.
 - 1 I can't hear myself _____ in this restaurant. The music's too loud.
 - 2 Call me and _____ me how you got on in the exam.
 - 3 up, I can't hear what you are _____.
 - 4 We don't meet often, but when we do, we always have a lot to _____ about.
 - 5 Don't believe a word he _____, he always _____lies.
 - 6 You're always _____ me what to do. Let me decide.
 - 7 It's always best to _____ to someone about it if you have a problem.
 - 8 The lawyer _____ very well on behalf of his client and won the case.

'Talking' verbs + infinitive

2 Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using the verbs from the box.

persuade order offer advise promise invite beg remind

- 1 'If I were you, I'd go to A&E (Accident and Emergency) with a cut like that, he said to me. He advised me to go to A&E.
- 2 'I'll give you a lift to the airport,' said Max.
- 3 'I won't tell anyone your secret,' said Sue to Greta.
- 4 'Don't forget to buy some milk,' my wife said to me.
- 5 'Come and have dinner with us,' Marta said to Paul.
- 6 'You must pay a fine of two hundred pounds,' the judge said to Jim Fox.
- 7 'Buy the black shoes, not the brown ones,' Flora said. 'They're much, much nicer.' 'OK,' said Emily.
- 8 'Please, please don't tell my father,' she said to me.

'Talking' verbs + -ing or that

- 3 Rewrite the sentences in reported speech using the verbs in brackets in the correct form.
 - 1 'It's such a lovely day. Shall we eat outside?' said Hannah. (suggest)

Hannah suggested eating outside.

- 2 'I think you should go to bed,' the doctor said to Ken. (suggest that)
- 3 'I didn't do the homework because I was ill,' said Lucia. (explain)
- 4 'Yes, it was me. I broke your camera,' said Harry. (admit)
- 5 'I didn't pull her hair,' said Timmy. (deny)
- 6 'Excuse me! There's a fly in my salad,' said Patrick. (complain)

Phrasal verbs

Phrasal verbs in situations (2)

4 EXTENSION Complete the conversations with a phrasal verb in the correct form. The definition in brackets will help you.

1 A break-in break into turn up get by get away go off

- A Someone <u>broke into</u> (enter by force) my flat last night.
- B Oh, no! What was stolen? Did they_ (escape) with much?
- A The TV, my iPhone, and my laptop. I don't know how I'm _(manage) without my phone.
- B Did anyone see or hear anything?
- (start ringing), but that didn't A The alarm_ stop them.
- **B** Did you call the police?
- _ (arrive) about an hour later, but A Yes. They___ there was nothing really they could do.

2 At work

take on get on get down end up



- A How's your job these days?
- B To be honest, it's _ me (making me unhappy). I'm overworked. James left a few weeks ago, and I've_ _(found myself in an unplanned situation) doing his job as well as mine.
- A Don't you need more people?
- (employ) more staff last month, but they're new. We'll just have to see how they (progress).

3 A new home

pop in do up settle into look forward to



- (becoming used to living in) A Are you_ your new flat?
- (come for a short time) B Yes, You must_ for a coffee and a chat soon.
- A I'd love to. Is there a lot to do to it?
- B Oh, yes. We're_ (decorating and repairing) room by room, so it's a bit of a mess. _(will be really happy) when it's all I'm_ finished!
- A Be patient! You'll get there.

12.4 Listen and check.

Everyday English

Talking in clichés

Complete the clichés in these conversations with one of the words from the box.

born day feet home mile world roof sorry minds mud

- 1 A I was promoted after just one week in the job.
 - B I can't believe that. I wasn't ______ yesterday.
- 2 A You've brought a mac, an umbrella and boots! Clearly, you don't trust the weather forecast.
 - B You know me, better safe than_
- 3 A He has good ideas, but sometimes he just gets carried away.
 - B Good job he's got you to help him keep both _____ on the ground.
- 4 A I'm exhausted. We haven't stopped since this morning.
 - B Yeah, let's call it a _____ and go to bed.
- 5 A Hi, everyone. I've brought some cakes for the meeting to keep us going.
 - B Me too! I just bought these cupcakes in the café! Great _____ think alike!
- 6 A I only got a C in my maths A-level exam and I wanted an A!
 - B Look, it's not the end of the ______.
 You'll still get into university.
- 7 A I bet your dad was mad when you got home so late.
 - B I'll say he was. He went through the
- 8 A I like my boss. He gives credit for good work.
 - B Yes, a boss like that always makes you want to go that extra _____.
- 9 A I hear you met Jenny's latest 'wonderful' boyfriend. What's he like?
 - B Mmmm he's OK, but nothing to write about.
- 10 A Well, my head's swimming. I didn't understand a word of that lecture.
 - B You can say that again. It was as clear as

12.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

1 Mrs Finch meets Dr Forster on her way to the village shop. Read their conversation and <u>underline</u> the correct words.

Meeting in the village

- Dr Good morning, Mrs Finch!
- MF Good morning, Doctor!
- **Dr** I hear that Mr Finch had a fall. Can you 1 say / tell me 2 how is he / how he is?
- MF Oh, he's a lot better, Doctor.
- **Dr** Oh good! But I can't remember exactly how ³ did it happen / it happened. Can you ⁴ recall / remind me?



- MF Oh, Doctor, he fell off a ladder when he was repairing his shed. I said / told him not to do it, because he's not becoming / getting any younger, but he never listens to me.
- **Dr** I'm not sure exactly how old 7 is he? / he is.
- MF He's in his late eighties, Doctor, 87!
- **Dr** Good heavens! Perhaps I can help. Do you want me to *pop in / turn up and have a *speak / word with him. Perhaps I can *10 suggest / persuade him to do less.
- MF That would be great, Doctor. I'd be very grateful.
- Dr I know where 11 do you live / you live. I'll see you this evening.

12.6 Listen and check.

2 Now read Dr Forster's report of the conversation with Mrs Finch. Choose the correct words to complete it.

Doctor Forster's report

I met Mrs Finch on her way to the shops, so we stopped and had a word for a while.

I knew Mr Finch had had a fall, so I 2 inquired / said how he was.

Mrs Finch ³ replied / told that he was much better and she ⁴ explained / told me how the accident had happened when he had been mending the roof on his shed.

Mrs Finch ⁵ complained / gossiped that Mr Finch was an impossible man because he ⁶ promised / refused to follow her advice and take things easy.

She added that he often ⁷ argued / ended up feeling ill and exhausted at the end of the day.

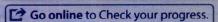
I * asked / offered Mrs Finch if I could help the situation.

Mrs Finch was delighted and so I * invited / offered to call to see

Mr Finch and try to 10 persuade / order him to do less at his age.

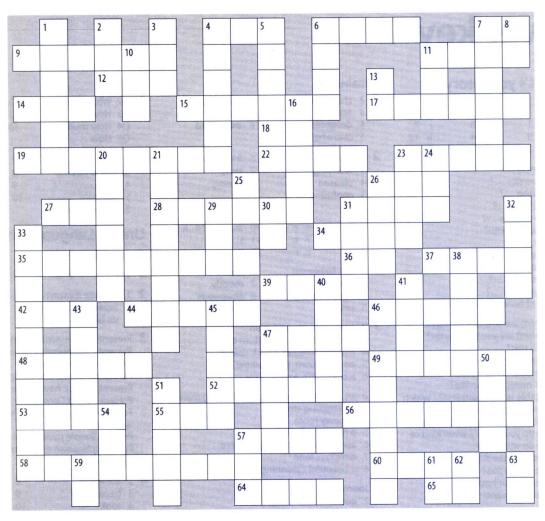
Mr Finch is in his eighties, so I ¹¹ promised / said not to ¹² say / speak anything to upset him.

Mrs Finch ¹³ begged / thanked me very much and I ¹⁴ arranged / said to visit them the next day.



Stop and check Units 9-12

1 C	omplete the sentences 1-15 with the correct word from below.	2 Us	e the clues to complete the crossword.
1	Ieat that if I were you. It's past its sell-by	AC	ROSS
	date.		To get around the city, visitors can rent a bike or hire a
	couldn't shouldn't wouldn't		(3)
2	She marry him if she didn't love him.	6	I needed to borrow £5,000, so I got a from the
_	couldn't mightn't wouldn't		bank. (4)
2	I told him that I didn't know where Betina		A colander has holes in it the water can drain out.
3	I told him that I didn't know where bettha	1	(2)
			They say that is only skin deep. (6)
	is has been was		The cake's ready to take out – where are the
4	If you helped me, I'd never have passed.		gloves? (4) 'When did Nelson Mandela?''In 2013.' (3)
	had hadn't wouldn't have	1	Hope it's a great concert! Have! (3)
5	I think that girl with Malik his new		You're a success! But you must keep both feet on the
	girlfriend.		now. (6)
	can be must be should be	1	Martin's kind – he always to help. (6)
			Sorry, I've idea what time it is. (2)
6	I don't know why he's looking miserable. He		The newspaper said 'STORMS ON THE WAY', but
	had some bad news.		they never came. (8)
	can't have may have will have	22	Mmm! Spaghetti carbonara – my favourite! (4)
7	Melissa was only student who got 100%	23	My dad out all my money problems for me – he's
	in the exam.		an accountant! (5)
	an one the		If it's too big, I bring it back and exchange it? (3)
8	The dog's lostcollar.		My lawyer spoke well and we the case easily. (3)
	it's its their		I gave you £10 – you've given me the wrong (6)
		31	Gina and I get on well. We a lot in common. (4)
9	The police informed Erika that they the	34	Can I give you advice? (4)
	thief.		It's raining, it will stop soon and we can go out. (9)
	did catch had caught would catch		I'll try and help. Let see what I can do. (2)
10	We didn't know what time today.		I never borrow money – I hate being in (4)
	did you arrive were you arriving you were arriving	39	I always prepare for the worst. Better than sorry. (4)
11	You Hannah's daughter. You look just	12	Can I by credit card? (3)
	like her.		It's good to be back. Home is where the is! (5)
	can't be must be might be		Steve doesn't own his apartment – he it. (5)
1.0	2 Youyour driving test again. I don't		I need a paper to hold these sheets of paper
12	believe it!		together. (4)
		48	See you soon, I hope! I'll be in by email. (5)
	can't have failed can't have passed must have passed		If anyone into your house, this alarm will contact
13	3 I'm not sure where		the police. (6)
	do they live they do live they live	52	is a board game with pieces that include kings an
14	I just heard a car but it Marcus - he said		queens. (5)
	he was coming on his bike.	53	Sorry, we don't accept cards – you'll have to pay in
	can't be mustn't be could have been		(4)
1.0		55	Hope the interview goes well me know how you get on (3)
13		56	get on. (3) He never listens to anything I say. He just me. (6)
	had seen would see would have seen		'To get over' something means 'to recover'it. (4)
			It's easy to hurt Lydia's feelings – she's very (9)
			At the roundabout, take the second (4)
	SCORE 15		How long have you two known other? (4)



65 Marna and Sean are _____longer together as a couple. (2)

DOWN

- 1 Before you pay online, make sure the website is _____ (6)
- 2 I'm afraid your explanation was as clear as _____ (3)
- 3 ____! See you later! (3)
- 4 Do you _____ commission for changing money? (6)
- 5 It's broken. Take it back to the shop and ask for a _____ (6)
- 6 Could you _____ me your bike for ten minutes? (4)
- 7 I can keep a _____ I won't tell anyone. (6)
- 8 I never buy things _____ credit I save up for them. (2)
- The waiter was nice. I'll leave him a big _____.
 (3)
- 11 This milk smells bad. It's gone _____ (3)
- 13 Listen _____ the birds. Can you hear them? (2)
- 16 Can you hear that _____? There must be a cat in the garden. (5)
- 20 Carl _____taking my cheese. He said he didn't like cheese. (6)

- 21 Is service _____, or do we need to leave a tip? (8)
- 23 I'm going to ____up some money to buy a guitar. (4)
- 24 I need _____ of those things for opening tins.
 (3)
- 25 I'm _____ honest man you can trust me. (2)
- 26 In the meeting, Rita _____ up with a brilliant idea. (4)
- 29 _____ the students in my class enjoy learning English. (3)
- 30 If I pay for this by card, I'll _____ overdrawn.
 (2)
- 31 I'm not at work tomorrow I'll be at _____all day. (4)
- 32 Don't change your money here the exchange _____ is terrible. (4)
- 33 I like eating Chinese food with _____ it makes me eat more slowly! (10)
- 38 I always try to go the ____ mile for my customers. (5)
- 40 Is it 5.00 already? Time _____ when you're having fun! (5)
- 41 I you've got engaged! Congratulations!
- 43 Sally, is this pen mine or _____? (5)

- 45 How did your boss _____ to your suggestion?
- 47 OK, was my explanation _____ this time? Not like mud?! (5)
- 49 'Please, please, don't go!', he_____ (6)
- 50 I'm not really ____ on Mexican food I prefer Indian. (4)
- 51 Ah, paella is my favourite dish put plenty on my _____ (5)
- 54 My dad is helping me move flat. He _____ time off work this week. (3)
- 57 Do you charge a _____for payment by credit card? (3)
- 59 My parents love my boyfriend they think he can do _____ wrong! (2)
- 61 Hi, Rachel! Yes, I'm at home. Why don't you pop _____for a coffee? (2)
- 62 The restaurant was OK, but nothing _____ write home about. (2)
- 63 Jeff was late. He finally turned _____ at 10 oʻclock. (2)

TOTAL
SCORE

Answer key

Unit 1 What's your story?

Grammar

1	a	10	d	1	g	8	j	7
	b	3	e	9		4	k	12
	c	5	f	2	i	11	1	6

- 2 b 10 What objects ...?
 - 7 Which university ...?
 - d 5 Whose writing ...?
 - e 3 How much time ...?
 - 2 How many houses ...?
 - g 1 Who do you live with?
 - 2 How many ... in?
 - 7 Which ... to?
 - 12 What ... of?
 - h 4 What are you like ...?,
 - 11 Who are you like ...?
 - i 9 What kind of holiday do you like?
- 3 2 What size (shirt) are you looking for? / Which size (shirt) are you looking for?
 - 3 Whose coat is this?
 - 4 What nationality is your wife?
 - Which newspaper do you read?
 - What kind of music do you like?
 - Which vegetable is the healthiest? / Which is the healthiest vegetable?
 - What make is your smartphone? / Which smartphone do you have? / What kind of smartphone do you have?
 - Which bus goes to the station?
 - 10 Whose dictionary is this?
 - What number is your house?
 - 12 Which one do you want?
- 4 2 How far 6 How long 3 How fast How tall How much 8 How much
 - 5 How often
- **5** 1 c 3 h 7 b 4 a 8 d 2 g 6 e
- 2 What do you want it for?
 - 3 Who does it belong to?
 - 4 What did he die of?
 - What are you so angry about?
 - Who does he work for?
 - Who are we waiting for?
 - 8 Where did you get it from?
 - Who did she get married to?
 - 10 What did you talk about?
- 7 2 What does she do?
 - Which university does she study at?
 - How does she get to her course?
 - Who does she live with?
 - 6 Has she got a boyfriend?
 - What does she like / enjoy doing in her freetime?
 - What is her hair like?
 - 9 What colour are her eyes?
 - 10 How tall is she?
 - What sort / kind / type of clothes does she wear / like?
 - 12 What is she like as a person?

Vocabulary

2	challenging	6	stunning
	satisfied	7	exciting
4	delighted	8	exhausted
5	overwhelming		

- 2 annoyed 6 frightened tired worrying
 - pleased 5 confusing

3	1	c	5	a	9	j	13	h
	2	f	6	e	10	m	14	k
	3	d	7	b	11	i		
	4	q	8	1	12	n		

8 boring

- 4 2 old-fashioned 6 heavy 3 stressful moody hard-working enormous 9 sociable 5 smart
- 5 2 a new car, a young man
- 3 a married person, a return ticket
- a heavy suitcase, a dark colour
- an easy exam, a soft pillow
- 6 a cold drink, a mild curry
- 6 2 an attractive man / a good-looking man
 - an amusing story
 - a messy room
 - a naughty child
 - an excellent idea / a great idea
 - delicious food
 - a beautiful / stunning view

7 Journeys

- 2 get in 3
- Hang on
- set off

Relationships

- 5 split up
- going out
- put up with
- 8 get over

Starting a business

- 9 set up
- 10 came up with
- 11 worked out
- 12 cut back
- Moving house

- 13 settling in
- 14 get down to
- 15 bring, up
- 16 work out

Everyday English

- 1 1 ful
 - 2 brand, Whose
 - worried, What, Why
 - 4 Who, like, curly, tall
- 2 2 I'm sure I will.
 - 3 That's a great idea!
 - 4 That's a shame.
 - That's a shame. / I know.

REVIEW

		• • •		
1	Q2	What like?	Q6	Whose
	Q3	How	Q7	Who
	Q4	How much	Q8	What
	Q5	How		

- delicious **2** 2 dark brand-new busy 3 9 satisfied fresh huge 10 exhausted
 - homemade

Unit 2 Language matters

Grammar

- 1 1 c 2 b 3 a 4 d
- 2 1 Because it wasn't a word it was an emoji!
 - 2 Japanese teenagers
 - six billion
- 3 Present Simple: sends, help

Present Continuous: 's becoming

Past Simple: felt, asked

Past Continuous: was trying Present Perfect: have never used

Present Perfect Continuous: 's been avoiding Future forms: aren't going to replace,

won't appear

Present Simple passive: are sent, is used Past Simple passive: were translated, was renamed

- 8 was 2 are made 9 will be 3 have made 10 'm working 4 took
 - 11 was working 'm going to take was taken 12 've been working
- have been
- 5 1 moved 4 are you working 5 'll see
 - goes
 - 3 have lived
- 8 F, A 6 2 F, A 4 A, F 6 A, F 7 F, A 3 F, A 5 A, F
- 7 2 How many official languages does South
 - Africa have? 3 Which word is most often pronounced
 - incorrectly in English? 4 How many irregular verbs did English
 - once have? 5 What does mama mean in the Georgian language?
 - 6 How many people around the world are learning English?
 - In which country has a newspaper tried using emojis next to headlines?
 - How many different ways can -ough be pronounced in English? Which book has been translated most
 - often, after the Bible? How many invented languages did Tolkien use in Lord of the Rings?
- 8 1 11
- 2 3200

					_		_					_			
		pronunciation 180		America nine	_	ryday						5	work on the East network	Japan	Railways bullet
		father		Pinocchio	1 2			i	8			6	are the passenge	rs wear	ring
		billion	10			f h		j b	10			7	are they travelling		3
9	2	Which languages do	or h	o cnoak?			,	U	10	u			are they carrying		
,		What did you get?	63 11	e speak:	REV								are they reading		!!
		How much did they	pay?	•		at ′II				were typing			Mogi doesn't sell People don't wan		
		What are you going t	o se	ee?		have			14	was In	•	•	breakfast.	Deci	and nee for
		Where did you go?	_			abou	t			Since	1	2	She hasn't got (ar	ny) whi	sky.
		Where are you going		I i i+ (f)2		every				have been using			The trolley girls d		
	8	How long have you b	een	learning it (for)?	7	type				most efficient	1	4	Mogi doesn't (ev	er) turn	her back on
10		She doesn't work in a				did				isn't		_	customers.	A - h	
		She hasn't got / doesn				easie	st			going to make	1	5	She doesn't want	to be	promotea.
	4	They haven't been sh	narir	ng a flat for two		was			20	make			are disliked		are sent
	5	years. They haven't made a	lot	of friends in		was						2	isn't related / is		are stressed
	,	Liverpool.	100	Of Itterios iii	Uni	it 3	Just	aio	b?			2	not related		are spent are introduced
	6	She didn't go to Oxfo	ord (University.	_			, .					is wasted are banned	0	are introduced
		She doesn't have to			Gra	mma	r				_				
	8	They didn't have a ho	olida	ay in Spain last	1 S	anjeev	Singl	h: He's	a shop	keeper.			are being made	and a seed	
		month.								officer. He's			are being overwo		
11	2	I did	7	they do	ta	alking t	to a lit	tle girl				3	are being under	Jaiu	
		l wasn't		it's not / it isn't	2 P	resent	Simple	e: Sani	ieev =	opens, doesn't	•				
		I have	-	I have						e; Dave = love,	9		has know		hope
		I didn't	10	I'm not						e, travel			need		depends prefer
		they are								ev = 're entering,			Do, own		don't know
V	OC	abulary				aoing		rving;	Dave =	= 'm going, 'm			costs	12	don't believe
1	2		10					e pass	ive: Sa	njeev = is		7	tastes		
		g 7 i	11							ve = 'm given	10	1	think	5	are, seeing
		d 8 k	12 13							e: Sanjeev = is			'm thinking		see
_					b	eing re	edecor	rated				3	has	7	love
2		education		correction	3 1	open	1					4	is having	8	'm loving
		the easiest		fluent		is / aı		ning			Vo	Ca	bulary		
		broken simplify	0	dying		work							CROSS		
_								ng / 's	not wo	orking	•		meditating	14	helmet
3		happiness		unfriendly		are g							trainers	16	screwdriver
		unhappy happily	7	Employers unemployment		is giv	_						accountant	17	debt
		friendly		employed		is thi					1		employee		
		friendship			9	are s	erved						OWN saddle	R	customers
4	ta	ike a photo			10	is be	ing se	rved					racket		surfboard
•		orrect a mistake			4 2	days	off do	they	get?				jogging	10	headset
		ave an allergy			3	of th	ings/	produ	cts are			5	exercises		recipe
		upport a team				the s			•			7	employer	15	tent
	_	ive a presentation				Why		Dave li	ive		2	2	j 5 a	8	d
		rin a prize ear a noise			_	davs		he					g 6 i		e
		wap places				,			/ train	ing for		4	c 7 h	10	f
-								_		ospital, works	3	1	try on	6	take off
)		lake : a list, notes, a ph ffort, an appointment								ork every day			looking after		get on, with
		o: research, exercise,								npty, 're stocked			take up		pick, up
		xam, some work, your			5	He d	oesn't	like th	ne mor	ning shift best,			Turn, off fill, in		look, up found out
6		4		5		shift					_			10	Tourid out
6		4 c 3 1 d 2	e	5	6					y marriage,			ryday English		
-			_	11.00	7			rough ining t		a marathon,	1	T	ney're very short.		
/		with		at	,		trainir				2	1.	3, 6, 5, 8, 4, 9, 7		
		about for		as with	8				Miami	soon, He's going					
		to		about		to					K		is used	0	feels
		about	-		6 1	do b	ullet t	rains t	ravel				are being built		looks at
		on				dot							erect		stressful
		of			3	does	the jo	ourney	/ take				are known	11	don't have
	8	for			4	does	Mogi	earn					are working		off
													at the moment		spend
												1	frequently	14	get on

Unit 4 Tales of the unexpected

Grammar

- 1 Because we don't know whether their date will result in a relationship and if the way they met become a 'love story'.
- 2 Past Simple: noticed, took, put, got off, didn't have, showed, saw, met, had, got on Past Continuous: was visiting, was wearing, was travelling, were reading, were giving Past Simple passive: was seen, were printed, was identified Past Perfect: had seen, 'd ... seen

Past Perfect Continuous: had been standing

- 3 1 was visiting 6 had, seen 7 was waiting 2 had, visited 8 had, been 3 was wearing waiting 4 wore 5 was seen
- 4 2 did she see was he doing 4 didn't she talk to him
 - 5 was, printed
 - 6 had, been
- 5 2 Theo and Brigit weren't travelling on the bus. They were travelling on the Underground.
 - 3 Theo's photo wasn't identified by a journalist. It was identified by one of his work colleagues.
 - 4 He hadn't been sitting on the Tube when he saw his picture. He'd been standing on the Tube.
- 6 She'd had a busy day moving (packing and unpacking). A knock at the door wakes her up.
- 7 9 was 1 sat had been 10 had been 11 decided 3 had lived 12 had packed was hadn't managed 13 had come 14 won had taken 15 looked had been 8 felt
- 8 2 had been waiting for hours and her boyfriend hadn't turned up.
 - 3 had been the best player in the team and had been training for the Olympics.
 - 4 'd been listening to her music and hadn't heard me call her.
 - 5 'd been at the same company and he'd been doing the same job for ten years
 - 6 'd been working all day and hadn't had anything to eat
- 9 2 was, performed
 - 3 was based 4 were not allowed, were played were performed, was built
 - 6 was made was set, was shot
 - 8 were not written
- 9 was buried
- **10** 2 new 6 through 3 road 7 throne 8 bean 4 court 5 sore

- 4 knew, new 11 1 through 5 read, red 2 caught, court 6 rode, road
 - 3 saw, sore Customers were queuing to pay at the
 - cash desks. They burst in and demanded money from
 - the cashiers. 3 He suffered a heart attack and was taken to hospital.
 - They escaped in a stolen van.
 - It was parked outside.
 - They were caught in a country lane five miles away.
 - Because he'd been working late.
 - He was driving home.
 - It had crashed into a tree and caught fire.
 - 10 He stopped his car and ran to the scene.
 - Because a police car was in the area and an officer had called an ambulance.
 - He was taken to a nearby hospital.
 - 13 She was taking her dog for a walk.
 - 14 She was throwing sticks into the pond (for Toby to swim to and fetch).
 - She screamed.
 - They ran into the water and rescued the
 - Because he wasn't badly injured.
 - 18 Because she'd fainted.

Vocabulary

1	1	born	4	birth
	2	birth	5	birth
	3	birthday	6	born

- 2 2 married
 - 3 married, got engaged, get married
 - 4 been married
 - 5 wedding
 - got married
 - wedding
 - 8 marriage, got divorced

3	1	dead, die	5	death
	2	death, died	6	dead
	3	die	7	death
	4	dvina	8	dvina

1 at, on 6 at 2 at, in, on 3 in, at 7 on, on, -, on 8 at, on 4 at, in

Everyday English

	b	4		7	C	10	j
2	g	5	d	8	i		
	h	6	f	9	e		

REVIEW

1	1	had	6	Was
	2	Did	7	had
	3	had	8	Did
	4	were	9	Were, was
	5	were		

- 2 2 ate 8 was dying 3 had eaten died 10 drove talked 5 had talked 11 had driven 6 were, talking 12 was driving
 - 7 had died

Stop and check Units 1-4

91		
look	9	was texting
to	10	currently
did	11	haven't been
did		listening
yet	12	whose
	13	have split up
smells	14	was invented
'd had	15	used to go
CROSS		
keyboard	31	do
full-time	32	alphabet
unlikely	35	crossing
try on	37	on
	38	ban
gets	40	pronounce
rate	42	like
happily	43	my
does	44	shoot
go	45	house
own	47	meet
set	49	eat
puts	51	irregular
die	52	hardworking
debt		
OWN		
known	25	Translators
you	27	See
over	30	crops
down	31	divorce
Journalists	33	pick
	to did did yet are being served smells 'd had CROSS keyboard full-time unlikely try on in gets rate happily does go own set puts die debt OWN known you over down	to 10 did 11 did 11 did 12 yet 12 are being served 13 smells 14 'd had 15 CROSS keyboard 31 full-time 32 unlikely 35 try on 37 in 38 gets 40 rate 42 happily 43 does 44 go 45 own 47 set 49 puts 51 die 6bt OWN known 25 you 27 over 30 down 31

fill in 7 like 8 talk engaged 12 depend

15 shame 16 spend on 17 regular 18 as

44 stuck 45 Huge 46 start 47 much 48 ever 50 How

34 tiny

39 am

36 spoilt

emoji

20 do 21 You

Unit 5 Rights and wrongs

Grammar

1 B, C, A

2	2	Α	4	C	6	C	8	A
		A	5	В	7	Α	9	В

3 2 does he have to be

3 does his dad (usually) have to work

4 doesn't he have to get

does her husband have to take

does his wife have to go does he have to get

doesn't his little brother have to help 9 does she often have to travel

5 c 1 d 3 b 2 f 4 a 6 e

1 b, a 3 a, b 5 a.b 2 a, b 4 b, a

1 must, have to

2 must, had to

3 mustn't, don't have to

4 must, have to

must, didn't have to

7	3	should get a cat should see an accor shouldn't drink so r	nuch	coffee		8 v	ave to veren't allowed o need to	12 13	chores don't have to didn't have to fill in	12	2	has moved, 've bee found 've been shopping,'	haver	n't bought
8	2	should take up a ne do you think I shou do you think I shou do you think I shou	ld tal	ke e	Ur	o c	an't 6 Easier sa	15	l could		4 5 6	has been telling, 've 've been listening, 've been working, h 've been trying, 've	haven' nas giv lost	t understood en
9	2	do you think I shou F 4 A G 5 B		C	1	am 2 F 3 F		6		13		have you been hav driving lessons hav has she been trans into English, has sh	e you lating	had German novels
10	2	're not allowed to must doesn't have to	6 7	mustn't have to mustn't can		C F	Did she receive any How many times w How many times ha How many expedit	as she	married? been married?		5	have, invited, have has she been a tea have you been doi	cher, h ng, hav	as she taught ve you taken
	4	're allowed to	0	Call		F	low many Himala limb?			14	2	do you know have leat I've eaten		nown
V	oca	abulary					las he ever had a t	attoo	?			Hearn I've been lea		long have you
1	2	victim judge jury	5	defendant witness lawyer	3	1 /	Did he ever refuse to Angelina Jolie, Cris	tiano	Ronaldo		5	been has won has been since for		iong nave you
2	1	witnesses	Q	defence			Ranulph Fiennes, A Ranulph Fiennes, E							
_		suspects		victims			•					abulary		C - 1 - 1 - 1
		arrested		judge	4		vas born nas had		became was shot	- 1	1	passionately, deeply		fast, slowly loud, fast
		evidence charge		jury sentence		_	vent		was taken		2	bravely, hard		softly, quietly
		defendant		prison			nas always		became			suddenly, late		forward, close
	7	Lawyers					pelieved pegan	10	has raised			deeply, slowly heavily, hard	10	badly, wrong
3	2	I've got to pick up	those	empty bottles.	_				· Constant	-				
		I've got to pick tho			5		gone peen	_	been	2	2	I've almost finished not quite.	my h	omework, but
	3	I tried on a lovely c	oat. I	tried a lovely coat			peen		gone		3	She's definitely be	en cryi	ng.
	4	on. I threw away so mu	uch st	tuff. I threw so			gone				4	You behaved very	badly	yesterday.
		much stuff away.			6	1	She's been in Ger	many	for two months.		5	He only earns \$15,		year. / He earns
4	2	I've got to pick the	m up	i.			She went to Gerr	many t	wo months ago.		6	only \$15,000 a year Fortunately, he wa		riously injured.
		I tried it on.					I haven't seen hi					I completely forgo		
	4	I threw it away.					I haven't seen hi I last saw him X				8	Have you seen Pet	er rece	ently?
5	2	I'll look after the ch	nildre	n. I'll look after	7				-	3	1	between	7	on
	2	them.			,		've just heard abo Have you had brea					into		on
	3	I need to go over it					've already seen th				3	to on	10	in in
	4	She really takes aft					film already.					with	11	
		she! She really take	es aft	er her, doesn't she!			Have you ever bee haven't read the i				6	to	12	by
6	2	get over, $a = I$, $b = I$	L			6	Have you already f	inishe	d that book? /	E	vei	ryday English		
		blow up, a = I, b =					Have you finished	that b	ook already?	1	1	01632 500623	7	5143 6112 0300
		get into, $a = L$, $b = get through$, $a = I$,			8	1	haven't finished y	et!				77.1 kg	0	7530
		run into, $a = L, b =$					've just had one.	11 14	alica advisata da			56.7C £11,750,000		9–0 0.1%
	7	look up to, $a = L$, b	=				Has it started yet / / Has the match al				5			2/9/1666
7	2	blew it up	5	picks it up			match started yet	cuuy	started / Flas the		6	17.05		1:3
		get through it		got over it			He's just gone out		alama ikalmaadi.				12	7½ m
		looks up to him	/	getting into it			I've already done i since we last met	t. / I Ve	done it aiready.	R	EV	IEW		
_		ryday English			10				has been alles			has she spent		seriously
1		O 5 O R 6 O		R O	10	1	's just been promoted		has been given have you saved			began has taken		actually doing 's recently been
		R 7 R		0		2	has passed		has been called		_	's been involved		working
2			. •				have you been	9	have been			has always been	15	
_		0, 4, 2, 8, 9, 5, 3, 7, 1					injured has just lost	10	offered has risen			took has taken		been has been helpin
3	1	, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10					've applied	10	1103 113011			studied		to
R	EV	'IEW			11		eaten	Λ	been writing		9	into	19	to
	1	Could I	4	got over			been eating		's written			's done	20	I've done

3 known

6 been watching

2 should

3 mustn't

5 took off

6 an eye

11 Has she ever felt

17 has been helping

Unit 7 Best years of your life?

Grammar

1 verb + -ing = forget climbing, loved watchingverb + to = try to remember, hope to bebased, love to do, manage to go, decided to verb + sb + to = encourage you to apply,invited us to stay verb + (sb) + infin (no'to') = made me feel,didn't dare move, let me know verb + adjective + to = was difficult to keep, was incredible to see verb + preposition + -ing = looking forward to hearing

2 2 to tell 9 to see 10 sleeping 3 to live 4 to remember 11 playing / to play 12 to make / make 5 to work 6 living 13 to apply to call going 15 know 8 visiting 3 1 wondering 6 walking 2 Watching 7 helping 3 mending 8 Living 9 Giving up 4 Finding

10 working

4 1 to pay 6 to learn 2 to follow 7 to buy 3 show 8 carry / to carry 9 to join 4 to hurt 10 to be 5 stay

5 2 a, c 6 b, c 8 b, c 4 a.c 5 a, b 7 a, b 3 b, c

6 2 her son to send Aunt Maud a birthday card

3 me to sign on the dotted line

4 his boss to come to their / his wedding

to pay for the next round of drinks

6 to go to bed

5 waking up

Bill to talk to his solicitor

2 c 5 a 8 b 9 g 6 d 3 10 f 4 e 7 j

7 to follow 8 1 to help 8 to be living believe 9 to see 3 to be 4 to change 10 looking 5 thinking 11 to see 6 listening 12 to say

Vocabulary

2 1 X I'm agreed | agree

2 /

3 X agree to agree with

X agreed talking agreed to talk 4

5

6 X agreed it agreed (to it)

8 X agreed on me agreed with me

3 ACROSS 9 shiver 10 yell 3 tongue 5 whistle 11 scratch 12 lick march 13 shoulders balloon

DOWN 1 hua

7 kneel 2 footsteps 8 breath 9 smell 4 nails

8 calm down speak up 9 fallen out 2 save up 10 dropped out 3 hurry up 11 went out 4 fill up 6 cut down 12 dying out

7 going down

5 2 Look out 5 shop around check in 6 turned up

4 Hold on

Everyday English

1 1 What a = f 5 so = h6 Such = d2 so = gsuch an = b3 such a = a7 8 How = c4 How = e

5 What 2 1 complete 6 so 2 absolutely 7 How 3 so 8 such a 4 such

REVIEW

1 me, head 2 never, seeing, out hated / loathed, eye, out leave, to an, at, kick What, to, asking used, up, to sweet, down 10 using, out 6 really / so, leg

Unit 8 Future friendly?

Grammar

prediction with will: will make, will they eat, will certainly be, will become prediction with won't: won't have to see, won't even notice, won't realize, won't need prediction with going to: are going to be intention with going to: 'm definitely going to try arrangement with Present Continuous:

'm visiting

possibility with may: may still find possibility with might: might double, might a typical meal look like

possibility with could: could be, could become, couldn't eat

2 1 think I'll sleep well tonight.

3 I don't think they'll offer me the job.

4 | expect you'll be hungry after your journey.

I don't suppose he'll say yes though.

I'm sure you won't like it.

I don't think it will work.

8 Maybe you'll see someone famous.

3 2 When will you get the results?

How will you manage?

What will you miss?

5 How will we get home?

4 2 They won't be late.

He won't forget your birthday.

She won't accept the job offer.

Obviously England won't lose against

Iceland. 5 1 b 2 h

7 d 8 a 5 c 6 f

6 2 She's going to win the race.

She's going to have a baby.

They're going to jump.

She's going to fall back into the sea.

They're going to kiss him.

7 2 'll get

'll give

4 're going to have, 'll go

5 Are, going to eat, 'll get

6 are, going to give, 'Il bring

are, going to cook, 'm going to make,

8 are, going to start, 'm going to do, 'll start

6 are, getting 8 2 are, having are, inviting 7 are / is bringing 8 is making 4 're driving 5 're staying 9 're flying

5 j 11 h 2 8 b 6 9 c 3 k g 7 10 e 4 a

10 2 When are they / is BMW launching

What won't, be able to do

4 What will, need to do

could be avoided 6 What might they wait

Vocabulary

1 wind turbine solar panel fusion reactor fossil fuels energy source radioactive material climate change offshore wind farm global warming

2 2 misspelt 5 irregular 6 imperfectly 3 illegal

4 unconscious

3 1 driverless 6 useless unhappiness 2 carelessly suitable 8 creative 4 prediction 9 shortened 10 colourful 5 disagreements

3 of 1 with 4 with 2 of **5** 1 for 3 about

4 for 2 about 6 1 in 3 in

4 to 2 to 7 1 with 4 to, with

2 of 5 of 6 with 3 for

Everyday English

1 Are you free on Friday evening? No, I'm having a meal with Helen on Friday.

I was wondering if we could meet at 2.00 tomorrow / tomorrow at 2.00? I'm afraid 2.00 won't work for me. How about 3.30?

- 3 Maybe we could get together on Saturday afternoon? Sorry, the afternoon's no good for me.
- 4 Why don't we go for a coffee tomorrow morning? Good idea. Shall we say half ten?
- Let's go for a pizza after work. I'd love to, but I'm finishing work late today.
- 6 Can you make a meeting at 4.30 tomorrow / tomorrow at 4.30? Yes, 4.30 is fine. I'll see you then.

REVIEW

1	was	10	about
2	'd love to	11	impossible
3	are you having	12	'll have
4	'm going to see	13	are going to be
5	suitable	14	're going to be
6	about	15	creative
7	careful	16	'll see
8	'm going to take	17	for
	out	18	'll buy

Stop and check Units 5–8

9 could end up

1	1	have to	9	'll like
	2	mustn't	10	has been
	3	are not allowed		thinking
		to	11	I'll
	4	should	12	could
	5	won't let	13	have I told
	6	won't	14	went
	7	've been trying	15	Has she gone
	8	has been taken		

26 careless

29 fluently

	8	has been taken		
2		CROSS	1.	
	1	victim	31	as
	4	proud	32	blew
	7	You	33	fed
	8	offered	35	on
		never	37	
	10	,	38	climate
	12	do	39	to
	14	lend	40	die
	16	in	41	misspell
	17	lets	43	
	19		45	of
	20	fuels	47	witness
	22	SO	49	into
	23	Try	51	on
	24	at	52	through
	25	dug	53	blood
	27	be	54	mind
	28	already		
	D	OWN		
	2	check in	30	away
	3	made	31	around
	4	panels	34	useless
	5	sums	36	did
	6	wonder	37	familiar
	11	first	39	met
	13	illegal	42	looked
	15		44	ago
	18	may	46	
	21	it	48	so
	22	sure	50	too

Unit 9 Caring and sharing

Grammar

- **2** 1 gets in touch with me, I reply
 - 2 I'm with someone, I'll text back, she likes it, I'll tell her
 - wouldn't tell me secrets, I didn't keep, it was very exciting, I'd tell
 - 4 I hadn't wanted, wouldn't have asked, would have accepted, had been
- 3 1 Milk goes off if you don't keep it in the fridge.
 - 2 I think music sounds better if you listen to it on headphones.
 - Rick will give the presentation if you ask him to.
 - We'll come to the party if you invite us!
 - 5 I would go to that concert if it weren't / wasn't sold out.
 - They would buy a house here if they had enough money.
 - Arsenal would have won if Chelsea hadn't scored a late goal.
 - She would have become a star if she had gone to Hollywood.

- Jenny never says thank you if you do something for her.
- 1 I'll help you if I have time.
- 2 I wouldn't do that if I were you.
- I wouldn't have cooked meat if I'd known you were vegetarian.
- В 0 If I don't sleep well, I'm in a bad mood all
- If you drink coffee now, you won't be able to sleep.
- 2 If they offered me the job, I'd definitely take
- 3 If you'd driven more slowly, you wouldn't have crashed. C
- 0 Henry always gets angry if you criticize his
- Things will get better if you just wait and try to be patient.
- 2 What would you do if you saw a fight in the
- 3 Would you have ordered the curry if you'd known it was so hot?

5	1	g	3	f		5	a	7	e
		d	4	h	•	6	C	8	b

- 6 2 found 5 wanted 3 cheated 6 took
 - 4 claimed
- 7 b 2 wouldn't give, knew, wouldn't miss
 - c 3 wouldn't want, was, 'd be
 - d 6'd sell, didn't like
 - 1'd keep, wouldn't know
 - f 5 would tell
- 8 2 would you have studied, I'd have studied psychology.
 - of car would you have bought, I would have bought a Mercedes.
 - would you have said, I would have, him that I love his films.

- 5 one would you have had, I would have had (the) cheesecake.
- 6 would you have called him, I would have called him Alfie.
- 9 2 If she hadn't gone to Edinburgh University, she wouldn't have met Hannah.
 - 3 If she had found / had been able to find a job in the UK, she wouldn't have looked abroad.
 - If Hannah hadn't gone to New Zealand, Clare would have gone to work in America.
 - 5 If Clare and Greg had had more in common, she wouldn't have ended their relationship.
 - 6 If she hadn't taken up rowing, she wouldn't have met Marcus.
 - If she had stayed with Greg, she wouldn't have fallen in love with Marcus.
 - 8 If she hadn't had children, her parents wouldn't have moved to New Zealand.

10 2 should have told

- 3 could have killed
- 4 shouldn't have bothered
- should have written
- 6 shouldn't have bought

11	2	would	6	would
	3	would	7	would
	4	would	8	had

5 had

Vocabulary

1	g	4	f	7	b
2	i	5	a	8	C
3	h	6	d	9	e

2 2 robbed, stolen

- 3 beat, won
- 4 dish, plate
- 5 teachers, professors
- listen, hear
- lend, borrow
- 8 diary, agenda
- 9 sensitive, sensible
- 10 bring, take
- 11 invented, discovered
- 12 guests, visitors

3	1	for, in	7	from
	2	by	8	into
	3	out of	9	in
	4	into	10	for
	5	on	11	in
	6	to	12	in

Everyday English

1	1	f	4	k	7	1	10	d
	2	e	5	i	8	b	11	a
	3	a	6	i	9	h	12	C

REVIEW

	_			
1	1	robbing	8	note
	2	borrow	9	come back
	3	in cash	10	were waiting

- 4 brought
- 5 sensible
- 6 listened to
- 7 limit

- If the bank manager hadn't persuaded them to take out a loan, the men would have robbed the bank.
 - 2 If you took out a loan, it would be more
 - If they hadn't listened to the manager, they could have stolen the money.
 - 4 If you come back in ten minutes, the papers will be ready.
 - They shouldn't have gone to the bank.
 - 6 They should have run away.
 - If the men hadn't come back, the police might never have caught them.
 - If people take out a loan, the bank has to decide what their credit limit is.

Unit 10 Beyond belief!

Grammar

1	1	d	4	f	7	i	10	g
	2	j	5	b	8	a		
		e	6	C	9	h		

- 2 2 He must be ill.
 - 3 He could be in the coffee bar.
 - 4 He might have a doctor's appointment.
 - 5 He may be stuck in a traffic jam.
 - His bus might be late.
 - He may be talking to a friend from another class.
 - 8 He must want to miss the test.
- 3 2 He can't be ill, he was fine yesterday.
 - 3 He can't be in the coffee bar, it's closed.
 - 4 He can't have a doctor's appointment, he's not ill.
 - 5 He can't be stuck in a traffic jam, it's not the rush hour.
 - 6 His bus can't be late, it's always on time.
 - He can't be talking to a friend, everyone's in class now.
 - 8 He can't want to miss the test he's been revising for weeks.
- 4 Maybe her boyfriend has tattoos.

5	2	may	4	might	6	must
	3	must	5	could	7	must

- 6 He's having problems with his younger brother.
- 2 must have
- 3 may sometimes get annoyed
- 4 must have
- might be studying
- 6 might not know
- could be jealous
- 8 can't have
- **8** 2 be doing, be having
 - 3 be sitting
 - 4 be taking
 - 5 be digging, be repairing / mending / fixing.
- 2 They must have arrived.
 - They may have gone by train.
 - 4 I might have left my phone in the coffee shop.
 - 5 He may have gone to Oxford University.
 - 6 He must have been on a diet.
 - They could have got married in secret.
 - 8 He may have called while we were out.

- 10 1 He must have had an accident. He might have been skiing.
 - 2 They must have had an argument. They can't have enjoyed their meal.
 - 3 It must have caught a bird. The bird might have escaped.
 - They must have missed their plane. Their plane could have been delayed.
 - They can't have enjoyed the film. It must have been boring.
 - She must have lost her phone. It may have been stolen.
- 11 2 on the ferry

 - 4 because it had a microchip
- 12 1 Moon Unit might have been stolen and taken to France.
 - 2 She may have been frightened by all the noise at the party.
 - She could have been living at the railway station.
 - Marna and Sean must have been very surprised when they heard from ADAD.
 - They can't have expected to see their cat again.
 - They can't have had a lot in common.
 - They must still be friends.
 - They must have had a reason to call the cat 'Moon Unit'.

Vocabulary

- 1 be: sure of, crazy about, up to date, keen on, into, off work, about to, in touch, away on business, yourself
 - have: a problem, a lot in common, a word with, fun, time off work, a good time
- 1 crazy, have, common, into, keen
 - 2 word, off, were, had
 - 3 away, touch, about, have, sure, Have

3	1	out	4	up	7	out	10	ou
	2	up	5	up	8	up	11	up
	3	out	6	out	9	up	12	up

- 4 for for 1 in, of 5 on, on with, of
- 3 to. on

Everyday English

1 They're talking about Sam because he's been accused of cheating.

2	1	apparently	7	anyway
	2	No kidding	8	Presumably
	3	Actually	9	Obviously
	4	Really?	10	hopefully
	5	clearly	11	Personally
	6	Exactly		

REVIEW

8 about

1 They met at a supermarket. They're going to get married.

2	1	up	9	could
	2	eating	10	find
	3	may	11	keen
	4	looked	12	commo
	5	like	13	out
	6	Actually	14	make
	7	be	15	saving

Unit 11 Back in the real world

Grammar

2 3 is a beer

A are hears

1	1	e	5	b	9	0	13	d
	2	q	6	1	10	C	14	j
	3	i	7	m	11	h	15	f
	4	k	8	a	12	n		

7 was a scientist

8 were scientists

	-	are beers	0	Were selections
	5	is a plane	9	was an artist
	6	are planes	10	were artists
3	1	a, an	4	an, an
	2	an an	5	a. an

6 a, an 3 a, an 1 the environment 12 the cinema 13 the garden 2 the country

14 the post office 3 the sky 15 the bathroom the future 16 the salt the beach 17 the best student 6 the mountains

18 the same the government the weather 19 the first 20 the most 9 the doctor 10 the radio delicious

3 d 1 e 5 C 6 b 2 a 4 f

11 the door

6 2 Chess 5 poker 6 Biology 3 History 4 volleyball

6 Time 1 Beauty 7 Laughter **Business** 8 Practice 3 Truth 9 Pride Home 10 Love 5 Crime **8** 2 -, -, the 12 -13 -, The 3 -, -, the 14 -, the 4 -,-15 5 -, -, the

16 The 6 the, -17 7 the, -, -8 18 The 19 The 9 -, the, -10 the, the, -, the 20 the 11

9	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun	
	my	mine	
	your	yours	
	his	his	
	her	hers	
	its	its	
	our	ours	
	their	theirs	

10 1 Your, theirs 4 mine 5 his, her your, Mine 3 my, hers, mine, 6 its

hers 7 Jones' / Jones's 11 2 mother's yesterday's employees' weeks' 4 Children's 10 tomorrow's Sue's

neighbours'/ neighbour's

- 12 2 I've spent all day on my computer.
 - 3 I've done all the housework.
 - 4 Pedro's invited (all) the class to his house all of us!
 - 5 All I need for breakfast is a coffee.
 - 6 I've wanted to play the piano all my life.
 - 7 I like all kinds of music, from classical to rock.
- 13
 1
 every, everywhere everywhere
 6
 every

 2
 All 7
 all

 3
 Everyone, all
 8
 every
 - 4 everything
- 14 1 I shaved in a hurry this morning and cut myself.
 - 2 The way you drive, you'll kill yourself one day.
 - 3 My mother and I phone each other every day.
 - 4 Have a great holiday, you two! I'm sure you'll enjoy yourselves in France.
 - 5 How long have you two known each other?
 - 6 My twin girls play very nicely with each other.
 - 7 Selfish people only care about themselves.
 - 8 I behaved very badly. I feel ashamed of myself.

Vocabulary

1	1	head			5	warden
	2	sets				quarters
	3	card			7	agent
	4	lights				wrapping
2	2	j	5	h	8	a
	3	g	6	e	9	d
	4	i	7	C	10	f

- 3 1 Travel, luggage
 - 2 job, problem, a house
 - 3 an apple
 - 4 advice, table
 - 5 fact, music
- **4** 1 b 3 d 5 e 2 c 4 a
- 5 2 moving into 4 backed up 3 hand in 5 made up
- 6 B is more formal.
 - 1 sort out = solve
 - 2 get over = recover from
 - 3 let down = disappoint
 - 4 find out = discover
 - 5 call off = cancel
- 7 1 get over 4 call off 2 finds out 5 let, down 3 sort out

Everyday English

- 1
 1 take
 4 like

 2
 made
 5 use

 3
 opening
 6 stuff, kind
- 2 B 5 E 6 C 1 F 4 D 2

- 3 1 in the car 2 in a lift 6 in the street 3 on a train 5 on a plane 1
- 4 2 A H, B D 5 A D, B H 3 A H, B D 6 A H, B D 4 A D, B H

REVIEW

E۷	IEW		
2	mine	11	our
3	the	12	one
4	the	13	a
5	its	14	traffic
6	all	15	take
7	each other	16	motorway
8	the	17	Α
9	the	18	the

19 themselves

Unit 12 Living the dream

Grammar

10 every

- 1 2 cost 10 can't blame 11 sorry 3 was 4 've ever had 12 know 5 's / is 13 wasn't 6 wrong 14 won't fault 15 'll speak promised 16 ask
- 9 was2 had, been
- 3 were / would be
 - 4 would have
- 5 would be served
- 6 would be swimming
- 7 would be able to eat / could eat
- 8 ask
- 3 2 (that) she was going to Berlin soon
 - 3 she couldn't help me because she had too much to do
 - 4 that Daniel had bought the tickets
 - 5 it was a stupid idea and it wouldn't work
 - 6 the banks were closed on Saturdays
 - 7 they'd had terrible weather on holiday
 - 8 (that) they'd never been to Brazil
 - 9 they wanted to go some day
- 4 2 I wanted to go out for a walk
 - 3 why I was crying
 - 4 whether / if he could borrow my car
 - 5 where I / we had come from
 - 6 how long I was going to be at the gym
 - 7 if / whether I'd bought any milk
 - 8 whether / if we would be back early
 - 9 how much it cost / costs to fly to New York
- 5 2 He asked her not to go
 - 3 He told her he was going to bed
 - 4 Jeremy asked him / his dad how much he earned
 - 5 The teacher told the class to turn to page 34
 - 6 The secretary asked Miss Fulton to call back later / if she could call back later
 - 7 The teacher told the class (that) they had done very well in the test

- 8 The police officer told the children not to run across the road
- 9 Pam asked Roy whether / if he was going to the concert
- 10 Harry told his daughters to get up / that it was time to get up
- 6 2 why do you need it
 - 3 What do you do
 - 4 How much do you earn
 - 5 are you married
 - 6 Do you have any children
 - 7 How long have you lived there
 - 8 when would you like the loan
- 7 why I needed it / what I needed it for what I did for a living
 - how much I earned
 - if I was married
 - if I had any children
 - how long we had lived in our house when I wanted / would like the loan
- 8 3 Who 6 Do 4 Was 7 Whose 5 When 8 Did
- **9** 2 ... Shanghai is the biggest city in the world
 - 3 ... who the first man in space was
 - John F. Kennedy was the youngest president
 - 5 ... why the *Titanic* sank
 - identical twins have the same fingerprints
 - 7 ... whose nose grew longer when he told
 - 8 ... dinosaurs
- 10 2 what mark he got
 - 3 where you've put your keys
 - 4 why he / he'd left early
 - 5 whose coat that is / it is
 - 6 whether / if I sent Vanessa an invitation or

Vocabulary

- 1
 1
 speak
 5
 says, tells

 2
 tell
 6
 telling

 3
 Speak, saying
 7
 speak

 4
 talk
 8
 spoke
- 2 2 Max offered to give me a lift to the airport.
 - 3 Sue promised not to tell anyone Greta's secret.
 - 4 My wife reminded me to buy some milk.
 - 5 Marta invited Paul to come and have dinner with them.
 - 6 The judge ordered Jim Fox to pay a fine of £200.
 - 7 Flora persuaded Emily to buy the black shoes, not the brown ones.
 - 8 She begged me not to tell her father.
- 3 2 The doctor suggested that Ken went to bed / go to bed.
 - 3 Lucia explained that she hadn't done her homework because she'd been ill.
 - 4 Harry admitted breaking my camera. / Harry admitted that he had broken my camera.

- 5 Timmy denied pulling her hair. / Timmy denied that he had pulled her hair.

 6 Patrick complained that there was a fly in
- his salad.
- 4 1 get away, get by, went off, turned up 2 getting ... down, ended up, took on, get
 - 3 settling into, pop in, doing ... up, looking forward to

Everyday English

1	born	6	world
2	sorry	7	roof
3	feet	8	mile
4	day	9	home
5	minds	10	mud
,	Tillias	10	muu

REVIEW

1	1	tell	7	he is.
	2	how he is	8	pop in
	3	it happened	9	word
	4	remind	10	persuado
	5	told	11	you live
	6	getting		

2	1	chatted	8	asked
	2	inquired	9	offered
	3	replied		persuade
	4	explained	11	promised
	5	complained	12	say
	6	refused	13	thanked
	7	ended up	14	arranged

Stop and check Units 9-12

1	1	wouldn't	9	had caught
	2	wouldn't	10	you were
	3	was		arriving
	4	hadn't	11	must be
	5	must be	12	can't have failed
	6	may have	13	they live
	7	the	14	can't be
	8	its	15	had seen

2 ACROSS

A	TKO22		
4	car	36	me
6	loan	37	debt
7	SO	39	safe
9	beauty	42	pay
11	oven	44	heart
12	die	46	rents
14	fun	47	clip
15	ground	48	touch
17	offers	49	breaks
18	no	52	Chess
19	headline	53	cash
22	dish	55	Let
23	sorts	56	ignores
26	can	57	from
27	won	58	sensitive
28	change	60	exit
31	have	64	each
34	some	65	no
35	Hopefully		
	. ,		

DOWN

1	secure	30	go
2	mud	31	home
3	Bye	32	rate
4	charge	33	chopsticks
5		38	extra
6	lend	40	flies
7	secret	41	hear
8	on	43	yours
10	tip	45	react
11	off	47	clear
13	to	49	begged
16	noise	50	keen
20	denied	51	plate
21	included	54	has
23	save	57	fee
24	one	59	no
25	an	61	in
26	came	62	to
29	All	63	up

Irregular verbs

ase form	Past Simple Past	participle	Base form	Past Simple	Past participle
be	was / were	been	leave	left	left
beat	beat	beaten	lend	lent	lent
become	became	become	let	let	let
begin	began	begun	lie	lay	lain
bend	bent	bent	light	lighted / lit	lighted / lit
bite	bit	bitten	lose	lost	lost
blow	blew	blown	make	made	made
break	broke	broken	mean	meant	meant
bring	brought	brought	meet	met	met
build	built	built	must	had to	had to
buy	bought	bought	pay	paid	paid
can	could	been able	put	put	put
catch	caught	caught	read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
choose	chose	chosen	ride	rode	ridden
come	came	come	ring	rang	rung
cost	cost	cost	rise	rose	risen
	cut	cut	run	ran	run
cut		dug		said	said
dig	dug	done	say	saw	seen
do	did		see	sold	sold
draw	drew	drawn			
dream	dreamed / dreamt	dreamed / dreamt	send	sent	sent
drink	drank	drunk	set	set	set
drive	drove	driven	shake	shook	shaken
eat	ate	eaten	shine	shone	shone
fall	fell	fallen	shoot	shot	shot
feed	fed	fed	show	showed	shown
feel	felt	felt	shut	shut	shut
fight	fought	fought	sing	sang	sung
find	found	found	sink	sank	sunk
fit	fit	fit	sit	sat	sat
fly	flew	flown	sleep	slept	slept
forget	forgot	forgotten	slide	slid	slid
forgive	forgave	forgiven	speak	spoke	spoken
freeze	froze	frozen	spend	spent	spent
get	got	got	spoil	spoiled / spoilt	spoiled / spoilt
give	gave	given	spread	spread	spread
go	went	been / gone	stand	stood	stood
grow	grew	grown	steal	stole	stolen
hang	hanged / hung	hanged / hung	stick	stuck	stuck
have	had	had	swim	swam	swum
hear	heard	heard	take	took	taken
hide	hid	hidden	teach	taught	taught
hit	hit	hit	tear	tore	torn
hold	held	held	tell	told	told
hurt	hurt	hurt	think	thought	thought
keep	kept	kept	throw	threw	thrown
kneel	knelt	knelt	understand	understood	understood
know	knew	known	wake	woke	woken
	laid	laid	wear	wore	worn
lay	led	led	win	won	won
lead	led learned / learnt	learned / learnt	write	wrote	written

Verb patterns

Verbs + -ing		
adore can't stand don't mind enjoy finish imagine loathe	doing swimming cooking	

Note

We often use the verb go + -ing for sports and activities.

I go swimming every day.
I go shopping on weekends.

Verbs + preposition	n + -ing
give up look forward to succeed in think of	doing

Verbs + to + infinitive	
afford agree choose dare decide expect forget help hope learn manage mean need offer plan promise refuse seem want would hate would like would love would prefer	to do to come to cook

Notes

- Help and dare can be used without to. We helped clean up the kitchen.
 They didn't dare disagree with him.
- 2 Have to for obligation. I have to wear a uniform.
- 3 Used to for past habits. I used to smoke, but I quit last year.

Verbs + sb + to + advise allow ask beg encourage expect force help invite need order persuade remind tell want warn

Note

Help can be used without to.

I helped him do the dishes.

Verbs + sb + infinitive (no to)			
help let make	her us	do	

Notes

1 To is used with make in the passive.

We were made to work hard.

2 Let cannot be used in the passive. Allowed to is used instead.

She was allowed to leave.

Verbs + -ing or to + infinitive (with little or no change in meaning)		
begin continue hate like love prefer start	doing to do	

Verbs + -ing or to + inf (with a change in mea	
remember stop try	doing to do

Notes

1 I remember posting the letter.

(= I have a memory now of a past action: posting the letter.)

I remembered to post the letter.

(= I reminded myself to post the letter. I didn't forget.)

2 I stopped drinking coffee. (= I gave up the habit.)

I stopped to drink a coffee.

(= I stopped doing something else in order to have a cup of coffee.)

3 I tried to sleep.

(= I wanted to sleep, but it was difficult.)

I tried counting sheep and drinking a glass of warm milk.

(= These were possible ways of getting to sleep.)

Phonetic symbols

Consonants			
1	/p/	as in	pen /pen/
2	/b/	as in	big/big/
3	/t/	as in	tea /ti:/
4	/d/	as in	do /du:/
5	/k/	as in	cat /kæt/
6	/g/	as in	go/gəu/
7	/f/	as in	four /fo:/
8	/v/	as in	very /'veri/
9	/s/	as in	son /san/
10	/z/	as in	zoo /zu:/
11	/1/	as in	live /lɪv/
12	/m/	as in	my /mai/
13	/n/	as in	near /nɪə/
14	/h /	as in	happy /'hæpi/
15	/r/	as in	red /red/
16	/j/	as in	yes/jes/
17	/w/	as in	want/wont/
18	/\text{\theta}/	as in	thanks /θæŋks/
19	/ð/	as in	the /ðə/
20	/5/	as in	she /ʃi:/
21	/3/	as in	television /'telivi3n/
22	/t ∫ /	as in	child /t ∫aɪld/
23	d_{3}	as in	German /'dʒ3:mən/
24	/ŋ/	as in	English /'ɪŋglɪʃ/

Vowel	s		
25	/i:/	as in	see /si:/
26	/1/	as in	his/hiz/
27	/i/	as in	twenty /'twenti/
28	/e/	as in	ten/ten/
29	/æ/	as in	stamp/stæmp/
30	/a:/	as in	father /'fa:ðə/
31	/o/	as in	hot/hpt/
32	13:/	as in	morning /'mɔ:nɪŋ/
33	/ U /	as in	football/futbo:l/
34	/u:/	as in	you/ju:/
35	/^/	as in	sun /sʌn/
36	/3:/	as in	learn/l3:n/
37	/ə/	as in	letter /'letə/

Diphtl	nongs (two vo	wels together)
38	/eɪ/	as in	name /neim /
39	/90/	as in	no /nəu/
40	/ai/	as in	my/mai/
41	/au/	as in	how /hau/
42	/31/	as in	boy/boi/
43	/19/	as in	hear/h19/
44	/eə/	as in	where /weə/
45	/uə/	as in	tour /tuə/

Extra material

Unit 10 Page 65

Letters to Amanda

Dear Amanda,

I have a really lovely boyfriend – he's hardworking, kind and good fun. But I'm worried about my parents meeting him because he's got lots of tattoos all over his body, and my parents don't approve of them. They're good parents but I'm an only child, and they're quite old and conservative, and worry about me a lot. I love Bill and I love his tattoos – he's a wonderful gardener and his body is covered with flowers – I think they're beautiful but my parents will be shocked. I want them to meet him and get to know him before they see the tattoos, then they'll see how nice he is. What do you think?

Best wishes

Kitty Fisher

age:	Dear Amanda,
	I am fourteen years old and I have a big problem with my younger
	brother, Oliver, who's 8. We fight all the time. It's terrible, I know, but
	I think I hate him. He follows me everywhere and he wants to use all
	my things, especially my computer. He ruins everything I'm doing. If
	I'm with my friends, he always wants to be with us, and when I tell him
	to go away he goes crying to our mother. My parents always take his
	side. He's so spoilt he gets everything he wants. My mum says she can't
_	understand why I don't want him with me and my friends, but we can't
_	talk freely with him hanging round all the time. My dad says I should
	play with him more and let him use my computer but he just plays his
_	silly games on it and screams if I want to use it for my school work. He
	doesn't have many friends. Nobody at his school likes him and I know
_	why - he cries if he doesn't win every game and he fights with the
	other children. My parents think he can do no wrong. What can I do?
	Yours,
	Leo Blake
	· 医施克斯氏病 (1) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Unit 12 Page 79

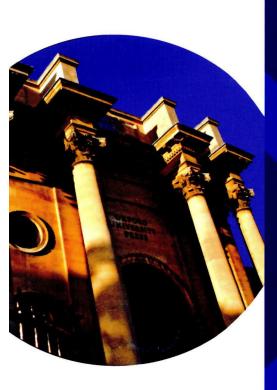
General Knowledge Quiz

- 1 A funambulist is a tightrope walker.
- 2 Tokyo is the biggest city, 37,843.000. Shanghai has a mere 23,416,000.
- 3 The first man in space was the Russian, Yuri Gagarin.
- 4 Theodore Roosevelt was the youngest US president, 42. JFK was 43.
- 5 The Titanic hit an iceberg.
- 6 Identical twins do not have the same fingerprints.
- 7 Pinocchio's nose grew longer when he lied.
- 8 Dinosaurs did lay eggs.

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