Headway

Elementary

Workbook with key

language



Liz & John Soars Jo McCaul

مرجع زبان ايرانيان



Liz & John Soars Jo McCaul



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Course overview

Headway

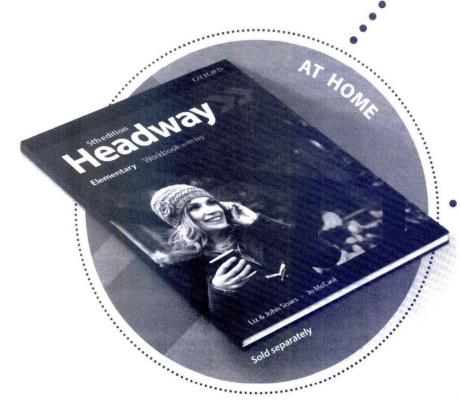
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1

Nice to meet you!

- am/are/is, my/your
- he/she, his/her
- Possessive's

- Countries and nationalities
- The family; Adjectives
- Everyday conversations



ello:

Vocabulary

Countries and nationalities

Complete the sentences with a nationality from the list.

Brazilian Spanish Italian Egyptian Chinese Australian French

Ciao!

1 I'm from Australia. I'm Australian



2 We're from China. __



3 She's from Italy. _



4 They're from Egypt.



5 I'm from Spain. ___



6 He's from Brazil.



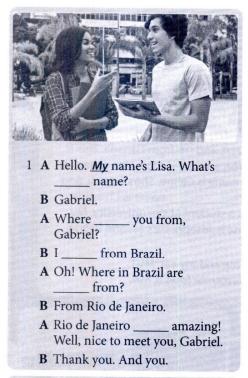
7 They're from France.

Grammar

Personal information

am/are/is, my/your

1 Complete the conversations.





- 2 A Hello. What___ your first name?
 - B My name's Carla.
 - A And what's your ____?
 - B Perkins.
 - A How do you ____ that?
 - B P E R K I N S.
 - A And ____ are you from, Carla?
 - B I ____ from Oxford.
 - A Thank you very much.

1.1 Listen and check.

he/she, his/her

- **2** Look at the information about Carla and Gabriel. Complete the questions and answers.
 - A What's her surname?
 B Perkins.
 A _______her first name?
 B Carla.
 A Where's ______ from?
 B She's from Oxford, England.
 A How old ______ she?
 B She's 25.
 A What's ______ phone number?
 B 01764 293880.
 A ______ email address?
 B cperkins@mailsnet.com
 A _____ married?



Santos

Gabriel

Brazil

934 298 701

gsantos@mails.com

19

2	A What's his surr	name?
	B Santos.	
	A	his first name
	B Gabriel.	
	A Where's	from
	B He's	Brazil.
	A How old is	
	R Ho'c 10	

B No, _____.

B He's 19.
A What's _____ phone

number? **B** 934 298 701.

A ______ email address?

B gsantos@mails.com

A _____ married?

B No, _____

1.2 Listen and check.

- **3** Write the short forms of the <u>underlined</u> verbs.
 - 1 She is from Italy. She's
 - 2 She is not a teacher. She isn't3 I am American.
 - 4 <u>I am not</u> married.

r T1	
5 They are Span	ish.

Surname

First name

Phone number

email address

married?

Country

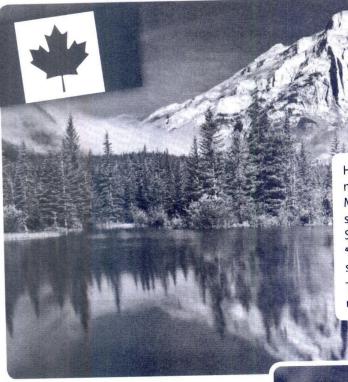
Age

- 6 They are not French.
- 7 It is hot.
- 8 It is not cold.

Possessive 's

Karen and her family

4 Complete the information about Karen Boucher and her family.



Hi! My name is Karen, and I'm from Canada. This is my family. My 'father's name is Alan. He's a teacher. My 'mame is Celine. She's French, and she's a nurse. My 'mame is Celine. She's French, and she's a nurse. My 'mame is Christine. She's 21, and she's a student at the university. My 'mame is Joseph. He's 17, and he's at school.

This is a photo of me and my cat. My ^s_name is Pico. His favourite food is fish.

1) 1.3 Listen and check.

5 Write is if $\dot{s} = is$. Write P if $\dot{s} = possessive$.

1	My name's Karen.	is
2	My father's name is Alan.	P
3	He's a teacher.	, - 1

- 4 My mother's name is Celine.5 She's French.
- 6 My sister's a student.
- 7 My brother's name is Joseph.
- 8 My cat's favourite food is fish.





Celine and Alan

have/go/live/like

6 Complete the sentences with have, go, live, or like.

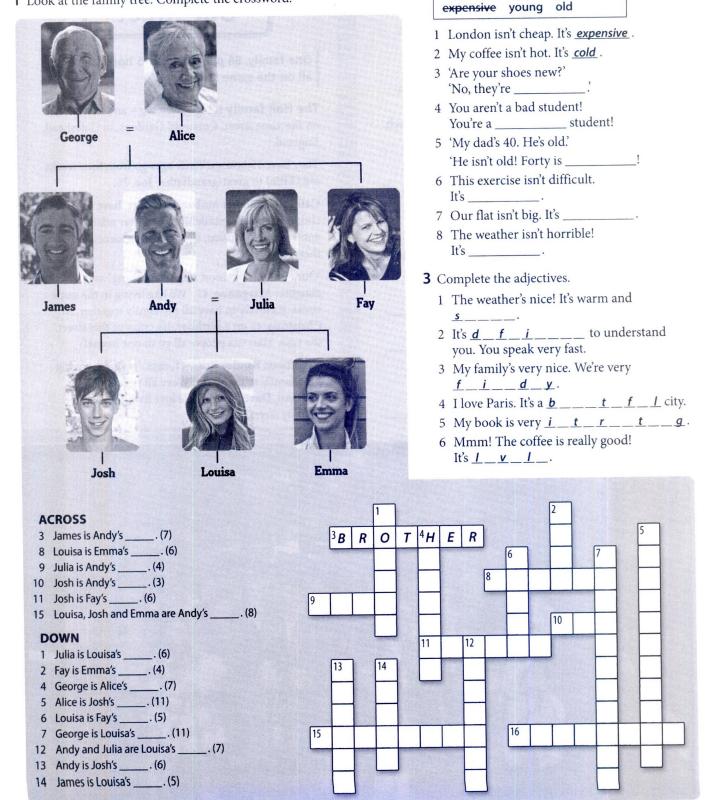
- 1 I have a brother and a sister.
- 2 I like them. They're very nice.
- 3 I ______ to a school called St Mary's.
- 4 I _____ in Vancouver.
- 5 We _____ in a house near a park.
- 6 I _____ to the park at the weekend.
- 7 I ______ a cat called Pico.



Vocabulary

The family

1 Look at the family tree. Complete the crossword.



Adjectives

2 Write the opposite adjective.

easy small cold good nice



- **4** Read about **the Hall family**. Complete the sentences.
 - 1 Sixty-six members of the Hall family live on the same street.
 - 2 They have 15 _____.
 - 3 _____ is four weeks old.
 - 4 Joe is a great-grandfather. He's years old.
 - 5 Catherine and George have six _____.
 - 6 Their daughter's name is _____.
 - 7 At Christmas, they all _____ to one house for a party.
 - 8 The neighbours _____ the Hall family very much.
- 5 1.4 Read and listen to the lines below. Who is speaking?

Joe George Marganne Sandra

It's lovely to have my mum, Catherine, in the same street.

Marganne

Look at my beautiful little great-granddaughter.

My wife and I have six children.

It's lovely to have a big family in our street. My husband loves it, too.

One family, one street

Our street

One family, 66 people, and 15 houses all on the same street!

The Hall family is big – very big – and they all live on the same street, Cotswold Gardens, in Gateshead, England.

They have 15 houses. Their ages go from four weeks old (Ellie) to great-grandfather Joe, 76.

Catherine and her husband, George, have 6 children, and 15 grandchildren. Other relatives aunts, uncles, cousins, nephews, and nieces - all live there, too.

'Our family is the most important thing,' says daughter Marganne, 42. 'We like living in the same street. It's lovely to have all my family together. At Christmas, or on a birthday, it's crazy in this street,' she says. 'sixty-six people all go to one house!'

Neighbour, Sandra Ross, 41, says, 'It's great having a big family in the street. We're all friends.' Her husband, Dave, agrees. 'We love living in such a friendly street.'



Everyday English

Everyday conversations

1 Complete the sentences with the words from the box.

ŧ	10W	can	school	on	help	this	sleep	day
			rning, Pe					
			! I'm goi				_!	
3			I hav	e a cı	up of te	ea, plea	ase?	
4	Hav	e a go	od		!			
5	Hello. Can I you?							
6	Ton	у,		is H	folly.			
7	Bye!	See y	ou		Mo	nday!		
8	Goo	dnigh	nt!		well			

2	Match	a line from exercise 1 with a response below.
	1	Hello, Holly. Nice to meet you.
	2	Thanks. And you.
	3	No, I'm fine, thanks.
	4	See you in the morning.
	5	Of course. Anything to eat?
	6	Yes. Have a good weekend.
	7 1	Fine, thanks. And you?
	8	Bye, honey! See you later.
	1.5	Listen and check.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

	Short form	Negative	Question
lam	ľm		Am I ?
You are		You aren't	
He/She is			Is he/she?
We are	We're		
They are		They aren't	

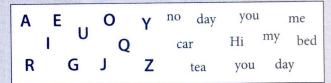
2 Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective from the box.

ny your his her our their their your
Hello! What's <u>your</u> name?
A Pete! This is sister, Alice.
B Hi, Alice. Nice to meet you.
Anna is 23 mother is a nurse.
All the students in my sister's class liketeacher.
Mr and Mrs Jones live here children are very nice.
Tom is married wife's name is Josie.
A Is this phone?
B Yes, it is. Thank you.
My sister and I go to Spain in the summer because parents live in Barcelona.

Vocabulary

1 1.6 Match the sound of the letter with the sound of the word.

Go online for more skills and language practice.



2 11.7 Listen. Complete the names and email addresses.

1	ALI	CE	
2		<u>P</u>	
3			
4	Z	<u></u>	
5	<u>na</u>	@	com
6	L	<u> </u>	@bz.com

3 Look at the chart below. Complete the sentences.

	American	car
	French	university
a	international	city
an	English	TV
	Japanese	name
	Italian	language

1 A Cadillac is an American can	1	A Cadil	lac is	an Ameri	ican car
---------------------------------	---	---------	--------	----------	----------

2	Pierre is	
3	Oxford is	

4	English is	

Work and family life



- Present Simple (1); questions and negatives
- Daily routines; verb + noun
- Jobs
- What time is it?

Grammar

Present Simple (1)

he/she/it

1 Look at the photos. Write the sentences with the correct person.

He works outside. She cooks Italian food. She goes to classes every day. She studies history. He travels a lot. He interviews people. He writes news stories. He serves drinks. He lives in the country. She works in a hospital. She wears a uniform. She works in a kitchen.



1 Alec's a flight attendant. He serves drinks.



2 Sarah's a nurse.



3 Simon's a journalist.



4 Diana's a chef.



5 Sophie's a student.



6 Martin's a farmer.

irlanguage

Spelling of verb + -s

2 Write the verbs in the *he/she* form.

1 teach	teaches	7	go deres tost	
2 live		_ 8	do	
3 work		_ 9	study	
4 write		_ 10	play	
5 earn		_ 11	watch	
6 have		_ 12	finish	144

3 Complete the sentences with the *he/she* form of a verb from exercise **2**.

1	Alan is a	footballer. He <u>earns</u> £100,000 a week.
	Не	in the Premier League.

2	Robert is a professor. He	European	
	history, and at weekends he	articles fo	
	a magazine.		

3	Tony_	at a petrol station. He
	work a	t 10.00 in the evening.

4	Martha	a lot of business in London.
	She	in a modern house 20 miles from
	the centre.	

5	Molly's married, and she	a daughter,	
	Eva. Eva likes watching TV. She	crime	
	dramas.		

6	Sally	to the gym every morning. In the		
	evening, she	maths at college.		

1) 2.1 Listen and check.

Pronunciation of verb + -s

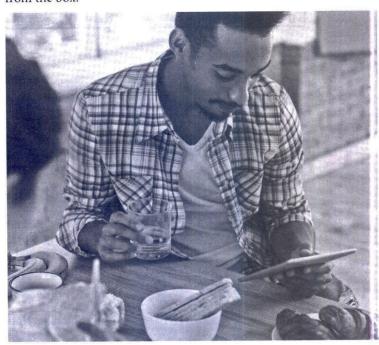
4 Write the verbs from exercise **2** in the correct column.

/s/	/z/	/IZ/	
works	plays	teaches	

1) 2.2 Listen and check.

Questions and negatives

5 Complete the questions about **Leo** with question words from the box.



what where what time why who how how old how many

1	'Where	does	Leo	work?
	'In an office.'			

2 '	does he start work?
'At 9 00'	

3		does he have for breakfast?	,
	'Coffee and t	past'	

4	(is he married to?
	'Lara'	

7	(is he?'
/	'Thirty-five'	13 110.

8	•	does he work so hard?'
	'Because he	needs the money!'

1) 2.3 Listen and check.

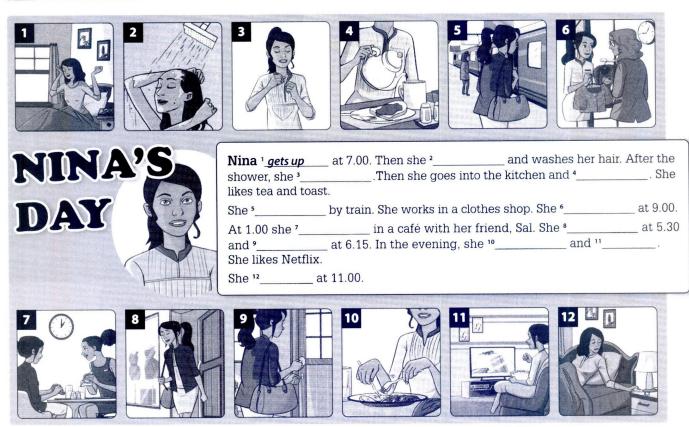


Daily routines

6 Look at the pictures of Nina's day. Complete the sentences with a verb in the correct form.

get up	have breakfast	have lunch	get home	start work	finish work
go to work	have a shower	watch TV	get dressed	have dinner	go to bed

(1) 2.4 Listen and check.



Questions

- **7** Look at the answers and complete the questions.
 - 1 *she / does / get*What time *does she get* up? At 7.00.

2 have / does / she
What _____ for breakfast? Tea and toast.

3 does / work / she
Where _____? In a clothes shop.

4 she/start/does
What time _____ work? At 9.00.
5 she/have/does

Where _____lunch? In a café.

6 do / she / does
What ______in the evening?

She has dinner and watches TV.

Negatives

- **8** Correct the sentences about Nina.
 - 1 Nina works in an office.

 She doesn't work in an office. She works in a clothes shop.

2 She has coffee for breakfast.

3 She starts work at 10.00.4 She has lunch with her sister.

5 She watches sport on TV.

6 She goes to bed at 10.30.

Captain Cook Cruises

9 Complete the leaflet with the verbs from the box.

have	watch	drink	eat	stop



CAPTAIN COOK CRUISES

The
BEST
Sydney
experience
EVER!

See the sights of Sydney Harbour with *Captain Cook Cruises*. We '<u>have</u> cruises running every day of the year, even Christmas day!

Our ferries 2_	at a lot of famous places including				
Manly Beach,	Taronga Zoo, and Sh	ark Island. Go on one of			
our wonderful	evening cruises. 3_	a delicious dinner,			
4cha	mpagne and 5	_ the sun set.			

- **10** Read about Dan the ferry man and complete the sentences.
 - 1 Dan sometimes works in the evening.
 - 2 He doesn't work on Mondays.
 - 3 He _____ work at 6.45 a.m.
 - 4 The cruise _____ two hours thirty minutes.
 - 5 The ferries _____ very fast.
 - 6 Dan _____ \$140,000 a year.
 - 7 Julia _____ at Taronga Zoo in Sydney.
 - 8 They _____ on camping holidays. They go on cruises!
- **11** Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 'How many days a week does Dan work?'

'He works four days a week.'

2	(Captain Cook ferries run on Christmas day?'		
	'Yes,	:		
3	(does the first ferry leave in the morning?		

4 '_____ Dan do a day?'

'Three.'

'7.30.'

5 '_____ he always finish work at 5.00 p.m.?'

'No, he _____. He sometimes works till midnight!'

6 '_____ does the cruise take?'

'Two and a half hours.'

7 '_____ Captain Cook ferries stop?'

'At lots of famous places in Sydney.'

8 '_____ Dan _____ fluent Chinese?'

'No, he ______ a little Chinese.'

9 '_____ does he earn?'

'He earns \$140,000 a year.'

10 '_____ do Dan and his wife do on holiday?'

'They _____ on cruises.'

(1) 2.5 Listen and check.

Dan, the ferry man



Dan Baker is a ferry driver for Captain Cook Cruises in Australia. He drives ferries in Sydney Harbour.

He works four days a week. Sometimes he's free at the weekend, but he often works on Saturday and Sunday. These are very busy days because a lot of tourists want cruises then. He never works on Mondays. Captain Cook Cruises run 365 days a year, even on Christmas Day!

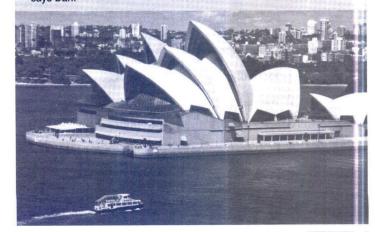
The first cruise leaves the harbour at 7.30 in the morning. Dan starts work at 6.45 a.m. and does three cruises a day. He finishes work at 5.00 p.m. Sometimes Dan does the evening cruises and then he doesn't start work until 5.30 p.m. and finishes at midnight. 'The evening cruises are very popular' says Dan, 'because people like to have dinner, watch the sunset and look at the stars with a glass of champagne'.

The cruise

The cruise takes two hours thirty minutes. The ferry doesn't go fast because everyone wants to see the sights. It stops at a lot of famous places in Sydney, including Manly Beach and Taronga Zoo.

Dan meets people from all over the world. He speaks Spanish and a little Chinese.

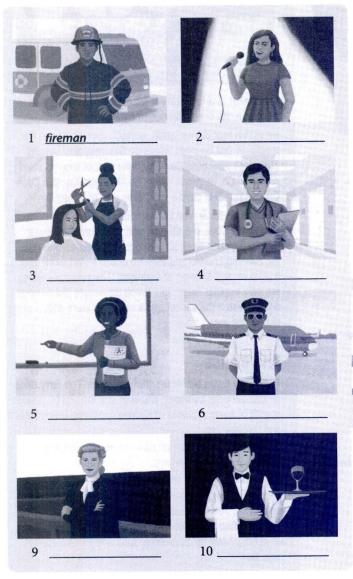
He earns \$140,000 a year and he has 30 days' holiday. In his free time Dan likes walking his two dogs with his wife, Julia. Julia is a zoologist – she works at Taronga Zoo and often works at weekends, too. What do they do on holiday? 'We go on cruises. Julia and I love a cruise!' says Dan.



Vocabulary

Jobs

1 Look at the pictures and write the job. Find the jobs in the wordsearch.



2 Complete the words with -or or -er.

1	football <u>er</u>	6	doct
2	wait	7	manag
3	act	8	police offic
4	hairdress	9	interpret
5	profess	10	film direct

D T D X Z D B C M W ٧ V R L B H H



Verb + noun

3 Write a verb from the box.

ea we		watch speak	wash have			
1 <u>u</u>	ato	:h	TV			
2 _			a forei	gn lang	guage	
3 _			your h	air		
4 _			a unifo	orm		
5 _			snook	er		
6 _			a car			
7 _			_two w	eeks' h	oliday	
8 _			_a blog			
9			a lot o	f mone	ey	
10			the tir	ne		
11			the ho	usewo	rk	
12			the do	og		



irlanguage

Everyday English

What time is it?

- 1 1 2.6 <u>Underline</u> the times you hear.
 - 1 10.30 / 10.40
 - 2 2.15 / 2.50
 - 3 two o'clock / ten o'clock
 - 4 quarter past three / quarter to three
 - 5 half past eight / ten past eight
 - 6 ten to two / twenty to two
 - 7 six thirty / six twenty
 - 8 half past twelve / ten past twelve
- 2 ①2.7 Listen and complete the conversations.
 - 1 A Excuse me! What time is it?
 - **B** It's twenty past five.
 - 2 A Do you have the time, please?
 - B Yes, it's _____ ten o'clock.
 - 3 A What time is it?
 - B It's _____ half past two.
- **3** Write the times in numbers.



1 10.30



4 _____





5 _____



3 _____



6

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

- 1 Complete the conversation with is, has, or does.
 - A My brother 'is very clever. He 2____ a very important job.
 - B What 3 he do?
 - A He 4_____ a computer programmer.
 - B Where 5 he work?
 - A He works in Virginia in the United States.
 - B Who 6_____ he work for?
 - A Microsoft.
 - B ' he married?
 - A Yes. His wife *____ American.
 - B he have any children?
 - A Yes, he 10_____ a three-year-old son.
- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct word.
 - 1 He works in a hospital.
 - a work b works
 - 2 Rachel is a _____.
 - a docter b doctor
 - 3 Dave _____ work at 5.00.
 - a finishes b finishs
 - 4 Rob doesn't ______ very much money.
 - a earns b earn
 - 5 She's _____ architect.
 - a an b a
 - does he work?' 'In an office.'
 - a Where b What
 - 7 'Where does he go _____ holiday?' 'France.'
 - in **b** on
 - 8 She _____ every day.
 - a studys b studies

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

office	earns	beautiful	amazing	breakfast
goes	farmer	delicious	has	finishes
clever	ferry	weekend	interesting	writes

verbs	nouns	adjectives	
earns	farmer	amazing	

Go online to Check your progress.

3

Time off!

- Present Simple (2)
- How often ...?
- Free time activities

- Days of the week
- Social expressions (1)

Vocabulary

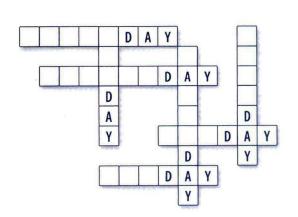
Days of the week

Complete the crossword. The answers are the days of the week. There are no clues!

Grammar

Present Simple (2)

1 Read about Helen Walker. Complete the text with verbs from the boxes.





Flying High

Captain Helen Walker is a pilot with over 25 years' experience – and a collector of dolls from around the world!

works comes flies watch doesn't have earns go

Helen Walker is 49, and she ¹______from Guildford in the south of England.

She ²______ for British Airways. She
³_____ 747s from London Heathrow
to New York JFK three times a week. She
⁴_____ £98,000 a year.

'New York is my favourite city,' she says.
'It 5_____ a lot of open spaces and parks
like London, but I like it. I 6_____ shopping
on Fifth Avenue, and I 7_____ shows on

Broadway.

(1) 3.1 Listen and check.

2	Lo	ook at	Hele	en's an	swers.	Complete	the questions
	1	'M/ho	ro d	la vou	come	from?	

1 'Where <u>do</u> you <u>come</u> from?'
'I'm from Guildford.

2	'Who	you	for?
	'I work for Br	ritish Airways.'	

3 'What planes _____ you fly?' 'I fly 747s.'

4 'Where _____ you ____ to?'
'I fly to New York.'

5 'How much ______ you _____?' 'I earn £98,000.'

6 'Where ______ you _____ shopping in New York?'
'I go to Fifth Avenue.'

7 'What ______ your husband _____?' 'He's an accountant.'

8 'How many dolls ______ you _____?' 'More than a hundred.'

1) 3.2 Listen and check.

don't take love has have collects

She's married to Bill, who's an accountant, and they

three children. The children go to Sassoon
House School. 'I '2_______ the children to school, Bill
does,' explains Helen, 'because I'm away so much.'

Helen has a hobby. She '10______ dolls from all over
the world. She '11______ more than a hundred.

'I '12______ going to toy shops when I'm in another
country,' she says.



Negatives

ŧ	eg	atives
		omplete the sentences with <i>isn't</i> , <i>aren't</i> , <i>'m not</i> , <i>esn't</i> , or <i>don't</i> .
	1	Helen Walker $\underline{\mathit{isn't}}$ a flight attendant. She's a pilot.
	2	She work in an office. She works in a plane.
		'I fly to Australia. I fly to New York.
	4	'There a lot of parks in New York, just Central Park.'
	5	'My children go to Clarence School. They go to Sassoon House School.'
	6	She take the children to school. Bill does.
	7	'I stay at home all the time. I go away a lot.'
	8	Helen collect cars. She collects dolls.
1	40	re verbs in the Present Simple
•	_	omplete the sentences with a verb from the box.
		love (x2) like want know have live prefer mean understand come
	1	I <u>have</u> two sisters and a brother.
	2	'What does this word 'expensive'?
		'It means it costs a lot of money.'
	3	I'm hungry! I a sandwich!
	4	Where do you from?
	5	,, mere ue / eu
	6	When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese I don't
	0	
	7	When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese I don't I with my parents in a town called
		When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese I don't I with my parents in a town called Chichibu.
	7	When Kenji speaks to me in Japanese I don't I with my parents in a town called Chichibu. 'Do you what time it is?'

9 'Do you like red or white wine best?'

10 They _____ good food so they often go to

'I _____ red.'

restaurants.

How often?

Adverbs of frequency usually come before the main verb. She never goes out on Monday.

They come after the verb to be. He's always late for work.

- **5** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 always / shower / morning / have / the / in / I / a I always have a shower in the morning.
 - 2 sometimes / go / cinema / to / I / go / the
 - 3 often / France / on / We / holiday / go / to
 - 4 never / coffee / morning / drink / I / in / the
 - 5 usually / 9.00 / work / I / start / at
 - 6 late / is / often / Liz / for / school
 - 7 dogs / my / always / hungry / are
- **6** Look at the chart about Harry. Complete the sentences using adverbs from the box.

sometimes never always often usually

	tea for breakfast	go to work by bus	lunch with a friend	work late	go running
Monday	1	1	X	Х	1
Tuesday	1	X	1	X	1
Wednesday	1	1	X	X	X
Thursday	111	1	1	X	X
Friday		1	X	X	/ / X X X
Saturday	1		×		1
Sunday	1		X		1

ays has tea for breakfast	Harry	1
goes to work by bus	Не	2
lunch with a friend.	Не	3
late.		4
running.		5

Vocabulary

Free time activities

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A		В
1	We love films, so	a we sometimes go running.
2	My passion is food, so	b I buy books all the time.
3	I love jazz and blues, so	c <u>1</u> we often go to the cinema.
4	We like doing exercise, so	d I often cook for friends.
	I love reading, so	e I listen to a lot of music.

- **2** Write *play* or *go* for each free time activity.
 - 1 play golf
 - 2 **go** swimming
 - 3 _____ running
 - 4 _____ windsurfing
 - 5 _____ computer games
 - 6 _____ guitar
 - 7 _____ cards
 - 8 _____ cycling
 - 9 _____ tennis
 - 10 _____ skiing





















TP.

My favourite season

3 Write the seasons in the photos.









- **4** Read about **Donna**, **Bjorn** and **Aroon**. What is their favourite season?
- **5** Answer the questions about Donna, Bjorn and Aroon.
 - 1 Where does **Donna** often go?
 - 2 Who does Donna go sailing with?
 - 3 Where do they spend Christmas Day?
 - 4 Where is **Bjorn** from?
 - 5 What months are in the winter season?
 - 6 What does he love doing in spring?
 - 7 How many seasons are there in Thailand?
 - 8 When is the flower festival?
 - 9 What do Aroon and her friends do at the flower festival?
- **6** Read the texts again and put the verbs in the correct form, positive or negative.
 - 1 **Donna** <u>doesn't come</u> (come) from England. She often _____ (go) to the beach. She _____ (like) sunbathing.
 - 2 Aroon _____ (come) from the south of Thailand. She _____ (come) from the north. She _____ (love) singing and dancing.
 - 3 Bjorn _____ (like) winter best. He _____ (like) spring.

Seasons round the world

Donna from Australia

I like summer best. We cook and eat in the garden, and we often go to the beach. I don't like sunbathing, but I love water sports. I go surfing and waterskiing, and



I sometimes go sailing with my dad. Summer here is from December to February, so we always spend Christmas Day on the beach. My cousins in England think this is very funny. They think it's always warm and sunny here in Australia, but in July and August it's sometimes cold and wet.

Bjorn from Norway

Here's a joke about my country: 'Winter is nine months long, and the other three months are good for skiing.' It isn't true! Yes, the winter months are December to February, but it is often cold in spring and autumn, too. And summer is a short season for us, but it is warm, with very long days. Spring is my favourite season. It's the best time to go skiing. I love skiing down a snowy mountain very fast, under a beautiful blue sky. Sometimes you can still ski in June – isn't that amazing?!

Aroon from Thailand

I live in Chiang Mai in the north. We don't have four seasons here, we have three – hot, rainy, and cool. I like the cool season from November to February. It's



our 'winter', and it's cold at night, but it's quite hot in the daytime. In February, we have lots of beautiful tropical flowers – red, orange, and pink, so every year we have a wonderful flower festival. I go with my friends and we sing and dance – I love it!

Adjectives

7 Complete the conversations with an adjective from the box.

delicious thirsty busy
1 'I'm <u>tired</u> .' 'Go to bed, then.'
2 'Mmm! This cake is'
'Have another slice!'
3 'I'm' 'Have a drink of water, then
4 'This TV programme is really'
'Yes, I like it too.'
5 'I'm so! I passed my exam!'
'Well done!'
6 'I'm' 'Have a sandwich, then.'
7 'Can you help me with my homework?'
'Sorry, I'm too at the moment.'
8 'I'm!'
'Go for a walk! It's a lovely day.'
(1) 3.3 Listen and check.
van acitiana

Prepositions

8 Complete the sentences with prepositions from the box.

	to from by of on in with at for
1	I come <u>from</u> Italy.
2	I go work bus.
3	I live my parents
	an apartment.
4	I like going a walk
	the park.
5	This is a photo me
	holiday Spain.
6	My sister is married an
	American.
7	I have a present you.
8	I'm always happy Friday.
9	I see my friends 8.00
	Saturday evening.
10	We go skiing winter.

Everyday English

Social expressions (1)



1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	B
1 Have a nice day!	a I have a headache.
2 I'm sorry I'm late.	b Thanks. Same to you.
3 What's the matter?	c Thanks! It's new!
4 Can I have a sandwich, please?	d That's OK, the traffic is awful today
5 What does 'hungry	f It means you want to eat!
meann	g Sure! What's the problem?
6 Can you help me?	h Good, thanks. What about yours?
7 I like your dress!	
8 How was your day	?

2 Continue the conversation with a line from **C**.

C		
1	i	See you this evening.
	j	Well, take an aspirin.
	k	Where did you buy it?
	1	Brown, please.
	m	Yes. It's always bad on a Monday morning.
	n	I'm lost!
	0	Good thanks.
	p	I'm hungry!

1)3.4 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

	Positive	Negative	Questions
1	live		
You		don't live	
He/She			Does he/she live?
We			
They			

2	Complete	the	cent	tences	with	ami	lich	are	or	dolo	loes
4	Complete	une	Selli	lences	with	um	131	ure,	OI	uoic	ives.

- A How many brothers and sisters 'do you have?
- B I have one brother and one sister.
- A How old 2_____ your sister?
- B Twenty.
- A How old 3_____you?
- B I 4 eighteen.
- A What 5 ____ your sister do?
- B She 6 a student.

3 Put the words in the correct order.

- 1 I / play / often / tennis
- I often play tennis.
- 2 never / he / goes / to / bed / early
- 3 sometimes / she / late / works
- 4 always / I'm / hungry / in / the / morning
- 5 I / get / up / usually / at / seven o'clock

4 Underline the correct answer.

- 1 A Do you walk to school?
 - B No, I comes / come by bus.
- 2 A I like my job very much.
 - B What does you / do you do?
- 3 A Where do your friends live?
 - B They live / they're live in a flat in town.
- 4 A I leave the city at the weekend.
 - B Where does you / do you go?
- 5 A What does she like doing at the weekend?
 - B She likes / She's like relaxing.

alan or no article

- **5 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with a/an or nothing (-).
 - 1 I have <u>a</u> shower in the morning.
 - 2 I go to ___ work by ___ train.
 - 3 My brother's wife is ____ French.
 - 4 She works in ____ office.
 - 5 Can I have ____ cup of coffee, please?
 - 6 We go to ____ café for ____ lunch.
 - 7 Where do you go on ____ holiday?
 - 8 She's ____ singer in ____ band.
 - 9 We stay at ____ home on Friday evening.
- 10 I go to _____ bed about 11.00.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

swimming autumn February Sunday
always Tuesday running winter surfing
September sometimes March cycling
Monday August summer often Saturday
spring October never skiing Friday
usually Wednesday playing tennis June

Seasons	Days of the week	Months	Activities	Adverbs of frequency
autumn	Sunday	February	swimming	always

Go online to Check your progress.

Somewhere to live

- Rooms and furniture
- there is/there are
- Prepositions

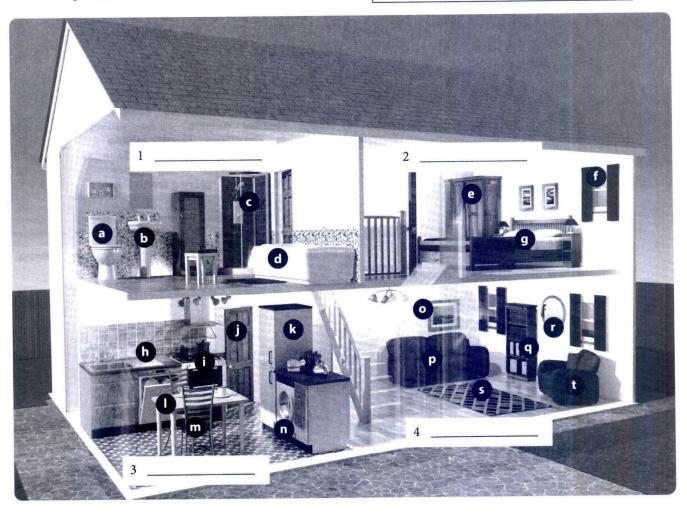
- some/any/a lot of
- this and that, these and those
- Numbers and prices

Vocabulary

Rooms and furniture

1 Look at the picture. Write the names of the rooms in 1-4.

living room kitchen bedroom bathroom



2 Write the letters from the things in the picture next to the words.

16 ____ window 1 <u>b</u> sink 6 ____ toilet 11 ____ fridge 7 ____ washing machine 12 ____ dishwasher 17 ____ armchair 2 ____ sofa 18 ____ bath 13 ____ bed 8 ____ rug 3 ____ cooker 19 ____ bookcase 14 ____ door 9 ____ chair 4 ____ shower 15 ____ picture 20 ____ dining table 10 ____ wardrobe 5 ____ mirror

Grammar

there is/there are

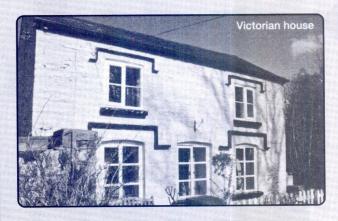
1 Look at the advert for a house in Southwold. Complete the sentences with *There is/isn't* or *There are/aren't*.

1	There are	four bedrooms in the house.
2	There isn't	a dining room.
3		an open plan kitchen/diner.
4		an open fire in the living room.
5		three bathrooms.
6		_ no Sky TV.
7		parking for two cars.
8		_ a garage.

2 Complete the conversation.

R	Hi Miles! You know the seaside town, Southwold? 1 Are there any good restaurants there? Hi Rob. Yes, there
IVI	are some excellent
	restaurants.
R	Great! 2 any
	nice cafés and coffee
	shops too?
M	Yes. 3 lots.
	My favourite coffee
	shop is in Southwold.
R	4 a nice beach?
M	Yes, 5 a beautiful beach. The children love
	the beach there.
R	
	shopping.
M	No, 7, but 8 lots of interesting
	shops.
R	Oh good. 9a pier?
M	Yes, ¹⁰ Southwold Pier is famous!
R	11 a railway station?
M	No, 12 We always drive to Southwold and
	usually a lot of traffic.
K	OK. Thanks for your help, Miles. I think Southwold
3.4	is a good place to go on a family holiday. It's a great place!
	ii s a oreal blace!

(1) 4.1 Listen and check.



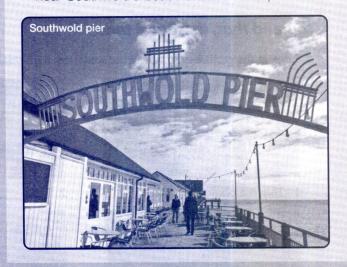
Seastones House

***** 35 reviews

Southwold, Suffolk

A family-friendly Victorian house close to the High Street and beach.

- four double bedrooms
- open plan kitchen/diner
- large living room with open fire
- two bathrooms
- large garden with BBQ
- TV (no Sky) and Wi-fi
- parking for two cars (no garage)
- 500 metres from the High Street lots of great cafés and restaurants, and lovely shops
- near Southwold's beautiful beach and pier





Prepositions

3 Look at the picture of **Tracy** in her new flat. Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

	n (x2) on below next to above near outside	opposite
1	There are a lot of books <u>in</u>	a box.
2	There's a tree	the window.
3	There's a bird	the tree.
4	There are two shelves	the window.
5	There are some cups	the shelf.
6	There's a packet of biscuits	the cups
7	There's a cooker	the window.
8	There's a cupboard	the cooker.
9	There's a kettle	_ the cooker.

this and that, these and those

some/any/a lot of

- **4** Now complete the dialogue with *some*, *any*, or *a lot of*.
 - 1 'Tracy has <u>a lot of</u> flowers.'
 'Yes, she does, but does she have <u>any</u> vases?'

2	'Are there		glasses?	
	'No, there	aren't	glasses,	but there are
		cups on t	he shelf?	

3	'Does she have	plates?'	
	'Yes, she does. There are _	•	plates in the cupboard.

4	'Does she have _	cookbooks?
	'She has	_, but not many.'

5	'Are there _	pictures?'	
	'No, there ar	ren't, but there are	lovely photos

6	'Oh dear, there isn't _	coffee left.
	'It's OK, there's	orange juice on the table!

4) 4.2 Listen and check.

5 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these* or *those*.



1 This is a photo of my kids.



4 I love _____ shoes!



2 I like _____ picture.



5 _____ are my children.



3 _____ cake is delicious!



6 Can I have six of _____ oranges?

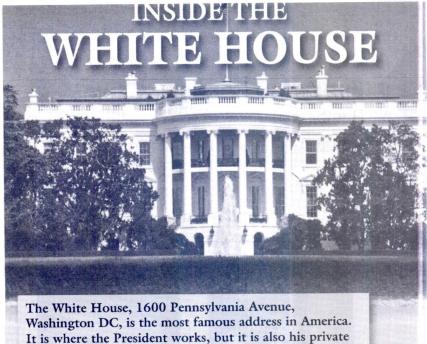
The White House

- **6** What do you know about the White House? Underline the correct answer.
 - 1 The White House is in *New York / Washington DC*.
 - 2 The White House is 200 / 300 years old.
 - 3 *The President lives / The President and his family live* in the White House.
 - 4 The White House is / isn't open to the public.
- **7** Now read the article and check your answers.
- **8** Read the article again. Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)? Correct the false sentences.
 - 1 There are 35 bedrooms in the White House.
 - X There aren't 35 bedrooms. There are 16.
 - 2 There's a fireplace in the Oval Office.
 - 3 The Oval Office has five windows.
 - 4 The desk is a gift from Queen Elizabeth.
 - 5 There are more kitchens than bathrooms in the White House.
 - 6 There are a lot of things for the President to do in his free time at the White House.

Short answers

- **9** Answer the questions about things in the White House.
 - 1 Is there a cinema? Yes, there is.
 - 2 Are there any bathrooms? Yes, there are a lot.
 - 3 Is there a swimming pool? _____
 - 4 Is there a beach?
 - 5 Are there any elevators?
 - 6 Is there a football pitch? _____
 - 7 Are there pictures of old presidents?
 - 8 Is there a bedroom called the King's Bedroom?





The White House, 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington DC, is the most famous address in America. It is where the President works, but it is also his private home, where he lives with his family. He has children's birthday parties, holiday dinners, and family weddings in this world-famous building.

THE BUILDING

First built in 1800, the White House is where the President of the United States governs a country of 50 states and 324 million people.

He lives with his family on the second and third floors. There are 16 bedrooms, a living room, a kitchen, and a dining room. Special guests stay in the Queen's Bedroom or the Lincoln Bedroom.

In the West Wing are the staff offices. The President's own office,

the Oval Office, is also there. It has three large windows behind the President's desk, and there is a fireplace at the other end.

Each new president chooses new curtains, new furniture, and a new carpet. There are pictures of old presidents on the walls, and there is a famous desk, a gift from the British Queen Victoria.



THE WHITE HOUSE DAY BY DAY

About 150 people work for the President in the West Wing and for the First Lady in the East Wing. Another 100 people look after the building day and night. The White House is open to visitors. It is free. About 6,000 people a day visit.

There are 132 rooms, 35 bathrooms, and five kitchens, all on six floors. There are three elevators*. The State Dining Room is big enough for 140 guests.

Outside, there are gardens with not only flowers, but also fruit and vegetables. There is also a tennis court, a running track, and a swimming pool. Inside, there is a movie theatre*, a billiard room, a bowling alley, and a library. As former President Ronald Reagan said, 'The White House is like an 8-star hotel!'

*elevator (US) = lift *movie theatre (US) = cinema

Everyday English

Numbers

1 4.3 <u>Underline</u> the numbers you hear.

a	15	50	e	160	260
b	7	70	f	810	820
С	68	86	g	1,000	2,000
d	20	30	h	1,500	15,000

2 Match a picture a–f with a number.











- 1512
- eighty-nine
 - one a hundred and fifty
- One thousand, five hundred and twelve
- thirteen
- seventy-three

3 ①4.4 Listen. Write the numbers you hear.

- a <u>308</u> b _____
- d _____ e ____ f

Prices

4 4) 4.5 <u>Underline</u> the amounts you hear.

a £3	30	£50	e	€100	€1000
b £	10	£12	f	€58	€86
c £	5.50	£6.50	g	\$45	\$450
d 80	0p	18p	h	\$20	\$12

5 Write the prices of the objects in words.

1 The	The jeans are fifty-five pounds.			
2				
3				
1				
5				
5				



Go online for more skills and language practice.

REVIEW

Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

Positive		Transport
There	is	a sofa.
There		three bedrooms.
Negative		
There		a bath.
There	aren't	any pictures.
Yes/No quest	tions	
	there	a table?
Are	there	any photos?

2 Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Each word can only be used once.

1	this that	aren't	any	those	a lot of	these
1	A 'How n B 'It's £6.		this bo	ook?'		
2	A 'Are the B 'No, the	The second second		pictu 	res on th	e wall?'
3	A 'Look a B 'They'r		ful!'	star	s in the s	ky.'
4	A 'Look a B 'It's hor	Star Margarette and the state of		_ picture	e over the	ere.
_	'Mmmm!			cakes an	re delicio	us!'
5	IVIIIIIIIII:					
	'There are) (TEE	apples	on that ti	ree.'
6		e	nces w			ree.'
6 C	'There are	e				ree.'
6 C 'V	'There are	e ne senter you?' 'I'n	m'			ree.
6 C 'V 1	'There are omplete the Where are y	e ne senter you?' 'I'n kitchen.	m'			ree.
6 'V 1 2	'There are omplete the Where are y <u>in</u> the	e senter you?' 'I'n kitchen. bus.	m'			ree.

5 ____ work. 6 ____ the bath.

10 ____ Paris.

7 ____ the town centre. home. 9 ____ the train.

Vocabulary

1 <u>Underline</u> the word that is different.

1	wallet	kettle	purse
2	pavement	traffic lights	sofa
3	fruit	office	library
4	laptop	printer	diary
5	plate	mug	lipstick
6	towel	lamp	soap
7	key	shoe	coat
8	window	door	garden
9	tea pot	swimming pool	tennis court
10	clothes	flowers	vegetables

Adjectives for good and bad

amazing

2 Complete the sentences with the adjectives. awful

1	I'm sorry I'm late. The traffic's <u>awful</u> .
2	Your hair looks <u>amazing</u> ! I love it!
	horrible lovely
3	It's so warm today. What a day!
4	Rain again. What a day!
	fantastic bad
5	Monday is a day for me – three hours of English!
6	Rita has a new flat. It's so big!
	terrible fabulous
7	I like your shoes! They're!
8	Don't go to that restaurant! The food's!
	wonderful really bad
9	Your father isn't well? That's news.
	I'm sorry to hear it.
10	You're getting married! That'snews! I'm so happy for you!

Stop and check Units 1-4

Grammar

Choose the correct answer. (25	marks)	
1 ''s your name?' 'Susan	na.' 14	4 ' does Sue earn?' 'The same as Tom.'
a Who b What c		a How many b How often c How much
2 ' do you spell your sur	rname?' 15	5 She tennis every weekend.
'K-I-P-L-I-N.'		a play b isn't play c doesn't play
a What b Who c	How 16	6 My children hungry.
3 Spanish – I think he	comes from Barcelona.	a are always b always are c always have
a His b He's c He		
10 97		7 Sam maths in the evenings.
4 'Is he married?' 'Yes, he	<u> </u>	a study b studies c does study
a does b has c is	15	8 Marco and Rita are really nice children go to
5 you speak German?		my school.
a Do b Are c Is		a His b Our c Their
	in a ou?	
6 'What's her job?' 'She's	_ engineer.	9 ' any sugar in your tea?' 'No, I don't like sugar
a the b an c a		in tea.'
7 ' do you go to the gyn	n?'	a Is there b Are there c Have you
'Three times a week.'		0 'Have some biscuits.' 'Thanks! I really like'
a How many b How n	nuch c How often	a it b them c some
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
8 an Austrian wife.	2	1 It very hot here in summer.
a He has b He's c	HIS	a has b does c is
9 brother's my uncle.	2	2 That was a long walk! thirsty.
a My father isb My fa	ther's c My father	a I've b I'm c It's
10 'Is that car?' 'No, it's	his'	a ive bim c no
a your b your car	2	3 We love films, so we to the cinema.
a your b your car	c yours	a often go b go often c are often
11 'Where shopping?' 'I	In the town centre.'	2007 71 22
a have you go b do yo		4 'Do you have sisters?' 'No, I don't.'
		a no b some c any
12 There too many peo		Mari and Jo go to the beach a lot in the summer.
a often is b are often	c is often	They swim well.
13 'Does Dana to work	?' 'No she goes by train'	a all b two c both
a walk h walks c		



Vocabulary

2 Complete the sentences with the correct word from the box. (15 marks)

9	summer farmer October teacher go do December flight attendant
1	The leaves fall off the trees in the
2	Christmas is on the 25 th of
3	Jon works in a big kitchen. He's a
4	Alex studies Chinese at a large university. He's a
	·
5	I love to sunbathe on the beach in the
6	I go skiing in the
7	New Year's Day is on the 1st of
8	I tennis on Fridays after work.
9	Dora travels to a lot of countries. She's a
10	I to the gym every morning at seven o'clock
	Halloween is on the 31st of
12	I the dog when I get home from work.
	Tom works outside a lot. He's a
14	I the housework at the weekend.
	Anya works at a secondary school. She's a

3 <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

		1		
1	sofa	table	chair	bedroom
2	cooker	fridge	kettle	bath
3	living room	bathroom	bed	kitchen
4	shelf	fruit	picture	poster
5	Cairo	Rome	Italy	Madrid
6	Paris	France	Egypt	Australia
7	Indian	Chinese	Swiss	Germany
8	daughter	son	parents	child
9	uncle	grandfather	nephew	sister
10	ladies	women	cities	parties
11	friendly	easy	boring	interesting
12	Saturday	Tuesday	September	Thursday
13	difficult	good	new	cheap
14	have breakfast	go to bed	get up	get dressed
15	sunbathing	swimming	going to work	reading

Everyday English

4 Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks)

(20 marks)	
1 A Good morning!today?	
B I'm fine, thanks	;
2 A Hi. Can I	•
B No, thank you. We're	looking.
3 A Hello. My name's Mar Madrid.	
B Hi, Marta.	to meet you.
4 A Excuse me. Do you _	the time?
B Yes, of course. It's	
5 A Excuse me. Whatsupermarket close? B Ten o'clock. You're Of	
·	
6 A Excuse me! Can you	me?
B Yes, of course.	
7 A How was	_day?
B Great, thanks. And _	
8 A Can I close the windo	
B Sure. Good	·
9 A Bye!ar	nice day!
B Thanks.	
10 A I like your coat. It's _	
B Thank you. I'm It's new.	

TOTAL	65
SCORE	40

Super U!

- can/can't
- was/were
- could/couldn't

- Verbs
- Noun + noun
- Polite requests

Grammar

can/can't

1 Look at the information. Complete the sentences with can/can't + verb.

	Tim	Amy	Don	Cathy
play the guitar	1	Х	X	1
speak two languages	1	1	1	Х
bake cakes	1	1	1	1
do card tricks	X	Х	Х	Х
ride a motorbike	×	Х	1	X
swim	×	1	1	X

1 Tim <u>can play</u> the guitar, but he <u>can't</u>	1	can't swi	m.
---	---	-----------	----

2	Tim	a motorbike and he
	card tricks	

3 Don	cakes, but he	the guitar

4	Amy and Don	two languages, but the	>
	the guitar.		

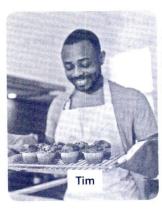
5	Cathy	a motorbike, and she	swim
	either.		

- 6 Only Don ______.
- 7 Everybody______.
- 8 Nobody_____

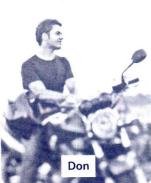
Pronunciation

2 1)5.1 Listen and <u>underline</u> what you hear.

- 1 Superman can / can't fly.
- 2 My brother can / can't play the guitar.
- 3 I can / can't ride a motorbike.
- 4 Can / Can't you drive a car?
- 5 My sister can / can't cook very well.
- 6 Can / Can't you speak Chinese? I don't believe it!
- 7 Dogs can / can't swim, but cats can / can't.
- 8 Penguins can / can't fly.









3 Complete the conversations with *can/can't* and a verb from the box.

cook	speak	run	ride	do	drive
cook	speak	run	ride	do	driv

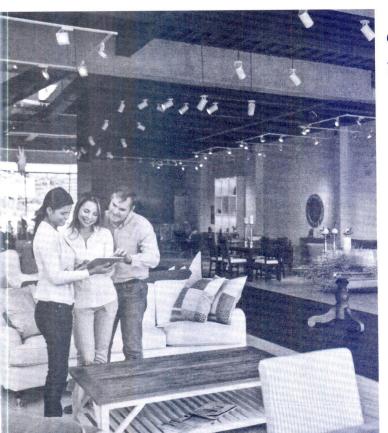
- 1 'Can you speak French?' 'Yes, I can a little bit! Bonjour!'
- 2 '_____ Peter _____ fast?' 'Yes, he _____. He's a 100-metre champion!'
- 3 '____ Alice ____ Italian food?'
 'Yes, she _____ . Really well! Her spaghetti bolognese is amazing!'
- 4 '_____ you _____ a motorbike?' 'No, I _____, but I _____ a car.'
- 5 '_____ you _____ this homework?' 'Of course I ____! It isn't really difficult!'

1) 5.2 Listen and check.

4 Rewrite the sentences with expressions from the box.

0%	1-30%	30-70%	70-80%	80%+
not at all	a little bit	quite well	very well	really well

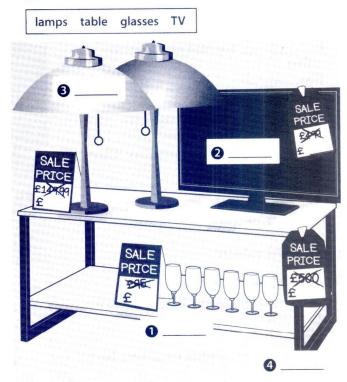
- 1 She can play chess. (90%) She can play chess really well.
- 2 She can cook. (0%)
 - She can't cook at all.
- 3 I can speak German. (40%)
- 4 He can speak Russian. (15%)
- 5 We can look after ourselves. (70%)
- 6 I can sing. (85%)
- 7 They can't ski. (0%)
- 8 I can understand Arabic. (10%)



rlanguage

was/were

5 Look at the things in the sale. Label 1–4 with the words from the box.



- 6 15.3 Listen. Write the prices on the labels.
- **7** Complete the conversations with was or were.
 - 1 A How much are those glasses?
 - B They're only £65 in the sale.
 - A How much were they before?
 - B They ____£95.
 - A Wow! What a bargain!
 - 2 A How much is the TV?
 - **B** It's £379.99 now, but it _____ £499, so it's a really good price.
 - A OK. I'd like one, please!
 - 3 A Excuse me. How much are those lamps!
 - B They're in the sale. They _____£149.99, but now they're only £99.99!
 - 4 A Excuse me. How much is that table?
 - B It _____£500, but now it's only £410 because it's in the sale. You save an amazing £90!
 - A Hmm. I really like it, but it's still too expensive.

(1) 5.3 Listen and check.

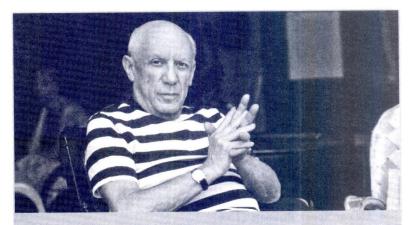
could/couldn't

- **8** Complete the sentences with *could* or couldn't.
 - 1 I could walk when I was one, but I couldn't talk until I was three.
 - 2 _____ you read when you were five?
 - 3 My daughter ______ feed herself until she was four.
 - 4 I _____sleep last night. My neighbour's TV was so loud!
 - 5 I _____ find you yesterday. Where were you?
 - 6 'When I was five I _____ speak English and Russian.' '____ you read English and Russian as well?'

can/can't/was/were

- **9** Choose the correct answer.
 - 1 I can read English, but I _____ write it very well.
 - a can
- b <u>can't</u>
- 2 I _____ swim when I was three, but I can now.
 - a can't
- **b** couldn't
- 3 What month _____ it last month?
- **b** were
- 4 I couldn't ski when I was three and I still
 - a can't
- b couldn't
- 5 Sofia and Adam _____ at the party last night because they're on holiday.
 - a aren't
- b weren't
- 6 I _____ do the homework! Could you help me, please?
 - a can't
- **b** couldn't

Picasso the prodigy



Pablo Picasso 25 October 1881–8 April 1973

- 10 Pablo Picasso was a child prodigy. Read and complete the conversation about him with was/wasn't, were/weren't, and could.
 - A Hey, look at that painting! It's a Picasso!
 - **B** Oh yes! It's amazing!
 - A Where 'was Picasso born?
 - B In Malaga.
 - A Ah! So he 2_____ Portuguese?
 - B No, he 3_____. He 4_____ Spanish. Malaga is in Spain.
 - A Of course! 5_____ his parents rich?
 - B Well, they 6_____ rich and they 7____ poor. His father, Don José, 8_____ a painter and a professor of art. His mother, Dona Maria, 9_____ a housewife.
 - A So, 10_____ Picasso good at drawing when he 11___ young?
 - B Oh, yes. He 12_____ a child prodigy. He 13_____ draw before he could speak. His first word 14______lápiz, which is Spanish for pencil.
 - A Wow! What a story.
 - (1) 5.4 Listen and check.



Galileo, the father of modern science

- 11 Read about Galileo. Underline the correct answer.
 - 1 Galileo was born in Pisa / Rome.
 - 2 His father was a scientist / musician.
 - 3 He was a student / professor at the University of Pisa.
 - 4 He was the father to three / four children.
 - 5 His theory was the sun went round the Earth / the Earth went round the sun.
 - 6 He was at home / in prison when he died.
 - 7 In his final years, he couldn't see / hear.
- 12 Read the text again. Answer the questions.
 - 1 What nationality was Galileo?

2	He was a	physicist	and a	mathematician.	What	else	was	he?
---	----------	-----------	-------	----------------	------	------	-----	-----

- 3 When was he born?
- 4 Where was he a professor of mathematics and astronomy?
- 5 Was he married?
- 6 What could he see with his telescope?
- 7 Why did some people think his ideas were dangerous?

and/but/so/because

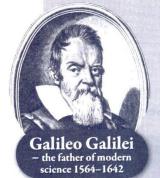
13 Look at these words that join sentences.

I like Pete *and* I like his wife. I like Pete, *but* I don't like his wife. John's ill, *so* he's in bed. He's in bed *because* he doesn't feel very well.

Join the sentences with and, but, so, or because.

- 1 I can't cook, so my husband does all the cooking.
- 2 Picasso's father was a painter _____ a professor of art.
- 3 Picasso couldn't speak very well when he was little, he could draw well.
- 4 I work hard _____ I need to earn some extra money.
- 5 I wasn't very hungry this morning, _____ I didn't have breakfast.
- 6 Galileo was the father of three children, _____ he wasn't married to their mother.
- 7 I like Rachel _____ she's funny and she makes me laugh.
- 8 Galileo could see the planets Jupiter _____ Venus with his telescope.

مجعزباناياانيان



Galileo Galilei was
an Italian physicist,
mathematician, astronomer,
and philosopher. He was
a brilliant scientist, and is
often called 'the father of
modern science'.

\$∞ PERSONAL LIFE ∞\$

Galileo was born in Pisa, Italy. He was the first of six children of Vincenzo Galilei and Giulia Ammannati. His father was a famous musician.

Galileo's early education was in a monastery. Later, at the University of Pisa, he was first a student of medicine, and then a student of mathematics. From 1592 to 1610 he was a professor of mathematics and astronomy at the University of Padua.

Galileo was the father of three children – two daughters and a son – but he wasn't married to their mother.

\$ SCIENTIFIC LIFE ®\$

Galileo could make excellent telescopes, and with them he could see moons going round the planet Jupiter, and the planet Venus going round the sun.

At the time, the belief was that the Earth was the centre of our universe, and that the sun went round the Earth. Galileo's theory was that the sun was the centre, and the Earth moved round it.

\$ THE LAST YEARS ∞\$

The Roman Catholic Church wasn't happy with Galileo's ideas. They were dangerous, because they were different from the ideas in the Bible.

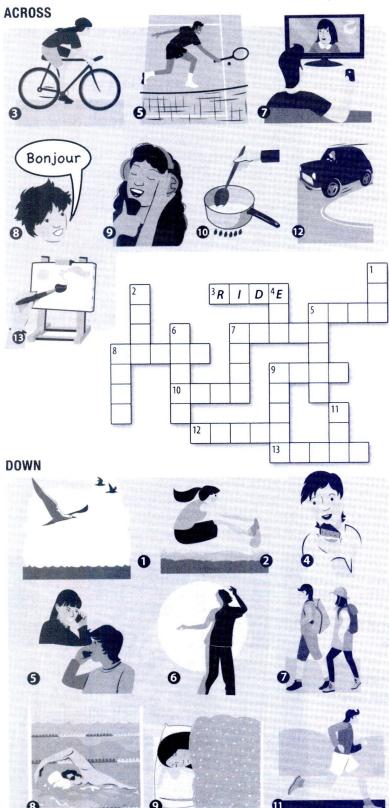
In the last years of his life, Galileo was completely blind, and couldn't see anything. He died in his home in Florence in 1642. He was 77 years old.



Vocabulary

Verbs

1 Do the crossword. All the answers are verbs.



	omplete the sentences with verbs from the ossword in the correct form.
1	I can <u>speak</u> three languages.
2	I always TV in the evening.
3	Julie dinner every night for her family.
4	When I'm on holiday I always
5	in the sea. Mike his bike to work because
_	he likes the exercise.
	I'm a vegetarian. I meat.
	I usually for eight hours a night
8	Theo can the guitar really well.
lo	un + noun
	nswer the questions with a noun + noun ombination from the Student's Book page 56.
1	'Where do trains stop?'
	'At a <u>railway station</u> .'
2	'Where can you buy petrol?'
	'At a'
3	'What do you wear when it's a sunny day?'
4	'Where can you drive fast between one city and another?' 'On a'
5	'Where does a woman usually carry her purse, phone, keys?' 'In her'
6	'Where do you wait for a bus?'
	'At a
7	'Where can you park your car?' 'In a
8	The second secon
9	
10	'Where can you buy a book?' 'In a'
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 lo 4 5 7 8 9

Everyday English

Polite requests

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words and phrases from the boxes.

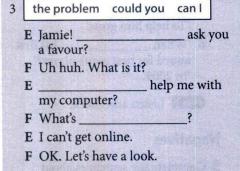
could you of course	Can I
A Hi! <u>Can I</u> help you?	
B A coffee, please.	
A Espresso? Cappuccir	no? Latte?
B An espresso, please.	
A	Take a seat.
could you of course	could I
C Excuse me!	as
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	. What is it?
	tell me what
	A Hi! Can1 help you? B A coffee, please. A Espresso? Cappuccin B An espresso, please. hot water as well? A could you of course C Excuse me! you a question? D

'yellow' means?

Butter is yellow.

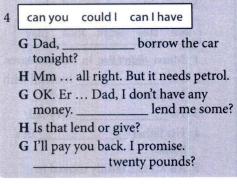
C Ah, OK! Thanks.





D Yellow is a colour. The sun's yellow.







5.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.



REVIEW

Grammar

Underline the correct sentence.

- 1 a I don't can use a computer.
 - b I can't use a computer.
- 2 a She can't speak English.
 - b She no can speak English.
- 3 a Do you can play chess?
 - b Can you play chess?
- 4 a They was on holiday in Spain.
 - b They were on holiday in Spain.
- 5 a He can't cook at all.
 - b He can cook at all.
- 6 a She can play the piano when she was five.
 - **b** She could play the piano when she was five.

Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

a bike a marathon your homework the guitar a text an exam a mile an email dinner the piano a horse a motorbike football a race a letter a cake housework chess a noise cards

a bike	a mile	a letter
make	do	play
a noise	housework	cards

Go online to Check your progress.

Lessons in life

- Past Simple (1): regular and irregular verbs
- Past time expressions

- Describing feelings: -ed/-ing adjectives
- What's the date?

Grammar

Past Simple (1) Regular verbs

1 Read about the footballer Lionel Messi. Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the Past Simple.

The best foot player in his laways play my be Lionel Messi	tory?
Lionel Messi was born on 24 June 1987. As a child, he ¹_lived_ in Rosario, Argentina. Messi always ² playing football with his brothers and their friends. He was a brilliant player, and ³ playing for Rosario's youth club in 1995.	start live love
Messi 4 very small for an 8-year-old boy – too small. He 5 medicine to help him grow, but it was very expensive. Messi's father, Jorge, 6 in a factory, and couldn't pay for it all himself.	look work need
In 2000, the Spanish club FC Barcelona saw Messi play and 7 him to join their youth team. The club 8 to pay for his medicine, and Messi and all his family 9 to Spain.	move ask offer
Messi was homesick and '0 Argentina, but when he joined the Barcelona first team, aged 17, and '1 a lot of goals, he was happy. In 2009 he 12 his first FIFA award <i>The Best FIFA Men's Player Award</i> . He is often called the best player in history.	score receive miss

2 Look at the answers about Lionel Messi. Complete the questions. 1 'Where did Messi live ?' 'In Rosario, Argentina.' doing?' 'Playing football with his brothers and their friends.' playing 3 'When_ for Rosario's youth club? 'In 1995.' 4 'Where____ father__ 'In a factory.' expensive 5 'Why_ medicine?' 'To help him grow.' 6 'When _ his first award for best men's player?' 'In 2009.'

Negatives

3 Complete the sentences about Messi with a verb from the box.

(1) 6.1 Listen and check.

	l ive s	tay	work	look	play
1	Messi	did	n't live	in Bue	nos Aires
2	He _			foo	tball wit
3	1110 010			ver	y tall.
4	His fabank.				in a
5		. Th			d to in

Pronunciation of -ed

4 (1)6.2 Listen to the pronunciation of -ed for these Past Simple verbs. Write them in the correct column.

lived started scored stopped enjoyed	decided moved received opened worked	played agreed watched talked visited	offered looked liked travelled	missed needed stayed died	
--	--	--	---	------------------------------------	--

/t/	/d/	/1d/	
missed	lived	decided	

6.3 Listen and check.

5 Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of the verbs in the box.

	die earn move talk live start want watch
1	We <u>lived</u> in a small house when I was a child. /d/
2	I a really good programme on TV last
	night. /t/
3	We out of London because it was too
	busy. /d/
4	We all a large pizza because we were so
	hungry. /ɪd/
5	I a new job last Monday. I love it! /1d/
6	He a lot of money last year, so he has a big
	tax bill! /d/
7	She a lot about her childhood in
	Australia. /t/
8	My grandfather in 2012. /d/

(1) 6.4 Listen, check and repeat.

Past time expressions

- **6** <u>Underline</u> the correct past time expression.
 - 1 I watched TV last night / last evening.
 - 2 I played tennis yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
 - 3 My sister moved to Australia the last year / last year.
 - 4 I worked very hard last week / in last week.
 - 5 My parents visited yesterday evening / last evening.
 - 6 I travelled round the US last summer / past summer.
 - 7 I walked 30 kilometres on last Friday / last Friday.
 - 8 I cycled to work yesterday morning / last morning.

7	Numb	er the times in order, $1-7$, with 1 nearest to now
		this morning
		last winter
	_1	two minutes ago
		in 1996
		the day before yesterday
		yesterday evening
		ten years ago

the or no article

8 EXTENSION	Complete the sentences with	the or -
(no article).		

1	What's	the	name	of	this	hotel?	
---	--------	-----	------	----	------	--------	--

2	I go to	work by	bus.
4	I go to	 WOLKDY	 bus.

3	Can	you	tell	me	 time?
	~~~	100			 

4	I	live	in		city	centre.
---	---	------	----	--	------	---------

5	What	time	do	you	have		lunch?
---	------	------	----	-----	------	--	--------

6	I w	ent to	cinema	last	night.
6	I w	ent to	cinema	las	t

7 Th	S 1S		best	restaurant	ın		worl	a
------	------	--	------	------------	----	--	------	---

8 I have a house in cour	ntry	٧.
--------------------------	------	----

9 I saw James last _____ month.

10 Can you play _____ guitar?

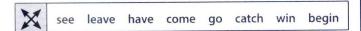
11 The Cup Final is on _____ TV this afternoon.

12 Their flat is on _____ first floor.

### Irregular verbs

**9** What is the Past Simple form of the irregular verbs? Find them in the wordsearch.

<b>↔</b>	send	spend	give	become	fly	lose	write	pay
		•	_					



<b>†</b>	cost	make	meet

**10** Complete the sentences with the Past Simple form of an irregular verb.

1 I didn't go to New York, I went to Chicago.

2 We didn't meet Tom, we _____ Harry.

3 He didn't leave last week, he ______ yesterday.

4 We didn't see a film, we _____ a play.

5 I didn't buy a TV, I _____ a laptop.

6 He didn't send a letter, he _____ an email.

7 She didn't make spaghetti, she _____ pizza.

8 We didn't have white wine, we _____ red.

Z

11 Read the text. Put the irregular form of the verb in brackets into the Past Simple.

### One of the best wedding proposals!

On 23 May, a few years ago, Isaac Lamb, a young man from Oregon, US, 1 made (make) an amazing video of his wedding proposal to his girlfriend. It 2_____ (go) viral on the Internet and 3_____ (become) one of YouTube's most popular videos, with over 26 million views!



Lamb, an actor and director, asked more than sixty friends and family to help him make the video. They all 4 (sing) Bruno Mars', Marry you, together as Isaac asked his girlfriend, Amy Frankel, to marry him. Bruno Mars s (see) the video and said it was perfect for his song.



It was Isaac's grandmothe	er who 6	(tell) him to
marry Amy, after she 7	(me	et) her for the first
time, but it *	_ (take) Isaac th	ree years to propose.
They finally 9	(get) married	two years later. It
was a big wedding beca	use they 10	(have) lots
of friends and family to i	nvite, including a	all the people in the
video. They 11	(send) an in	vitation to Bruno
Mars, but he 12	(can not) (	come because he
was too busy.		

(1) 6.5 Listen and check.

#### The life of John Lennon

12		ead about <b>John Lennon</b> . Complete the ntences.
	1	John's father left home when he was five .
	2	His mother died when
	3	He started The Beatles with Paul and George in
	4	The Beatles played more than
	5	The last album they made was
	6	The Beatles broke up in
	7	John and Yoko lived in an apartment near
13		ook at the answers about John and The Beatles. omplete the questions.
	1	'Who <u>did</u> John <u>live</u> with?' 'He lived with his aunt, Mimi.'
	2	'How his mother?' 'She died in a car accident.'
	3	'Where John to school?' 'He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool.'
	4	'When The Beatles?' 'They started in 1960.'
	5	'When they first to the United States?' 'In 1964.'
	6	'Why they playing live concerts?' 'Because the audience made too much noise.'
	7	'Who John in 1969?' 'Yoko Ono.'
	8	'Where they to?' 'New York.'
	9	'When John and Yoko Imagine?' 'In 1971.'
	10	'Where Mark Chapman John Lennon?' 'Outside John's apartment.'



### **JOHN LENNON** 1940–1980



John Lennon was a member of a band called The Beatles. With Paul McCartney, he wrote some of the greatest songs of the 20th century.

John Lennon had an unhappy childhood. His father left home when he was five. His mother couldn't bring him up, so John lived with his aunt

Mimi until he was 19. When he was 17, his mother died in a car crash. He went to Quarry Bank High School in Liverpool. He met George Harrison and Paul McCartney, and in 1960 they started a band called The Beatles.

The Beatles recorded their first single Love Me Do in 1962. They became famous in 1963, when they played more than 200 concerts. In 1964, they went to the United States for the first time and played on American television.

### No more concerts

The Beatles stopped playing live concerts in 1966 because the audience made so much noise that nobody could hear the music. They continued to record songs, and in 1967 they made the album Sgt. Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band. The last album they recorded together was Abbey Road.

John Lennon married the artist, Yoko Ono, in 1969, and in 1970 The Beatles broke up. John and Yoko moved to New York. John wrote and sang his most famous song *Imagine* in 1971. In 1980, he and Yoko recorded a new album, *Double Fantasy*.

He was killed a month later. An American, Mark Chapman, shot him outside John's New York apartment near Central Park. Two days before his murder, John Lennon told an interviewer, 'I feel safe in New York. I can go anywhere. It's my home.'

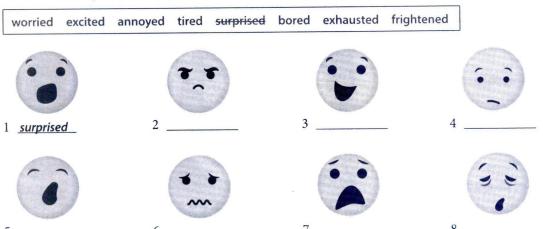
(1) 6.6 Listen and check.



### Vocabulary

### **Describing feelings**

1 Match the feeling with its emoji.



2 Match a line in A with a line from B.

A		В	
1	The concert was boring	a	because it's his
2	I was very tired		birthday soon.
3	Billy is very excited	b	'Are you angry with me?'
4	I'm interested in	C	so I left before the end.
	modern art	d	so I went to bed early.
5	'What's the matter?'	e	There's so much to see
6	I'm worried because		and do.
	it's 10 p.m.	f	so I loved the exhibition.
7	I was so bored in	g	and the children aren't
_	the lesson.	9	home yet.
8	Berlin is a very	h	Hearned a lot.
0	exciting city.	;	I didn't understand
9	The lecture was very interesting.		a word.

**3** Continue the conversation with a line from C.

C	The second secon
j	Did you? I didn't learn anything.
k	You left a Justin Bieber concert? You're mad!
	He's amazing!
1	Me too! I really hate maths!
m	Ssh, what's that? I think I can hear them now!
n	Yes, I can't believe he's nearly 10!
0	Yes, it's one of my favourite cities, too.
p	No, of course not. I'm just angry with myself!
q	Me too. Did you see that famous Picasso picture?
r	I did, too. Everyone feels better after a good night's sleep.

(1) 6.7 Listen and check.

	interesting interested
1	I like <i>The Times</i> because it's an <u>interesting</u> newspaper.
2	I don't want to watch the football. I'm not <u>interested</u> .
	bored boring
3	You look Don't you like opera?
4	I hate politicians! They're so!
	excited exciting
5	Hooray! We're on holiday! I'm so!
6	Our holiday was so I learned how to ski
	annoyed annoying
7	She eats with her mouth open. It's very
	I get very when people don't say 'Please' or 'Thank you'.
	worried worrying
9	The news is very It's all about war.
10	I'm about my exams next week.
	exhausted exhausting
11	I feel I got up at 6 a.m. today!

12 We had to walk 10 km today. It was _____.

**4** Complete the sentences using each adjective once.

### **Everyday English**

### What's the date?

1 Match the numbers and words.



2 (1) 6.8 Listen. Write the dates you hear.

1	2 April 1998
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

**3** Write the dates in a different way.

	the first of January
	January the first
2	the tenth of March
	-
3	the fifteenth of May
1	the second of June
	- 1 1 2
)	July the fourteenth
-	A
)	August the third
7	September the eighth
	september the eighth
3	November the fifth
,	november the min

**Go online** for more skills and language practice.

### **REVIEW**

### Grammar

### Irregular verbs

1 Complete the chart with the verbs from the box. Write the Past Simple forms.

begin start visit write leave buy do see enjoy go take paint have travel come stay meet talk ask live stop play

Regular verbs		Irregular verb	5
Infinitive start	Past Simple started	Infinitive begin	Past Simple began

C	omplete the conversation with ao, aoes, aia, aiant, was, were, of haa.
A	Where 'were you at school?
B	I 2 at school in Manchester.
A	3you like it?
B	Not really. I * enjoy it very much.
A	5you a good student?
	Well, I 6 everything the teachers asked me to do, but I 7
	like them.
	Why not? • they not very nice?
B	Two of them were OK, but I 2 horrible teachers for some
	subjects.
A	10you enjoy the sixth form?
B	Yes, that was better. I 11 quite a good time in my last two years.
A	What school 12your children go to?
B	I only have one child - a daughter. She goes to the local school.
A	13 she like it?
B	Yes, she's very happy there, thank goodness!

Go online to Check your progress.

## Remember when ...

- Past Simple (2): regular and irregular verbs
- Time expressions: in, at, on, ago
- Adverbs: regular and irregular
- Special occasions

### Grammar

Past Simple (2) Regular and irregular verbs

- 1 Look at the photos. What is the 'Clipper Race'?
- **2** Read the text. Put the verbs in brackets in the Past Simple.
- **3** Look at the questions and answers about Robin Knox-Johnston's Clipper Race. Complete the questions with the verbs from the box.

а	rri	ve	sail	start	do	feel	leave	take	think
1			200	lid Kn ne wor	and the same of	ohnsto	on first	<u>sail</u> s	olo
	B	In	1969.						
2		Ho hir		ng		_ the	j <mark>ourn</mark> e	у	
	В	Ov	er te	n mon	ths.				
3			hen _ 1996		tl	ne Cli	pper Ra	ace	
4		W	hich t	town_		t	he eigh	it yach	ts
				from	n?				
	B	Ply	mou	th.					
5	A	W		bac			nning youth?	acht	
	B	Ne	early a	a year	later.				
6	A			nd of t			memb	ers	
	B	Ve	ry tir	ed.					
7	A			the				er, Bob	Baker
	В	A	few y	ears a	go.				
8	A	W	hat _	race?	B	ob		befor	e he
	B	Tł	nat ya	chting	was	a rich	n man's	sport.	
a				n and				100	

ACE — d in a yacht!
ohnston became stop round the world. s. In the years after (want) more (start) the famous
o, with eight 60- (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (leave) (lea

The interest in extreme sports and adventure challenges continues to grow. It's expensive to take part in the Clipper Race, but it's very popular. This is because all kinds of people want a new and special challenge in their lives. Last year nearly 20,000 people "_______(apply) to do it. Bob

_(do) it a few years

(think) that yachting was a

Baker, a lorry driver who 12_

rich man's sport, but it's not at all'.

ago, said, 'I always 13____



#### **Negatives**

- **4** Read the first line about the race and Knox-Johnston. Correct each line, using the prompts to write two sentences.
  - 1 The Clipper Race started in 1998.

(It / not start / in 1998 / It / start 1996)

It didn't start in 1998. It started in 1996.

2 The first race left from Southampton.

(It / not leave / from Southampton / It / leave from Plymouth)

3 The crew members in the first race were all men.

(They / not be / all men / There / be / women too.)

4 Knox-Johnston sailed to South Africa.

(He / not sail / South Africa / He / not have / enough money)

5 He met his wife when he was eighteen.

(He / not meet his wife / when / he / be / eighteen / He / meet her / when / he / be / eight)

6 He had two children.

(He / not have / two children / He / just have / one daughter)

7 He won £6000 prize money in his first race.

(He / not win £6,000 / He win / £5,000)

8 He won his second solo round the world race in 2007.

(He / not win / his second solo race / He / come / fourth)

fourth)

### Questions

**5** Match a question word in **A** with an answer in **B**.

A	B
1 When?	a A sandwich.
2 Why?	b <u>1</u> Last Sunday.
3 Who?	c My uncle David.
4 What sort?	d In Paris.
5 Where?	e 16.
6 How old?	f Because I wanted to
7 How?	g 30.
8 What time?	h A Mercedes.
9 What?	i 9.30 a.m.
10 How many?	j 3 hours.
11 How much?	k \$45
12 How long?	I By plane.

6	Put the	words in	the	correct	order	to	make	questions
---	---------	----------	-----	---------	-------	----	------	-----------

1	school /	did /	When /	start /	you /	
---	----------	-------	--------	---------	-------	--

A When did you start school?

B When I was five.

2 morning / you / time / get / up / What / this / did /?

A _____

**B** At seven o'clock.

3 dinner / night / have / What / you / last / for / did /?

A ____

B Chicken curry.

4 did / today / you / How / travel / here / ?

A

B By train.

5 it / long / How / take / did /?

A

B An hour.

6 was / Who / the / yesterday / with / girl / saw / I /

you / ?

**B** My sister!

7 did / go / home / Why / you / early /?

A

B Because I felt sick.

8 phone / much / How / cost / did / your /?

A

**B** £300.

1) 7.2 Listen and check.



#### **7** Complete the questions in the conversation.



- B Lovely! 1 Where did you go?
  - A Tabure. It's a new Turkish restaurant in town.
  - B² like it?
  - A Yes, we did. We had a great meal.
  - B What 3_____?
  - A I had beef koftas with a green salad.
  - B *_____expensive?
  - A No, not really. £20. That's not too bad, is it?



- 2 A We went to Alison's wedding last week.
  - B Where '____
  - A It was in Scotland.
  - $\mathbf{B}^{\ 2}$ ______ people were there?
  - A A lot! There were about 150.
  - B What 3_____?
  - A She wore a lovely white dress. She looked beautiful!
  - B 4_____ a good time?
  - A We had a great time! I danced till three in the morning!

### (1) 7.3 Listen and check.

### **Time expressions**

in/at/on

**8 EXTENSION** Complete the time expressions with *in*, *at*, on, or no preposition (-).

1	<u>on</u> Saturday
2	summer
3	last night
4	the twenty-first century
5	eight oʻclock
6	yesterday
7	the 12th March
8	June
9	Monday morning
10	2018
11	my birthday
12	the 1990s
13	the weekend
14	last year
15	the afternoon

#### ago

**9 EXTENSION** Look at the *Time then* and the *Time now*. How long ago was it?

Time then	Time now	How long ago?		
1 5 p.m.	6 p.m.	1 <u>an hour ago</u>		
2 10.10	10.15	2		
3 Monday	Thursday	3		
4 May 1	May 14	4		
5 January	June	5		
6 September 21st	September 28th	6		
7 2010	2020	7		

# A History of the Early Cinema

1895-1940s

The first moving picture shows started in theatres in England, France, and the United States at the end of the 19th century.









#### 1895-1910 Silent movies

In 1905, the first cinema, or 'Nickelodeon', opened in Pittsburgh, and by 1907 there were about 4,000 'Nickelodeons' in the US. The films were short (sometimes just one minute long) and silent, but there was usually a pianist to accompany them. Film shows lasted about half an hour.

Later films became longer and were often Bible stories. Until 1910, the actors were not named. With the longer films, their names started to appear on screen. The idea of 'film stars' was born.

### 1910-1927 'HOLLYWOOD' is born!

In the early years, American films were made in or near New York, but in 1910 many film companies moved to California because of the sunshine and the scenery. Westerns – films about cowboys – became very popular, and California was the perfect place to film.

By 1914 American films were very popular, and Hollywood became a 'movie factory'. In the 1920s studios made about 800 films a year, 82% of the world's films. Hollywood's silent movie stars, such as Charlie Chaplin and Buster Keaton, became famous throughout the world.

#### 1927-1940s The coming of SOUND!

Hollywood made its first movie with sound in 1927. It was called *The Jazz Singer*. By the end of 1929 nearly all films were 'talkies'. Now began what is often called 'The Golden Age of Hollywood', with its rich, famous, glamorous film stars such as Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart, and Judy Garland.

### A History of the Early Cinema

- **10** Read the first part of the text '1895–1910'. Complete the questions with *did*, *was*, or *were*. Then complete the answers.
  - 1 'When <u>did</u> the first moving picture shows start?''At the end of the 19th century.'
  - 2 'Where and when _____ the first cinema open?'
    'In _____, in _____.'
  - 3 'How many 'Nickelodeons' _____ there in the US by 1907?'
  - 'About _____.'
    4 'How long _____ the film shows last?'
  - 'About _____.'
  - 5 'What kind of stories _____ they often tell?'

    stories.'

(1) 7.4 Listen and check.

11	Read the rest of the text. Complete the question	ns and	the answers.
	1 'Where were the first American films made	?' 'In	New York .

2	(	did the film companies move to California?'
	'Because of _	
3		kind of film became popular?' '
4	(	_ did Hollywood become a 'movie factory' for
	the world?'	,
	'Ву	· ·
5	•	_ films did the studios make every year?'
	(	· 
6	ć	_ two movie stars became famous throughout th
	world?'	
	'Buster Keate	on and'
7	c	did Hollywood make its first sound movie?'

7 '_____ did Hollywood make its first sound movie? 'In _____.'

8 '_____ were some of the film stars of 'The Golden Age of Hollywood'?'

Clark Gable, Greta Garbo, Humphrey Bogart and _____

### Vocabulary

quiet quietly

### **Adverbs**

1 Complete the sentences using the adjective once and the adverb once.

		<b>Quiet</b> , please. There is an exam in progress. Amy talks so <b>quietly</b> . I can never hear what she's saying!							
		bad badly							
	3	Morris has really teeth.							
	4 I failed my piano exam because I played so								
		careful carefully							
	5	Please listen to what I'm saying. It's very important!							
	6	Be children when you cross the road.							
		slow slowly							
		Please speak more, I don't understand.							
8 I am a really runner. I always come last on sports day.									
		beautiful beautifully							
		You have a house. I love your kitchen.							
1	0	The children sang at their Christmas concert.							
<b>2</b> Complete the sentences with an irregular adverb from the box.									
		<del>hard</del> fast well early late							
		George worked really <u>hard</u> and passed all his exams.							
	2	Paul gets the six o'clock train every morning. He gets up very							
	3	Becky is always for school. She needs an alarm clock.							
	4	The police gave Harry a speeding ticket because he drove too							
	5	You speak English very!							



### **Everyday English**

### **Special occasions**

**0**7.5 Listen and complete the conversations.

	Section 1	Listen and complete the conversations.
1	B A	That's it! It's January 1st!  New everyone!  Happy New Year!  to the old year! Here's to the!  Cheers!
2	B A B A	It was my birthday yesterday.  I know. Did you get my?  Yes, thank you. It was very funny.  And you were ten years old. Did you have a?  Yes, twenty friends and they brought me lots of  Great! I have for you, too you are. Happy for yesterday.  Oh, wow! Thanks!
3	B A B	Anna! Congratulations! Thank you very much. When's the? We don't know for sure. Possibly April. Can I see your engagement? Of course. Do you? Ah! It's beautiful. I can't wait for my Don't forget to say to Paul from me.
4	B A B A B	Morning, Mummy. Here you are! Breakfast in bed. Thank you. What a lovely Would you like milk in tea? Yes, please. Mmm! Here's a big bunch of, too. I am lucky. I'm the lucky one because you're mummy!

**Go online** for more skills and language practice.

### **REVIEW**

#### Grammar

1	Comple	te the	senten	ces wit	hav	erb from	n the box in the negative.
	enjoy	stay	pass	buy	go	have	of Course and the Course of th

- I went shopping, but everything was too expensive.
   I <u>didn't buy</u> anything.
- 2 My wife and I had a quiet weekend at home.

  We ______ anywhere.
- 3 Unfortunately, I only got 35% in my exam.
- 4 Pete went to a party, but it wasn't very good.

  He ______ there. He went home.
- 5 I saw Jenny in town, but I was very busy.

  I ______ time to talk to her.
- 6 My parents' holiday was awful. It rained every day.
  They ______ it.
- 2 Put the words in the correct order in these sentences.
  - 1 we / played / all / afternoon / tennis
    We played tennis all afternoon.
  - 2 did / what / get up / morning / this / time / you /?
  - 3 wrote / I / some / emails / morning / this
  - 4 go / work / to / didn't / I / on / was / I / holiday / week / because / last
  - 5 parents / married / in / got / my / 1983
  - 6 you / did / where / school / to / go /?
  - 7 didn't / to / go / Tim's / we / party / were / because / too / we / tired
  - 8 went / university / to / I / 1990s / the / in
  - 9 did/why/go/you/shops/the/to/?
  - 10 didn't / big / we / live / house / I / a / young / was / when / in

- 3 Underline the correct answer.
  - 1 Did you like/liked the film?
  - 2 I not go/didn't go to university.
  - 3 We lost the match because we played really bad/badly.
  - 4 It was my birthday in/on June 15.
  - 5 What did/do you do last weekend?
  - 6 There *was/were* about 150 people at the wedding.
  - 7 I'm a very *slowly/slow* reader. It takes me months to finish a book.
  - 8 Sarah failed her exam because she didn't work/worked hard.

### Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

bad slowly on Saturday cinema actor at six o'clock beautiful early last year fast birthday glamorous carefully rich in 2019 American movie on 20th May quietly Hollywood exciting

Nouns Time expression
cinema on Saturday

Go online to Check your progress.

## Love it or hate it!

- Food and drink
- Countable and uncountable nouns
- I like/I'd like ...

- some and any, much and many
- Shopping in the High Street

### Vocabulary

### Food and drink

1 Write the words from the box in the correct column.

chicken	milk	potato	apple
beef	banana	cheese	onion
peas	orange	broccoli	bacon
tomato	ham	strawberry	carrot
raspberry	butter	yoghurt	sausage

Vegetables	Meat	Fruit	Dairy products
potato	chicken	apple	milk

2 (1) 8.1 Listen to the stress on these words. Write them in the correct column.

chicken yoghurt potato broccoli tomato strawberry raspberry banana sausage pasta

0.	•••	•••
chicken		

### Countable and uncountable nouns

3 Are these usually countable or uncountable nouns? Write C or U.

1	U	cheese	9	fruit
2		apple	10	pasta
3		food	11	banana
4		biscuit	12	tea
5		bread	13	egg
6		milk	14	water
7		chip	15	strawberry
0		tomato	16	hutter

### a, an, or some?

8 ____ tomato

- **4** Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, or *some*.
  - 1 Children! There's some food on the table. Come and get it!

16 ____ butter

- 2 I usually have _____ apple for breakfast.
- 3 Can you buy _____ bread at the shops?
- 4 We have _____ cup of coffee and _____ biscuit at
- 5 There's some cheese in the fridge and _____tomato.
- 6 Do you want _____ drink? Tea? Coffee?
- 7 Give me _____ water! Quick!
- 8 I have _____ fruit every day.
- 9 Do you want _____ orange or _____ banana?
- eggs to make ____ omelette. 10 You need ___

### Grammar like ... and would like ...

### What do they like doing?

1 Look at the information about Bridget and Simon. Complete the sentences about them.



1	Bridget	and	Simon	both	like going	to	the	cinema.
---	---------	-----	-------	------	------------	----	-----	---------

2	Simon also	to the theatre.

3	Bridget	in restaurants, but Simon	for
	friends.		

4	Bridget	and sunbathing, but Simon	
	and visiting museum	S.	

#### I'd like + noun or infinitive

2 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	В
<ol> <li>1 I'm hungry.</li> <li>2 I'm thirsty.</li> <li>3 I have too much work.</li> <li>4 I'm hot.</li> </ol>	a I'd like a holiday. b _1 _ I'd like something to eat. c I'd like a cold shower. d I'd like a drink.
<ul><li>5 I'm tired.</li><li>6 It's my birthday.</li><li>7 I don't have any money.</li><li>8 I'm bored.</li></ul>	e I'd like to win a million pounds. f I'd like to go to bed. g I'd like to have a party. h I'd like to go to the cinema.

3	Complete	the	questions	neina	would	11	il	0
_	Complete	1116	duesidons	using	wou	uu	ın	c

C	omplete the questions using would like.		
1	'I'm hungry.' 'What would you like to eat?'		
2	'I'm thirsty.' 'What?'		
3	'I need a holiday.' 'Where	;,	
4	'I want to have a party.' 'Who		_invite?'
5	'Can we go to the cinema?' 'What		?'
6	'I want an ice cream.' 'What flavour		

#### like or would like

- 4 Choose the correct answer, a or b.
  - 1 What do you like doing at the weekend?
    - a I like going out with my friends.
    - **b** I'd like to go out with my friends.
  - 2 It's your birthday! What do you want to do?
    - a I'd like to go out with my friends.
    - **b** I like going out with my friends.
  - 3 What's your favourite colour?
    - a I'd like blue.
    - **b** I like blue.
  - 4 Which shirt do you want?
    - a I'd like the blue one, please.
    - **b** I like the blue one, please.
  - 5 We're having a party at our house next Saturday.
    - a Do you like to come?
    - b Would you like to come?
  - 6 We have a new teacher.
    - a Do you like her?
    - b Would you like her?

(1) 8.2 Listen and check.

- **5** Complete the sentences using the correct form of like or would like.
  - 1 Iane has hundreds of cookbooks. She likes cooking.

2	It's Helen's birthday next week.				
	She	to go to an Indian			

restaurant. 3 My car is 20 years old!

a new one!

4 There's a good film on TV tonight. ___ you ___ to watch it?

5 We go to the French Alps every year. skiing.

6 Sarah thinks her house is too small. a bigger one.

7 Tom is doing a website for his friend. designing.

⁵ They both _____ books.

### some and any

- **6** Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.
  - 1 I don't have <u>any</u> apple juice. But I have some orange juice.
  - 2 Are there _____ messages for me this morning?
  - 3 I never have _____ breakfast.
  - 4 You have _____ lovely friends. You're very lucky.
  - 5 Don't buy _____ bread. We have lots.
  - 6 Do you have _____ brothers or sisters?
  - 7 There aren't _____ shops in my village.
  - 8 I'd like _____ milk in my tea. Is there ____ in the fridge?
  - 9 There was _____ rain last night the road is wet this morning.
  - 10 She doesn't have _____ children.

**7** Complete the sentences with *some* or *any* and a word from the box.

petrol music food ice stamps friends chips eggs

- 1 Can you turn the radio on? I'd like to listen to some music .
- 2 I'd like _____ in my water, please.
- 3 I need to put _____ in the car. It's nearly empty.
- 4 Do you have _____? I have some letters to post.
- 5 Do we have _____? I could make an omelette.
- 6 Can I have _____ with my steak?
- 7 I met _____ from school last night.
- 8 There isn't ______ in the fridge. Sorry.

### much and many

**8** Complete the questions with *How much* or *How many*.



- 1 A 'How many students are there in your class?'
  - B 'Twenty.'



- homework do you get?'
  - B 'Too much.'



- is a cup of coffee and a piece of cake?'
  - B 'Ten euros.'



- your house?' people live in
  - **B** 'Five. Me, my brother and sister, and my parents.



- 5 A '_____ tea do you drink a day?'
  - B 'Two or three cups.'



- _ languages can you speak?'
  - B 'Two. French and German.'

(1) 8.3 Listen and check.

### Two chefs in the family

- 9 Read the introduction about the chef Gordon Ramsay and his daughter, Tilly. What is the problem with Gordon?
- **10** Complete the text with the words from the box.

likes (x3) like doesn't like 'd like loved a lot of (x2) some any many

## Father and daughter -

### CELEBRITY CHEFS

Gordon Ramsay is a world famous chef. He has 'a lot of Michelin stars — 16 in fact! His TV programmes, Hell's Kitchen and Ramsay's Kitchen Nightmares, are very popular. But there is sometimes a problem because Gordon uses so '______ bad words!

Now, Gordon's teenage daughter, Tilly, is a successful chef, too. She has her own cookery programme, Matilda and the Ramsay Bunch, on BBC TV, and a new cookbook called Tilly's Kitchen Takeover. Tilly doesn't use bad words when she's on TV!

Tilly's food is very different from the food at her dad's expensive restaurants. She 4_____ cooking simple meals that are easy to make. She also likes helping people her age to learn to cook. Tilly 5_____ preparing meals for her family and friends, too. She has some very famous friends! David and Victoria Beckham's children know the Ramsay family very well, and they often eat with them.

When Tilly was small she

watching her dad cook, and she also met a lot of famous chefs – they often visited the busy Ramsay home. Tilly started cooking, and finally decided that she ⁷______ to be a chef, too.

Tilly is a big fan of social media.

She has about 194,000 followers on Instagram. 

people, young and old, 

her recipes. Most of the time she 

chatting to them, but 

she 

everything they 
say because 

comments 
aren't very kind.

Her family love her recipes, too. They are very pleased with her success — especially her dad. He's very proud indeed.





11	Comple	te the	questions	and	answers.
----	--------	--------	-----------	-----	----------

- 1 'How many Michelin stars does Gordon Ramsay have?' 'He has 16.'
- 2 'Why is there a problem on his TV programmes?' 'Because he uses so ______ bad words.'
- 3 'What sort of food _____ Tilly ____ cooking?'
  - 'Simple _____ that are easy to make.'
- 4 'Who _____ Tilly meet when she was small?'
  famous chefs.'

(1) 8.4 Listen and check.

5	'How Instagram followers does she have?'
	'A lot –194,000.'
6	'Why doesn't she like all the comments on Instagram?' 'Because of them aren't very kind.'
7	'Do just young people use Tilly's?' 'No, people, young and old, use them'

### Vocabulary

### Daily needs

1 Look at the pictures and write the word.

1 a**daptor** 

4 m_____

2 b_____ 3 e____ 5 n_____

6 s_____

7 p_____ 8 a____

9 t_____

10 c_____

11 s_____

12 p_____

**2** Find the words in the wordsearch.

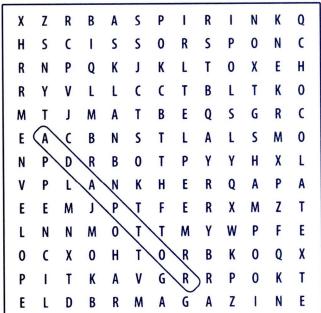




















### **Everyday English**

### Shopping in the High Street

Complete the conversations with the words from the box.



l mean much <del>sort</del> understand

- A I'd like a pair of scissors, please.
- B What sort do you want?
- A Sorry. What do you _____?
- B Well, what do you want them for?
- A Ah! Now I _____. They're for my children.
- **B** OK. We have children's scissors in a lot of colours.
- A Great! How _____ are they?



2 too large many enough

- A Can I have some aspirin, please?
- B Do you want a _____ bottle or a small one?
- A How _____ are there in the large bottle?
- B Twenty-four.
- A No, that's many.
- **B** There are twelve in the small one.
- A Twelve is ______, thanks. I'll have that one.

(1) 8.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

### REVIEW

### Grammar

	1 I like vegetables.					
	2 1	'd like som	e vegetables, ple	ease.		
	3 ]	like	bananas.			
			bananas, p	olease.		
	5 coffee is my favourite drink.					
			likec			
				office.		
			ice cream.	aam mlaasa?		
	8 '	Can I nave	ice cro	eam, pleases		
2	Co	mplete the	sentences below	using the groups of	of words in the	
	cha	art.				
	P	otatoes	is	chickens		
	C	heese	are	vegetables		
	F	ruit	come from	Scotland		
	E	ggs	comes from	made from milk.		
	N	/hisky		full of vitamins.		
	,	Dotatoos e	ve ve setables	. 4 Eggs		
				. 5 Whisky		
	3	Fruit				
3	Co	omplete the	questions with	How much? or	How many?	
	1	How much	homey	work do you get?		
				h books do you ha	ve?	
			THE REPORT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO THE PERSON NAM			
	does a small cappuccino cost?  languages do you speak?					
				its are there in you	r class?	
				do you drink a day		
				en do you have?		
	7		Cilidie	en do you nave:		
4	M	ake sentend	ces with like or 'a	l like.		
	1	I have all o	f Taylor Swift's s	songs on my playlis	st.	
		I like Taylo		Made 19 Barrier Br	New York	
	2		ks her house is t	oo small.		
			big house.			
	3		s more than twe	nty cookbooks		
		He	of those than two	, 500		
	1		ood film on ton	ight	Total Care	
	4		ood min on ton	igit.	watch it.	
	_	I		1 Com Colo	watch it.	
	5		our cats, two dog	gs, and five fish.		
		We			animals a lot.	
	6		a's birthday next		6 1 1. 1	
		She		some new clothe	s for her birthday.	
	F	→ Go online	e to Check your p	rogress.		
			- to check your p	3		

1 Complete the sentences with a, an, some, or - (nothing).

## Stop and check Units 5-8

### Grammar

	hoose the correct answer. (30 marks)  Can you speak Spanish? No,	16	My birthday is 3rd April.
	a quite well <b>b</b> not at all <b>c</b> a little		a at b in c on
2	Can Susan play the guitar? No, she  a can't b couldn't c can		My wedding anniversary is June. <b>a</b> at <b>b</b> in <b>c</b> on
3	'Who at the party last night?' 'Lots of people.'  a were b is c was		What did you do the weekend?  a at b in c on
4	What the capital of Thailand? Bangkok.  a 's b 're c was		There were no smartphones  a last winter b thirty years ago
5	The children really tired today.  a was b is c are		c two minutes ago  Can I speak to you my homework?
6	'Where you last night?' 'I was out with friends.'	20	a for b of c about
	a was b were c are	21	Is there football TV tonight?  a on b at c in
7	I walk when I was one.  a can b could c can't	22	a on b at c in  I took Karen flowers when she was in hospital.
8	When she was three she could use an iPad, but she		a any b a little c some
	read! a could b can c couldn't	23	There aren't biscuits left!  a any b a little c some
9	'What time did you the party?' 'Midnight!'  a left b leaved c leave	24	<ul><li>I an espresso and a croissant, please.</li><li>a like b love c 'd like</li></ul>
10	I Pete yesterday.  a see b seen c saw	25	I'm not old to get married.  a nearly b enough c quite
11	We a lot when I was young.  a travelled b did travel c travel	26	I hate maths. It's really  a worrying b exhausting c interesting
12	I get up early this morning because it was Saturday.	27	Beth has an important exam today. She's so  a interesting b worried c interested
13	a don't b didn't c not  I the lesson. It was boring!	28	Children get very at Christmas time.  a excited b worried c exciting
14	a not enjoy <b>b</b> didn't enjoy <b>c</b> enjoyed  'What's name of this hotel?' 'The Dorchester.'	29	Running a marathon is  a worried b exhausted c exhausting
15	a the b - c a  I live in London. a - b the c a	30	I like <i>The Times</i> because it's an newspaper. <b>a</b> exhausting <b>b</b> interested <b>c</b> interesting

### Vocabulary

**2** Match a verb in **A** with a noun or adverb in **B**. (20 marks)

A	В
1 ride	a tennis
2 play	ba bike
3 eat	c healthily
4 fly	da friend
5 phone	e a plane
•	

A	В
6 drive	f a picture
7 paint	g a cake
8 make	h well
9 get up	i early
10 feel	j a car

A	В
11 play	k hard
12 speak French	1 a cake
13 sing	m fluently
14 work	n the guitar
15 eat	o beautifully

A AK	В
16 have	pchess
17 ride	qlate
18 watch	r a horse
19 play	s breakfast
20 get up	tTV

**3** Underline the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

1	ride	fly	drive	eat
2	a bike	a plane	a car	a TV
3	fruit	sugar	flour	egg
4	milk	cheese	water	biscuit
5	a slice of bread	a glass of water	a cup of tea	chocolate
6	aspirin	shampoo	toothpaste	stamps
7	magazine	newspaper	sausages	bar of chocolate
8	sausages	stamps	chicken	steak
9	shampoo	parcel boxes	stamps	foreign money
10	post office	traffic lights	newsagent's	chemist's
11	petrol station	park	post office	bank
12	living room	dining room	garden	kitchen
13	handbag	purse	phone	pen
14	June	month	week	year
15	later	nearly	again	some

### **Everyday English**

**4** Complete the sentences with the correct words. (20 marks) 1 A Can I help you? B _____ I have an espresso, please? A Of _____. Take a seat. 2 A Excuse me! _____ ask you something? B What is it? A _____ tell me what 'classroom' is in German? **B** It's Klassenzimmer. 3 A another chocolate biscuit, please? B That's your third! OK. One more. A _____ pass the plate? 4 A Is it your birthday _____ week? B Yes. I can't wait! **A** Is your birthday on the first of April? **B** Yes, I know April the _____ is April Fools' Day! 5 A We went to the cinema last night. B _____ see? A The new James Bond film. B _____like it? A Yes, it was great! 6 A Bye! Have a great _____! B Thank you. And you. _____ on Monday. 7 A Did you have a _____ birthday party? B Yes, thank you. It was brilliant! A Did you invite _____ friends? **B** Yes. I invited 15. 8 A Can I have a box of chocolates, please? **B** _____ want a small box or a ____ box? A How _____ are there in the small box? **B** Twelve. A Twelve is _____, thank you. 9 A I _____ a small ice cream, please. B What flavour? I have chocolate, strawberry, vanilla, orange ... A Orange ice cream? That's a bit different. Can I have _____ orange one please?

**SCORE** 

TOTAL

55

85

## Life in the city

- Comparative and superlative adjectives
- have got
- Compound nouns

- Prepositions
- Directions

### Grammar

### Comparative adjectives

**1** Write the comparative adjectives.

Adjective	Comparative			
old	older			
tall				
hot				
nice				
polite				
easy				
pretty				
exciting				
beautiful				
important				

- **2** Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjective in **bold**.
  - 1 It isn't very warm today. It was <u>warmer</u> yesterday.
  - 2 Dave isn't very **funny**. His brother is much
  - 3 Cats are quite friendly, but dogs are a lot
  - 4 Your homework is good, but I think you can do
  - 5 The news is **bad**, but it could be _____.
- **3** Complete the sentences with a comparative adjective.
  - 1 This flat is too old for me. I want somewhere more modern .
  - 2 This TV programme is boring. Is there something _____ on another channel?
  - 3 This jumper is too small. I need a _____
  - 4 My coffee is cold. Can I have a _____
  - 5 This lesson is so difficult. Yesterday, it was much

4 Write four sentences about Pete and Anna using the comparative form of the adjectives from the box.

cheap expensive new old near modern big

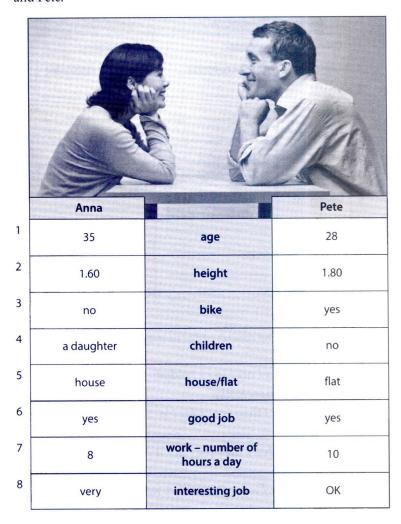
Pete	Anna
N19 795.] Car £2000	31 RN 1159 Car £25,000
Flat £100,000 Town centre 5 minutes	House £300,000 Town centre 45 minutes
1 Pete's car is cheaper than Anna's car.	1 Anna's house is older than Pete's flat.
2	2
3	3

### have or have got

5	Rewrite the sentences using the correct form of <i>have got</i> .					
	1	I have a nice flat.				
		l've got a nice flat.				
	2	Does Paul have a motorbike?				
		Has Paul got a motorbike?				
	3 We have two children.					
	4	Do you have a dictionary?				
	5	My parents don't have a lot of money.				
	6	What colour hair does she have?				
	7	I don't have an English lesson today.				
	8	You're lucky. You have a good job.				
d	0/0	does/have/has				
5		omplete the conversations with <i>do</i> , <i>does</i> , ave, or <i>has</i> .				
	1 ' <i>Have</i> you got satellite TV?'					
	_	'Yes, I can get hundreds of channels.'				
	2					
	4	'Yes, one daughter.'				
	2					
	3	'How much milk we got?' 'We haven't got any.'				
	4	they have a nice house?'				
		'Yes, much nicer than ours.'				
	5	'What sort of car she got?' 'I'm not sure. A Mini, I think.'				
	6	'What you got on your head?' 'Oh! My glasses! There they are!'				
	7	'What you have for breakfast?' 'Tea and toast, usually.'				
	8	' you have a shower every morning?'				
		'Of course! Don't you?'				
		9.1 Listen and check.				

### Comparing two people

**7** Use the information in 1–8 to complete the sentences about Anna and Pete.



1	Anna's <u>olde</u>	<u>rthan</u> Pete.				
2	taller					
3		_ has got a bike, but	hasn't.			
4	a daughter, but any children.					
5	Pete's	a flat. Anna's	a house.			
6	They've bot	h got				
7	Pete	longer hours	Anna.			
8	Anna's	a more interesting	Pete.			

### Comparative and superlative adjectives

8 Write the comparative and superlative forms of the adjectives.

	Adjective	Comparative	Superlative		
1	cheap	cheaper	the cheapest		
2	expensive	more expensive	the most expensive		
3	young				
4	happy				
5	beautiful				
6	big				
7	busy				
8	intelligent				
9	bad				
10	far				
11	new				
12	dangerous				

- **9** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.
  - 1 family / the / am / my / in / I / oldest I am the oldest in my family.
  - 2 sister / me / my / than / younger / is
  - 3 class / who / oldest / the / the / in / is /?
  - 4 passenger plane / was / Concorde / world / fastest / the / in / the
  - 5 book / interesting / than / my / your / more / is / book
  - 6 bought / expensive / shop / the / in / TV / most / Peter / the
  - 7 cheapest / buy / you / shop / in / the / the / did / watch / ?
  - 8 difficult / German spelling / English spelling / is / than / more / much
  - 9 weather / better / today / than / much / is / yesterday / the

10 Complete the questions with the superlative form of the adjective. Try to answer them, then look at the key on page 63.



1 What is the longest (long) river in the world? The Nile.



(high) mountain in 2 What is the world?



(big) city in Australia? 3 What is _



(popular) sport in the 4 What is world?



(small) country in the 5 What is world?



(old) university in 6 Where is Europe?

### Big cities, tiny homes

**11** Read about some of the world's smallest apartments. Write the superlative of the adjective in brackets.



New York, Paris, and London are famous for having some of the world's 'most expensive (expensive) homes. However, the world's (large) and (rich) cities also have some of the (small) apartments in the world.

New York has some o	f the 5
(luxurious) apartments	in the world. One of the
	thouse apartment. It's got
one of the 6	(good) views of
Central Park in the city	





Paris is one of the 9_

(beautiful) and romantic cities in the world because of its lovely old buildings. It also has one of the world's smallest apartments – but small can also be beautiful. At 8 m² it is 'petite', but pretty. It's also got one of the _____ (spectacular) views in the city, overlooking the rooftops of Paris.

One of **London**'s ¹¹ (*tiny*) apartments was once a cupboard, and is only 5.6 m². It's got a tiny kitchen, a sofa bed and a shower that is also a wardrobe. It's small, but it isn't cheap. It is worth about £250,000. That's £44,600 a square metre – and there's no window!

12	Co	omplete the questions about e apartments with the correct					
	question words.						
	1 ' <u>Where</u> are some of the most expensive apartments in the world?' 'In New York, Paris, and						
		London.'					
	2	lives in					
		one of New York's smallest apartments?'					
		'Felice Cohen.'					
	3	'square					
	9	metres is her apartment?'					
		'8.4 m ² '					
	4	does the					
		apartment in Paris overlook?'					
		'The rooftops.'					
	5	' is the					
		London apartment worth?'					
		'£250,000.'					
	6	London apartment got a nice					
		view?'					
		'Because it hasn't got a					
		window!'					
		9.2 Listen and check.					
13	3 (	Complete the sentences with					
		as got, hasn't got, have got, or					
		aven't got.  New York, Paris, and London					
	1	some of					
		the world's most expensive					
		apartments.					
	2	The penthouse in New					
		York an amazing view of Central Park.					
	2	Felicea					
	-	kitchen.					

4 The three apartments in the

much

text

space.

### Vocabulary

### **Compound nouns**

1 Match a noun in A with a noun in B to make a compound noun.

#### town centre

Α		В	
1	town —	a	park
2	railway	b	agent
3	traffic	c	centre
4	super	d	office
5	car	e	station
6	travel	f	port
7	post	g	market
8	air	h	lights

- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct compound noun from exercise 1.
  - 1 Can you buy some milk and bread when you go to the
  - 2 I'm late for my train! Could you drive me to the
  - 3 London's Heathrow is one of the biggest in the world.
  - 4 We took the bus to the _ meet our friends at the shops.
  - 5 Happy Holidays is a great ___

### **Prepositions**

**3** Look at the pictures. Write a preposition from the box.

over	along	past	round	up	down	through	under
							*
1 <u>und</u>	er the b	ridge		2		the r	iver
4	POPP	Top,	þ		1		
9	P 10	970	4				
3		_ the w	rood	4 .		the h	ill
	/	1					4
_							-
5		the h	ill	6		the b	ridge
X							<b>3</b>
	1	OFF					
7		the sl	hop	8		the b	end

### **Everyday English**

### **Directions**

1	Find these things on the ma	ap. Write a number.
	3 car park	farm
	bridge	lake
	church	wood
	park	swimming pool
	railway station	
	3	



**2** Read the directions. Where are you?

Drive along Farm Road, past the farm and the pub, and turn left. Go down the hill and under the railway bridge. Turn left at the park, and go up the hill to the church. Turn right before the church, and go along the road until you come to the traffic lights. Go straight on at the traffic lights, and it's on the left.

1) 9.3 Listen and check.

3	Now write the directions from the pool to the pub.

### **REVIEW**

### Grammar

1 Write the opposites of the comparative and superlative adjectives.

Adjective	Opposite
smaller	bigger
the cheapest	
safer	
faster	
the dirtiest	
most difficult	
quieter	
more boring	
the best	
more modern	

- 2 Correct the mistake in each sentence.
  - 1 Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is gooder.

    Evan speaks good English, but Fred's is better.
  - 2 Jenny is prettiest girl in the class.
  - 3 Who is intelligent student in your class?
  - 4 Sally is older from Cathy.
  - 5 Liam's a really expensive new car.
  - 6 'Does they have a big house?' 'Yes, it's huge!'
  - 7 'How many children do you have?'
    'I haven't got.'
  - 8 'Are we nearly there yet?'
    'Don't worry. The hotel's just on the bend.'

### Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with a preposition from the box.

	in on at in front of
1	The school is <u>on</u> the left.
2	Turn right the traffic lights.
3	There's a statue the main square.
	There are three people the bus stop.
5	The bus stop is the chemist's.
	The river is the bottom of the hill.
	The wood is the top of the hill.
	The Millbank Hotel is the right.
	the end of the street, turn left.
10	The mayor's office is the town hall.
2 1	Which one is different?
	airport railway station bus stop bank
	amport randa states
2	2 mountain river church woods
-	where when what does
4	4 flat house kitchen penthouse
	5 older taller smaller worse
	6 funniest fastest easiest prettiest
	7 in many on at
	0.1.1.1: houstful motty
	8 lovely disgusting beautiful pretty
	9 big huge small enormous
	ong huge sman enormous
1	0 chemist's post office newsagent's traffic lights
1	o cheminate host owner house

### Answer key for exercise 10 page 60

2 the highest (Everest) 5 the smallest (Vatican City)
3 the biggest (Sydney) 6 the oldest (Bologna)
4 the most popular (football)

Go online to Check your progress.



## What are you up to?

- Present Continuous and Present Simple
- -ing form
- Whose/Who's

- Possessive pronouns
- Describing people
- Social expressions (2)

### **Grammar** Present Continuous

1 Complete the sentences about what the people are doing.



1 She 's learning German.



2 He's _____tennis.



3 I'm _____ a film.



4 He _____ an email.



5 She _____ spaghetti.



6 They _____ coffee.

**2** Complete the questions about the people in exercise **1**.

'What's she learning	_?' 'German.
•	_?' 'Tennis.'
•	_?' 'A film.'
	_?' 'An email
(	_?' 'Spaghett
	2' 'Coffee'

**3** Complete the negative sentences about the people in exercise **1**.

1 She isn't learning	Greek.
2	_ golf.
3	_ the news.
4	_ a letter.
5	_ ice cream.
6	_ orange juice.

4 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A			В	
1	I'm working hard		a	she's hungry.
2	Jane's learning French.		b	we're going on holiday.
3	The baby's crying		- c	I need the money.
4	Tom's studying hard	because	d	friends are coming for dinner.
5	You're making a			diffilet.
	lot of mistakes		е	she's got a job in Paris.
6	Ken and Sally are cooking		f	he has an exam soon.
7	We're packing		g	you aren't listening.

### Spelling

**5** Look at the spellings of these verbs + -*ing* and write the -*ing* forms below.

eat eating	write	writing	swim	swimming
1 make		6	sit _	
2 go		7	buy _	
3 drink		8	smile _	
4 do		9	run _	
5 drive				

### **Present Simple or Present Continuous?**

**6** Complete the pairs of sentences using the verb once in the Present Simple and once in the Present Continuous.

#### speak

- 1 Listen to Fiona! What language <u>is</u> she <u>speaking</u>?
- 2 How many languages does she speak?

			394
-	-	-	
м	C.	a	T.

- 3 I _____ a good book at the moment.
- 4 I _____ in bed every night.

#### have

- 5 Saira and Danny _____ a beautiful house.
- 6 This party is great! I _____a really good time.

#### not eat

- 7 Clare _____ with us tonight. She isn't hungry.
- 8 Vegetarians _____ meat.

#### get

- 9 Brigitte is so spoilt. She always _____ everything she wants.
- 10 Karen's not here at the moment. She _____ the children from school.

#### rain

- 11 Oh no! It _____. We can't play tennis.
- 12 It always ______ a lot in April.

#### think

- 13 What ______ you ____ of the latest Bond film?
- film?

  14 You look worried. What

  _____you
  ____about?

**7** Look at the pictures and answer the questions.

- 1 What does Pete do?
  - He's a pilot.
- 2 Does he fly passenger planes? Yes, *he does*
- 3 Is he flying now?
  - No, <u>he isn't</u>
- 4 What's he doing?

  He's going for a walk.





- 5 What does Alice do?
- 6 Does she teach maths?
  Yes,
- 7 Is she teaching now?
- 8 What's she doing?

the cello.

- 9 What does Nancy do?
- 10 Does she design buildings?
- 11 Is she designing buildings now? Yes, _____ a shopping centre.





- 12 What does Mike do?
- 13 Does he deliver letters? Yes,
- 14 Is he delivering letters now?
- 15 What's he doing?

10.1 Listen and check.

- **8** Underline the correct verb form.
- 1 'Would you like some tea?' 'No, thanks. *I don't like / I'm not liking* tea.'
- 2 'Do you like Pete?' 'I'm thinking / I think he's a really nice guy.'
- 3 'Why don't you come out with us?' 'Sorry, I'm working / I work.'
- 4 'Sprechen Sie Deutsch?' 'Sorry, I don't understand / I'm not understanding.'
- 5 'Can I speak to Jo?' 'I'm afraid she has / she's having a shower.'

#### be or do?

- **9** Complete the sentence with *am/is/are* or do/does/don't/doesn't.
  - 1 'Why is he always late?' 'Because he doesn't have a watch.'
  - 2 'Where ______ you going?' 'I _____ going to the bank.'
  - 3 'What time _____ she have lunch?' 'At 1.00, usually.'
  - 4 'I _____ looking for a pair of shoes.' 'What size _____ you take?'
  - 5 'Why _____ John eat meat?' 'Because he ______ a vegetarian.'
  - 6 'Comment vas-tu?' 'Sorry! I _____ speak French.'
  - 7 'What _____ you doing tonight?' 'We _____ going to the cinema.'
  - 8 'Why _____ Hans studying Chinese?' 'Because he _____ going to work in China.'
  - 10.2 Listen and check.

### -ing form as a noun

**10 EXTENSION** Complete the sentences with the -ing form of a verb from the box.

ski <del>cycle</del> live (x2) say run cook learn drive

- 1 **Cycling** in London can be dangerous.
- 2 _____ a foreign language isn't easy.
- 3 My favourite winter sport is _____. 4 _____ three times a week keeps me fit.
- 5 I prefer ______ in the town to _____ in the country.
- 6 I hate _____ goodbye.
- 7 _____ too fast is really dangerous.
- 8 Your _____ is delicious.

### Whose or Who's? / Possessive pronouns

- **11** Complete the sentences with *whose* or *who's*.
  - 1 A Who's coming shopping with me? B I am.
  - 2 A _____ pink bag is this? B It's mine.
  - 3 A _____ sitting next to Tom?
    - B Julia.
  - 4 A _____ the owner of the red car, registration MK17 DFH?
    - B Oops! Sorry! That's me.
  - 5 A _____ father comes from Canada?
    - B Bill's.
  - 6 A ______ is the car outside?
    - B It's theirs.
  - 7 **A** _____ sitting here?
  - **B** I think Grace is. She's gone outside for a minute.

A Oh no! It's st	tarted to rain! _ idea was it to go for a walk?
B It was yours!	A Sorry!

10.3 Listen and check.

- **12** Rewrite the sentences with a possessive pronoun.
  - 1 It's my bike.

It's mine .

2 That's your drink.

That's _____. It's _____.

3 It's Tom's cat. 4 This is Anna's phone.

It's _____.

5 It's our dog.

It's .

6 It's Sue and Pete's house.

It's .

#### Moments in time

- 13 It is 13.00 in London on June 1. Write the correct city, LA or Tokyo, for the times below.
  - a ____ 21.00

- b ____ 05.00
- **14** Read the text. <u>Underline</u> the correct form of the verb.



It's strange to think that when you are waking up in the morning, someone else in another part of the world is going to bed! The differences in time zones around the world can be just one hour, or twelve. We're all living the same moments, but at different times of the day!

It's 5.00 p.m. GMT on a Friday afternoon. So who is doing what, where, right now?



**Darren** ¹ lives / is living and ² works / is working in London. He's a bus driver for London Transport, and ³ drives / is driving double decker buses from Monday to Friday.

It's a cold, grey afternoon in London, and Darren's bus *gets / is getting quite full because people *leave / are leaving work for the day and it *rains / 's raining. He * drives / 's driving past the Houses of Parliament, and Big Ben is chiming five o'clock.

Darren usually ⁸ finishes / is finishing work at 6.00 p.m. He ⁹ has / is having a dog called Molly, and he always ¹⁰ takes / is taking her for a walk when he gets home.



Carrie is an actress and a waitress. She ¹¹has / is having a small apartment in Los Angeles (LA). She ¹²wants / 's wanting to be a full-time actor, but it's difficult to find work. Today, she ¹³works / 's working as a waitress and she ¹⁴serves / 's serving customers at the Hollywood Diner in LA.

LA is eight hours behind London, so people ¹⁵don't finish | aren't finishing work, they ¹⁶just start | are just starting. It's nine o'clock in the morning and Carrie ¹⁷serves | is serving breakfast. She ¹⁸also tries | 's also trying to learn her lines for an audition in the afternoon. It's for a big part in a film. She really ¹⁹wants | is wanting this part. She ²⁰doesn't like | isn't liking her job at the diner.



**Keiko** is an English teacher. She ²¹ teaches / is teaching at a junior high school in Tokyo. Japan is 8 hours ahead of London, so in Tokyo it's one o'clock on Saturday morning.

Keiko ²²works / is working very hard and she's very tired, but she can't sleep because there's a huge storm outside and it ²³rains / 's raining. At the moment, she ²⁴reads / 's reading a book and ²⁵listens / is listening to music. She ²⁶waits / 's waiting for the storm to finish so she can go to sleep. At least it's Saturday today and there's no school.

<b>15</b> Co	mplete	the	questions.
--------------	--------	-----	------------

'She's serving breakfast.'

1	'What Darren?' 'He's a bus driver.'
	'Why the bus full?' 'Because people are leaving work.'
	'Where Darren?' 'He lives in London.'
	'What time he usually work?' 'At 6.00 p.m.'
	' Carrie in a big house?' 'No, she doesn't. She lives in a small apartment.'
6	'What Carrie now?'

7	' she her job at the diner?'
	'No, she doesn't. She wants to be an actress.'
8	' Keiko teach?'
	'She teaches at a junior high school.'
9	'she hard?'
	'Yes, she does. That's why she's tired.'
10	' Keiko?'
	'She's reading and listening to music.'

10.4 Listen and check.

## Vocabulary Describing people

Read and complete the descriptions using a word from the boxes.



suit coat curly boots scarf shoes short shirt hat socks



Gareth

Val

- Gareth is wearing a grey 1 _____ with a white 2 ____ and a tie. He's also wearing black 3 ____ and white 4 ____. He's got dark 5 ____ hair. He's very handsome.
   Val is wearing a long grey 1 ____ with black 2 ____. She's also wearing a 3 ____ and a 4 ____. She's got big eyes and 5 ____ fair hair. She's quite young.
- legg fair jum blac train

leggings jeans fair tall jumper white black T-shirt trainers beard



Susie

Richard

- 3 Susie is wearing grey 1 ____ and 2 ___ shoes with a stripy 3 ____ . She's got long 4 ___ hair. She isn't very 5 ____ . She's quite pretty.
- 4 **Richard** is wearing '____ and a '___ 3___. He's also wearing 4___ with black socks. He's very tall. He's got a 5____ and short dark hair.

### **Everyday English**

### Social expressions (2)

- 1 Match a line in A with a line in B.
  - A
  - 1 I forgot to call you last night! Sorry!
  - 2 Dave and I are getting married!
  - 3 Can I speak to Jenny, please?
  - 4 Can I help you?
  - 5 I can't go out tonight. Sorry.
  - 6 Would you like to go to the cinema?
  - 7 The printer isn't working.
  - 8 Have a safe journey home!
  - 9 We're going out to a restaurant.
  - 10 Diego told me that I'm 'guapa'.
  - 11 I failed my driving test.
  - 12 My goldfish died.
  - a _____ No thanks, I'm just looking.
    b _1 Don't worry. It doesn't matter.
    c ____ Never mind. Maybe another time.
    d ____ What does that mean? I hope it's good!
    e ____ Congratulations! That's great news!
    f ____ Thanks! It was great seeing you!
    g ____ Sorry, she's having a shower right now.
    h ____ It's because there isn't any paper in it.
    i ____ Have a good meal!
    j ____ Oh dear! How sad.
    k ____ Not again! That's the fourth time!
    I ____ I'd love to!
  - 10.5 Listen and check.
- **2** Now continue the conversations using a line in C.

C
m1 I didn't get home until quite late anyway.
n I'm free on Friday if that's any good.
o Oh, I think there's some in the cupboard.
p Yes, I think it means 'beautiful'.
q Could you give her a message?
r Well, it means I'm getting lots of practice!
s Lovely to see you too.
t Well, let me know if you need anything.
u Yes, it is. I'm going to get another one.
v Yes, we're planning it for next summer.
w It starts at 7.30 so we could meet up at 7?
x We will.

**Go online** for more skills and language practice.



### **REVIEW**

### Grammar

- 1 Underline the correct adverbs.
  - 1 Rob is having a shower often / at the moment.
  - 2 Lucy sometimes / at the moment plays tennis on Saturday.
  - 3 I'm eating my dinner now / today. Can I call you later / now?
  - 4 I never / always eat tomatoes. They're disgusting!
  - 5 The printer isn't working at the moment / this afternoon. Sorry!
  - 6 We sometimes / later / every day go to the cinema on Friday night.
  - 7 She works in the restaurant every day / today.
  - 8 Pete's in bed *today / every day* because he isn't feeling very well.
- 2 Rewrite the sentences using -ing as a noun.
  - 1 It isn't easy to learn Chinese. Learning Chinese isn't easy.
  - 2 It's fun to play tennis.
  - 3 It's important to study for your exams.
  - 4 It's interesting to go to different countries.
  - 5 It's useful to speak English.
- 3 Complete the chart with the words from the box.

his (x2) our <del>my</del> their <del>yours</del> hers <del>mine</del> your her theirs ours

Subject	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
1	my	mine
you		yours
he		
she		
we		
they		

- 4 Write in, at, or on.
  - 1 in bed
  - 2 ____ the train
  - 3 _____ holiday
  - 4 ____Sophie's house
  - 5 a meeting
  - 6 _____ the kitchen
  - 7 ____ work
  - 8 the office
  - 9 ____ university
  - 10 ____ his way home
  - 11 _____hospital
  - 12 ____ the airport

### Vocabulary

Put the words in the correct column.

dress old fair trousers socks tall curly hair coat jacket young beard boots short shorts green eyes long hair a top

Clothes	Appearance
dress	old
1	
	,

## Going for it!

- going to future plans and predictions
- Infinitive of purpose
- going to future intentions
- The weather
- Making suggestions

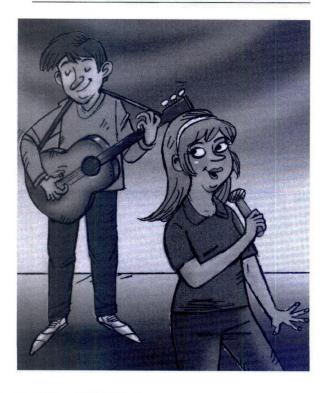
### Grammar

### going to - future plans

1 Write a sentence about what these people are going to be, using the words from the box.

chef accountant teacher athletes in a band

- 1 Sally is great with children. She's going to be a teacher.
- 2 Simon loves cooking.
- 3 Alice is very good with numbers.
- 4 Janet and Mel can run really fast.
- 5 Matt is a good guitarist, and Sue has a good voice.



### Questions and negatives

- **2** Write questions using the correct form of *going to* and the prompts in brackets.
  - 1 I'm going to a party next week. (What / you / wear?) What are you going to wear?
  - 2 Some friends are coming to dinner. (What / you / cook?)
  - 3 We're going to the cinema tonight. (What / you / see?)
  - 4 Pete and Val are going to Paris. (Where / they / stay?)
  - 5 Alex got As in all his exams. (What / he / study / next year?)
  - 6 They're buying a new car. (What make / buy?)

11.1 Listen and check.

- **3** Answer the questions in exercise 2 with a negative sentence and a positive sentence, using the prompts.
  - 1 not a skirt / a dress

I'm not going to wear a skirt. I'm going to wear a dress.

- 2 not meat / fish
- 3 a spy film / not a comedy
- 4 Spain / not Greece
- 5 maths / not history
- 6 not Volkswagen / Toyota

### going to and the Present Continuous

With the verbs go and come, we usually use the Present Continuous.

We're going to Paris next week.

Joe and Tim are coming for lunch tomorrow.

NOT We're going to go ... They're going to come ...

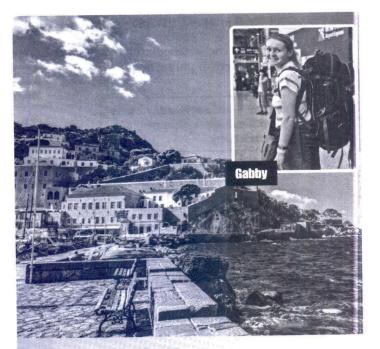
4	Gabby is going on holiday. Look at the chart. Make questions
	and answers about her holiday plans using going to.

1	Where's she going?	
	She 's going to the Greek islands	
2	How	
	She	
3	Where's	?
	She	
4	Howlong	?
	She	
5	What	
	She	

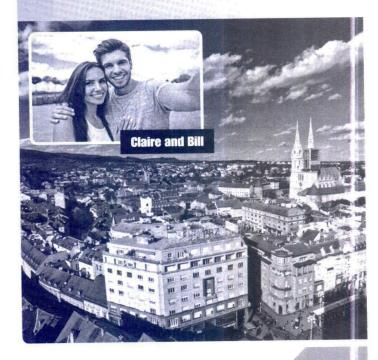
- **5** Claire and Bill are going to Zagreb next month. Look at the chart in 4 and complete the conversation. Use *going to* or the Present Continuous.
  - A Hi guys! Where are you going on holiday this year?
  - B 'We're going to Zagreb, the capital of Croatia.
  - A Wow! Sounds interesting! How 2_____ to travel there?
  - B By plane. There are lots of really cheap flights.
  - A Where 3_____ to stay?
  - C We're 4 _____ at the Jadran Hotel. It's only ten minutes from Zagreb Cathedral.
  - A That's nice. How long 5 _____ for?
  - C For a week.
  - A And what 6______ to do when you're there?
  - B Bill z visit all the museums and churches and I the local beer!
  - C We *_____ both _____ to a big music festival. There are lots of good bands playing.

#### 11.2 Listen and compare.

- **6** Complete the negative sentences.
  - 1 Claire and Bill <u>aren't going to</u> Russia. They're going to Croatia.
  - 2 They ______ by train. They're going by plane.
  - 3 They _____ with a family. They're going to stay in a hotel.
  - 4 Gabby ______ to Spain. She's going to Greece.
  - 5 She ______ by train. She's going by plane and ferry.
  - 6 She ______ visit old churches. She's going to relax.



	Gabby	Claire and Bill
1 Where/go	Greek islands	Zagreb, Croatia
2 How/travel	plane and ferry	plane
3 Where/stay	in a tent	Jadran Hotel
4 How long/s	tay two weeks	one week
5 What/do	relax, swim, and read	visit St Mark's Church, go to a music festival



#### going to - predictions

**7** Complete the sentences with *going* to and a verb or phrase from the box.

> late win a lovely day miss a difficult week happen have a baby

- 1 'What time is it?' 'It's 8.00! Get out of bed! You're going to be late!'
- 2 'What's the football score?' 'Liverpool 5, Arsenal 1. And there's only another ten minutes to play. Liverpool
- 3 'Why are you working on a Sunday?'
  - 'I have exams on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.
- 4 'Did you see the weather forecast?'
  - 'Yes. It go for a picnic.'
- 5 'Oh dear! The traffic is really bad, and it's 20 miles to the airport.
  - 'Oh, no! We _____ the plane!'
- 6 'Are you reading a book at the moment?'
  - 'Yes. It's a thriller. It's great
  - I have no idea what in the end.'

7 'Did you see Silvia last weekend? She looks really well, doesn't she? 'Yes, and she in a few months!'

11.3 Listen and check.

#### Infinitive of purpose

**8** Complete the sentences with *to* and an action from the box.

watch the news open the door make an appointment learn how to drive study English buy some bread and milk

- 1 I turned on the TV to watch the news
- 2 I phoned the dentist
- 3 Jose came to England _____
- 4 I went to the supermarket
- 5 You need this key _____
- 6 I'm going to a driving school _____
- **9** Read about Bob's busy day, and complete the sentences below, using an infinitive of purpose.



## **Bob's business trip**

Last Tuesday, Bob was busy getting ready to go on a business trip to Geneva. He got up early to start his packing, and then he went online and he downloaded his boarding pass. Next, he spoke to his neighbour to ask her to feed the cat. Then he went to the bank to collect Swiss francs for his trip. When he got home, he rang for a taxi to take him to the airport. Then he went to his desk to get his passport and his laptop. At eleven o'clock, he left to go to the airport. In the taxi he read his emails to check the time of the meeting the next day. When he read his emails, he realized that the meeting was at eleven o'clock that day!

- 1 He got up early to start his packing 2 He went online _____
- 3 He asked his neighbour _____
- 4 He went to the bank 5 He rang a taxi
- 6 He went to his desk _____
- 7 He read his emails _____

#### going to - future intentions

**10** Jim and Edna Biggs are from the US. They are planning a trip to Europe. Complete the text using the correct form of *going to*, and a verb from the boxes.



#### Seven countries in seven days!

start	buy	order	look	spend	take	have	fly
4-16-1							200

#### THE USA TO THE UK

They '<u>re flying</u> to London where they 2_____ their European trip. They're 3_____ the first night at the Ritz Hotel where they stayed on their honeymoon, all those years ago.

'I remember the Ritz was so romantic', says Edna, 'There were red roses in our bedroom.'

'This time, I'm 4_____ a bottle of Moët et Chandon champagne,' says Jim. 'Only the best for Edna.'

#### 2 THE UK TO BELGIUM

From London, they 5 ______ the Eurostar train to Bruges. 'I remember Bruges was like Disneyland', says Edna, 'so pretty, with its churches and market squares. I 6 _____ lots of Belgian chocolate to take home. Mmm!'

#### BELGIUM TO GERMANY

Then they're travelling by coach to Frankfurt and going on an evening cruise on the River Rhine. 'We

a romantic dinner on the cruise' says

Edna, '1 * ______ at the stars and remember our honeymoon forty years ago.'

need practise drive go have visit

#### 4 GERMANY TO AUSTRIA

After that, they're hiring a car and they along Germany's famous 'Romantic Road' through the Alps to Austria. 'I'm a bit nervous about driving in the mountains, says Jim.

## AUSTRIA TO ITALY AND SWITZERLAND

From Austria, they're going to Venice, where they

coffee in the famous Piazza San Marco.

Next, Verona, where they 
Romeo and

Juliet's balcony. Then they're going to drive to Switzerland and spend the night by the beautiful Lake Lucerne.

#### SWITZERLAND TO FRANCE

The next day, they're taking the autoroute to Paris. 'I

my French in Paris', says Edna. 'I'm having
French lessons at home.'

#### FRANCE TO THE USA

After a night in Paris it's time to go home. They

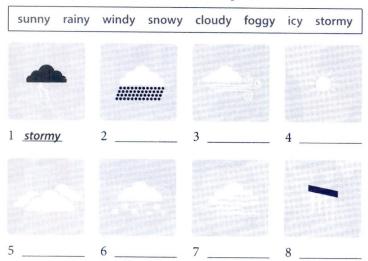
13______ sightseeing in the morning, before going to
the airport for their flight back to Iowa.

'I think we 14_____ a holiday when we get home!',
says Edna.

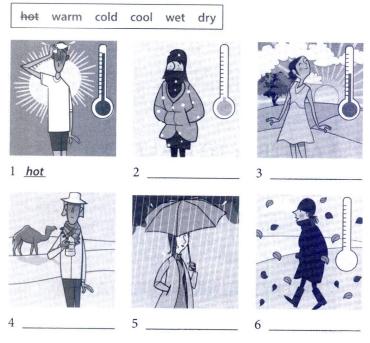
## Vocabulary

#### The weather

1 Write an adjective from the box under a picture.



**2** Write an adjective from the box next to a picture.



- 3 11.4 Listen and complete the conversations.
  - 1 A What's the weather like today?
    - B It's warm and sunny.
  - 2 A What's the weather _____ where you are?
    - B It
  - 3 A What _____ the weather like yesterday?
    - B It
  - 4 A What's the weather forecast for tomorrow?
    - B It's _____ to be _____.

74	Unit 1	1 .	Going	for it!

## **Everyday English**

### **Making suggestions**



			# 13
1	ar	□ 11.5 Lara and Tim are of and tick (✓) what they decided go into town go sailing go sightseeing go to the beach go to the swimming poor go shopping have lunch in the old to	de to do today. ol
	F	go swimming	WII
2	th A	11.5 Listen again. Comp he conversation. What shall we do today?	
	B	3 Why	to the beach
		again? Iswimming.	to go
	A	today! some	ething different
	A	Well, we	into town.
			a bus after
		breakfast? And I	
		some shops.	
	В	And then in the afternoon to the	n e beach!

Go online for more skills and language practice.

A Perfect! ___ breakfast. straight after

### **REVIEW**

#### Grammar

1 Complete the sentences prepositions from the box.

		han from into in of (x2) at for ( <del>x2</del> ) with (x2)
	1	I'm looking <u>for</u> Peter. Do you know where he is?
		France is much bigger England.
		Our hotel is 50 metres the sea.
		What's the longest river the world?
	5	Let's go out dinner! I feel like some Italian food.
	6	Look this photo me on holiday!
	7	Let's go town and go shopping.
		Thank you for the present. It was very kind you.
		I have a problem my neighbours.
]	0	Can you help me this exercise?'
2	C	omplete the sentences with the correct answer.
		I'm going to get my hair cut tomorrow.
		a get b to get
	2	I need a dictionary me with new words.
		a for help b to help
	3	My daughter live in Australia.
		a is going to b are going to
	4	'How are you going to to the airport?' 'By taxi.'
		a got b get
	5	I went into town my friends.
		a for to meet b to meet
	6	I the party. I'm too tired.
		a not go to b 'm not going to
	7	Polly went shopping some new clothes.
		a bought b to buy
	Q	I chocolate for a month because I'm on a diet.
	O	a not eating b 'm not going to eat
	^	I lived in France for six months French.
	9	a and learn b to learn
	10	I go to work money.
		a for to earn b to earn

### Vocabulary

1 Put the words and phrases in the correct column.

foggy ferry visiting museums taxi sightseeing eating in restaurants cloudy icy windy sunbathing stormy Eurostar bus evening cruise swimming in the sea rainy plane

	clude one of the words or phrases from exercise 1 to emplete the sentences.
1	The quickest way to travel is usually by plane.
2	It's going to be a day. Make sure you take an umbrella.
3	We took the from London to Paris. It's great because it takes you right into the centre of Paris.
4	On city breaks, my husband loves  He's very interested in national history. I prefer I love trying different food.
5	Have you got your headlights on? It's so, I can't see a thing!
6	We love an down the River Seine in Paris. It's so romantic looking at the stars.
7	A I'll never get to the station in time. I'm going to miss my train!
	R Don't worry - I'll phone for a

Go online to Check your progress.

## Have you ever ...?

- Present Perfect and Past Simple
- · ever, never, yet, and just
- · been or gone?

- · get and take
- Transport and travel

#### Grammar

#### **Present Perfect and Past Simple**

1 Read about **Graham Clark**, a man who loves wine. Underline the correct verb form.

The man who bought a vineyard I

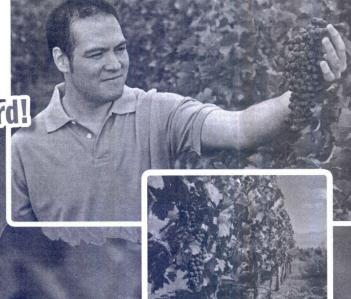
Nine years ago, Graham Clark, a bank manager from New York, 'went / has gone on a two-week holiday to Mendoza, Argentina's main wine region. He 'didn't return / hasn't returned at the end of his holiday, and 'lived / has lived in Mendoza for nine years!

So what happened to make Graham move from New York to Mendoza?

'Well, 'I really enjoyed / have enjoyed working in a vineyard when I was a student, but I 'thought / 've thought other people owned vineyards, not someone like me', says Graham.

'On my first day in Mendoza, I ⁶met / have met Pablo and Lucia Perez. They ⁷owned / have owned vineyards in Mendoza for over thirty years! They ⁸bought / have bought a small vineyard when they got married and they told me it was the best thing they've ever done! They now have one of the largest vineyards in Argentina.'

So Graham *decided / has decided to leave his life in New York. He *bought / has bought 250 acres of land,



and, helped by Pablo, he "opened / has opened 'Vines of Mendoza' in 2010. Since then, he '2bought / has bought even more land and now owns three vineyards. Graham produces some of the best wine in Argentina and he '3won / has won lots of awards.

'I 'a didn't have / haven't had any regrets. Owning a vineyard 's was / has been a wonderful experience,' says Graham. 'I was so lucky to meet Pablo and Lucia all those years ago. They 'b told / have told me to go for it – and I did!

2	Complete	the sentences about the text with the Present
	Perfect or	Past Simple form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 Graham first ______ to spend two weeks in Mendoza. (*plan*)
- 2 He ______ back to his life in New York. (never go)
- 3 Pablo and Lucia Perez ______ in Mendoza for a long time. (*live*)

4	They	married over thirty years
	ago. (get)	

- 5 Pablo and Lucia ______ buying a vineyard. (never regret)
- 6 Graham _____ three vineyards since 2010. (*buy*)
- 7 Graham _____ working in vineyards. (always enjoy)

#### ever and never



- **3** Read the answers from **Belle**, who is from Canada. Then write questions using the prompts.
  - 1 ever / go to London?
    - 'Have you ever been to London?

'Yes, I have. Many times.'

- 2 ever / travel on underground?
- 'Have you ever travelled on the underground?

'No, I haven't! I usually take a bus or a taxi.'

3 ever / see a play in a West End theatre?

'Yes, I have. I love going to the theatre.'

4 ever / have / toad in the hole?

'No, I haven't. Is it good?'

5 ever / go to Paris?

'Yes, I have. I love going there because I speak French.'

6 ever / visit Notre Dame Cathedral?

'No, I haven't, but I want to.'

7 ever / live in Europe?

'Yes. When I was a student, I lived in Berlin for six months.'

12.1 Listen and check.

- **4** Complete the sentences about Belle using the Present Perfect.
  - 1 Belle's been to London.
  - 2 <u>She's</u> never <u>been</u> on the underground.

3 _____ a play in the West End.

4 ______ never _____ toad in the hole.

5 ______ to Paris.

6 ______ never _____ Notre Dame.

7 ______ in Europe.

#### Time expressions

- **5** Complete the sentences using the Past Simple and the time expression in brackets.
  - 1 I've seen the film. (yesterday)

I saw the film yesterday.

2 I've met Daniel Craig. (two years ago)

I _____ him in a restaurant

3 I've read the Harry Potter books. (last year)

I _____ them all _____ 4 I've been to China. (in 2004)

I there .

5 I've had dinner. (before I came to class)

I _____ a pizza _____

6 I've booked a holiday in Spain. (*last night*)

I ______ it online _____

7 I've lived in Paris. (when I was 20)

I ______ there _____.

8 I've done my homework. (after I got home)

I _____ it _____.

9 I've run the London Marathon (*last month*)

I _____ it ____ .

O I've written six job applications (three w

10 I've written six job applications (*three weeks ago*)

I _____ them _____.

#### Pronunciation

6 12.2 Listen and circle the past participle that sounds different.

1 seen been (sent) eaten

- 2 told got cost lost
- 3 brought caught taught known

4 left dreamt felt heard

5 written driven hidden drawn

6 won shut put swum

7 grown flown lost chosen

8 stood put looked built

#### yet + question

**7** Freddy is always late in the morning. Write his mother's questions using the prompts.





1	get o	out of bed	And other districts
	Mum Freddy	Freddy! <i>Have you got out of bed yet?</i> Yes, Mum!	
2	get	lressed	
	Mum		- ?
	Freddy	Err No, Mum.	
3	brus	h your teeth	
	Mum		
	Freddy	No, Mum.	
4	mak	e your bed	
	Mum		?
	Freddy	Yes, Mum!	
5	have	a shower	
	Mum		.?
	Freddy	No, Mum.	
6	pack	your school bag	
	Mum	South Int American South	?
	Freddy	No, Mum.	
	Mum	Well, hurry up! You're going to be very	

#### yet + negative

8	Co	omplete the sentences about what Freddy hasn't done yet.
	1	He <u>hasn't got</u> dressed <u>yet</u> .
		teeth
		breakfast
		shower
	5	school bag
ju	st	
9	W	rite the words in the answers in the correct order.
	1	'Are Pat and Peter here yet?' just / arrived / Yes / They've
		' Yes. They've just arrived.
	2	'Why are you so tired?' I've / Because / just / work / finished / only
	3	'Have you finished that book yet?'
		only / Î've / just / No / reading / started / it
	4	'Can I speak to Zoe?' afraid / just / out / gone / she's / I'm '
	5	'Am I too late for dinner?' sit down! / Come / No / and / just / We've / started '
	6	'Your hair's very nice!' just / I've / Thanks / had / cut / it '
		12.4 Listen and check.
b	ee	n or gone?
10		omplete the sentences with <i>been</i> or <i>gone</i> .
	1	Anna's not here. She's <b>gone</b> to work.
	2	I've to this restaurant lots of times.
	3	Sorry, Diego isn't in. He's to the shop.
	4	The office is empty. Everybody has home.
	5	It's good to see you again! Where have you?
	6	Do you like my hair? I've just to the hairdresser's.
	7	Sue's to Paris for three weeks. She'll be back soon.

1) 12.3 Listen and check.

late for school!

11 Read about Josie Dew, and underline the correct form of the verb.

### Josie Dew - A cycling legend

When Josie Dew was young, she fell out of a car! Although she learned to drive when she was 17, she didn't have her own car until she was 41, because she preferred to cycle everywhere. She 'rode / has ridden more miles than most of us will ever drive!



#### The beginning

Josie was still at primary school when she decided she ²wanted / has wanted to travel. So when she was 11, she ³started / she has started to go for long bike rides, and began cycling 40 to 50 miles every day.

Josie *now cycled / has now cycled hundreds of thousands of miles. She *visited / 's visited over 50 countries and she *wrote / 's written seven books about her cycling experiences. She *also had / 's also had three children, Molly, Daisy, and Jack – Josie *was / has been a very busy woman!

#### Her seven books

Josie's first book, *The Wind in my Wheels*, *came out / has come out in 1992. In this book, Josie *wrote / has written stories about her travels across four continents and thirty-six countries, when she *'rode / has ridden an amazing 80,000 miles! Josie *wrote / has written another five books between 1992 and 2003.

In 2004, she ¹³ spent / has spent nine months travelling around New Zealand. In 2006, after she ¹⁴ had / has had her first child, Molly, she wrote her seventh book, Long Cloud Ride, about her incredible adventures in New Zealand.

#### Cycling with a family

Having three children hasn't stopped Josie from cycling – she 15 was / has been busier than ever!

When Molly 16 was / has been a tiny baby, Josie cycled 3,000 miles with Molly strapped to her bike. When Daisy was born in 2010, she still 17 managed / has managed to cycle 6,500 miles! Her third child, Jack, was born in 2013, a few hours after she 18 finished / has finished a cycle ride!

#### The future

Josie ¹⁹ had / has had her own official website for many years now, and writes blogs for it. People are interested

in how cycling, and not driving everywhere, works with family life. This year, they **ospent / have spent the summer holidays in the Netherlands. And what about next year? Who knows? Josie is now in her fifties, but she has lots of cycling adventures still to come.



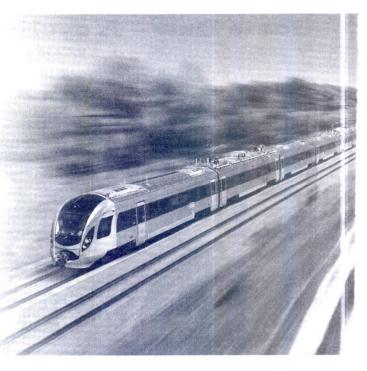
## Vocabulary

get

1	C	Complete the sentences with a word from the box.				
		married better wet <del>dressed</del> bored ready				
	1	I'm still in my pyjamas. I haven't got <u>dressed</u> yet.				
		My mother was quite ill, but she's getting now.				
	3	Martin and I are engaged. We're getting next spring.				
	4	I hate listening to conversations about politics. I get so				
		It rained yesterday. On my way home I got very				
	6	'It's time to go!' 'I'm still getting'				
2	C	omplete the sentences with <i>get</i> in the correct form.				
	1	Last night I left work at 7.00 and <b>got</b> home at 8.00.				
	2	How long does it take to to the airport?				
	3	My train leaves at 11.00 and to London at 2.30.				
	4	Have a great holiday! Give me a ring when you back.				
	5	How many presents did you for your birthday?				
3		That does <i>get</i> mean in these sentences? Write <i>receive</i> , <i>buy</i> , and, <i>fetch</i> , or <i>catch</i> .				
	1	Where did you get those jeans? $get = \underline{buy}$				
	2	What did you get for your birthday? $get = $				
	3	I have no money, but I can't get a job! $get = $				
	4	Sally's ill! Quick! Get a doctor! $get = $				
		'Did you walk here?' 'No, I got the bus.' get =				
to	ak	e				
4	С	omplete the sentences with a word from the box.				
		easy <del>place</del> test time off photo taxi				
	1	The wedding took <i>place</i> in an old church.				
	2	The quickest way home is to take a				
	3	'It's very hot in here.' 'Take your jumper.'				
	4	We took an English yesterday.				
	5	I took this of my kids on holiday last year.  Aren't they cute?				
	6	It takes a long to build a business – years and years.				

## **Everyday English**

Transport and travel



Match a line in A with a line in B.

A		
1	Is our plane boarding yet?	
2	Do you need to check in?	
3	How many bags are you checking in?	
4	Passengers in rows 11–20 please board now.	
5	Does this bus go to the British Museum?	
6	A return ticket to Brighton, please.	
7	Can I get a day's travel card?	
8	Which platform does it go from?	

B
a That's us. We're in row 12.
b Yes, they've just announced it. Gate 17. Come on!
c Are you coming back today?
d No, you need the next bus coming, the 36.
e Platform 7. It's on the other side.
f Yes. You can use it on the train, the
underground, and on buses.
g Just this one.
h No, I've already done it online.

1) 12.5 Listen and check.

Go online for more skills and language practice.

7 When I'm on holiday, I like to relax and take it _

## **REVIEW**

#### Grammar

1 Complete the chart with the Past Simple and Past Participle forms.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	
be	was/were	been	
travel			
have			
live			
see			
had			
been			
had			
make			
meet			
take			
buy			
do			
go			

Cl	noose the corn	rect answer	had beatter out of W. O.
1	Iin R	ome for tw	o years when I was a student.
	a lived		've lived
2	We m	arried for	wenty years, and we're still in love!
	a were		've been
3	'Have you _	been t	to New York?' 'No, never.'
	a once	b	ever
4	Ithe	Chicago m	arathon two years ago.
	a 've run	ь	ran
5	'Have you ha	d lunch _	?' 'No, I'm really hungry.'
	a yet	b	ever
6	'Is Jill here?'	'No, she's	to the shops.'
	a gone	b	been
7	I've just	a text fr	om Tim. He's going to be five minutes late.
	a taken	b	got
8	Maisie	_ really go	od results in her exams.
	a got	b	took
9	'Simon	_ his drivi	ng test yesterday. 'Did he pass?'
	a got	b	took
10	'your	time, ther	e's no need to rush. The film doesn't start
	a Take	b	Get See See See See See See See See See S

the places.  1 the United States. 2 - France 3 South America 4 United Kingdom 5 Russia 6 European Union 7 National Gallery 8 Buckingham Palace 9 Mississippi River 10 Europe 11 Alps 12 Mediterranean  Vocabulary  Complete the sentences with a phrasal verb from the box.  turn on put on get up try on turn off take off look after take off look for come on  1 What time do you get up in the morning? 2 Can you the baby for a second? 3 Could you the TV? I want to watch the news. 4 Your clothes are wet. them ! 5 It's time to go! ! 6 I'd like to this dress, please. 7 I can't find my keys anywhere. Can you help me them? 8 It's time for bed. Can you the lights? 9 We are just driving to the airport. The	3	EX	TENSI	ON Writ	e the or -	(nothin	ng) before
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plane doesn'tuntil 4 pm.			The second second				until
10 Please could you the		10	ALCOHOLD STREET		you		the
		7	plead I can help It's t	se. I't find m me ime for be	ed. Can y	ywhere. then you ghts?	Can you n?

Go online to Check your progress.

books_

the table?

## Stop and check Units 9–12

## Grammar

<b>1</b> C	hoose the correct answer. (30 marks)		
1	Rick's car is mine.	15	Jack meat because he's a vegetarian.
	${\boldsymbol a} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		a not eats b doesn't eat c isn't eating
2	Pippa's house is Anna's.	16	I I'll go to bed. I'm really tired.
	a moderner than		a 'm thinking b think c I'm not thinking
	<b>b</b> more modern than	17	'Why Misa look so sad?' 'Because she failed her exam.'
	c the most modern		a is b has c does
3	you got a dog?	18	' blue coat is this?' 'It's mine.'
	a Do <b>b</b> Are <b>c</b> Have		a Whose b Who's c Who
4	they have any children?	19	'I'm really thirsty!' 'I you a glass of water.'
	a Do b Does c Have		a 'll get b do get c get
5	Who is person in your family?	20	'What are Chris and Lisa doing at the weekend?'
	a the taller b the most tallest c the tallest		'They a 21st birthday party.
6	Arabic is one of languages to learn.		<b>a</b> go to <b>b</b> 're going <b>c</b> 're going to
	a more difficult than	21	Sharon went shopping some bread and milk.
	<b>b</b> the difficultest		a to buy b for to buy c for buy
	c the most difficult	22	The children really like new teacher.
7	The bank is the right.		a there b their c they're
	a in b at c on	23	I think it's Ian and Sheila's cat. It looks like
8	The bus stop is the end of the High Street.		a their b theirs c ours
	a at b in c on	24	My mum helped me my homework.
9	Go the bend and the station is opposite you.		a about b for c with
	a through b down c round	25	They in London for five years, now. They love it!
10	'Where's Lara?' ' a meeting.'		a 've lived b lived c are living
	a In b At c On	26	I to bed at ten o'clock last night.
11	My son is university.		a went b 've gone c gone
	a in b at c on	27	I'm really hungry. I for hours.
12	It outside. Take your umbrella.		a didn't eat b I'm not eating c haven't eaten
	a 's raining b rains c does rain	28	Have you ever to Australia?
13	Be quiet, please! I to watch TV.		a gone b went c been
	a try b tried c 'm trying	29	Have you had dinner at that new restaurant?
14	Sara today because she's not feeling very well.		a just b yet c ever
	a not playing tennis	30	Julian for a walk. He'll be back in 5 minutes.
	b doesn't play tennis	- 0	a has been b is gone c has gone
	c isn't playing tennis		SCORE 30

## Vocabulary

**2** Match the comparative adjective with its opposite. (10 marks)

comparative	opposite
1 cheaper	a dirtier
2 newer	b easier
3 faster	c worse
4 safer	d more expensive
5 more difficult	e slower
6 better	f more boring
7 cleaner	g older
8 more interesting	h further
9 colder	i warmer
10 nearer	j more dangerous

**3** <u>Underline</u> the word or phrase that is different. (15 marks)

1	big	expensive	more modern	clever
2	in	on	at	through
3	block of flats	house	church	mountain
4	roundabout	traffic lights	pedestrian crossing	statue
5	airport	bus stop	railway station	university
6	pilot	actor	postman	sister
7	Tokyo	London	France	Los Angeles
8	dress	shoes	trainers	boots
9	scarf	gloves	coat	shorts
10	curly	fair	tall	long
11	good looking	handsome	pretty	old
12	ferry	plane	train	car park
13	warm	icy	sunny	hot
14	wet	snowy	rainy	dry
15	get up	have a shower	get dressed	get ready

## **Everyday English**

**4** Complete the sentences with the correct words. (15 marks) 1 A Excuse me, is there a chemist's near here? B Turn right ___ traffic lights and it's _ the right, opposite the bank. 2 A Where's the petrol station? the hill, and it's at the bottom. 3 A Can I _____ you? B No thanks. I'm just _____ married! _____! That's fantastic news! 5 A What's the weather today? B It's cold and wet. 6 A What's the weather forecast _____tomorrow? **B** It to be hot and sunny. 7 A Have you_ been to New York? B Yes, I have. It's an amazing city. 8 A Is George here _____ **B** Yes, he's just arrived. 9 A How many bags are you B Just the one. ticket to Manchester, please. **B** Are you coming back today?

TOTAL	70
SCORE	40

# Irregular verbs

Base form	Past Simple	Past participle	Base form	Past Simple Pa	st participle
be	was/were	been	hurt	hurt	hurt
become	became	become	know	knew	known
begin	began	begun	learn	learned/learnt	learned/learnt
bite	bit	bitten	leave	left	left
break	broke	broken	lie	lay	lain
bring	brought	brought	lose	lost	lost
buy	bought	bought	make	made	made
can	could	been able	meet	met	met
catch	caught	caught	pay	paid	paid
choose	chose	chosen	put	put	put
come	came	come	read /ri:d/	read /red/	read /red/
cost	cost	cost	ride	rode	ridden
cut	cut	cut	ring	rang	rung
do	did	done	run	ran	run
drink	drank	drunk	say	said	said
drive	drove	driven	see	saw	seen
eat	ate	eaten	sell	sold	sold
fall	fell	fallen	send	sent	sent
feed	fed	fed	shut	shut	shut
feel	felt	felt	sing	sang	sung
fight	fought	fought	sit	sat	sat
find	found	found	sleep	slept	slept
fly	flew	flown	speak	spoke	spoken
forget	forgot	forgotten	spend	spent	spent
forgive	forgave	forgiven	steal	stole	stolen
get	got	got	swim	swam	swum
give	gave	given	take	took	taken
go	went	been/gone	teach	taught	taught
grow	grew	grown	tell	told	told
have	had	had	think	thought	thought
hear	heard	heard	understand	understood	understood
hide	hid	hidden	wear	wore	worn
hit	hit	hit	win	won	won
hold	held	held	write	wrote	written



# Phonetic symbols

/p/	as in	pen /pen/	9	/s/	as in	son /san/	17	/w/	as in	want /wont/
/b/		•	10	/z/	as in	zoo/zu:/	18	$/\Theta/$	as in	thanks /0ænks/
/t/	as in	tea /ti:/	11	/1/	as in	live /lɪv/	19	/ð/	as in	the /ðə/
/d/	as in	do /du:/	12	/m/	as in	my/mai/	20	/ʃ/	as in	she /ʃiː/
/k/			13	/n/	as in	near /nɪə/	21	/3/	as in	television /'telavi3n/
/g/			14	/h /	as in	happy /'hæpi/	22	$/t \int /$	as in	child /t∫aɪld/
/f/	as in	four /fo:/	15	/r/	as in	red /red/	23	$d_{3}$	as in	German /'dʒɜːmən/
/v/			16	/j/	as in	yes/jes/	24	/ŋ/	as in	English /'ɪŋglɪ∫/
111111	/b/ /t/ /d/ /k/ /g/	$\frac{d}{dt}$ as in	/b/ as in big /big/ /t/ as in tea /ti:/ /d/ as in do /du:/ /k/ as in cat /kæt/ /g/ as in go /gəu/ /f/ as in four /fɔ:/	(b)     as in     big/big/     10       (t/     as in     tea/ti:/     11       (d/     as in     do/du:/     12       (k/     as in     cat/kæt/     13       (g/     as in     go/goo/     14       (f/     as in     four/fo:/     15	b	b   as in   big /big /   10   /z /   as in	b	18		b

/ow	els						A PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE
25	/i:/	as in	see /si:/	32	/3:/	as in	morning /'mɔːnɪŋ/
26	/1/	as in	his /hɪz/	33	/u/	as in	football /'futba:l/
27	/i/	as in	twenty /'twenti/	34	/u:/	as in	you/juː/
28	/e/	as in	ten/ten/	35	/_/	as in	sun /sʌn/
29	/æ/	as in	stamp/stæmp/	36	/3:/	as in	learn /l3:n/
30	/a:/	as in	father /'fa:ðə/	37	/o/	as in	letter/'letə/
31	/g/	as in	hot /hpt/				

Dipl	Diphthongs (two vowels together)					
38	/eɪ/	as in	name /neim/			
39	/90/	as in	no /nəu/			
40	/ai/	as in	my /mai/			
41	/au/	as in	how /hau/			
42	/10/	as in	boy/boi/			
43	/19/	as in	hear /hɪə/			
44	/eə/	as in	where /weə/			
45	/uə/	as in	tour /tuə/			



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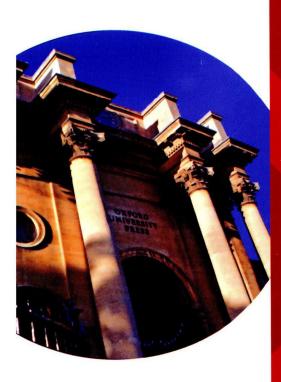
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