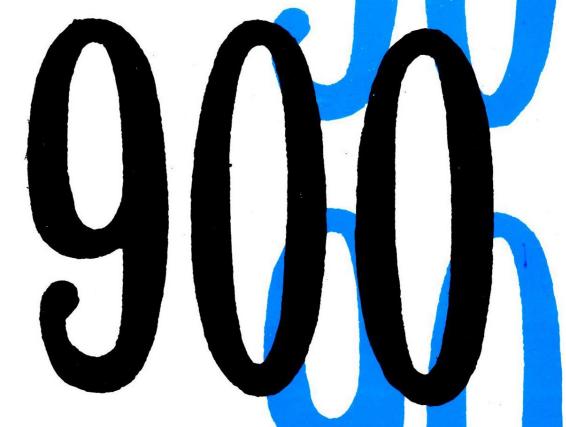
A Basic Course 6

# ENGLISH



ENGLISH مرجع آموزش زمان ایرانیان

irLanguage.com

LANGUAGE SERVICES

# **ENGLISH**

**BOOK SIX** 

# prepared by ENGLISH LANGUAGE SERVICES, INC.



این مجموعه با لوگوی مرجع زبان ایرانیان به صورت نشر برخط و حامل به ثبت رسیده است. کپی برداری از آن خلاف قانون، شرع و اخلاق است و شامل پیگرد خواهد شد.

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# **PREFACE**

ENGLISH 900®, a course for students of English as a second language, contains material from beginning through intermediate levels of study. The whole series consists of textbooks, workbooks, and tape recordings, with a teacher's handbook.

ENGLISH 900® is one of the basic instructional courses in the Collier Macmillan English Program. Included in the Program is a series of graded readers in which six are keyed to the vocabulary and structure of each study unit in the basic texts of ENGLISH 900®.

The series takes its name from the 900 base sentences presented in the six textbooks. The sentences cover the basic structures and a basic vocabulary of the English language. They are introduced at the rate of fifteen in each study unit, or a hundred and fifty in each book, and are numbered consecutively from Base Sentence 1 in the first unit of Book One through Base Sentence 900 in the last unit of Book Six. These structures provide "building blocks" for all of the material studied in the series, e.g., there are approximately four variation sentences for each base sentence. As a part of his mastery of English, therefore, the student practices and learns approximately 3,600 variation sentences in addition to the basic 900 patterns.

There are ten study units in each textbook in the series. Each study unit contains a group of fifteen base sentences related to a meaningful situation. In Book One of the series, the typical study unit begins with the presentation of the fifteen Base Sentences together with Intonation patterns. Questions and Answers follow and give the student practice in pairing and matching the base sentences into conversational form. Substitution Drills introduce the variation sentences, using vocabulary and grammatical substitution techniques. These early sections of the unit provide the pronunciation practice and drill material needed for the mastery of language forms. The Conversation section consists of short dialogues giving the student the opportunity to practice the new lesson material in informal conversation in the classroom. Exercises in each unit can be used as oral and written drills for all of the materials introduced in the unit.

Units in the succeeding books in the series (Books Two to Six) contain Base Sentences, Intonation practice, Substitution Drills, Conversation, and Exercises, and, in addition, certain new features. Beginning with Book Two, a Reading Practice section is added to each unit,

#### vi PREFACE

and, beginning with Book Three, a Verb Study section. Books Four, Five, and Six include Participation Drills for classroom use, and Books Five and Six present Grammar Study materials and review exercises.

Each textbook includes a Key to the exercises and a Word Index which lists in alphabetical order every word introduced in the book, and cites the sentence and unit number in which the new word first occurred. There are special Review Units in Books One through Four.

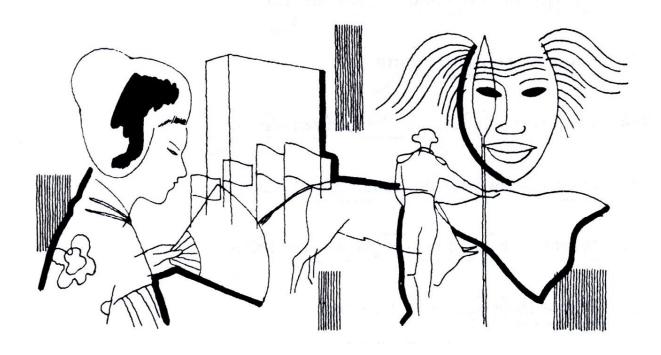
A companion Workbook is available for each of the six textbooks, and a series of 180 pre-recorded tapes has been prepared for language laboratory use. English 900® Workbooks are unique in that they have been programmed for use by the student as home study material to reinforce classroom work. The Workbooks "test" the student on the textbook materials, and review the important points in each unit that he may not have mastered in class.

For classes that meet for three to five hours a week, each textbook in the series provides material for approximately three months of study. Suggestions for teaching the course, as well as detailed descriptions of all of the materials in English 900®, have been given in the Teacher's Manual which accompanies the series.

A wide range of material has been created for the Collier Macmillan English Program by the Materials Development Staff of English Language Services, Inc., under the co-direction of Edwin T. Cornelius, Jr. and Willard D. Sheeler. ENGLISH 900® was prepared under the direction of Edwin T. Cornelius, Jr., with Joyce R. Manes as Project Editor.



# UNIT 1 COUNTRIES AND NATIONALITIES



- 751 What's your nationality? Are you American?
- 752 What part of the world do you come from?
- 753 I'm an American by birth.
- 754 I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France.
- 755 Do you know what the population of Japan is?
- 756 What's the area of the Congo in square miles?
- 757 Who is the governor of this state?
- 758 According to the latest census, our population has increased.
- 759 Politically, the country is divided into fifty states.
- 760 The industrial area is centered largely in the north.
- 761 The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral deposits.
- 762 This nation is noted for its economic stability.
- 763 How old do you have to be to vote in the national elections?
- 764 Today we celebrate our day of independence. It's a national holiday.
- 765 My home is in the capital. It's a cosmopolitan city.

#### INTONATION

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#### VERB STUDY

#### 1. come (from)

- a. What part of the world do you come from?
- b. She comes from England, doesn't she?
- c. He came from East Africa, didn't he?

#### 2. be born

- a. I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France.
- b. He's a native American. He was born in the United States.
- c. Where were you born?

#### 3. increase

- a. According to the latest census, our population has increased.
- b. In some cities, the population increases each year.
- c. Will the population increase very much during the next ten years?

#### 4. be divided (into)

- a. Politically, the country is divided into fifty states.
- b. The United States is now divided into fifty states.
- c. The people were divided in their opinions about the issue.

#### 5. be centered

- a. The industrial area is centered largely in the north.
- b. According to the new plans, the cultural area will be centered around this section of the city.
- c. Isn't the agricultural area centered in the south?

#### 6. be noted (for)

- a. This nation is noted for its economic stability.
- b. Wasn't John noted for his conservative views?
- c. That country has always been noted for its natural resources.

#### 7. vote

- a. How old do you have to be to vote in the national elections?
- b. Helen is voting in the elections for the first time this year.
- c. You voted in the last national elections, didn't you?
- d. How did you vote? Did you vote for or against Mr. Smith?

#### 8. celebrate

- a. Today we celebrate our day of independence.
- b. What is it we're celebrating tonight?
- c. Last week Mr. and Mrs. Cooper celebrated their wedding anniversary.
- d. She celebrates her birthday in September.

#### 4 UNIT ONE

#### SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

? 1. What's your nationality? Are you American Spanish French Congolese Japanese do you come from? 2. What | part of the world geographical area of the world place in the world kind of climate . What's your nationality? 3. I'm an American by birth a naturalized American a native Australian I'm a citizen of France 4. I was born in Spain, but I grew up in South America my father was from Korea I don't have Spanish citizenship I have retained Burmese citizenship 5. Do you know what the population of is? Japan the U.S. the Philippines Indonesia Thailand 6. What's the area of the Congo in square miles square meters hectares acres of land 7. Who's the governor of this state head government mayor city president republic chief of state nation leader political party 8. According to the latest census, increased our population has decreased

remained the same

declined

9. Politically
Geographically
Culturally
Industrially

, the country is divided into

fifty states ten regions two sections three major areas

10. The

industrial area agricultural region farm area petroleum region mining area is centered largely in the north.

11. The country is rich in natural resources.

It has

mineral deposits iron ore petroleum timber reserves water resources

12. This nation is noted for its

economic stability
political stability
economic development
scientific accomplishments
advanced technology
natural resources
indigenous music

13. How old do you have to be to

vote in the national elections become president of the country become a senator be the president of a university drive a car

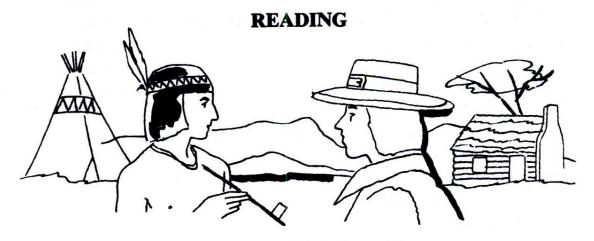
14. Today we celebrate

our day of Independence Independence Day Christmas Thanksgiving our nation's birth

. It's a national holiday.

15. My home is in the capital. It's

a cosmopolitan city an industrial center a large metropolitan area a small provincial town quite an interesting place an historic city



Countries and Nationalities

The United States covers a large part of the North American continent. Its neighbors are Canada to the north, and Mexico to the south. Although the United States is a big country, it is not the largest in the world. In 1964, its population was over 185,000,000.

When this land first became a nation, after winning its independence from England, it had thirteen states. Each of the states was represented on the American flag by a star. All these states were in the eastern part of the continent. As the nation grew toward the west, new states were added and new stars appeared on the flag. For a long time, there were 48 states. In 1959, however, two more stars were added to the flag, representing the new states of Alaska and Hawaii.

Indians were the first inhabitants of the land which is now the United States. There are still many thousands of the descendants of these original inhabitants living in all parts of the country. Sometimes it is said that the Indians are "the only real Americans." Most Americans, however, are descendants of people who came from all over the world to find a new life in a new land. Those who came first and in greatest numbers to make their homes on the eastern coast of North America were mostly from England. It is for that reason that the language of the United States is English and that its culture and customs are more like those of England than of any other country in the world.

#### Questions

- 1. What countries are neighbors of the United States?
- 2. How many states were there at the beginning? How many are there now?
- 3. How are the states represented on the American flag?
- 4. Who were the first inhabitants of America?
- 5. Why are the customs and culture of the United States more like those of England than of any other country?

#### PARTICIPATION DRILL

Student A begins by reading the first speech in the Student A column. Student B listens to Student A's speech, then selects and reads the appropriate response from the second column. Student A replies to Student B with the appropriate response from the first column. (There is only one correct response to each speech.)

Continue the dialog selecting the proper speeches in sequence until the conversation is complete.

#### STUDENT A

I live in Washington, D.C. Where do you live?

No. I haven't lived in Washington all my life. I was born in Paris, France. I'm still a citizen of France. Have you retained your Japanese citizenship?

Yes, I'm going to return to Paris in time to celebrate Bastille Day, a national holiday almost like Independence Day in the United States. Oh, I miss Paris very much! Do you miss Tokyo?

Yes, Chicago has many more people than Washington—about five times as many. How many years have you lived in Chicago?

No, Washington isn't an industrial city, but it is a large metropolitan area. Is Chicago as large as Washington?

Yes, Washington is the capital. It's an historic city noted for its many famous buildings. Is Chicago an historic city?

#### STUDENT B

Yes, I do miss Tokyo. But now my home is in the United States and as a citizen I can vote in the national elections.

Chicago is an historic city, also, but it's mainly an industrial center. Washington isn't an industrial center, is it?

Chicago is much larger than Washington. According to the last census, the population of Chicago is over 3½ million. That's more people than Washington has, isn't it?

I'm now living in Chicago, Illinois. I used to live in Tokyo, the capital city of Japan. Washington is the capital of the United States, isn't it?

No, I'm not a Japanese citizen any longer. I'm now a naturalized American. Are you planning to return to France?

Five years. I've lived in Chicago ever since I came to the United States from Japan. You haven't lived in Washington all your life, have you?

#### 8 UNIT ONE

#### **GRAMMAR REVIEW**

#### **Basic Sentence Patterns**

# 1. Simple Statements

SUBJECT	+ VERB	+	COMPLEMENT
I	am		an American by birth.
I	am not		an American by birth.

## 2. Question Patterns

QUESTION	+ VERB	+ SUBJECT +	COMPLEMENT
WORD	Are Aren't	you	a naturalized American?
What How long	is were	you	a naturalized American? a French citizen?
Where Who	was is		your birthplace? the head of your government?

### 3. Requests and Commands

POLITE FORM	+ VERB	+ COMPLEMENT
Would you Won't you	vote	in the national elections?
Would you like to Would you please		
Please	don't forget to vote	in the national elections.
Let's	vote	in the national elections.

# 4. Statements + Short Forms (but + pronoun + verb form)

SUBJECT	+ VERB PHRASE	+ COMPLEMENT	+ Short Form
I He The country I	would like to celebrate can't become hasn't developed haven't visited	Independence Day, president, its resources, many countries,	but I can't. but he'd like to. but it will. but I plan to.

#### 5. Statement + Tag Question (verb form + pronoun)

STATEMENT + TAG He is a native Australian, isn't he? You come from Japan, don't you? would like to be president, wouldn't you? Our population has increased, hasn't it?

#### GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

- Student A: Change the model sentence as indicated in the cue or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence.
- Student B: Listen to Student A's response. Then, make the changes indicated in the cue in Student A's sentence, not the model sentence.
- Student A: Listen to Student B's sentence and make the necessary changes as indicated in the cue.

Continue in this manner, changing the previous response, until the exercise is complete. Follow the examples.

(1) (2)(3) a native American. 1. I am

a. Question

b. a naturalized American (3)

c. Statement

d. they (1)

e. he (1)

f. president of a university (3)

g. Question

h. leader of his political party (3)

i. Statement

j. a French citizen (3)

k. they (1)

l. I(1)

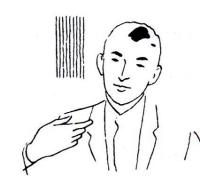
Am I a native American?

Am I a naturalized American?

I am a naturalized American.

They are naturalized Americans.

He is a naturalized American.



#### 10 UNIT ONE

(3) (2) (1)is noted for economic stability. 2. nation Is this nation noted for economic staa. Question bility? Isn't this nation noted for economic b. Negative Question stability? This nation isn't noted for economic c. Negative Statement stability. This nation isn't noted for mineral d. mineral resources (3) resources. This nation is noted for mineral ree. Affirmative Statement sources. This nation is rich in mineral f. is rich in (2) resources. g. Question h. this country (1) i. Negative Question j. Negative Statement k. doesn't have (2) 1. Affirmative Statement m. ten regions (3) n. is divided into (2) (3)(2) (1)vote in the national elections, can't you? 3. You can You can't vote in the national eleca. Negative tions, can you? You can't become president, can you? b. become president (2) You can become president, can't you? c. Affirmative You want to become president, don't d. want to (1) you? You don't want to become president, e. Negative do you? You don't want to live in a small f. live in a small town (2) town, do you? You want to live in a small town, g. Affirmative don't you? h. would like to (1) i. Negative

	<ul> <li>j. work in an industrial center (2)</li> <li>k. Affirmative</li> <li>l. will (1)</li> </ul>
	m. Negative  n. aren't going to (1)  o. Affirmative
	WORD STUDY EXERCISES
1.	Complete the following sentences by using the verb form of the italicized noun. Follow the example.
	Example: I wish you would give me a more detailed description of your trip. Please describe it for me.
	a. This country is known for its economic development. It very rapidly in the last ten years.
	b. The scientific accomplishments of the past century are amazing. Scientists have many advances in exploring space.
	c. The national elections take place in November. This year we will a new president.
	d. The population of California is increasing. The state is being very rapidly.
	e. I'm an American by birth. I was in the United States.
	f. Mr. Smith is the governor of this state. We hope he wisely.
2.	Complete the following sentences by using the noun form of the underlined verb. Follow the example.
	Example: Please describe your trip for me. I am interested in a detailed description.
	a. I'm going to celebrate my birthday on Saturday. I'm planning a big with all my friends.
	b. The United States is divided into 50 states. These are political and geographic

#### 12 UNIT ONE

- c. Are you going to *vote* in the national elections? Every \_\_\_\_\_ is important.
- d. The population of this small town has decreased. The people are unhappy about the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Select the word from Column B which is similar in meaning to the word in Column A.

		A				B	
<ul><li>b.</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li></ul>	decrease industrial leader agricultural resources		g. h.	citizenship climate retain indigenous	native keep commercial nationality		decline weather farm reserves head

#### **WORD LIST**

accomplishment	election	leader	political party
advanced	geographical	mayor	population
agricultural	geographically	meter	president
area	governor	metropolitan	provincial
birth	government	mineral	region
capital	hectare	mining	republic
census	historic	nation.	reserve
center	independence	national	resource
citizen	indigenous	nationality	rich
citizenship	industrial	natural	scientific
climate	industrially	naturalized	section
cosmopolitan	iron	ore	senator
culturally	its	petroleum	stability
deposit	largely	political	technology
economic	late, later, latest	politically	timber

#### Verb Forms

## Expressions

celebrate center (in) decline decrease	increase remain retain vote	be noted (for) chief of state head of the government
divide		

# UNIT 2 GEOGRAPHY AND LAND FEATURES



- 766 Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.
- 767 It's a beautiful country with many large lakes.
- 768 This part of the country is very mountainous.
- 769 The land in this region is dry and parched.
- Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.
- 771 There are forests here, and lumbering is important.
- 772 The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.
- 773 This mountain range has many high peaks and deep canyons.
- 774 What kind of climate do you have? Is it mild?
- 775 How far is it from the shore of the Atlantic to the mountains?
- 776 Is the coastal plain good for farming?
- 777 What's the longest river in the United States?
- Are most of the lakes located in the north central region?
- As you travel westward, does the land get higher?
- 780 The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get much rain?

#### 14 UNIT TWO

### INTONATION

•	766	Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.
•	767	It's a beautiful country with many large lakes.
	768	This part of the country is very mountainous.
•	769	The land in this region is dry and parched.
	770	Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.
	771	There are forests here, and lumbering is important.
	772	The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.
	773	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep canyons.
	774	What kind of climate do you have? Is it mild?
	775	How far is it from the shore of the Atlantic to the mountains?
	776	Is the coastal plain good for farming?
	777	What's the longest river in the United States?
	778	Are most of the lakes located in the north central region?
	779	As you travel westward, does the land get higher?
	780	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get much rain?

#### **VERB STUDY**

#### 1. be located (in)

- a. Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.
- b. Wasn't that company located in New York in 1953?
- c. Our new cultural center will be located here.
- d. In the 17th century, where was the capital located?
- e. Most of the lakes are located in the north central region.

#### 2. travel

- a. As you travel westward, does the land get higher?
- b. Last year I traveled to the Far East.
- c. She travels from New York to Washington about once a week.
- d. Do you like to travel?
- e. He enjoys traveling, but I prefer to stay home.
- f. How far did you travel last year?

#### 3. get

- a. After traveling all summer, I was glad to get home.
- b. As we travel westward, you will notice that the land is getting higher.
- c. I don't think it really gets higher; it just seems higher.
- d. Did you get lost in the mountains?
- e. We got a lot of rain last year, but we haven't gotten much rain this year.
- f. Had I gotten over my illness in time, I would have gone on the trip with you.
- g. Had we gotten tickets earlier, we would have gone by plane.

#### 4. farm

- a. Is the coastal plain good for farming?
- b. It's good for farming, but farming isn't the most important industry around here.
- c. If the people don't farm this land, what do they do with it?
- d. Most of the area is used for raising cattle, but some of the people farm their land.

#### SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Geographically, this country

is located

in the southern hemisphere in the northern hemisphere on the continent of Europe on the continent of Africa on the continent of Asia

2. It's a beautiful country with

many large lakes several chains of mountains many large rivers forests, mountains and desert scenic mountain areas

3. This part of the country is very

mountainous
hilly
flat
stony
heavily populated

4. The land in this region is

dry and parched arid semi-arid fertile farmland

5. Along the northern coast there are many

high cliffs
deep harbors
ports
good harbors and
port cities
forests

6. There are

forests oil wells streams here and

lumbering petroleum fishing is important.

7. The scenery is

beautiful gorgeous spectacular breath-taking unbelievably beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.

8. This mountain range has many high peaks and

deep canyons swift rivers fertile valleys 9. What kind of climate do you have? Is it

mild tropical warm and dry cold and humid severe moist

10. How far is it from the

shore of the Atlantic mountain range high plateau area cool forests coastline

to the

mountains
open plains
fertile farmland
hot desert area
foothills

?

11. Is the coastal plain good for

farming
raising cattle
growing crops
oil prospecting
urban development

12. What's the

highest mountain coldest region hottest area largest industrial center

in the United States?

13. Are most of the lakes located in the

north central northeastern northwestern south central southwestern southeastern region?

14. As you travel

westward eastward northward southward , does the land get

higher drier more fertile less fertile

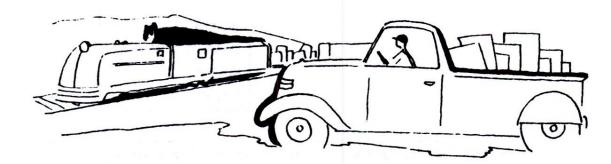
?

15. The weather is warm and sunny here.

Do you

get much rain
suffer from the heat
live in comfort the whole year
get much cold weather
get any snowfall at all

#### READING



#### Geography and Land Features

The geographical location of a country and its physical characteristics are very important to its development and progress. The United States is very fortunate in this respect.

First of all, it has a good climate. In almost all sections of the country it is possible to live comfortably during the whole year. It is true that in the south it sometimes gets very hot, and in the north very cold. But the people who live in these regions become accustomed to the climate and never suffer very much when the weather is either very hot or very cold.

In a large country there is usually a great variety of different physical characteristics. In the United States, there are wide plains and high mountains, thousands of lakes and rivers of all sizes, cool forests and hot deserts, and a coastline several thousand miles long.

The many lakes and rivers, as well as the long coastline, have been of great importance to the development of the country, since they made possible the easy transportation of people and all the things people need. Transportation by water is still necessary and important. In modern times, however, trains, automobiles, trucks and airplanes are doing much of the work which was formerly done by ships and boats.

#### Questions

- 1. In what respect is the United States very fortunate?
- 2. What can you say about the climate in the United States?
- 3. What kind of climate do you have in your country?
- 4. What are the principal physical characteristics of the United States? Of your country?
- 5. Why are rivers and lakes important?
- 6. Are there many rivers and lakes in your country?
  Does your country have a coastline?
- 7. What is used for transportation in modern times?

#### PARTICIPATION DRILL

Student A begins by reading the first statement in the Student A column. Student B finds and then reads the correct response from the Student B column. Student A selects and then reads the correct response to Student B's speech. Continue until the conversation is complete.

#### STUDENT A

I've heard so much about Japan. Is it a beautiful country?

No, France isn't very mountainous. But it does contain the Pyrenees, a large mountain range with high peaks and deep canyons. What kind of climate does Japan have?

No, rice isn't grown in France. But farming, fishing and industry are very important in France also. I'd like to get to Japan some day. Would you like to visit France?

Yes, I do feel the same way about France. The swift rivers, the fertile valleys, the large cities—its scenery is beautiful. Will you describe the geography of Japan?

Yes, the climate of France is generally mild, but northern France often has severe winters. In southern France, one can live in comfort the whole year. Is Japan good for farming?

Oh, no, France isn't an island. It is located in the western part of the European continent. But France does have many fine harbors and port cities on its southern and western coasts. Does Japan have good harbors?

#### STUDENT B

Not everyone thinks Japan is beautiful, but to me its beauty is breath-taking. You feel the same way about France, don't you?

Yes, I'd like to visit France. I'd like to travel all over the world. As you describe it, France seems to be very much like Japan. I would like to see for myself.

Yes, Japan is good for farming. Rice is the main crop, but Japan is also an industrial center. Fishing is very important, too. Rice isn't grown in France, is it?

Yes, I'll describe Japan's geography. It's made up of four large islands located off the coast of Asia. France isn't an island, is it?

The Japanese climate is warm and moist in the south, mild in the central part and cold in the north. Except for Hokkaido, we don't get much snowfall at all. France has a mild climate, doesn't it?

Good harbors! Yokohama is one of the most famous port cities in the world. Japan is the largest shipbuilding nation in the world. Also, there are long mountain ranges in the southern islands. France isn't very mountainous, is it?

#### GRAMMAR REVIEW

#### **Connected Statements**

SHORT FORM + CONNECTIVE + STATEMENT the coast is, too. Mountain areas are scenic. and is the coast. and so Mountain areas are scenic, the desert isn't, either. and Stony land isn't fertile, the desert. is and neither Stony land isn't fertile, the desert isn't. Coastal plains are fertile, but

+ SECOND STATEMENT CONNECTIVE FIRST STATEMENT

There are forests here;

lumbering is important.

therefore, consequently,

thus,

as a result,

The weather is warm here; and

we don't get much rain.

also,

in addition, furthermore, moreover,

in fact,

as a matter of fact,

This region isn't fertile;

but

it has good harbors.

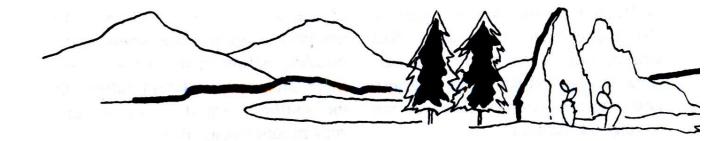
however,

still,

in spite of that, nevertheless,

yet,

on the other hand,



#### **GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES**

Student A: Change the model sentence as indicated in the cue or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence.

Student B: Listen to Student A's response. Then, make the changes indicated in the cue in Student A's sentence, not the model sentence.

Student C: Listen to Student B's sentence and make the necessary changes as indicated in the cue.

Continue in this manner, changing the previous response, until the exercise is complete. Follow the examples.

> (1) (2)(3)

- 1. The mountain area is scenic and
  - a. and so (2)
  - b. and neither (2) (Negative)
  - c. isn't heavily populated (1)
  - d. but (2) (Affirmative)
  - e. and (2), the coast isn't, either (3)
  - f. isn't fertile (1)
  - g. and neither (2)
  - h. and so (2) (Affirmative)
  - i. the coast is, too (3)
  - j. but (2), the coast isn't (3)

The mountain area is scenic, and so is the coast.

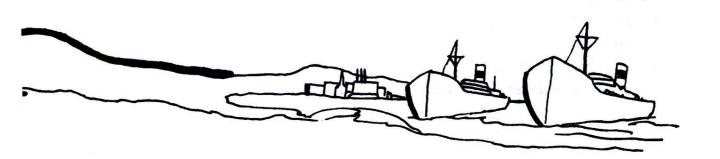
The mountain area isn't scenic, and neither is the coast.

the coast is, too.

The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and neither is the coast.

The mountain area isn't heavily populated, but the coast is.

The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and the coast isn't. either.



#### 22 UNIT TWO (2) (3)(1)lumbering is important. There are streams and forests here. SO There are streams and forests here: a. therefore (2) therefore, lumbering is important. There aren't streams and forests b. Negative here; therefore, lumbering isn't important. There aren't streams and forests c. fishing isn't important (3) here; therefore, fishing isn't important. There are streams and forests here; d. Affirmative therefore fishing is important. e. consequently (2) f. the scenery is beautiful (3) g. thus (2) h. as a result (2) i. the land is fertile (3) i. so (2)k. the land is not arid (3) (2)(1)we don't get much rain. 3. The weather is very warm, and The weather is very warm; morea. moreover (1) over, we don't get much rain. The weather is very warm; moreb. the land is arid (2) over, the land is arid. The weather is very warm; in addic. in addition (1)

d. the land is stony (2)

h. furthermore (1) i. it is tropical (2)

f. we suffer from the heat (2)

k. as a matter of fact (1)
l. it is a hot desert area (2)

e. and (1)

g. also (1)

i. in fact (1)

tion, the land is arid.

tion, the land is stony.

The weather is very warm; in addi-

		(1)	(2)
4.	This region is not fertile,	but	it has good harbors.
	a. however (1)		This region is not fertile; however, it has good harbors.
	b. it is heavily populated	(2)	This region is not fertile; however, it is heavily populated.
	c. nevertheless (1)		This region is not fertile; neverthe- less, it is heavily populated.
	d. it is an industrial area	(2)	This region is not fertile; nevertheless, it is an industrial area.
	e. still (1)		
	f. it is a scenic area (2)		
	g. in spite of that (1)		
	h. it has large lakes (2)		
	i. yet (1)		
	j. it is good for urban		
	development (2)		
	k. on the other hand (1)		
	l. it isn't a desert area (2	.)	
	WORD	STU	OY EXERCISES
1.	Complete the sentences be		The second secon
	Example: This statement	is tru	e. Its truth cannot be questioned.
	a. The weather has beco	me w	arm. The is pleasant after the
	b. The Mississippi is the miles.	longe	st river in the U.S. Its is 2,560
	c. The rain made the soi	l <i>mois</i>	t. The was good for the crops.
	d. Grand Canyon is very	deep	. I don't know the exact
	e. Crops grow well in the for their	e coas	stal plain area. The land here is good
	f. The summers in Was complains about the _		on are exceedingly humid. Everyone
	g. New York City is a h	eavily	populated area. Its is almost

h. Detroit is the major industrial city in the state of Michigan. Its

chief \_\_\_\_\_ is automobile manufacturing.

#### 24 UNIT TWO

2. Pronunciation: Mark the heavily accented syllable in each of the ds below. Follow the example.

Example: opposition	opposite
<ul><li>a. region</li><li>b. geography</li><li>c. scenery</li><li>d. spectacle</li></ul>	regional geographical scenic spectacular
e. beauty f. population g. fertility h. mountain i. industry j. comfort	beautiful populated fertile mountainous industrial comfortable

#### **WORD LIST**

arid	foothills	northward	severe
breath-taking	forest	northwestern	shore
canyon	gorgeous	ocean	snowfall
cattle	harbor	oil prospecting	southeastern
cliff	heavily	oil well	southern
coastal	hemisphere	parched	southward
coastline	high	peak	southwestern
comfort	hilly	plain	spectacular
continent	humid	plateau	stony
crop	less	populated	stream
deep	lumbering	port	swift
desert	moist	rain	tropical
eastward	mountainous	scenery	urban
farmland	mountain range	scenic	valley
fertile	northeastern	semi-arid	westward
fishing	northern		

#### **Verb Forms**

#### farm grow raise suffer

### **Expressions**

be located chain of mountains

# 3 SCHOOLS AND EDUCATION



- 781 Children enter school at the age of five, don't they?
- 782 In elementary school, the child learns to read and write.
- 783 In secondary school, children get more advanced knowledge.
- 784 In universities, students train to become teachers and engineers.
- 785 He went to grade school in New York and high school in Chicago.
- 786 In college I majored in science. What was your major?
- 787 My sister graduated from high school. Graduation was last night.
- 788 I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree.
- 789 If you expect to enter the university, you should apply now.
- 790 This is my first year of college. I'm a freshman.
- 791 My uncle is a high school principal.
- 792 What kind of grades did you make in college?
- 793 During your first year of college, did you make straight A's?
- 794 My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches economics.
- 795 John has extracurricular activities. He's on the football team.

#### INTONATION

781	Children enter school at the age of five, don't they?
782	In elementary school, the child learns to read and write.
783	In secondary school, children get more advanced knowledge.
784	In universities, students train to become teachers and engineers.
785	He went to grade school in New York and high school in Chicago
786	In college I majored in science. What was your major?
787	My sister graduated from high school. Graduation was last night.
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789	If you expect to enter the university, you should apply now.
790	This is my first year of college. I'm a freshman.
791	My uncle is a high school principal.
792	What kind of grades did you make in college?
793	During your first year of college, did you make straight A's?
794	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches economics.
795	John has extracurricular activities. He's on the football team.

#### VERB STUDY

#### 1. enter

- a. Children enter kindergarten at the age of five, don't they?
- b. My daughter enters the first grade this year.
- c. John entered the university two years ago.
- d. If you had entered college this year, would you be a freshman?
- e. Our bus is entering New York City now.

#### 2. learn (to)

- a. In elementary school, the pupil learns to read and write.
- b. What did you learn to do today?
- c. Last year they learned to ride a bicycle.
- d. I'm learning to speak a foreign language.
- e. Didn't you ever learn to drive a car?

#### read, write

- a. In elementary school, children learn to read and write, don't they?
- b. That little boy reads and writes very well for his age.
- c. The students have already read the questions. Now they're writing their answers.
- d. I read my mail and then wrote some letters.

#### 4. train, teach

- a. In colleges, students train to become doctors and engineers.
- b. He's been trained as a teacher.
- c. My brother teaches economics.
- d. He has taught on the faculty for nearly twenty years.
- e. Mr. Cooper is teaching French. English is taught by Mr. Jones.

#### 5. major (in)

- a. In college I majored in science. What was your major?
- b. I'm majoring in music.
- c. When my father was in college, he majored in economics.
- d. If she majors in French, I'm sure she'll become a teacher.

#### 6. graduate (from)

- a. My sister graduated from high school, and then went to college.
- b. I'm going to graduate from college next year.
- c. As soon as he graduates, he's going to get a job.
- d. Isn't John graduating from college in June?

#### 7. expect to

- a. If you expect to enter college in the fall, you should apply now.
- b. Are you expecting to get good grades this year?
- c. I expected my brother to go to college, but he didn't.
- d. If you had expected to enter college, you should have registered.



#### 28 UNIT THREE

#### SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Children enter

school kindergarten grade school elementary school the first grade pre-school classes nursery school at the age of five, don't they?

2. In elementary school, the child learns to

read and write work with numbers study

3. In secondary school, children

get more advanced knowledge study mathematics, physics and chemistry study history, geography and government begin to concentrate on special interests

4. In universities, students train to become

teachers and engineers lawyers and dentists doctors and nurses

5. He went to grade school in New York and

high school vocational school an electronics school a trade school a private academy

in Chicago.

6. In college I majored in

science math physics languages history economics philosophy . What was your major?

7. My sister graduated

from

high school college a private school Graduation
Commencement
The ceremony

was last night.

8. I'm a graduate of Yale University.

I have

- a Bachelor of Arts degree
- a B.A. degree
- a Bachelor of Science degree
- a Master of Arts degree
- an M.S. degree
- a Doctor of Philosophy degree
- a Ph.D. degree

?

9. Do you have

a high school diploma a special diploma special credentials a college degree an honorary degree

10. If you expect to enter the university, you should

apply
register
make an application
go to the registrar's office
enroll

now.

11. This is my

first second third fourth third second year of college. I'm

- a freshman
- a sophomore
- a junior
- a senior
- an upperclassman
- a lowerclassman

#### 30 UNIT THREE

12. My uncle is

a high school principal
an elementary school head
a college president
a university dean
a graduate lecturer
a faculty professor

. Do you know him?

13. What kind of grades did you make

in college during your early school years through high school in your junior high school years

14. During your first year of college, did you make

straight A's
a B average
many C's
the honor roll
good grades
poor grades

15. My brother is a member of the faculty.

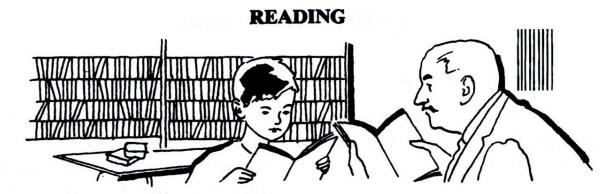
He teaches

economics
psychology
pathology
computer mathematics
civil engineering
electrical engineering

16. John has extracurricular activities.

He's

on the football team
president of his class
in the school band
editor of the school paper
active in sports



#### Schools and Education

Life in the twentieth century demands preparation. Today, all individuals in a country must have adequate schooling to prepare them for their work as well as for their responsibilities as citizens. With this in mind, national leaders everywhere are placing more emphasis on the education of the young.

In the United States, government officials, parents, and teachers are working hard to give the children—tomorrow's decision makers—the

best preparation available.

There is no national school policy in the United States. Each of the fifty states makes its own rules and regulations for its schools, but there are many similarities among the fifty school systems. Public schools in all states are supported by taxes paid by the citizens of the individual state. In most states the children are required to attend school until they reach the age of sixteen.

When they become six years old, children begin elementary school. After six years in elementary school, they go into junior high school and remain there for three years. The last three years of their public school education are spent in senior high school, from which they graduate at the age of eighteen.

A great number of high school graduates continue their education in one of the many colleges or universities in the country. After four years, they receive a bachelor's degree. Some continue studying for a master's degree and perhaps a doctor's degree.

#### Questions

- 1. At what age does a child in the United States enter elementary school?
- 2. Are public schools in the United States free to the students? Why?
- 3. How long does the law require that a student go to school in most states?
- 4. At what age do most students graduate from high school?
- 5. Why is education so important today?

## PARTICIPATION DRILL

## STUDENT A

I finally made it. I'm now a college graduate. Would you like to hear about it?

I made pretty good grades. I had B's in science and math, but I made straight A's in my major. What did you major in?

Yes, I was active in extracurricular activities. Because of my training on school newspapers since my junior high school years, I became editor of the Yale paper. Were you active in sports?

Yes, I'll go on for my Master's. I expect to teach history and government in a secondary school. Did you ever teach in a high school?

Yes, I should apply soon. I think I'll make an application for a position as graduate lecturer at Yale. Do you think I have a chance to get it?

Yes, I had to work very hard for my Bachelor's degree. I'm proud to be a graduate of Yale University. Were you proud to graduate from Yale?

## STUDENT B

Yes, I was very proud to be a Yale man. I have a Master of Arts degree and my Ph.D. also. You're going on for your M.A. aren't you?

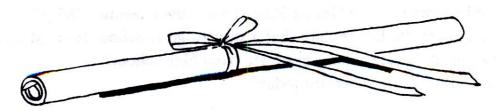
Yes, I taught in high school. That was before I became a college professor. You made good grades at Yale, didn't you?

I majored in child psychology. I was very interested in the way children learn to read and write. You were active in extracurricular activities, weren't you?

Yes, I think you have a good chance. You should go to the registrar's office and apply there.

Yes, I'd like to hear about it. You had to work hard to earn your Bachelor of Arts degree, didn't you?

Yes, I was active in sports. During my junior and senior years, I was on the Yale football team. If you're going to graduate school, you should apply soon, shouldn't you?



## **GRAMMAR REVIEW**

## Modifiers of Nouns Adjective Clauses and Adjective Phrases

## 1. Adjective Clauses

## Pattern A

Commencement, which is a graduation ceremony, was last night.

My sister, who received a B.A. degree, graduated last night.

My brother, whose major was economics, is a teacher.

Kindergarten is for children who are five years old.

High school is for older children whose knowledge is more advanced.

Some students attend academies, which are private schools.

## Pattern B

The subject (which) I prefer is science.

The sport (which) I am active in is football.

The man (whom) I spoke to is a faculty professor.

The year (when) I was a freshman was difficult.
The library (that) I study in is quiet.

## 2. Adjective Phrases

get advanced knowledge. Students in high school receive diplomas. Graduates of secondary schools make the honor roll. with good grades Students is my uncle. on the faculty The professor is a private academy. near New York City The school is an advanced degree. from a university A Ph.D. majoring in languages plans to teach. The student should see the registrar. wishing to register Students

Students wishing to register should see the registrar.

Students training to be doctors must attend college.

Classes taught at universities are more advanced. Football, enjoyed by the students, is extracurricular.

## 34 UNIT THREE

## 3. Comparison—adjective phrase and adjective clause

Students			in high school	get advanced knowledge.
Students	who	are	in high school	get advanced knowledge.
The student The student	who	is	majoring in languages majoring in languages	plans to teach. plans to teach.
Football,	whiel	n is	enjoyed by the students, enjoyed by the students,	is extracurricular. is extracurricular.

## GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Change the sentence as indicated in the cue, or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence. Make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

1. Your sister, who graduated last night, received a B.A. degree.

a. Question

Did your sister, who graduated last night, receive a B.A. degree?

b. who majored in economics
(1)

Did your sister, who majored in economics, receive a B.A. degree?

c. Statement

Your sister, who majored in economics, received a B.A. degree.

- d. received high grades (2)
- e. was an excellent student (2)
- f. Question
- g. who was active in sports (1)
- h. Statement
- i. who was editor of the school paper (1)
- j. graduated with honors (2)

(1) (3)(2) 2. High school is for older children whose knowledge is more advanced. a. is for young adults (2) High school is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced. b. college (1) College is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced. c. who want to concentrate on College is for young adults who special interests (3) want to concentrate on special interests. d. Question e. who want to become teachers and engineers (3) f. Statement g. who want to study psychology (3) h. is for students (2) i. who make good grades (3) j. Negative (Use the negative form of both verbs.) (1)(3) (2)3. The professor on the faculty is my uncle. a. with an M.A. degree (2) The professor with an M.A. degree is my uncle. b. teaches at the university (3) The professor with an M.A. degree teaches at the university. c. the graduate lecturer (1) The graduate lecturer with an M.A. degree teaches at the university. d. Question e. from New York City (2) f. teach economics (3) g. Statement h. studying for his Ph.D. (2) i. is on the faculty (3)

## WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1	Complete the sentences below following the example.
	Example: A girl who practices nursing is a nurse.
	a. A man who practices law is a
	b. A man who practices dentistry is a
	c. A man who practices medicine is a
	d. A man who has studied philosophy is a
	e. A man whose profession is economics is an
	f. A man who experiments in science is a
	g. A man who writes history books is an
	h. A man who solves mathematical problems is a
	i. A man whose profession is engineering is an
	j. A man who teaches is a
2.	In each of the following groups of words, there are four words that are related and one that is not related. Select the word that does not belong.
	Example: orange, apple, pear, steak, grapefruit
	a. freshman, sophomore, professor, senior, junior
	b. lecturer, professor, teacher, instructor, registrar
	c. university, office, college, academy, school
	d. clerk, dean, president, school head, principal
	e. grades, marks, subject, average, credits
	f. B.A., M.S., Ph.D., U.S.A., B.S.
	g. elementary school, factory, high school, kindergarten, college
	h. football, math, physics, English, history

3.	Complete the following sentences with the correct preposition. Follow the example.
	Example: The pupils learn to read and write. (to, for)
	a. I graduated Yale University. (from, to)
	b. I majored science. (for, in)
	c. He's the football team. (on, in)
	d. Children enter kindergarten the age of five. (at, in)
	e. I'm a graduate Harvard University. (of, from)
	f. I travel to school a bus in the winter. (by, in)
	g. On sunny days I go foot. (on, at)
	h. Tomorrow I will go car. (in, by)
4.	Complete the following expressions with the correct form of the appropriate verb from the list below:
	get give make see do have take slip
	a. Will you please me a favor?
	b. If you did your work on time, you wouldn't into trouble.
	c. Have you any thought to going on to graduate school?
	d. Did you a good time in your freshman year at college?
	e. I must an attempt to get better grades this year.
	f. I don't any point in going to college, if you're not going to study.
	g. I forgot to register. It completely my mind.
	h. I your advice and majored in engineering.

## 38 UNIT THREE

## **WORD LIST**

academy	economics	honor roll	physics
active	editor	interests	poor
activity	electrical	junior	pre-school
average	engineering	junior high school	principal
band	electronics	kindergarten	psychology
chemistry	elementary school	knowledge	registrar
civil engineering		lecturer	science
college	faculty	lowerclassman	secondary school
commencement	football	major	senior
computer	freshman	math	sophomore
mathematics	grade	member	special
credentials	grade school	nursery school	sports
dean	graduate	paper	trade school
degree	graduation	pathology	upperclassman
diploma	high school	philosophy	vocational school
early	honorary		
July			

## **Verb Forms**

# concentrate enter graduate (from) major (in) register teach, taught (p. and p. part.) train

## **University Degrees**

B.A. = Bachelor of Arts
B.S. = Bachelor of Science
M.A. = Master of Arts
M.S. = Master of Science
Ph.D. = Doctor of Philosophy

## **Expressions**

make grades make straight A's

## WORK AND CAREERS



- 796 I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of Labor.
- 797 What kind of work do you do? Are you a salesman?
- As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a bank teller.
- 799 John has built up his own business. He owns a hotel.
- 800 What do you want to be when you grow up? Have you decided yet?
- 801 I like painting, but I wouldn't want it to be my life's work.
- 802 Have you ever thought about a career in the medical profession?
- 803 My uncle was a pilot with the airlines. He just retired.
- 804 My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of major.
- 805 I have a good-paying job with excellent hours.
- 806 My sister worked as a secretary before she got married.
- 807 George's father is an attorney. He has his own practice.
- 808 He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.
- 809 Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as governor.
- 810 After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.

## INTONATION

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805	I have a good-paying job with excellent hours.
806	My sister worked as a secretary before she got married.
807	George's father is an attorney. He has his own practice.
808	He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.
809	Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as governor.
810	After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.

## VERB STUDY

مرجع زبان ایرانیان

## 1. work

- a. I work for the Department of Labor.
- b. I've worked here for more than fifteen years.
- c. My sister works for the airlines. She's a secretary.
- d. I'm working late tonight.

## 2. complete

- a. When I complete my training, I'm going to be a bank teller.
- b. Betty Cole completed her work late last night.
- c. If he completes his training, he's going to be a doctor.
- d. I'm completing my training this month.

## 3. build up

- a. John has built up his own business. He owns a hotel.
- b. He has a successful business. He built it up himself.
- c. You have to work hard to build up your own business.
- d. He was successful in building up his own business.

## 4. retire

- a. My uncle was a pilot with the airlines. He just retired last month.
- b. Are you going to retire this year?
- c. When he retires, he's going to Florida.
- d. My father retired last year after working for 35 years.

## 5. be promoted

- a. My brother was just promoted to the rank of lieutenant.
- b. When he's promoted again, he'll be a captain.
- c. John is being promoted to the rank of major this month.
- d. Mr. Jones has been promoted. He's now the office manager.

## 6. run (for)

- a. Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as governor.
- b. You ran for election as governor in 1958, didn't you?
- c. If he runs for election, he'll be elected governor.
- d. If you had run for election, I'm sure you would have won.

## 7. be appointed

- a. After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.
- b. When were you appointed president of the university?
- c. If you were to be appointed ambassador, what country would you like to go to?
- d. George is being appointed the new ambassador to this country.

## 42 UNIT FOUR

## SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. a federal employee. I work for the

Department of

Labor
Commerce
Agriculture
State
Justice

2. What kind of work do you do?

Are you a

salesman truck driver bus driver department store clerk government worker

3. As soon as I complete my training,

I'm going to be a

bank teller missile expert pilot hotel manager bookkeeper

4. John has built up his own business.

He

owns a hotel
has a taxicab company
manages a shoe factory
is a florist
has a barbershop
runs a restaurant

5. What do you want to be

when you grow up after you're on your own when you finish your training after you finish school

Have you decided yet?

6. I like painting working in an office writing music teaching swimming

, but I wouldn't want it to be my life's work.

7. Have you ever thought about a career in

the medical profession
the legal profession
electronics
medicine
the air force
the army
the navy

8. My uncle was a

pilot policeman fireman singer conductor with the

airlines
police department
fire department
opera company
railroad

He just retired.

9. My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of

major colonel general lieutenant captain

10. I have a good-paying job with

excellent hours
good working conditions
a vacation every year
annual increases in salary
many fringe benefits

## 44 UNIT FOUR

11. My sister worked as

a secretary
an office clerk
an airline hostess
a nurse
a technician
a salesgirl in a dress shop

before she got married.

12. George's father is

an attorney
a dentist
a medical doctor
a criminal lawyer
an engineer

He has his own practice.

13. He always takes pride in his work. He's very

efficient industrious meticulous accurate devoted dedicated

14. Mr. Smith is a politician.

He's running for election as

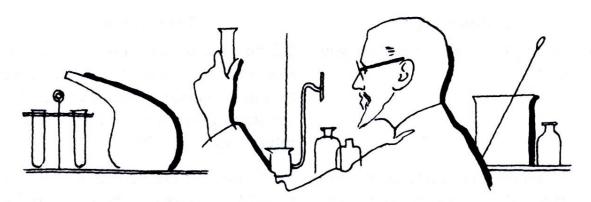
governor mayor representative senator president

15. After a successful career in

business
politics
the army
the foreign service

, he was appointed ambassador

## READING



## Work and Careers

Sometimes we say that someone we know is "a square peg in a round hole". This simply means that the person we are talking about is not suited for the job he is doing. He may be a bookkeeper who really wants to be an actor or a mechanic who likes cooking. Unfortunately, many people in the world are "square pegs"; they are not doing the kind of work they should be doing, for one reason or another. As a result they probably are not doing a very good job and certainly they are not happy.

Choosing the right career is very important. Most of us spend a great part of our lives at our jobs. For that reason we should try to find out what our talents are and how we can use them. We can do this through aptitude tests, interviews with specialists, and study of books in our field of interest.

There are many careers open to each of us. Perhaps we like science. Then we might prepare ourselves to be chemists, physicists, or biologists. Maybe our interests take us into the business world and such work as accounting, personnel management or public relations. Many persons find their place in government service. Teaching, newspaper work, medicine, engineering—these and many other fields offer fascinating careers to persons with talent and training.

## Questions

- 1. Why is it important to find the right career?
- 2. Name three ways that we can find the right career.
- 3. What are some of the careers found in the scientific world?
- 4. What do we mean by "square peg in a round hole"?
- 5. Do you know anyone who is not happy in his work? Is he a "square peg in a round hole"?

## 46 UNIT FOUR

## PARTICIPATION DRILL

## STUDENT A

I'm looking for a job, sir. Can you help me?

No, I haven't graduated from college. But I did major in bookkeeping in business school. I worked as a bank teller, but my feet hurt from standing all day. Do you have a job where I can sit down?

Oh, yes, I take great pride in my work. When I had a job as a house painter, I sometimes spent all day just cleaning my brushes. But the paint gave me headaches. Can you tell me more about the waiter's job?

Yes, it does sound interesting. But I don't think I'm strong enough to lift those heavy trays. Do you have something that doesn't require lifting?

Yes, I've had other jobs. I worked as a conductor on a railroad, but the movement of the train made me sick. Do you have work that doesn't require travel?

No, I don't want a business career. I was a florist, but I didn't like it. The flowers made me sneeze. Can you suggest some other kind of work?

## STUDENT B

I'll be glad to tell you more about that job as a waiter. You'll have excellent working conditions and a vacation every year. That sounds interesting, doesn't it?

Something that doesn't require travel? Let's see. I have a job for you as a waiter in a hotel restaurant. It's a good-paying job with many fringe benefits. You're efficient and you take pride in your work, don't you?

Of course, I can help you. The Acme Employment Agency has helped all kinds of people from missile experts to swimming teachers. You want a career in business, don't you?

Yes, I can suggest many other kinds of work. But first I must find out more about your training. You're a college graduate, aren't you?

You want a job that lets you sit? I think we can find one. But I must know more about your experience. You've had other jobs, haven't you?

No lifting? You can't lift, you can't travel, you can't stand up, and flowers and paint make you sick! You need a medical doctor more than a job. There's an MD in this building. I suggest that you go see him. Good-bye!

## **GRAMMAR REVIEW**

Modifiers of Verbs: Adverbial Clauses and Adverbial Phrases

## 1. Adverbial Clauses

	Main or Independen Clause	TT + ADVERBIAL CLAUSE
REASON	I enjoy my job I enjoy my job	since it has excellent hours. because it has fringe benefits.
OPPOSITION I enjoy my job		although I work long hours.
CONDITION You can't be a pilot You can be a pilot		unless you complete your training if you complete your training.
PLACE	He won't work He takes pride in his w	where the hours are long. ork wherever he works.
TIME You can't be a doctor You can be a doctor You can work hard You can't be a doctor You can be a doctor You can be a doctor		hen you grow up. hele you are studying. fore you graduate from medical school. ter you graduate from medical school. soon as you complete your training.

## 2. Adverbial Phrases

STATEMENT	+ Adverbial Phrase
I was in the army	before college.
I studied law	during my college years.
I went to college	for four years.
I have been practicing law	since graduation.
I opened my own office	in July.
I will practice law	until retirement.
I will be rich	by then.
I will enter politics	after my business career.

## 3. Comparison—adverbial phrase and adverbial clause

STATEMENT +	ADVERBIA	L CLAUSE	OR ADVERBIAL PHRASE
	because of because	it has	the fringe benefits. fringe benefits.
I enjoy my job I enjoy my job	in spite of although	I work	the long hours.

## **GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES**

Change the sentence as indicated in the cue or substitute the cue words in the appropriate position in the sentence. Make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

changes in each sentence. Follow the examples. (2)(1)1. I enjoy my job since it has fringe benefits. I enjoy my job although I work a. although I work long hours long hours. **(2)** I enjoy writing books although I b. enjoy writing books (1) work long hours. I enjoy writing books because I rec. because I receive a good ceive a good salary. salary (2) d. if I have good working conditions (2) e. will take pride in my work (1) f. when I have my own business (2) g. will take a vacation every year (1) h. after I'm on my own (2) i. as soon as I can (2) j. will start my own business (1) (1)2. You can't be a pilot until you complete your training. a. while (1) You can't be a pilot while you are completing your training. Can't you be a pilot while you are completb. Question ing your training? Can't you be a pilot before you complete c. before your training?

d. Statement

You can't be a pilot before you complete your training.

e. after (Affirmative) You can be a pilot after you complete your training.

f. as soon as

- g. Question
- h. when
- i. Statement
- j. if

 $(1) \qquad (2)$ 

## 3. I studied law during my college years.

a. since high school (2) I've studied I

b. for four years (2)

I've studied law since high school.

I've studied law for four years.

I've practiced law for four years. c. practiced law (1) I practiced law during the past d. during the past year (2) year. e. was very industrious (1) f. in the summer (2) g. until my retirement (2) h. received an annual increase in salary (1) i. got some fringe benefits (1) i. after retirement (2) WORD STUDY EXERCISES 1. Select the word from the following list that best completes each of the sentences below. profession difficult promoted meticulous dedicated retired employed manages Example: This lesson is hard. The words are difficult. a. John is a very careful student. He is \_\_\_\_\_. b. I work in an office. I am \_\_\_\_\_ as a secretary. c. If I had my choice of careers, I would choose the medical \_\_\_\_\_. d. My uncle runs his own business. He \_\_\_\_\_ it by himself. e. I was advanced from the rank of Captain. I was \_\_\_\_\_ to Major. f. When my father became 65 years old, he stopped working. He \_\_\_\_\_ from his profession. g. Mr. Holmes devoted his entire life to the practice of law. He was a \_\_\_\_\_ man. 2. Select the word(s) from Column B that best describes the job or profession in Column A. Read the complete sentence. COLUMN A COLUMN B 1. A man who drives trucks is a a. bank teller b. salesman 2. A man who sells is a 3. A man who works for the government is a c. hotel owner d. truck driver 4. A man who works in a bank is a 5. A man who manages a hotel is a e. governor f. hotel manager 6. A man who governs a state is a g. government worker 7. A man who teaches swim ming is a h. swimming teacher

8. A man who owns a hotel is a

## 50 UNIT FOUR

3. Add the syllable "in-" or "un-" to the beginning of the words in parentheses to give them negative meaning. Then complete the sentences with the negative forms of the words.

Example: Your story doesn't sound true. It is unbelievable. (believable)

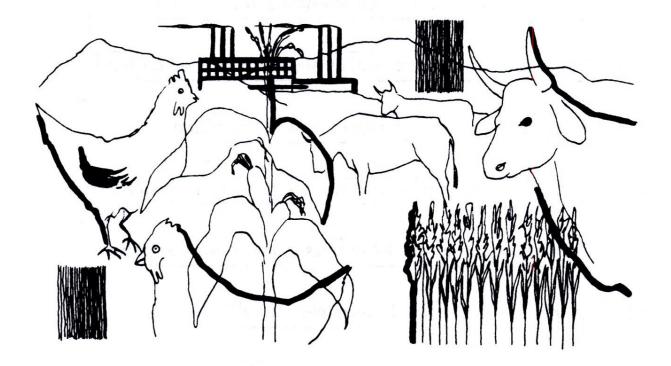
- a. John is a careless worker. He is \_\_\_\_\_. (efficient)
- b. I have not selected a career. I am \_\_\_\_\_. (decided)
- c. Mr. Brown is not a famous painter. He is \_\_\_\_\_. (known)
- d. Mr. Jones is a poor manager. His business is \_\_\_\_\_. (successful)
- e. My employer won't raise my salary. He is very \_\_\_\_\_. (considerate)
- f. I do not want to become an airline pilot. That career is \_\_\_\_. (safe)
- g. I would like to be an ambassador to a foreign country. I want a career that is \_\_\_\_\_. (usual)

## **WORD LIST**

accurate	dedicated	increase	politics
air force	devoted	industrious	practice
airline	driver	legal	rank
ambassador	efficient	lieutenant	representative
army	expert	major	salesgirl
attorney	factory	meticulous	secretary
bank teller	federal	missile	service
bookkeeper	fireman	navy	shop
career	florist	painting	taxicab
company	fringe benefits	pilot	technician
conductor	general	politician	worker
criminal	good-paying		

U.S. Government Offices	Verb Forms	Expressions
Department of Agriculture	appoint	run a business
Department of Commerce	build up	run for election
Department of Justice	manage	take pride (in)
Department of Labor	promote	
Department of State	retire	

## 5 FARMS AND FACTORIES



- 811 Because of the warm and sunny weather, oranges grow very well here.
- 812 In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise cattle.
- The ground around here is stony and not very good for farming.
- What are the principal farm products in this region?
- Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.
- 816 They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for farms.
- 817 At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.
- 818 On many farms you'll find cows and chickens.
- 819 If you have cows you have to get up early to do the milking.
- 820 Tractors have revolutionized farming.
- 821 In the United States, there are many factories for making cloth.
- 822 Factories employ both male and female workers.
- 823 If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.
- 824 Is meat packing a big industry in your country?
- 825 Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry?

## INTONATION

811	Because of the warm and sunny weather, oranges grow very well here.
812	In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise cattle.
813	The ground around here is stony and not very good for farming.
814	What are the principal farm products in this region?
815	Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.
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819	If you have cows you have to get up early to do the milking.
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821	In the United States, there are many factories for making cloth.
822	Factories employ both male and female workers.
823	If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.
824	Is meat packing a big industry in your country?
825	Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry?

## VERB STUDY

## 1. grow

- a. Because of the warm climate, oranges grow very well here.
- b. I used to see a lot of oranges growing here, but I don't anymore.
- c. Last year the farmer grew corn on this land. I don't know what he'll grow this year.
- d. If your land had been fertile, you could have grown tobacco.

## 2. raise

- a. In this flat country people raise cattle.
- b. I'm raising chickens this year.
- c. Mr. Cooper raises cattle on his farm, doesn't he?
- d. I've often raised chickens, but I've never raised pigs.

## 3. be shipped

- a. Milk, butter and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.
- b. The books you want were shipped to you three months ago.
- c. If the books had been shipped several months ago, I would have gotten them by now.

## 4. cut down

- a. They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for farms.
- b. They're cutting down all the trees in this area.
- c. Who cut this tree down? Do you know?
- d. If I had cut that tree down, I would have told you about it.

## 5. plow

- a. At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.
- b. He always plows his fields in September or October.
- c. I wish I had finished plowing the fields this morning.

## 6. revolutionize

- a. Tractors have revolutionized farming.
- b. The new tractors are revolutionizing farming around here.
- c. Modern machinery has revolutionized industry.

## 7. employ

- a. Factories employ both male and female workers.
- b. This company employs ten people.
- c. If they had employed me, I would have worked hard.

## 8. punch (a clock)

- a. If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.
- b. What time did you punch the clock this morning?
- c. As soon as he got to work this morning, he punched the clock.

## SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

Because of the warm and sunny weather,

oranges
lemons
cotton and peanuts
tobacco and rice
fruits

grow very well here.

2. In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and raise

cattle
pigs
sheep
chickens
thoroughbreds

3. The ground around here is

stony swamp land mostly clay rocky and not very good for farming.

4. What are the principal

farm products crops natural resources minerals in this region?

5. Milk, butter and cheese are

shipped brought in transported flown here from the dairy farms.

6. They had to

cut down a lot of trees clear a lot of land burn a lot of underbrush work for many years to make room for farms.

7. At this time of the year, farmers

plow their fields
cultivate their lands
plant their fields
harvest their crops
get ready for the autumn harvest

8. On many farms you'll find

cows and chickens livestock pet dogs and cats modern farm equipment

9. If you have

cows livestock crops

you have to get up early to do the

milking feeding plowing

10. Tractors

Modern farm implements Milkers Binders and threshers Hay loaders and reapers Feed grinders

have revolutionized farming.

11. In the United States, there are many factories

for making

cloth
automobiles
furniture
leather goods
steel
appliances

12. Factories

employ give jobs to have work for both male and female workers.

13. If you work in a factory, you usually have to

punch a clock carry a lunch to work get to work on time work five days a week

14. Is meat packing food processing fishing

fish canning

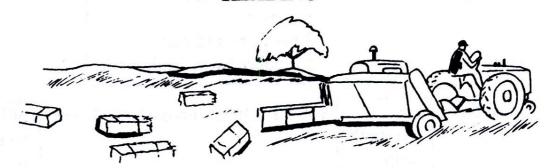
a big industry in your country?

15. Is it true that the manufacturing of

automobiles airplanes clothing furniture

is a major industry?

## READING



## Farms and Factories

The Jensens are a typical American farm family. Mr. and Mrs. Jensen came from Norway many years ago and settled on a dairy farm in Minnesota. Their four children grew up there. The two boys, Olaf and Carl, helped their father take care of the farm. They plowed and planted the fields, harvested the crops and milked the cows. The daughters, Inga and Sigrid, helped their mother with the housework. There was always a lot to do and the whole family worked very hard.

Today Mr. and Mrs. Jensen are old and cannot work as hard as they did when they were younger. Their son Olaf runs the farm now and his wife and children help him. The work is not as hard now as it used to be. Olaf has bought several machines which do many of the things formerly done by hand.

The other three children have moved away. Sigrid married a farmer and lives nearby. Carl is living in Minneapolis where he has a good job as manager of a factory which makes dairy products. Some of the milk used by the factory comes from Olaf Jensen's farm. Inga went to the State University and is now teaching in a high school in St. Paul.

The story of the Jensens is not unusual. Although life on the farm has changed a great deal, farming is still a necessary and very important occupation. However, city life attracts young people like Carl and Inga Jensen. Every year many of them leave the farms and take jobs in the many factories which are located in or near large cities.

## Questions

- 1. Describe the Jensen family.
- 2. What are some of the things that farmers do?
- 3. Do all of the Jensens still live on the farm?
- 4. What important products are made from milk?
- 5. Why is farming important?
- 6. Which do you prefer, farm life or city life? Why?

## PARTICIPATION DRILL

## STUDENT A

I want to buy a farm. I think I'd like to grow wheat. Is the ground here good for that?

Yes, I work only five days a week. But farming isn't so hard any longer, is it? Haven't tractors, reapers and other farm equipment revolutionized farming?

Yes, I do enjoy hard work. For years I have worked in a factory and punched a clock at the same time each day. Now I want to be a farmer. Don't you think farming is a wonderful life?

No, I've never owned a farm. I work in an automobile factory. Have you ever worked in a factory?

I don't mind getting up early each morning. I just want to get away from the factory. How nice it would be to raise cows and chickens or grow wheat and corn. Is your farm for sale?

Yes, we employ both males and females. Many of the women work as secretaries and clerks. Do you think farming is hard work?

## STUDENT B

Yes, farming is very hard work. Plowing, planting, and harvesting mean long hours almost every day of the year. You work only five days a week, don't you?

Perhaps farming is a wonderful life, if you have warm and sunny weather and flat fertile land. But you have to get up at dawn each morning. You like to get up early, don't you?

Yes, modern farm equipment has revolutionized farming. But the farmer still must cut down trees, clear a lot of land and cultivate the soil. Do you enjoy hard work?

Yes, my farm is for sale. You can have it at a very low price. I'm going to the city to get a job in a factory and work only five days a week!

No, the ground here isn't good for wheat. The soil is too rocky. It isn't good for farming at all. You've never owned a farm, have you?

No, I've never worked in a factory, but many of my friends have. Your factory employs both male and female workers, doesn't it?

## GRAMMAR REVIEW

## **Conditional Sentence Patterns**

## 1. Conditional clauses with if and unless

## Pattern A: Real Conditions

If the ground is	fertile,	it is good for farming.
If the ground isn't	fertile,	
Unless the ground is	fertile,	it isn't good for farming.
If the ground is	hilly,	
If the weather is	warm,	you can grow tobacco.
If the weather isn't	warm,	
Unless the weather is	warm,	you can't grow tobacco.
If the weather is	cold,	
If you cultivate	your land,	you will have good crops.
If you don't cultivate	your land,	you won't have good crops.
Unless you cultivate	your land,	you won t have good crops.

## Pattern B: Unreal Conditions

```
it would be good for farming.
                          fertile,
If the ground were
If the ground weren't
                          fertile,
                                      it wouldn't be good for farming.
                          fertile,
Unless the ground were
If the ground were
                          stony,
                                       you could grow tobacco.
If the weather were
                          warm,
If the weather weren't
                          warm.
                                       you couldn't grow tobacco.
Unless the weather were
                          warm,
If the weather were
                          cold.
                                      you would have good crops.
                          your land,
If you cultivated
                          your land, you wouldn't have good crops.
If you didn't cultivate
Unless you cultivated
                          your land,
```

## Pattern C: Unreal Conditions-past

If the ground had been fertile, If the ground had been stony,		good for farming. good for farming.
If the weather had been warm, If the weather had been cold,	you <b>could have grown</b> you <b>couldn't have grow</b>	tobacco.  vn tobacco.
If you had cultivated your land If you hadn't cultivated your land	you <b>would have had</b> I, you <b>wouldn't have had</b>	good crops.  I good crops.

## 2. Comparison—Simple statement and sentence pattern with the verb wish

Parameter, 401	
I work	five days a week.
I worked	only three days a week.
I had worked	only three days a week last year.
I get	to work late once in a while.
I got	to work on time every day.
I had gotten	to work on time yesterday.
I have to	work in a factory.
I didn't have to	work in a factory every day.
I hadn't had to	work in a factory last year.
	I had worked I get I got I had gotten I have to I didn't have to

## **GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES**

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position and make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

(1)

## 1. If the ground is fertile, it is good for farming.

- a. if the ground were fertile (1)
- b. if the ground had been fertile (1)
- c. you would have had good crops (2)
- d. you would have good crops
  (2)
- e. you will have good crops
  (2)

- If the ground were fertile, it would be good for farming.
- If the ground had been fertile, it would have been good for farming.
- If the ground had been fertile, you would have had good crops.
- If the ground were fertile, you would have good crops.
- If the ground is fertile, you will have good crops.
- f. if you cultivate your land (1)
- g. if you cultivated your land (1)
- h. if you had cultivated your land (1)
- i. you could have grown tobacco (2)
- j. you could grow tobacco (2)
- k. you can grow tobacco (2)
- l. if the weather is warm (1)
- m. if the weather were warm (1)
- n. if the weather had been warm (1)



(1)	(2)					
Unless you cultivate your land,	you won't have good crops.					
a. unless you cultivated your land, (1)	Unless you cultivated your land, you wouldn't have good crops.					
b. if you hadn't cultivated your land, (1)	If you hadn't cultivated your land, you wouldn't have had good crops.					
c. it wouldn't have been good for farming (2)	If you hadn't cultivated your land, it wouldn't have been good for farming.					
d. it wouldn't be good for farming (2)	If you didn't cultivate your land, it wouldn't be good for farming.					
e. it won't be good for farm- ing (2)	If you don't cultivate your land, it won't be good for farming.					
f. unless the weather is warm						
j. you couldn't grow tobacco (2)						
k. you can't grow tobacco (2)						
	A Sheet Box 1 and 2 for					
n. if the land hadn't been fer t	ile (1)					
(1) (2)	(3)					
	very day.					
a. I wish (1)	I wish I got to work on time every day.					
b. yesterday (3)	I wish I had gotten to work on time yesterday.					
c. I hadn't had to work (2)	I wish I hadn't had to work yester- day.					
d. every day (3)	I wish I didn't have to work every day.					
e. I didn't work in a factory (						
f. last year (3)						
g. I could have worked on a	farm (2)					
	week (2)					
j. last summer (3)						
	Unless you cultivate your land, a. unless you cultivated your land, (1) b. if you hadn't cultivated your land, (1) c. it wouldn't have been good for farming (2) d. it wouldn't be good for farming (2) e. it won't be good for farming (2) f. unless the weather is warm g. unless the weather were warh. if the weather hadn't been i. you couldn't have grown to j. you couldn't grow tobacco (2) l. unless the land is fertile (1) m. unless the land were fertile n. if the land hadn't been fer to  (1) (2)  — I get to work on time evaluation a. I wish (1) b. yesterday (3) c. I hadn't had to work (2) d. every day (3) e. I didn't work in a factory (5) f. last year (3) g. I could have worked on a h. every summer (3) i. I worked only three days a					

## WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1.	Select	the	word	or	words	from	the	following	list	that	best	completes
	each of the sentences below:											

	raised grown	employed shipped		plowed milked	
a.	Chickens a	and pigs are	on farms.		
b.	Butter and	cheese are	here from dairy farm	ns.	
c.	Cows must	be ever	y day.		
d.	Wheat and	corn are	in this flat country.		
e.	Trees have	to be to	o make room for farms	s in the val	ley.
f.	In the sprin	ng, the fields are	by the farmers		
g.	Male and f	emale workers a	re in a factory.		
h.	Automobil	es are in	industrial areas		

2. Pronunciation: Mark the heavily accented syllable in each of the word forms below. Follow the example.

Example: opposition oppose

a.	revolution	revolutionize	e.	manufacture	manufacture
b.	transportation	transport	f.	employment	employ
c.	cultivation	cultivate	g.	equipment	equip
d.	industry	industrialize	ĥ.	production	produce

3. In each of the following groups of words, there are four words that are related and one that is not related. Select the word that does not belong.

Example: oranges, apples, pears, steak, grapefruit

- a. tractors, reapers, furniture, milkers, threshers
- b. automobiles, airplanes, peanuts, boats, furniture
- c. meat packing, fish canning, lumbering, swimming, food processing
- d. milk, wheat, butter, cheese, cream
- e. cattle, pigs, chickens, corn, thoroughbreds
- f. plow, cultivate, harvest, plant, manufacture
- g. tobacco, peanuts, cotton, livestock, rice
- h. burned, shipped, brought in, transported, flown

## WORD LIST

appliance autumn because of binder clay cloth clothing dairy equipment feed grinder	field fish canning food processing ground harvest hay loader implement industry lemon livestock	manufacturing meat packing milker mostly peanut pig principal product reaper rice rocky	sheep steel swamp thoroughbred thresher tobacco tractor true underbrush wheat
female	male	rocky	

## **Verb Forms**

bring in,	plow
brought in (p. and p. part.)	punch
cultivate	revolutionize
cut down,	ship
cut down (p. and p. part.)	transport
nlant	

## **Expressions**

do the feeding do the milking do the plowing make room (for) punch a clock

# WWW.irLanguage.com HOBBIES AND INTERESTS



- 826 My hobby is collecting stamps. Do you have a hobby?
- 827 I've always thought photography would be an interesting hobby.
- 828 Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer golfing as a hobby.
- 829 Do you have any special interests other than your job?
- 830 Learning foreign languages is just an avocation with me.
- 831 I find stamp collecting relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.
- 832 On weekends I like to get my mind off my work by reading good books.
- 833 My cousin is a member of a drama club. He seems to enjoy acting.
- 834 He plays the piano for his own enjoyment.
- 835 I've gotten interested in hi-fi. I'm building my own equipment.
- 836 He's not a professional. He plays the piano for the fun of it.
- 837 I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one.
- 838 The trouble with photography is that it's an expensive hobby.
- 839 That's a rare set of coins. How long did it take you to collect them?
- 840 I started a new hobby. I got tired of working in the garden.

## INTONATION

826	My hobby is collecting stamps. Do you have a hobby?
827	I've always thought photography would be an interesting hobby.
828	Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer golfing as a hobby.
829	Do you have any special interests other than your job?
830	Learning foreign languages is just an avocation with me.
831	I find stamp collecting relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.
832	On weekends I like to get my mind off my work by reading good books
833	My cousin is a member of a drama club. He seems to enjoy acting.
834	He plays the piano for his own enjoyment.
835	I've gotten interested in hi-fi. I'm building my own equipment.
836	He's not a professional. He plays the piano for the fun of it.
837	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one.
838	The trouble with photography is that it's an expensive hobby.
839	That's a rare set of coins. How long did it take you to collect them?
840	I started a new hobby. I got tired of working in the garden.

## **VERB STUDY**

## 1. collect

- a. How long did it take you to collect those coins?
- b. I collected them last year.
- c. John collects coins, but Henry collects stamps.
- d. I'm collecting stamps, too.

## 2. take (one's) mind off

- a. Stamp collecting takes my mind off my work.
- b. He needed something to take his mind off his work.
- c. His new hobby seems to be taking his mind off his work.
- d. His new hobby took his mind off his work.

## 3. get (one's) mind off

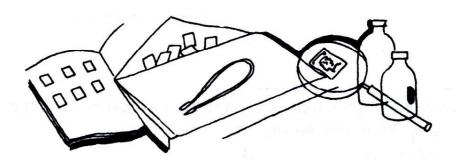
- a. On weekends I like to get my mind off my work.
- b. He got his mind off his work by reading his new book.
- c. You haven't gotten your mind off your job all evening.
- d. I'm interested in getting my mind off my work. Can you suggest a hobby?

## 4. start

- a. I started a new hobby last week.
- b. He's starting a new hobby this month.
- c. He always starts something and then doesn't finish it.
- d. If I had started this hobby last year, I would have collected a lot of stamps by now.

## 5. hear (of)

- a. I've heard of a lot of different hobbies.
- b. Have you ever heard of collecting stamps as a hobby?
- c. If a new stamp comes out, he hears of it immediately.
- d. If I had heard of that before, I would have remembered it.



## SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. My hobby is collecting

stamps records coins butterflies books model ships . Do you have a hobby?

2. I've always thought

photography amateur radio car racing

would be an interesting hobby.

3. Some people like horseback riding,

but I prefer

golfing tennis flying croquet

as a hobby.

4. Do you have any special interests

other than besides in addition to

ping-pong

model building

your job?

Learning foreign languages Studying American history Playing tennis

is just an avocation with me.

6. I find

stamp collecting private flying photography gardening relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.

7. On weekends I like to get my mind off my work by

reading good books
working in the yard
watching TV
working in my basement
going on camping trips

8. My cousin is a member of a

drama riding stamp flying

club. He seems to enjoy

acting riding stamp collecting private flying

9. He plays the

piano violin organ trumpet clarinet for his own enjoyment.

10. I've gotten interested in

hi-fi stereo ham radio . I'm building my own equipment.

### 68 UNIT SIX

He's not a professional.
 He plays the piano for

the fun of it
his own amusement
his own enjoyment
pleasure
fun
relaxation

12. I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never

heard of

that one collecting umbrellas collecting matchboxes collecting bottle caps

13. The trouble with

photography amateur radio traveling is that it's an expensive hobby.

14. That's a rare set of

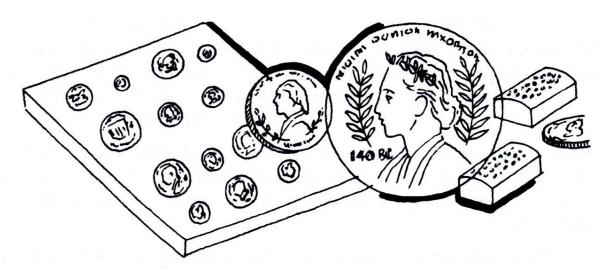
coins books diamonds stamps . How long did it take you to collect them?

15 I started a new hobby.

I got tired of

working in the garden collecting old coins building a stamp collection

### READING



### Hobbies and Interests

From Monday until Friday most people are busy working or studying, but in the evenings and on weekends they are free to relax and enjoy themselves. Some watch television or go to the movies; others participate in sports. It depends on individual interests. There are many different ways to spend our spare time.

Almost everyone has some kind of hobby. It may be anything from collecting stamps to making model airplanes. Some hobbies are very expensive, but others don't cost anything at all. Some collections are worth a lot of money; others are valuable only to their owners.

I know a man who has a coin collection worth several thousand dollars. A short time ago he bought a rare fifty-cent piece worth \$250! He was very happy about his purchase and thought the price was reasonable. On the other hand, my youngest brother collects match boxes. He has almost 600 of them but I doubt if they are worth any money. However, to my brother they are extremely valuable. Nothing makes him happier than to find a new match box for his collection.

That's what a hobby means, I guess. It is something we like to do in our spare time simply for the fun of it. The value in dollars is not important, but the pleasure it gives us is.

# Questions

- 1. What is a hobby?
- 2. Name three types of hobbies.
- 3. Is a hobby expensive?
- 4. Why is a hobby important?
- 5. Do you have a hobby? What is it?

# PARTICIPATION DRILL

### STUDENT A

My doctor says I need an outside interest to get my mind off my work. Can you suggest a hobby?

No, I've never had a stamp collection. But it takes a long time to build a good stamp collection, doesn't it?

Yes, I am interested in sports. I want something I can do on weekends. Do you think golf or tennis would take my mind off my job?

No, I don't want to buy expensive equipment. I just want an avocation that is relaxing and enjoyable. Do you think collecting umbrellas would be interesting?

Yes, my job is very tiring. I'm a professional photographer of movie stars. Wouldn't that tire you out?

Yes, I play the clarinet and the violin, but I want to do something different. What is your hobby?

### STUDENT B

My hobby is stamp collecting. I've just started collecting stamps and it's a lot of fun. Have you ever had a stamp collection?

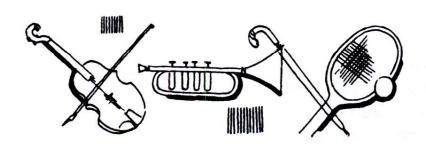
Yes, I think they would. Golf and tennis are very enjoyable, but they can be tiring. Is your job very tiring?

Yes, building a good collection takes a long time, but a rare set of stamps can be very valuable. I can see that you're not interested in stamp collecting, but how about sports?

No, taking pictures of movie stars wouldn't tire me out at all. Your profession would make a good hobby for me.

Yes, I can suggest a hobby. Electronics might be fun, but you don't want a hobby that requires a lot of expensive equipment, do you?

Collecting umbrellas! I've heard of a lot of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of that one. You don't play a musical instrument, do you?



### **GRAMMAR REVIEW**

# Sentence Patterns with Noun Clauses and Phrases

1. Questions and statements using noun clauses

```
Noun Clause: (that + Subject + Verb + Complement)
                                           an interesting hobby?
                                is
 Do you believe (that)
                                           relaxing?
 Do you think (that)
                       it
                                is
                                           expensive.
               (that) it
 I know
                                           a camera.
                                have
               (that)
                       you
 I imagine
                                will enjoy
                                           this hobby.
 I hope
               (that)
                       you
                                           your mind off your work.
                       hobbies can take
               (that)
 I guess
```

2. Comparison of simple question pattern with questions and statements using included clauses

```
Pattern A: Included Clause: (question word + verb + complement)

What would be an interesting hobby?

Who can build his own hi-fi?

Who can build his own hi-fi?

Which hobby is the most expensive?

which hobby is the most expensive.
```

```
Pattern B: Included Clause: (question word + subject + verb +
                                                       complement)
                                            collected?
                     How many have you
    He'd like to know how many
                                            have collected.
                                     you
                     How much does it
                                            cost?
                                             costs.
             Ask him how much
                                     it
                          How could anyone go camping?
                                      anyone could go camping.
         I can't understand how
                          What is
                                      stereo?
                                      stereo is.
             Please explaim what
                                             collect umbrellas?
                           Why does he
                                             collects umbrellas?
                                      he
            Can you tell me why
```

### 72 UNIT SIX

# 3. Questions and statements using noun phrases (question word + verb + complement)

# **GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES**

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentence as indicated in the cue. Follow the examples.

	(1)	(2)		(3)
1.	Does he believe	photography	is	an interesting hobby?

- a. Negative Question
  - b. relaxing (3)
  - c. Negative Statement
  - d. Affirmative Statement
  - e. they think (1)
  - f. too expensive (3)
  - g. Question
  - h. hi-fi (2)
  - i. Negative Question
  - j. Negative Statement
  - k. we don't imagine (1)
  - 1. Affirmative Statement
  - m. coin collecting (2)
  - n. an interesting hobby (3)

Doesn't he believe photography is an interesting hobby?

Doesn't he believe photography is relaxing?

He doesn't believe photography is relaxing.

He believes photography is relaxing.

They think photography is relaxing.



	(1) (2)	(3)
2.	- Which hobby is the m	ost expensive?
	a. did you find out (1)	Did you find out which hobby is the most expensive?
	b. what would be (2)	Did you find out what would be the most expensive?
	c. an interesting hobby (3)	Did you find out what would be an interesting hobby?
	d. Simple Question with what (item 2 + item 3)	What would be an interesting hobby?
	e. please tell me (1) f. who has (2) g. Simple Question with who h. his own hi-fi (3) i. do you know (1) j. who can build (2) k. which student would like to l. a rare coin collection (3) m. Simple Question with which	
	· Jane mark	
	(1)	in was manual and a large of the state of th
3.	— How many stamps have	e you collected?
	a. I'd like to know (1)	I'd like to know how many stamps you have collected.
	b. what stereo is (2)	I'd like to know what stereo is.
	c. Simple Question with what (item 2 only)	What is stereo?
	d. please tell me (1)	Please tell me what stereo is.
	e. how much a hi-fi costs (2)	Please tell me how much a hi-fi costs.
	f. Simple Question with how much	How much does a hi-fi cost?
	g. can you tell me (1) h. why he collects umbrellas i. Simple Question with why	(2)
	j. I can't imagine (1)	
	k. how many coins he has co	llected (2)
	1. Simple Question with how	many

74	UNIT SIX	(2)	(3)
4.	(1) Do you know	where to buy	` '

Can you tell me where to buy rare coins? a. can you tell me (1)

- Can you tell me where to buy hi-fi equipb. hi-fi equipment (3) ment?
- Can you tell me how to build hi-fi equipc. how to build (2) ment?
- d. did you learn (1)
- e. who to ask about (2)
- f. gardening (3)
- g. I don't know (1)
- h. camping (3)
- i. when to go (2)
- j. I haven't decided (1)
- k. where to go (2)
- l. on my vacation (3)

is your \_\_\_\_\_?

- m. what to do (2)
- n. for a hobby (3)

### WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1.	Complete the following sentences using the correct noun form derived from the italicized verb. Follow the example.
	Example: I decided to get married.  It was a difficult decision.
	a. My hobby is collecting stamps. I have a large
	b. I acted in our last school play. I am an amateur
	c. I relax on weekends by playing golf. I need this after studying all week.
	d. He equipped his room with stereo. He built his own
	e. I enjoy playing the piano. I'm not a professional, but I play for my own
	f. Do you collect many things or do you specialize in stamps? What

g. I prefer model building as a hobby. What is your \_\_\_\_?

h.	I've just begun collection am a	cting coins.	My collection is	small because I
i.	He is pleased with to listen to m		t. It gives him	a great deal of
j.	I suggest that you g			ummer. If you
-	r each word in Colum e opposite meaning.	in A, select	a word from Col	lumn B that has
	Α		В	
a.	avocation	bo	oring	
b.	rare		nateur	
<i>c</i> .	expensive	pr	rofession	
d.	interesting	co	ommon	
<b>e</b> .	professional	ch	neap	
a. b. c. d.	r each word in Columnilar in meaning.  A hobby enjoyment tired rare dramatics	ex ur pa	B chausted nusual astime cting	olumn B that is
	mplete the sentences list.	with the co	rrect preposition f	rom the follow-
	with	of	as	by
	for	off	in	-
a.	He plays the piano	his ow	vn pleasure.	
b.	That's a rare set	books.		
<i>c</i> .	The trouble p	hotography	is that it is expens	ive.
d.	I got tired bui	lding model	ships.	

2.

3.

4.

### 76 UNIT SIX

- e. I like to get my mind \_\_\_\_ my work.
- f. I prefer tennis \_\_\_\_ a hobby.
- g. I've gotten interested \_\_\_\_ gardening.
- h. I've never heard \_\_\_\_\_ collecting umbrellas as a hobby.
- i. Flying is just an avocation \_\_\_\_ me.
- j. I relax \_\_\_\_ watching TV.

## **WORD LIST**

acting amateur amusement avocation bottle cap butterfly camping clarinet croquet	drama enjoyment gardening golfing ham radio hi-fi (high fidelity) in addition to match box model	model building organ other than photography private flying professional racing rare	relaxation stamp collection stamp collecting stereo trumpet umbrella unusual violin
1			

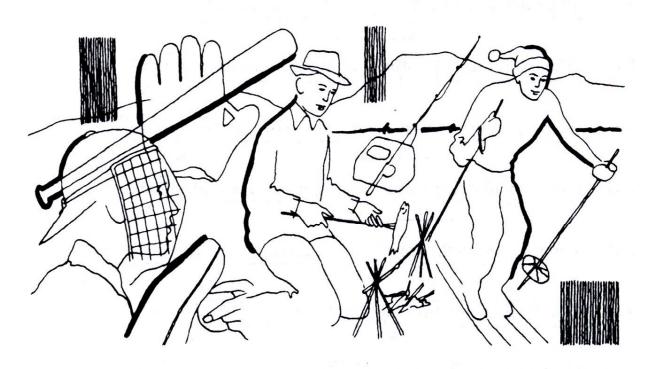
### Verb

# **Expressions**

hear (of)

find (something) relaxing for the fun of it get interested (in) get (one's) mind off get tired (of) take (one's) mind off

# RECREATION AND SPORTS



- 841 Baseball is my favorite sport. What's your favorite?
- 842 My nephew is a baseball player. He is a catcher.
- When you played football, what position did you play?
- We played a game last night. The score was tied six-to-six.
- 845 I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight.
- 846 When I was on the track team, I used to run the quarter mile.
- 847 I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like swimming.
- 848 My favorite winter sport is skiing. I belong to a ski club.
- Would you be interested in going to the horse races this afternoon?
- 850 The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser.
- 851 Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game.
- Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy a new tent.
- This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We lifted weights.
- What do you do for recreation? Do you have a hobby?
- 855 My muscles are sore from playing baseball.

# **INTONATION**

841	Baseball is my favorite sport. What's your favorite?
842	My nephew is a baseball player. He is a catcher.
843	When you played football, what position did you play?
844	We played a game last night. The score was tied six-to-six.
845	I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight.
846	When I was on the track team, I used to run the quarter mile.
847	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like swimming.
848	My favorite winter sport is skiing. I belong to a ski club.
849	Would you be interested in going to the horse races this afternoon?
850	The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser.
851	Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game.
852	Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy a new tent.
853	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We lifted weights.
854	What do you do for recreation? Do you have a hobby?
855	My muscles are sore from playing baseball.

# **VERB STUDY**

# 1. fish, go fishing

- a. I like fishing. I go fishing every weekend.
- b. I fish in the Columbia River and my brother fishes in the James River.
- c. If you like to go fishing, my advice is to try the Columbia River.
- d. We went fishing early this morning, but we didn't catch anything.

# 2. hunt, go hunting

- a. Do you like to go hunting?
- b. I don't like to hunt, but my brother does.
- c. We went hunting last month.
- d. If you had gone hunting with me, you would have enjoyed it.

# 3. swim, go swimming

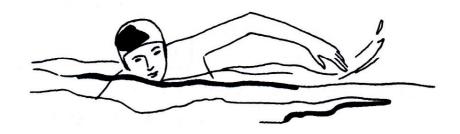
- a. I like to go swimming, but I don't like to go hunting or fishing.
- b. Do you swim in the ocean or in the lake?
- c. Last year I planned to swim the English Channel.
- d. My sister swam three miles in ten hours.
- e. We've gone swimming three times this year.

### 4. lift

- a. This afternoon we went to the gym. We lifted weights.
- b. He always lifts weights at the gym.
- c. Would you mind lifting this box for me?
- d. Please lift this box for me.

# 5. tie, be tied

- a. The score was tied six-to-six when we stopped playing.
- b. The other team is trying to tie the score.
- c. Both teams have the same score. The score is tied.
- d. Have they tied the score yet?



### SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. Baseball
Basketball
Soccer
Volleyball
Football
Tennis

is my favorite sport. What's your favorite?

2. My nephew is a baseball player. He

is a	catcher pitcher
plays	first base second base third base shortstop left field

3. When you played

football baseball hockey basketball , what position did you play?

4. We played a game last night.

The score was

tied six-to-six 7-to-6 in our favor 13-to-6 in their favor

5. I went to a

boxing match basketball game swimming meet last night. It was a good

fight game meet

6. When I was on the track team, I used to

run the quarter mile hurl the javelin broad jump pole-vault

7. I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like

swimming water skiing boating hiking camping 8. My favorite winter sport is

skiing ice skating sledding

I belong to a

ski club.
skating
sports

9. Would you be interested

in going to the

horse races bullfight bicycle race

this afternoon?

10. The hardest thing to learn is

to be a good loser to keep score not to lose your temper

11. Be a good sport. Play according to the

rules of the game regulations rules we have agreed on official rules

12. Our family went camping last summer.

We had to buy

a new tent sleeping bags a kerosene lantern camping supplies

13. This afternoon we went to the gym

for a workout. We

lifted weights did calisthenics played basketball played handball

?

14. What do you do for recreation?

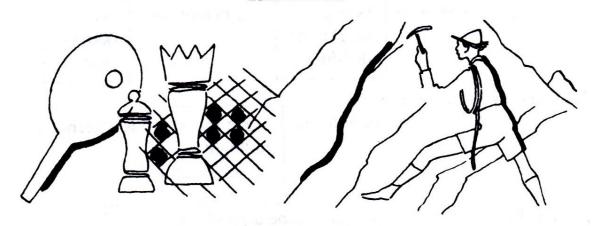
Do you have

a hobby an avocation any outside interests any unusual interests

15. My

muscles legs leg muscles shoulders arms are sore from playing baseball.

# READING



# **Recreation and Sports**

"All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy" is a popular saying in the United States. Other countries have similar sayings. It is true that all of us need recreation. We cannot work all the time if we are going to maintain good health and enjoy life.

Everyone has his own way of relaxing. Perhaps the most popular way is to participate in sports. There are team sports, such as baseball, basketball, and football. There are individual sports, also, such as golf and swimming. In addition, hiking, fishing, skiing, and mountain climbing have a great attraction for people who like to be outdoors.

Not everyone who enjoys sporting events likes to participate in them. Many people prefer to be spectators, either by attending the games in person, watching them on television, or listening to them on the radio. When there is an important baseball game or boxing match it is almost impossible to get tickets; everybody wants to attend.

Chess, card-playing, and dancing are forms of indoor recreation en-

joyed by many people.

It doesn't matter whether we play a fast game of ping-pong, concentrate over the bridge table, or go walking through the woods on a brisk autumn afternoon. It is important for everyone to relax from time to time and enjoy some form of recreation.

# **Questions**

- 1. What is meant by the expression: "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy"?
- 2. Why is recreation essential?
- 3. Name three team sports.
- 4. Name two forms of indoor recreation.
- 5. What is your favorite form of recreation?

## PARTICIPATION DRILL

### STUDENT A

I haven't had much exercise lately. My only recreation has been watching TV or going to the movies. What do you do for recreation?

Yes, lifting weights will build muscles, but it can also make them very sore. I don't think I would care for that kind of activity. Have you ever gone to any ball games?

Yes, my favorite sport is track. I watched a track meet on TV last night. My nephew ran the quarter mile. Have you ever been on a track team?

Yes, I enjoy sleeping on the ground under the stars. It's very relaxing. If you don't use your camping equipment, will you lend it to me sometime?

Yes, team sports are fun. I enjoy watching baseball and football on TV, but I don't particularly like to play these games. Have you ever gone camping?

No, I don't like to swim very much. However, I do like to sit and fish. Do you like to go fishing?

### STUDENT B

Yes, I've been to many baseball and football games and I like to play also. Team sports are very enjoyable, don't you think?

I'll be glad to lend you my camping equipment, but all this talk about exercise has made me tired. Let's go to the movies.

No, I don't care for fishing. Some of my friends like to go to a gym for a workout. Lifting weights will build arm and shoulder muscles, won't it?

For recreation, I like to play tennis in the summer. My favorite winter sport is skiing. You have a favorite sport, don't you?

I went camping just once. I had to buy a tent, sleeping bag, lantern, and other supplies. I haven't used them since. I don't like sleeping on the ground, do you?

No, I've never been on a track team. In college, I was on the swimming team. I enjoyed that. You enjoy swimming, don't you?

# **GRAMMAR REVIEW**

# **Special Sentence Patterns**

# 1. Direct and Indirect Quotation

SUBJ.	+ VERB	+ INDIRECT +	- DIRECT OBJECT
		Овјест	(QUOTATIONS, CLAUSE OR PHRASE)
He	said	to me,	"Baseball is my favorite sport."
He	told	me	that baseball was his favorite sport.
He	talked	to me	about baseball.
He	said	to me,	"I like hunting and fishing."
He	told	me	that he liked hunting and fishing.
He	spoke	to me	about hunting and fishing.
I	asked	him,	"What do you do for recreation?"
I	asked	him	what he did for recreation.
He	answered	•	"I play soccer."
He	answered	9n 3	that he played soccer.

# 2. Direct and Indirect Objects

# Pattern A

SUBJ.	+ Verb +	Indirect Object	+ DIRECT OBJECT
I	asked	him	about baseball.
He	told	me	
He	taught	me	
He	brought	me	a book about baseball.
He	got	me	
He	gave	me	
He	sent	me	

# Pattern B

SUBJ. +	VERB +	DIRECT + OBJECT	Indirect Object (Prepositional Phrase With for or to)
He	answered	the question	for me.
He	described	baseball	to me.
He	read	about baseball	to me.
He	explained	baseball	to me.

### 3. Sentence Patterns with "Two-Word" Verbs

# Pattern A: Separable

He called it off. He called off (canceled) the baseball game. He put off (postponed) his camping trip. He put it off. will take up (learn) water skiing. I will take it up. tried out (tested) my sleeping bag. I tried it out. We talked over (discussed) the rules of the game. We talked them over.

### Pattern B: Inseparable

I	ran into (met) my friends at the gym.	I ran into them.
We	made sure of (verified) the score.	We made sure of it.
Let's	go over (review) the rules of the game.	Let's go over them.
	Look for (seek) my nephew at the game.	Look for him.
I'm	looking forward to (anticipating) the	I'm looking forward
	bicycle race.	to it.

### **GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES**

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentences as indicated in the cue. Follow the examples.

(1)

# 1. He said, "Baseball is my favorite sport."

a. he told me that (1)

He told me that baseball was his favorite sport.

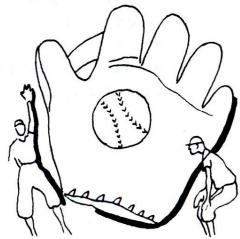
b. he liked hunting and fishing (2)

He told me that he liked hunting and fishing.

c. he said, (1) + Direct quotation (2)

He said, "I like hunting and fishing."

- d. "I play soccer." (2)
- e. he told me that (1)
- f. he ran the quarter mile (2)
- g. he said, (1) + Direct quotation (2)
- h. "I went to a swimming meet." (2)
- i. he told me that (1)
- j. it had been a good meet (2)
- k. he said (1) + Direct quotation (2)
- l. "I like camping trips." (2)
- m. he told me that (1)



p. water-skiing (2)

(3)(4) **(2)** (1)about baseball. asked him 2. They They spoke to him about baseball. a. spoke (1) They spoke to me about baseball. b. to me (2) They told me about baseball. c. told (1) Did they tell me about baseball? d. Question e. teach (1) f. Statement g. you (2) h. the rules of baseball (3) i. described (1) ... to you (4) i. read (1) k. explained (1) 1. baseball (3) (2)(1)the baseball rules. talked over We talked them over. a. them (2) We made sure of them. b. made sure of (1) We made sure of the score. c. the score (2) We went over the score. d. went over (1) We went over it. e. it (2) We tried it out. f. tried . . . out (1) We tried out the camping equipg. the camping equipment (2) ment. h. looked for (1) i. it (2) i. looked forward to (1) k. the horse races (2) l. the baseball game (2) m. called off (1) n. it (2)o. will take . . . up (1)

# WORD STUDY EXERCISES

١.	Select the word that best completes the following sentences.
	Example: Baseball is the national game in the U.S. (game, flower, song)
	a. I went to a boxing last night.  (meet, game, match)
	b. My muscles are from weight lifting. (sore, worn-out, pale)
	c. The score was six-to-six. (cut, favored, tied)
	d. Calisthenics are  (regulations, exercises, leg muscles)
	e. My favorite winter sport is  (water-skiing, camping, ice-skating)
	f. When I was on the track team, I used to  (race cars, play shortstop, pole-vault)
	g. Sleeping bags, kerosene lanterns, and a are necessary for camping. (javelin, tent, home plate)
	h. Catcher, pitcher, and are positions on a baseball team. (halfback, shortstop, goalee)
	i. To be a good sport means to  (play by the rules, keep score, belong to a sports club)
	j. To lose your temper means  (to cry, to laugh, to get angry)
2.	Complete the following sentences using the correct noun form of the italicized word. Follow the example.
	Example: The plane will depart very soon. Its departure will be announced.
	a. My friends laughed when they watched me lift weights, but there was no reason for their
	b. The players argued when they heard the score, but the game was over and their was useless.

### **88 UNIT SEVEN**

- c. Let's agree to play according to the rules. This \_\_\_\_ will help us avoid a quarrel.
- d. He failed to get on the track team and was very unhappy at his
- e. I was very sad when my team lost the game, but my \_\_\_\_ did not stop me from attending the next game.
- f. You can't be too cautious when you swim underwater. Such \_\_\_\_ is necessary if you are going to swim safely.
- g. The baseball team *met* last night at the gym. The \_\_\_\_ was called to discuss the game.
- h. Are you a member of a ski club? How large is the \_\_\_\_\_ of this club?

### **WORD LIST**

base	hiking	official	ski
basketball	hockey	outside interest	skiing
boating	hunting	pitcher	sledding
boxing	ice-skating	race	sleeping bag
bullfight	kerosene	recreation	soccer
catcher	lantern	regulation	tent
field	match	rule	track
gym	meet	shortstop	volleyball
handball	muscle	skating	water-skiing workout

### **Verb Forms**

broad jump hurl pole-vault

# **Expressions**

be a good loser
be a good sport
be in (one's) favor
do calisthenics
go camping
hurl the javelin
keep score
lift weights
lose (one's) temper
run the quarter mile
tie the score

# NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES



- 856 I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's put out every week.
- 857 If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to your door.
- 858 I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines.
- 859 The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the magazine.
- 860 I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine. Is it out yet?
- What's the total circulation of this newspaper?
- 862 I'm looking for the classified section. Have you seen it?
- My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York Times staff.
- There was an article in today's paper about the election.
- 865 There wasn't much news in the paper today.
- 866 How long have you been taking this magazine?
- Did you read the article about the rescue of the two fishermen?
- Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to sell your car?
- 869 I got four replies to my ad about the bicycle for sale.
- 870 My son has a newspaper route. He delivers the morning paper.

# INTONATION

856	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's put out every week.
857	If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to your door.
858	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines.
859	The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the magazine.
860	I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine. Is it out yet?
861	What's the total circulation of this newspaper?
862	I'm looking for the classified section. Have you seen it?
863	My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York Times staff.
864	There was an article in today's paper about the election.
865	There wasn't much news in the paper today.
866	How long have you been taking this magazine?
867	Did you read the article about the rescue of the two fishermen?
868	Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to sell your car?
869	I got four replies to my ad about the bicycle for sale.
870	My son has a newspaper route. He delivers the morning paper.

### **VERB STUDY**

### 1. send in

- a. I sent in a subscription to that magazine.
- b. When are you going to send your subscription in?
- c. He sends in his subscription to the same magazine every year.
- d. I'm sending in a subscription to my favorite magazine.

# 2. subscribe (to)

- a. If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to your door.
- b. I subscribed to the paper last week.
- c. If you had subscribed to the paper, it would have been delivered to you every day.
- d. I'm subscribing to the paper so it will be delivered to my door every morning.

# 3. glance (at)

- a. I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the headlines.
- b. She glances at the headlines before she goes to work.
- c. After we had glanced at the headlines, we went to work.
- d. I'm glancing at the headlines now.

### 4. sell

- a. Why don't you put an ad in the paper to sell your car?
- b. I already sold my car. I sold it last week.
- c. She sells her old car each year and gets a new one.
- d. I'm selling my old phonograph and radio.

# 5. publish, put out

- a. This newspaper is published every day.
- b. Some magazines are put out every week, and others are published once a month.
- c. He decided against publishing his novel at this time.
- d. That's a large publishing company. They've put out many books on education.





### 92 UNIT EIGHT

# SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. I sent in a subscription to that magazine.

It's

put out published released printed issued

every week.

2. If you subscribe to the newspaper,

it'll be

delivered to left at dropped off at brought to your door.

3. I didn't read the whole paper.

I just glanced at the

headlines sports page front page comic strips editorial society page comics

4. The first

chapter installment part of the story is in this issue of the magazine.

5. I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine.

Is it

out yet
on the newsstands
out already
on sale now

6. What's the total circulation of this

newspaper
publication
weekly magazine
journal
newsletter

7. I'm looking for the

classified amusement business book review editorial section. Have you seen it?

8. My brother-in-law is a

reporter
copy editor
feature writer
linotype operator

on The New York
Times staff.

9. There was an article in today's paper about the

election flood earthquake bank robbery disaster at sea

10. There wasn't much news

in the paper today on the radio this morning on TV tonight in the press release this afternoon

### 94 UNIT EIGHT

11. How long have you been

taking subscribing to getting receiving reading this magazine?

12. Did you read the article about

the rescue of the two fishermen the forest fire in Virginia the pedestrian that was killed New Year celebrations

13. Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to sell your

car phonograph lawn furniture

14. I got four

replies responses answers to my ad about the bicycle for sale.

15. My son has a

newspaper route part-time job job after school job on Saturdays . He delivers the morning paper.

### READING



# Newspapers and Magazines

The American humorist, Will Rogers, used to say, "All I know is what I read in the newspapers". This was an exaggeration for humorous purposes, but it is true that newspapers are an important source of information. Many people begin their day by reading the paper. In this way they learn what is going on in the world. Sometimes, however, they don't have time to read the news carefully and must be satisfied with a quick look at the front page; at other times they may be in such a hurry that they have time only to glance at the headlines.

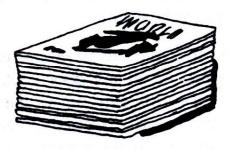
There are newspapers to satisfy every reader. In the big cities there are many types of papers, with several different editions every day. In small towns there are fewer newspapers and perhaps only one edition each day. In some areas the paper is printed weekly.

Most newspapers have several sections, especially on Sundays when the edition is larger than usual. There are, in addition to the front page with the most important news, the sports section, the society page, the comics, the amusement section, a business page, and the editorials.

Another type of publication which helps keep the population informed is the magazine. Some magazines are published weekly; others are put out monthly. There are news magazines, literary magazines, and magazines for such special interests as photography, sports, art, and music. Some are primarily for men, others for women, and there is a selection of children's magazines, too. In the United States, there are publications for every taste and interest.

# Questions

- 1. What is the function of a newspaper?
- 2. Why is a newspaper important?
- 3. Name three sections of a newspaper.
- 4. What is the purpose of headlines?
- 5. Name three types of magazines.
- 6. What magazines do you read? What newspapers do you read?



### PARTICIPATION DRILL

### STUDENT A

I have subscriptions to two newspapers. One is put out in the morning and the other is published in the afternoon. Do you subscribe to any papers?

No, I don't read the entire paper, just the parts that interest me. I glance at the headlines, but I carefully read the sports page and the business section. Do you read those?

Yes, I read that article about the earthquake. That was a terrible disaster. So many people were killed! Do you think newspapers should print stories like that?

Yes, I suppose disasters are news, too. It just seems to me that newspapers would be more pleasant to read if they had a larger society section and more comic strips. Don't you like to read articles about celebrations and happy events?

I'm sure they do need a large circulation. Of course, much of a newspaper's income comes from advertisements. Have you ever put an ad in the paper?

Yes, it is nice to have the papers dropped off at my door each day. That way I'm sure not to miss any of my favorite sections. Doesn't the size of the daily paper surprise you?

### STUDENT B

Yes, I once put an ad in to sell my lawn furniture. I sold it very quickly. But a newspaper is more than just ads. I try to read the whole paper, don't you?

Certainly they should! Newspapers must print stories about disasters. They're part of the news of the day and people want to read about them. Don't you agree?

Yes, the size certainly does surprise me. The newspaper staff—the reporters, writers, editors, and linotype operators—must be busy continuously. They need a large circulation to support such a staff, don't they?

No, I don't subscribe to any newspapers. I buy my papers at the newsstand. But it's nice to have a newspaper delivered to your door each day, isn't it?

Yes, I enjoy reading about celebrations. But since you don't like to read unhappy news, why do you subscribe to two newspapers? If I were you, I wouldn't read a newspaper at all.

No, I'm not very interested in sports or business, but I do read the editorials and the news section. You saw the article about the earthquake in Japan, didn't you?

### GRAMMAR REVIEW

# **Descriptive and Comparative Structures**

### 1. Intensifiers

very large. This newspaper is to include many sections. large enough This newspaper is to be read in one half hour. This newspaper is too large very important. This news article is to be on the front page. This news article is important enough to be glanced at. too important This news article is

# 2. Comparative Phrases

Is a reporter	the same as	a news writer?
A reporter is	like	a feature writer
A reporter is	different from	a linotype operator.

# 3. Comparisons of Similarity

### a. nouns

The morning paper isn't	the same size as	the Sunday paper.
My son delivers the newspapers	the same price as at the same time as at the same speed as	the other boys.

# b. adjectives

Is this issue of the magazine	as good as as interesting as	the last one?
The morning paper isn't	as large as as thick as as expensive as	the Sunday paper.

## c. adverbs

My son delivers the newspapers	as early as as fast as as rapidly as	the other boys.
A monthly magazine isn't published	as often as	a weekly magazine.
I read the editorial page	as carefully as	the news section.

### 98 UNIT EIGHT

# 4. Comparisons of Difference (comparing two objects or people)

# a. adjectives

Is this issue of the magazine better than more interesting than

The Sunday paper is larger than the morning paper. thicker than more expensive than

### b. adverbs

My son delivers the newspapers earlier than faster than more rapidly than

Isn't a weekly magazine published more often than (oftener than)

I read the editorial page more carefully than the amusement section.

# 5. Comparisons of Difference (comparing one object or person within a group with the group as a whole)

# a. adjectives

This issue of the magazine is	the best (of all the issues I've read). the most interesting.
Is the Sunday edition	the largest (of all the editions)? the most expensive?
My son is This is	the fastest newsboy of all. the latest issue of the magazine.

### b. adverbs

His newspapers are delivered	the earliest. the fastest. the most rapidly.
Which magazine is published	the most often?
Which section do you read	the most carefully?

### **GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES**

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentences as indicated in the cue. Make any other necessary changes. Follow the examples.

(1)**(2)** (3)(4)1. This newspaper is very large. This newspaper is too large. a. too (2) b. Negative Statement This newspaper isn't too large. c. enough (4) This newspaper isn't large enough. The classified section isn't large d. the classified section (1) enough. e. Negative Question f. too (2) g. long (3) h. the editorial (1) i. Affirmative Question j. enough (4) k. very (2)l. Statement (1)(2)(3) 2. The evening newspaper is the same size as the morning paper. The evening newspaper is the same price a. the same price as (2)

as the morning paper.

The evening newspaper is as good as the b. as good as (2) morning paper.

Is the evening newspaper as good as the c. Question morning paper?

Is the Sunday paper as good as the d. the Sunday paper (1) morning paper?

- e. thicker than (2)
- f. Statement
- g. more expensive than (2)
- h. better than (2)
- i. Negative Statement
- j. the same price as (2)
- k. the other editions (3)

(4) (3) (2) (1) 3. He reads the business section more carefully than the amusement section. He reads the business section more carea. the sports page (4) fully than the sports page. He reads the business section as rapidly as b. as rapidly as (3) the sports page. Does he read the business section as rapidly c. Question as the sports page? d. the news section (4) e. the editorial page (2) f. as carefully as (3) g. more carefully than (3) h. Statement i. 1 read (1) j. the headlines (2) k. more rapidly than (3) (3) (2) (1)4. Which magazine is published the most often? Which magazine is published every week? a. every week (3) Which magazine do you read every week? b. do you read (2) Which section of the newspaper do you c. which section of the read every week? newspaper (1) d. the most carefully (3) e. the fastest (3) f. which newspaper (1) SPORTS g. is delivered (2) h. the earliest (3) i. the morning newspaper (1) Statement j. is published (2) k. every day (3)

# WORD STUDY EXERCISES

1.	The syllables "mis-", "un-", "dis-", and "in-" can be attached to the beginnings of words to give them negative meanings.  Complete the sentences below using the word in parentheses by adding the syllable "mis-", "un-", "dis-", or "in-" to the beginning of the word.
	Example: Your story doesn't sound true. It is unbelievable. (believable)
	a. I don't like this magazine. I'm going to my subscription. (continue)
	b. The New York Times is a good newspaper. It seldom the people. (informs)
	c. The reporter and the editor had an argument. Theyabout a news article. (agreed)
	d. I can't find the sports section. I must have it. (placed)
	e. The headlines were not correct. They were (accurate)
	f. I have my newspaper delivered now because I found it to buy it at the newsstand. (convenient)
	g. I was not happy when I read the headlines. I was (pleased)
	h. The linotype operator doesn't make many mistakes. He seldom a word. (spells)
2.	Complete the following sentences by filling in the blanks with the appropriate word from the list below.
	classified section headlines amusement section society page editorial page comic strips book review section sports page
	a. If I'm interested in the latest social news, I will read the
	b. If I want to know what is playing at the movies, I will read the

## 102 UNIT EIGHT

- c. If I want to find a job, I will read the \_\_\_\_\_.
- d. If I want to see who won the ball game, I will read the \_\_\_\_\_
- e. If I am in a hurry, I will glance at the \_\_\_\_\_.
- f. If I want an editor's opinion about the news, I will read the \_\_\_\_\_.
- g. If I want to know what novels have been published lately, I will read the \_\_\_\_\_.
- h. If I want to see the cartoons, I will read the \_\_\_\_\_

## **WORD LIST**

ad	copy	journal	response
answer	disaster	lawn	review
article	earthquake	linotype	robbery
brother-in-law	editorial	newsletter	route
celebration	feature	newsstand	society
chapter	fisherman	pedestrian	staff
circulation	flood	press release	subscription
classified	headline	reply	weekly
comics	installment	reporter	writer
comic strip	issue	rescue	

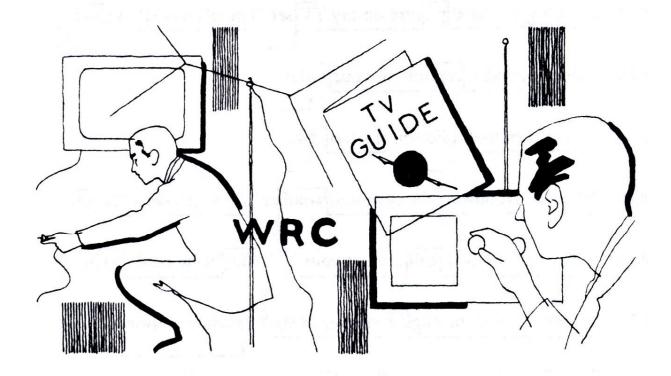
### **Verb Forms**

# **Expressions**

drop off
issue
kill
print
publish
put out, put out (p. and p. part.)
release
send in, sent in (p. and p. part.)
subscribe (to)

be out put out a publication take a magazine

# PRADIO AND TELEVISION



- What channel did you watch on television last night?
- 872 I don't get a good picture on my TV set. There's something wrong.
- 873 You get good reception on your radio.
- 874 Please turn the radio up. It's too low.
- What's on following the news and weather? Do you have a TV guide?
- You ought to have Bill look at your TV. Maybe he could fix it.
- 877 We met one of the engineers over at the television station.
- Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?
- 879 I couldn't hear the program because there was too much static.
- 880 Your car radio works very well. What kind is it?
- 881 The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a portable model.
- 882 I wonder if this is a local broadcast.
- 883 You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside antenna.
- 884 Most amateur radio operators build their own equipment.
- 885 Station WRC is off the air now. They signed off two hours ago.

#### **INTONATION**

871	What channel did you watch on television last night?
872	I don't get a good picture on my TV set. There's something wrong
873	You get good reception on your radio.
874	Please turn the radio up. It's too low.
875	What's on following the news and weather? Do you have a TV guide?
876	You ought to have Bill look at your TV. Maybe he could fix it.
877	We met one of the engineers over at the television station.
878	Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?
879	I couldn't hear the program because there was too much static.
880	Your car radio works very well. What kind is it?
881	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a portable model.
882	I wonder if this is a local broadcast.
883	You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside antenna.
884	Most amateur radio operators build their own equipment.
885	Station WRC is off the air now. They signed off two hours ago.

#### **VERB STUDY**

#### 1. turn up

- a. I can't hear the radio. Please turn it up.
- b. I'm turning the radio up because it's too low.
- c. If you had turned up the radio, I would have been able to listen to the news.

#### 2. fix

- a. You ought to have Bill look at your radio. Maybe he could fix it.
- b. My radio isn't broken anymore. It's already been fixed.
- c. He's fixing my radio now. Then he'll repair my TV set.
- d. Who fixed your radio? You get excellent reception now.

#### 3. meet

- a. We met one of the engineers over at the television station.
- b. We're meeting the engineer this afternoon at 5 o'clock.
- c. I've met several people over at the television station.

#### 4. plug in

- a. Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?
- b. He plugs in his radio here, and his TV in the other outlet.
- c. As soon as I plugged in the TV set, all the lights in the house went out.
- d. Your radio didn't work because it wasn't plugged in.

#### 5. sign off

- a. The radio station signed off two hours ago.
- b. They're signing off right now. They always sign off at midnight.
- c. What time does WRC sign off?
- d. When I turned on the radio, they were just signing off.

#### 6. work

- a. Your car radio works very well. What kind is it?
- b. My portable radio isn't working very well. There's too much static.
- c. My TV set has been working fine ever since Bill fixed it.

#### 106 UNIT NINE

#### SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. What channel station frequency did you watch listen to tune in to on television the radio FM

2. I don't get a good picture many channels a clear picture any picture much volume on my TV set. There's something wrong.

3. You get good reception a lot of stations
FM stations
a lot of AM stations

4. Please turn the radio up down off . It's too low high noisy

- 5. What's on following the sports feature quiz program mystery show ? Do you have a TV guide?
- 6. You ought to have Bill look at your TV.

  Maybe he could fix it can find out what's wrong can repair it
- 7. We met one of the engineers cameramen newscasters announcers
- 8. Where can I plug in the toaster phonograph stereo? Is this outlet all right?

9. I couldn't hear the program because there was too much

static interference noise in the room

10. Your car radio works very well. What

kind is it?
make
kind of radio

11. The next time I buy a TV set,
I'm going to buy a

portable model console model color set transistorized set 21-inch picture tube larger screen

12. I wonder if this is a

local broadcast recorded program live program network show

13. You'd get better TV reception if you

had an outside antenna lived closer to the station had a better TV set had a more powerful set

14. Most amateur radio operators build their own

equipment transmitters receivers stations ham gear

15. Station WRC is

off the air on the air broadcasting

now. They

signed off came on started

two hours ago.

Radio and Television

There are few homes in the United States today that do not have either a radio or television set. Both of them have become an essential part of our daily life, keeping us informed of the news of the day, instructing us in many fields of interest, and entertaining us with singing, dancing, and acting.

Marconi, the Italian inventor who gave us the radio, probably didn't realize what effects his great invention would have on the world in the years to come. Radio has, perhaps, had as much influence on the world as any other communications device. Events of universal interest can be reported to the entire globe a few seconds after they happen. Explorers in remote areas, ships at sea, even astronauts circling the earth are able to keep in touch with civilization by means of radio.

Television is another major instrument of communication, permitting us to see as well as to hear the performer. Since its appearance, TV has had a tremendous effect on the daily life of people everywhere.

Improvements of all kinds are constantly being made in television so that reception will be as close to perfect as possible. Many programs are now televised in color.

Perhaps the most recent advancement of significance has been "Telstar." This specially-equipped space capsule, orbiting the globe, makes it possible for the entire world to be closer than ever before. Now a family in Chicago can watch on TV an auto race in Italy, a ski tournament in Norway, or a parade in Japan as these events are actually happening!

#### Questions

- 1. Who invented the radio?
- 2. Mention three uses of radio and television.
- 3. What is "Telstar"? Why is it important?
- 4. Do you listen to the radio? What type of program do you prefer?
- 5. Do you watch television? What type of program do you like best?

#### PARTICIPATION DRILL

#### STUDENT A

I just bought a new radio. Do you have one?

No, I haven't had any trouble with my set. Perhaps Ed can fix your radio. He's an electrical engineer, you know. Do you want his telephone number?

No, I don't get any static on my set. But you don't have a console model that has to be plugged in an electrical outlet. You have a portable, so I don't see how your neighbor's stereo can cause you trouble. Do you think your tubes are wearing out?

Yes, I often listen to the radio from the time the network stations come on the air until they sign off. Do you get good reception on your radio?

No, I don't have a TV set, but my brother has one with a 21-inch picture tube. I often visit him and watch the sports programs and the news shows. What kind of TV do you want to buy?

Yes, it is enjoyable. I get good reception on my radio. It's a transistor set. What kind of radio do you have?

#### STUDENT B

My radio is a portable set, too, but I get both AM and FM stations on it. I listen to the radio a lot, don't you?

No, I haven't been getting good reception lately. There's something wrong with the set. You haven't had any trouble with your set, have you?

No, thanks, I have his phone number. Anyway, I know what's wrong with it. When my neighbor plays his stereo, I can't hear the radio programs because there is too much static. That hasn't happened to you, has it?

I want to buy a TV with a larger screen than your brother has. I need a more powerful set to overcome my neighbor's stereo. Then he can worry about the static from my TV set.

Oh, yes, I have a radio. I've had one for several years. Listening to the radio is very enjoyable, isn't it?

No, I don't think my tubes are wearing out. I've just had them checked. Anyway, I don't want to spend a lot of money fixing it. I'm saving my money to buy a TV set. You don't have a TV set, do you?

#### 110 UNIT NINE

#### **GRAMMAR REVIEW**

#### Patterns of Verbs

#### 1. Verb Forms

	SUBJ. +	VERB	+ COMPLEMENT/VERB MODIFIER
Present	-	need am looking for	a TV set right away. a color set now.
PAST	I	had	a black and white set last year.
PRESENT PERFECT	1	have had	several models during the past few years.
Past Perfect	I	had had	a portable set before I purchased my console.
Future	I I	am going to buy will need	a color TV tomorrow.  an outside antenna when I install my color TV.
CONDITIONAL	I	would be	very happy if I had a color TV.

# 2. Special Complement Patterns

Pattern A: verb + noun + verb

He saw the repairman fix the TV.

watched
let
had
made
helped

>

Pattern B: verb + noun + to + verb

He wanted the repairman to fix the TV.

asked

permitted

got

advised

encouraged

ordered

#### 3. Special Verb Patterns

Pattern A: verb + base form of verb

He has to watch the news and weather.

wants to tries to plans to expects to is supposed to

Pattern B: verb +-ING form of verb

He considered watching the news and weather.
enjoyed
insisted on
kept on
finished
got through
avoided
is used to
is accustomed to

#### GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words in the appropriate position or change the sentence as indicated in the cue. Follow the examples. (Use contractions wherever possible.)

 $(1) \qquad (2) \qquad (3)$ 

#### 1. I need a TV set right away.

a. last year (3) I needed a TV set last year.

b. next year (3) I'll need a TV set next year.

c. Negative Statement I won't need a TV set next year.

d. Negative Question Won't I need a TV set next year?

e. Affirmative Question Will I need a TV set next year?

f. an outside antenna (2)

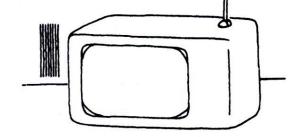
g. when I install my TV (3)

h. Statement

i. am going to buy (1)

i. now (3)

k. a color TV (2)



1	1	1	2	11	A	11	T	-	11	A	I	F
-			_		1				•			_

2.	(1) He saw the repairman fix the TV.
	<ul> <li>a. wanted (1) He wanted the repairman to fix the TV.</li> <li>b. permitted He permitted the repairman to fix the TV.</li> <li>c. Question Did he permit the repairman to fix the TV?</li> </ul>
	d. let j. Question e. Statement k. ask f. made l. have g. advised m. Statement h. ordered n. watched i. encouraged o. helped
3.	(1) (2) He has to watch the news and weather.
	<ul> <li>a. wants to (1)</li> <li>b. the quiz ρrogram (2)</li> <li>c. enjoys (1)</li> <li>He wants to watch the quiz program.</li> <li>He enjoys watching the quiz program.</li> </ul>
	d. expects to (1)  e. insisted on (1)  f. the sports feature (2)  g. plans to (1)  k. mystery show (2)  l. got through (1)  m. tried to (1)  n. intended to (1)
	h. has to (1) i. considered (1) j. finished (1)
	WORD STUDY EXERCISES
1.	Select the word that best completes the following sentences. We the word in the space provided.

1.	Select the word that best completes the following sentences. Write the word in the space provided.
	Example: A sports program features baseball. (baseball, music, weather)
	a. You'll get better TV reception if you have an outside (outlet, antenna, channel)
	b. A TV guide is a (list of programs, news announcer, picture tube)

c. WWDC signed off at midnight. The station \_\_\_\_\_. (came on the air, went off the air, closed for repairs)

	d. You would say "turn the radio down" if it were  (too loud, too low, too old)
	e. You plug the TV into (an outlet, a network, a broadcast)
	f. Static is (music, noise, color)
	g. A channel is a (ham radio, radio station, TV station)
	h. A quiz program features (news and weather, questions and answers, sports)
2.	Complete the sentence with the correct preposition from the list.
	off in at up to from on out for down of with
	a. WRC went the air two hours ago. They are no longer broadcasting.
	b. The radio station comes the air at 6 a.m.
	c. I'm accustomed listening to the weather report every
	morning.  d. I'm in the habit watching the eleven o'clock news on TV.
	e. Please plug the toaster.
	f. Let Bill look your TV to see if he can fix it.
	g. Did you tune your TV in time to hear the President's speech?
	h. I can't seem to find what's wrong with my phonograph.
	i. Please turn the radio It's too low.
	j. Please turn the radio It's too loud.
	k. I'm looking an outlet for my TV. Is there one near the window?
	l. Do you subscribe a TV guide?
	m. Is the TV guide put every week or every month?
	n. What kind radio is that? Is it a portable model?
	o. I watch the late movie TV almost every night.
	p. I can't hear the music because the static.
	q. According the weather report, it's going to rain today.
	r. I don't know what's wrong my TV set.
	s. A portable model can be moved room to room.
	t. What's following the news and weather?

#### 114 UNIT NINE

	01111 111112						
			g sentences he list below	by filling in th	ne blank	spaces with	
	frequency console	<i>!</i>	receive break	interference network	e	live	
а.	A portable	e TV ca	n be moved	from room t	o room.	It is not	
<i>b</i> .	This progra	am is rec	corded. It is	not			
с.	A transmit	tter send	ls messages.	It does not _	t	hem.	
d.	A local br			only within	the city	. It is not a	
<i>e</i> .	I asked the	e repairn	nan to fix m	y TV. I did n	ot ask h	im to it	
f.	There is to because of			is station. I ca	annot he	ear the music	
g.				ust transmit or he commercial			
			WORD	LIST			
AM (	amplitude i	modulati	on)	live		quiz	
annou	incer			low		receiver	
anten	na			make	reception		
camer	raman			model	recorded		
chann	el			network	screen		
clear	_			newscaster		static	
conso				noise		station	
	frequency n	nodulatio	on)	outlet		toaster	
follow	•			outside		transistorized	
freque				picture		transmitter	
guide				picture tube		volume	
ham a	erence			portable powerful			
		r		powerran	<b>T</b> C	•	
	V	erb Forn	ns		Expr	essions	
		and p. part.)			he air		
			come on $(p)$	part.)	on t	he air	
•	0	turn dov	vn				
_		turn up					
tu	ne in	wonder					

# UNIT 10 MUSIC AND LITERATURE



- What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like jazz?
- He's a composer of serious music. I like his music a lot.
- We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony orchestra.
- 889 My brother took lessons on the trumpet for nearly ten years.
- You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day?
- 891 I've never heard that piece before. Who wrote it?
- Have you ever thought about becoming a professional musician?
- Who is the author of this novel?
- 894 I've never read a more stirring story.
- Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?
- 896 This poetry is realistic. I don't care for it very much.
- Many great writers were not appreciated fully while they were alive.
- This is a poem about frontier life in the United States.
- 899 This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.
- 900 How much do you know about the works of Henry Wads worth Longfellow?

# INTONATION

886	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like jazz?
887	He's a composer of serious music. I like his music a lot.
888	We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony or chestra.
889	My brother took lessons on the trumpet for nearly ten years.
890	You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day?
891	I've never heard that piece before. Who wrote it?
892	Have you ever thought about becoming a professional musician?
893	Who is the author of this novel?
894	I've never read a more stirring story.
895	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?
896	This poetry is realistic. I don't care for it very much.
897	Many great writers were not appreciated fully while they were alive.
898	This is a poem about frontier life in the United States.
899	This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.
900	How much do you know about the works of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow

#### **VERB STUDY**

#### 1. practice

- a. You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day?
- b. My brother practices his violin an hour a day.
- c. He practiced two hours yesterday.
- d. If you want to be a professional musician, you must practice every day.

#### 2. name

- a. Who would you name as the greatest writer of our times?
- b. They named him ambassador last week.
- c. I wonder who they will name as the poet of the year.
- d. What did they name the baby?

#### 3. care (for)

- a. This poetry is very realistic. I don't care for it very much.
- b. I read the novel last night, but I didn't care for it at all.
- c. Do you care for this kind of music? Personally, I don't like jazz.

#### 4. appreciate, be appreciated

- a. Many great writers were not appreciated fully while they were alive.
- b. How can I appreciate poetry if I don't understand it?
- c. Do you think his music was appreciated while he was alive?
- d. Thank you for helping me. I really appreciate your advice.

#### 5. use

- a. This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.
- b. I'd like to use the piano when you're finished practicing.
- c. I didn't use your book. I have my own book.
- d. You have to use your own judgment. I can't make this decision for you.

#### 6. accept

- a. Many people don't accept modern music because they don't understand it.
- b. I can't accept your advice in this matter. This is something I must decide on my own.
- c. I haven't accepted his suggestion yet. I'm still considering it.

#### SUBSTITUTION DRILLS

1. What's your favorite kind of music?

Do you like

jazz popular music classical music folk songs blues

2. He's a composer of

serious music popular songs church hymns sacred music folk ballads . I like his music a lot.

3. We went to a concert last night to hear

the symphony orchestra the U.S. Navy band a famous violinist a well-known pianist

4. My brother took lessons on the

trumpet flute clarinet trombone saxophone cello drums for nearly ten years.

5. You play the

piano organ violin harp guitar

beautifully. How much do you practice every day?

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6. I've never heard that

piece composition song music melody concerto

before. Who wrote it?

7. Have you ever thought of

becoming a professional musician playing in an orchestra joining a dance band playing in a string quartet giving a recital

8. Who is the author of this

novel mystery story biography short story play essay

9. I've never read a more

stirring exciting stimulating thrilling fascinating

story.

10. Who would you name as the greatest

poet writer novelist of our times?

#### 120 UNIT TEN

11. This poetry is

realistic unrealistic impressionistic sentimental romantic . I don't care for it very much.

12. Many great writers were not

appreciated understood accepted fully while they were alive.

13. This is a poem about

frontier life pioneer days rural customs city life in the United States.

14. This writer uses

vivid descriptions
a lot of humor
many metaphors
imagination and artistry

in his writings.

15. How much do you know about the works of

Henry Wadsworth Longfellow great literary figures contemporary writers

#### READING



# Mark Twain (Samuel Langhorne Clemens) 1835-1910

No author in American literature is better known or more loved than Samuel Langhorne Clemens. Born in Missouri in 1835, he grew up on the banks of the Mississippi River and later adopted the pen name of "Mark Twain" from the call of the boatmen on the Mississippi as they measured the depth of the river. The river environment inspired the two novels which brought him his greatest fame: Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn Another book, Life on the Mississippi, told of his adventures on the river boats of that period.

It was during the Civil War that Mark Twain's life as a writer started. At that time he was working as a newspaper man in Nevada and California. His short story, "The Celebrated Jumping Frog of Calaveras County," was an immediate success and his new career began.

In 1870, Mark Twain married Olivia Langdon. He had fallen in love with her picture even before he met her. According to his biographers, his wife had a great influence on Twain's later books.

Mark Twain was also a very successful lecturer. His travels around the country giving talks on a variety of subjects helped make him famous and increased the sale of his books.

Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn are considered Twain's best works. They are marked by humor and satire and provide his readers with an excellent picture of his era. His last book was completed in 1909, one year before his death. He was then 74 years old.

#### Questions

- 1. Where did Mark Twain grow up?
- 2. What was his real name?
- 3. Name three of Mark Twain's writings.
- 4. How did Mark Twain fall in love with his wife?
- 5. Besides writing, what else did Mark Twain do?
- 6. What two books are considered Twain's best works? Why?

#### PARTICIPATION DRILL

The dialogs below are similar to the previous participation drills in Book Six, except that these contain two complete conversations rather than one.

Student A: Begin conversation (1) by reading the first speech in the Student A column.

Student B: Listen to Student A's speech. Then select and read the appropriate response from the Student B column.

Student A: Reply to Student B with the appropriate response from the first column. (Only one response to each speech is correct.)

Continue the dialog selecting the proper responses in sequence until conversation (1) has been completed. Then follow the same procedure for conversation (2).

#### STUDENT A

- (1) I went to a concert last night to hear the symphony orchestra. They played beautifully. Do you like classical music?
- (2) I just finished reading a biography of George Washington. I've never read a more fascinating story. Have you read any biographies of Washington?

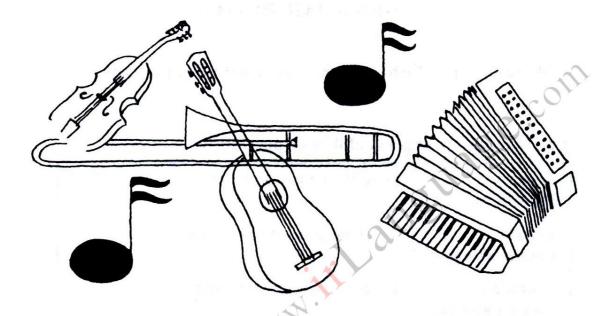
Yes, I do enjoy folk music. Just because I like classical music doesn't mean I don't enjoy other kinds. I like jazz and popular songs, too. Do you play a musical instrument?

Yes, I do like biographies better than novels, but I think I enjoy reading poetry most of all. I find a great poem fascinating because it stimulates my imagination. Do you like poetry?

Yes, I've played the piano for over fifteen years. I've given several recitals and have had my compositions performed by some well-known orchestras. Have you ever done any composing?

No, I don't understand much of the modern poetry, either. Of course, many great writers were not fully understood while they were alive. Why must a writer be dead a long time before he is appreciated?

Yes, it is stimulating to hear my compositions performed. I suppose writing anything and having it understood and accepted is satisfying. Would you like to go with me to hear the symphony orchestra?



STUDENT B

I've composed a few melodies—nothing very professional. It takes imagination and artistry to write even a short piece of music. It's thrilling to hear your music performed by famous artists, isn't it?

I like only certain kinds of poems. For me to enjoy it, a poem must be either realistic or humorous. I don't care for romantic or sentimental poetry. I don't understand the "modern" poetry of some of our contemporary writers, do you?

No, I don't care for classical music very much. I like folk songs. I find that listening to one man playing a guitar and singing folk ballads is an exciting experience. You don't care for folk songs, do you?

Yes, I'll be glad to hear the symphony orchestra. Then, when there's a recital of folk ballads, perhaps you'll go with me. In that way, I may learn to appreciate both kinds of music.

I'm not sure why many writers are not fully appreciated until long after they die. Perhaps it is because they are so far ahead of their time. Years after their death people finally accept their ideas.

Yes, I play the trumpet. At one time I even thought of becoming a professional musician and playing in a dance band. You play the piano, don't you?

Yes, I've read two biographies of Washington. Besides describing his life, they gave vivid descriptions of the frontier life in the United States. I enjoy biographies more than novels, don't you?

#### GRAMMAR REVIEW

# Modals and Other Verb Forms with Related Meanings

# 1. Can/Could—to express ability or possibility

go to the concert tonight. I can I'm able to go to the concert next week. I can't I'm not able to go to the concert last night. I couldn't wasn't able to go to the concert if I had tickets. I could would be able to gone to the concert if I had bought tickets. I could have gone to the concert if I hadn't had tickets. couldn't have

# 2. May/Might (Can/Could)—to express permission

You may borrow this novel. I've already read it.

You may not can't

You might have could have

borrow this novel. I haven't read it yet.

borrowed this book if I had finished it.

# 3. Might (May)—to express possibility

You might enjoy this poem. I know you like modern poetry.

You might not enjoy this poem if you didn't understand it.

You might enjoy this poem if you don't understand it.

You might enjoy this poem if you understood it.

You might have enjoyed this poem if you had read it.

enjoyed this poem if you had read it.

enjoyed this poem if you hadn't understood it.

## 4. Will/Would—to express expectancy or suggestion

You will enjoy this concert if you go.

won't enjoy this concert if you don't like jazz.

You would enjoy this concert if you went.

wouldn't enjoy this music if you didn't like jazz.

You would have enjoyed this concert if you had gone.

wouldn't have enjoyed this concert if you hadn't liked jazz.

## 5. Would Rather—to express preference

I'd rather stay home and read tonight.

I'd rather not go to the theater tonight.

I'd rather read a novel than a poem.

I'd rather not read modern poetry.

I'd rather have gone to the theater than stayed home last night.

I'd rather not have stayed home last night.

## 6. Should—to express obligation or advisability

You should practice the piano every day if you want to be

You'd better

professional.

You ought to

You shouldn't forget to practice the piano every day.

You'd better not You ought not to

You should have practiced the piano every day if you wanted to be

professional.

shouldn't have forgotten to practice the piano yesterday.

#### Should—to express probability or expectancy

You should receive your tickets to the concert today.

You should have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.

#### 7. Must—to express necessity

You must practice the violin before your recital.

You've got to You have to

You mustn't forget to practice the violin before your recital.

You don't have to write for your tickets. You can buy them at the theater.

You didn't have to wait for your tickets. They arrived on time.

#### Must—to express assumption

You must enjoy playing the violin since you practice so often.

You must have enjoyed playing the violin since you practiced so often.

You must not have enjoyed playing the violin since you always forgot to practice.

#### GRAMMAR REVIEW EXERCISES

Substitute the cue words and make any other necessary changes in each sentence. Follow the examples.

 $(1) \qquad (2) \qquad (3)$ 

### 1. I should practice the piano every day.

- a. yesterday (3) I should have practiced the piano yesterday.
- b. had to (1) I had to practice the piano yesterday.
- c. Negative I didn't have to practice the piano yesterday.
- d. tomorrow (3) I don't have to practice the piano tomorrow.
- e. won't be able to (1) I won't be able to practice the piano tomorrow.
- f. last week (3)
- g. couldn't (1)
- h. next Saturday (3)
- i. Affirmative
- j. must (1)
- k. every day (3)
- l. 've got to (1)
- m. before my recital (3)
- n. could have (1) p. 'd better (1)
- o. more often (3) q. if I want to play well (3)

	(1)	(2)		(3)
2.	You should receive yo	ur tickets to	the concert	today.
		should have re ncert yesterda	eceived your tid	ckets to the
		must have rec ncert yesterda	eived your tick y.	ets to the
		might have red ncert yesterda	ceived your tick	kets to the
		might receive morrow.	your tickets to	the concert
	e. enjoy (2)			
	f. won't (1)			
	g. if you don't like jazz (3	)		
	h. wouldn't (1)			
	i. wouldn't have (1)			
	j. gone to (2)			
	k. if you hadn't had ticket	s (3)		
	(1)		www irL	anguage.com
2	$(1) \qquad (2)$			2118 and 6110 an
3.	I'd rather stay home and	read.		
	a. I'd rather not have (1)	I'd rather i read.	not have stayed	l home and
	b. listened to jazz than classical music (2)		not have listene ssical music.	ed to jazz
	c. I'd rather (1)	I'd rather music.	listen to jazz th	an classical
	d. listen to folk music than	ı popular musi	ic (2)	
	e. I'd rather not have (1)			
	f. practiced the piano so o	often (2)		
	g. I'd rather not (1)			
	h. read modern poetry (2)	)		
	i. I'd rather (1)			
	j. read a novel than a poe	m(2)		
	WORD S	STUDY EXE	RCISES	
١.	Complete the following se	ntences using	the appropria	te form of the

a. The concert was stirring. I was \_\_\_\_\_ by the military marches.

Example: The movie was interesting. I was interested.

italicized word.

#### 128 UNIT TEN

b. The history lecture was stimulating. The students were \_\_\_\_\_ to learn more about the subject. c. Folk songs are fascinating. I am \_\_\_\_\_ by their unusual melodies. d. I just finished reading a very thrilling biography of Abraham Lincoln. I was \_\_\_\_\_ by this account of a great man's life. e. The mystery story had a surprising ending. I was really \_\_\_\_\_ to learn the brother-in-law did it. f. The story about pioneer days is very exciting. I was \_\_\_\_\_ by the vivid descriptions of frontier life. g. The great composers were amazing people. I was \_\_\_\_\_ to learn that Bach composed a long piece of music almost every week. h. The writings of Mark Twain are very amusing. I am \_\_\_\_\_ by his humorous stories. 2. In the following groups of words there are three words that are related and one that is not related. Select the word that does not belong. Example: pears, apples, bananas, baseballs a. trumpet, flute, trombone, poem b. playwright, pianist, novelist, poet c. novel, hymn, folk song, symphony d. orchestra, band, essay, string quartet e. music, melody, metaphor, song f. stirring, exciting, thrilling, opposing g. contemporary, artistic, up-to-date, modern h. biography, essay, recital, novel i. disliked, appreciated, accepted, praised

j. describing, listening, telling, informing

# WORD LIST

#### **Verb Forms**

# join name practice

# **Expressions**

be alive give a recital take lessons

# WORD INDEX

# TO BOOK SIX

The following is a listing of words introduced in Book Six. Each word in the listing is accompanied by the sentence in which the word was introduced in the text. The number shown in parentheses indicates the unit in which the sentence appeared.

A		
academy	He went to grade school in New York and a private academy in Chicago.	(3)
accomplish-		
ments	This nation is noted for its scientific accomplishments.	(1)
accurate	He always takes pride in his work. He's very accurate.	(4)
acting	My cousin is a member of a drama club. He seems to enjoy acting.	(6)
active	John has extracurricular activities. He's active in sports.	
activities	John has extracurricular activities. He's on the foot-	
8.	ball team.	(3)
ad	I got four replies to my ad about the bicycle for sale.	(8)
advanced	This nation is noted for its advanced technology.	(1)
agricultural	The agricultural region is centered largely in the north.	(1)
air force	Have you ever thought about a career in the air force?	(4)
airlines	My uncle was a pilot with the airlines.	(4)
alive	Many great writers were not appreciated fully while	(10)
	they were alive.	(10)
AM	You get a lot of AM stations on your radio.	(9)
amateur	I've always thought amateur radio would be an inter- esting hobby.	(6)
ambassador	After a successful career in business, he was appointed ambassador.	
amusamant		(4)
amusement	He's not a professional. He plays the piano for his own amusement.	161
announcere		(6)
announcers	We met one of the announcers over at the television station.	(0)
anewere.	경기 마음 마음 마음 마음 마음 이 살아가 되었다. 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그는 그를 가는 것이 되었다.	(9)
answers antenna	I got four answers to my ad about the bicycle for sale.	(8)
amenna	You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside antenna.	(0)
appliances	In the United States, there are many factories for mak-	(9)
appliances	ing appliances.	(5)
appointed	After a successful career in business, he was appointed	(3)
прроппод	ambassador.	(4)
area	What's the area of the Congo in square miles?	(1)
arid	The land in this region is arid.	(2)
army	My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to	(-)
	the rank of major.	(4)
		/

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	to the classical	(0)
article	There was an article in today's paper about the election.	(10)
artistry	I IIIS WITHEL USES IIII AZIII ALICU ALIC ALICA A	(10)
arts	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor	
	of Arts degree.	(3)
attorney	George's father is an attorney.	(4)
author	Who is the author of this novel?	(10)
autumn	At this time of the year farmers get ready for the	
401011111	autumn harvest.	(5)
average	During your first year of college, did you make a B	
arc. age	average?	(3)
avocation	Learning foreign languages is just an avocation with me.	(6)
В	Deckelon	
bachelor	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor	(2)
	of Arts degree.	(3)
ballads	He's a composer of folk ballads.	(10)
band	John has extracurricular activities. He's in the school	(2)
	band.	(3)
base	My nephew is a baseball player. He plays first base.	(7)
basketball	Basketball is my favorite sport.	(7)
beautifully	You play the piano beautifully.	(10)
because of	Because of the warm and sunny weather, oranges grow	
	very well here.	(5)
benefits	I have a good-paying job with many fringe benefits.	(4)
binders	Binders and threshers have revolutionized farming.	(5)
biography	Who is the author of this biography?	(10)
birth	I'm an American by birth.	(1)
blues	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like blues?	(10)
boating	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like boating.	(7)
bookkeeper	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	
•	bookkeeper.	(4)
bottle	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	
	collecting bottle caps.	(6)
boxing	I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight.	(7)
breath-taking	The scenery is breath-taking near the Pacific Ocean.	(2)
broadcasting	Station WRC is broadcasting now. They started two	
	hours ago.	(9)
broad jump	When I was on the track team, I used to broad jump.	(7)
brother-in-law	My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York	
a	Times staff.	(8)
brought in	Milk, butter, and cheese are brought in here from the	
a 3	dairy farms.	(5)
built up	John has built up his own business.	(4)
builfight	Would you be interested in going to the bullfight this	
A A HILL STORY	afternoon?	(7)
huelmass	John has built up his own business. He owns a hotel.	(4)
business business	My hobby is collecting butterflies.	(6)
butterflies	My mood m companie	(SEE

С		
calisthenics	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We	
	did calisthenics.	(7)
came on	Station WRC is on the air now. They came on two	
	hours ago.	(9)
cameramen	We met one of the cameramen over at the television station.	(0)
camping	On weekends I like to get my mind off my work by	(9)
camping	going on camping trips.	(6)
camping	Our family went camping last summer. We had to	( 0 )
	buy a new tent.	(7)
canning	Is fish canning a big industry in your country?	(5)
canyons	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep	
	canyons.	(2)
capital	My home is in the capital.	(1)
caps	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	
	collecting bottle caps.	(6)
career	Have you ever thought about a career in the medical profession?	(4)
catcher	My nephew is a baseball player. He is a catcher.	(7)
cattle	Is the coastal plain good for raising cattle?	(2)
celebrate	Today we celebrate our day of independence.	(1)
celebrations	Did you read the article about New Year celebrations?	(8)
cello	My brother took lessons on the cello for nearly ten	, ,
	years.	(10)
census	According to the latest census, our population has in-	
	creased.	(1)
center	My home is in the capital. It's an industrial center.	(1)
centered (in)	The industrial area is centered largely in the north.	(1)
chains	It's a beautiful country with several chains of mountains.	(2)
channel	What channel did you watch on television last night?	(2)
chapter	The first chapter of the story is in this issue of the	())
····apioi	magazine.	(8)
chemistry	In secondary school, children study mathematics,	( )
	physics, and chemistry.	(3)
chief	Who's the chief of state of this nation?	(1)
circulation	What's the total circulation of this newspaper?	(8)
citizen	I was born in Spain, but I'm a citizen of France.	(1)
citizenship	I was born in Spain, but I don't have Spanish citizenship.	(1)
civil	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	( 2 )
alarinat	civil engineering.	(3)
clarinet classical	He plays the clarinet for his own enjoyment.	(6)
CIGSSICUI	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like classical music?	(10)
classified	I'm looking for the classified section. Have you seen	(10)
31	it?	(8)
clay	The ground around here is mostly clay and not very	( 5 )
	good for farming.	(5)

# 134 WORD INDEX C

	TV	(0)
clear	I don't get a clear picture on my TV set.	(9) (2)
cliffs	Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.	(1)
climate	What kind of climate do you come from?	(1)
cloth	In the United States, there are many factories for making cloth.	(5)
clothing	Is it true that the manufacturing of clothing is a major	(5)
	industry?	(2)
coastal	Is the coastal plain good for farming?	(2)
coastline	How far is it from the coastline to the foothills?	(2)
collection	I started a new hobby. I got tired of building a stamp	(6)
	collection.	(6)
college	In college I majored in science. What was your major?	(3)
comfort	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you live in comfort the whole year?	(2)
comics	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the comics.	(8)
annia chrime	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the	
comic strips	comic strips.	(8)
commencement	My sister graduated from high school. Commencement	
Commencement	was last night.	(3)
	I'm a federal employee. I work for the Department of	
commerce	Commerce.	(4)
company.	John has built up his own business. He has a taxicab	g tall ge
company	company.	(4)
	He's a composer of serious music.	(10)
composer	I've never heard that composition before.	(10)
composition	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
computer	computer mathematics.	(3)
concentrate	In secondary school, children begin to concentrate on	
concentrate	special interests	(3)
concert	We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony	
concert	orchestra.	(10)
	I've never heard that concerto before.	(10)
concerto	My uncle was a conductor with the railroad.	(4)
conductor	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a con-	` '
console	sole model.	(9)
•	How much do you know about the works of contempo-	( - )
contemporary		(10)
	rary writers?	(10)
continent	Geographically, this country is located on the conti-	(2)
	nent of Europe.	( ~ )
сору	My brother-in-law is a copy editor on The New York	(8)
	Times staff.	(1)
cosmopolitan	My home is in the capital. It's a cosmopolitan city.	(3)
credentials	Do you have special credentials?	
criminal	George's father is a criminal lawyer.	(4)
crops	Is the coastal plain good for growing crops?	(2)
croquet	Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer croquet	
	as a hobby.	(6)
	Programme and the second secon	

# E WORD INDEX 135

cultivate	At this time of the year farmers cultivate their lands.	(5)
culturally	Culturally, the country is divided into two sections.	(1)
customs	This is a poem about rural customs in the United States.	(10)
cut down	They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for farms.	(5)
D		
dairy	Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the dairy farms.	(5)
dean	My uncle is a university dean.	(3)
declined	According to the latest census, our population has declined.	(1)
decreased	According to the latest census, our population has decreased.	(1)
dedicated	He always takes pride in his work. He's very dedicated.	
deep	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep	
4	canyons.	(2)
degree	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Bachelor of Arts degree.	(3)
deposits	The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral	
	deposits.	(1)
desert	It's a beautiful country with forests, mountains, and desert.	(2)
devoted	He always takes pride in his work. He's very devoted.	(4)
diploma	Do you have a high school diploma?	(3)
disaster	There was an article in today's paper about the disaster at sea.	(8)
divided	Politically, the country is divided into fifty states.	(1)
doctor	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Doctor of Philosophy degree.	, ,
drama	My cousin is a member of a drama club.	(3)
driver	What kind of work do you do? Are you a truck driver?	(6)
dropped off	If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be dropped off	
January (2)	at your door.	(8)
drums	My brother took lessons on the drums for nearly ten years.	(10)
E		
early	What kind of grades did you make during your early school years?	(3)
earthquake	There was an article in today's paper about the earth-quake.	
eastward	As you travel eastward does the land get drier?	(8)
economic	This nation is noted for its economic stability.	(2)
economics	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	(1)
	economics.	(2)
editor	John has extracurricular activities. He's editor of the	(3)
	school paper.	121
editorial	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the	(3)
	editorial.	(8)

# 136 WORD INDEX F

	He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.	(4)
efficient	He always takes pride in his work. He's very emercian	( ' '
elementary	In elementary school, the child learns to read and write.	(3)
school	How old do you have to be to vote in the national elec-	
elections	tions?	(1)
14-!1	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
electrical	electrical engineering.	(3)
electronics	He went to grade school in New York and an elec-	
electronics	tronics school in Chicago.	(3)
	He plays the piano for his own enjoyment.	(6)
enjoyment enter	Children enter school at the age of five, don't they?	(3)
	On many farms you'll find modern farm equipment.	(5)
equipment	Who is the author of this essay?	(10)
essay	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	
expert	missile expert.	(4)
extracurricular	John has extracurricular activities. He's on the foot-	
exil degities a.	ball team.	(3)
- Total Se		
F	John has built up his own business. He manages a	
factory		(4)
	shoe factory.  My brother is a member of the faculty.	(3)
faculty	Is the coastal plain good for farming?	(2)
farming	The land in this region is fertile farmland.	(2)
farmland	I've never read a more fascinating story.	(10)
fascinating	We played a game last night. The score was 7-to-6 in	
favor	our favor.	(7)
for many and	My brother-in-law is a feature writer on The New	
feature	York Times staff.	(8)
federal	I'm a federal employee.	(4)
feed grinders	Feed grinders have revolutionized farming.	(5)
feeding	If you have livestock you have to get up early to do	
reeding	the feeding.	(5)
female	Factories employ both male and female workers.	(5)
fertile	The land in this region is fertile farmland.	(2)
field	My nephew is a baseball player. He plays left neid.	(7)
fields	At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.	(5)
figures	How much do you know about the works of great liter-	
	ary figures?	(10)
fireman	My unele was a fireman with the fire department.	(4)
fishermen	Did you read the article about the rescue of the two	
	fishermen?	(8)
fishing	There are streams here, and fishing is important.	(2)
flood	There was an article in today's paper about the flood.	(8)
florist	John has built up his own business. He is a norist.	(4)
flute	My brother took lessons on the flute for nearly ten year	rs. (10)
FM	What frequency did you tune in to on FM last night?	(9)
folk	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like folk	(10)
	songs?	(10)

#### H WORD INDEX 137

following	What's on following the news and weather?	(9)
football	John has extracurricular activities. He's on the foot-	
	ball team.	(3)
foothills	How far is it from the coastline to the foothills?	(2)
forests	There are forests here, and lumbering is important.	(2)
frequency	What frequency did you tune in to on FM last night?	(9)
freshman	This is my first year of college. I'm a freshman.	(3)
fringe	I have a good-paying job with many fringe benefits.	(4)
frontier	This is a poem about frontier life in the United States.	(10)
fully	Many great writers were not appreciated fully while	(10)
•	they were alive.	(10)
G		
gardening	I find gardening relaxing and it takes my mind off my	7. 2
•	work.	(6)
general	My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the	
	rank of general.	(4)
geographical	What geographical area of the world do you come from?	
geographically golfing	Geographically, the country is divided into ten regions.	(1)
goining	Some people like horseback riding, but I prefer golfing as a hobby.	(6)
good-paying	I have a good-paying job with excellent hours.	<pre>(6) (4)</pre>
gorgeous	The scenery is gorgeous near the Pacific Ocean.	(2)
government	Who's the head of this government?	(1)
governor	Who is the governor of this state?	(1)
grade	Children enter the first grade at the age of five, don't	( - )
	they?	(3)
grade school	He went to grade school in New York and high school	
	in Chicago.	(3)
grades	What kind of grades did you make in college?	(3)
graduate	I'm a graduate of Yale University.	(3)
graduated	My sister graduated from high school.	(3)
(from)	Mariatan and A. Maria and A. Maria	
graduation	My sister graduated from high school. Graduation was	( 0 )
	last night.	(3)
greatest	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?	(10)
ground	The ground around here is stony and not very good for	(5)
growing	farming.  Is the coastal plain good for growing crops?	(5)
guide	Is the coastal plain good for growing crops? What's on following the news and weather? Do you	(2)
90.00	have a TV guide?	(9)
guitar	You play the guitar beautifully.	(10)
gym	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout.	(7)
	by many and a worker.	( , )
н		
ham gear	Most amateur radio operators build their own ham gear.	(9)
ham radio	I've gotten interested in ham radio.	(6)
handball	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We	
	played handball.	(7)

# 138 WORD INDEX I

130 11010		
harbors	Along the northern coast there are many deep harbors.	(2)
harp	foll blay the harp occurrency.	(10)
harv	At this time of the year farmers harvest their crops.	(5)
harvest	At this time of the year farmers get ready for the	
	autumn harvest.	(5)
hay loaders	Hay loaders and reapers have revolutionized farming.	(5)
head	Who's the head of this government?	(1)
headlines	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the	( 0 )
	headlines.	(8)
heard (of)	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	(6)
	that one.	
heavily	This part of the country is very heavily populated.	(2)
hectares	What's the area of the Congo in hectares?	(1)
hemisphere	Geographically, this country is located in the southern	(2)
	hemisphere.	(2)
hi-fi	I've gotten interested in hi-fi. I'm building my own	(6)
	equipment.	(9)
high	Please turn the radio down. It's too high.	(2)
high	Along the northern coast there are many high cliffs.	(2)
high school	He went to grade school in New York and high school	(3)
	in Chicago.	(7)
hiking	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like hiking.	(2)
hilly	This part of the country is very hilly.	(1)
historic	My home is in the capital. It's an historic city.	(7)
hockey	When you played hockey, what position did you play?	( , ,
honor	During your first year of college, did you make the	(3)
	honor roll?	(3)
honorary	Do you have an honorary degree?	( ) )
humid	What kind of climate do you have? Is it cold and	(2)
	humid? This writer uses a lot of humor in his writings.	(10)
humor	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like swimming.	(7)
hunting	When I was on the track team, I used to hurl the javelin	
hurl	He's a composer of church hymns.	(10)
hymns	He's a composer of charen hymns.	(/
1 + p	e de la estresacione de la presidente (1866).	(7)
ice skating	My favorite winter sport is ice skating.	(7)
imagination	This writer used imagination and artistry in his writings	. (10)
implements	Modern farm implements have revolutionized farming.	(5)
impressionistic	This poetry is impressionistic.	(10)
in addition (to)	Do you have any special interests in addition to your	16)
	job?	(6)
increased	According to the latest census, our population has in-	(1)
	creased.	(1)
increases	I have a good-paying job with annual increases in	(4)
	salary.	(4)
independence	Today we celebrate our day of independence.	(1)
indigenous	This nation is noted for its indigenous music.	(1)

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# 140 WORD INDEX M

latest	According to the latest census, our population has in-	Marian.
Sa, 1 1	creased.	(1)
lawn	Why don't you put an advertisement in the paper to	0. 1
	sell your lawn furniture?	(8)
leader	Who's the leader of this political party?	(1)
lecturer	My uncle is a graduate lecturer.	(3)
legal	Have you ever thought about a career in the legal profession?	(4)
lemons	Because of the warm and sunny weather, lemons grow very well here.	(5)
less	As you travel southward, does the land get less fertile?	(2)
lieutenant	My brother's in the Army. He was just promoted to the rank of lieutenant.	(4)
linotype	My brother-in-law is a linotype operator on The New York Times staff.	(8)
literary	How much do you know about the works of great literary figures?	(10)
live	I wonder if this is a live program?	(9)
livestock	On many farms you'll find livestock.	(5)
located	Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.	(2)
loser	The hardest thing to learn is to be a good loser.	(7)
low	Please turn the radio up. It's too low.	(9)
lowerclassman	This is my second year of college. I'm a lowerclassman.	(3)
lumbering	There are forests here, and lumbering is important.	(2)
M		
	In college I majored in science. What was your major?	(3)
major	My brother's in the Army. He was just promoted to	
major	the rank of major.	(4)
majored (in)	In college I majored in science.	(3)
make	Your car radio works very well. What make is it?	(9)
making	There are many factories in the U.S., particularly for	
	making cloth.	(5)
male	Factories employ both male and female workers.	(5)
manages	John has built up his own business. He manages a shoe	(4)
1 124gl - 1	factory.	( - )
manufacturing	Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a major industry?	(5)
master	I'm a graduate of Yale University. I have a Master of	(2)
	Arts degree.	(3)
match	I went to a boxing match last night. It was a good fight.	(7)
matchboxes	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	(6)
	collecting matchboxes.	(6)
math	In college I majored in math.	(3)
mayor	Who's the mayor of this city?	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$
meet	I went to a swimming meet last night.	(7)
melody	I've never heard that melody before.	(10)
member	My brother is a member of the faculty.	(3)

## N WORD INDEX 141

metaphors	This writer uses many metaphors in his writings.	(10)
meters	What's the area of the Congo in square meters?	(1)
meticulous	He always takes pride in his work. He's very meticulous.	(4)
metropolitan	My home is in the capital. It's a large metropolitan	
land to	area.	(1)
milkers	Milkers have revolutionized farming.	(5)
milking	If you have cows you have to get up early to do the milking.	(5)
mineral	The country is rich in natural resources. It has mineral deposits.	(1)
mining	The mining area is centered largely in the north.	(1)
missile	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a	
	missile expert.	(4)
model	My hobby is collecting model ships.	(6)
model	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a	
	portable model.	(9)
moist	What kind of climate do you have? Is it moist?	(2)
mostly	The ground around here is mostly clay and not very	
	good for farming.	(5)
mountainous	This part of the country is very mountainous.	(2)
muscles	My muscles are sore from playing baseball.	(7)
musician	Have you ever thought about becoming a professional	
	musician?	(10)
N		
N	11/1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	(10)
name	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?	(10)
nation	This nation is noted for its economic stability.	(1)
national	How old do you have to be to vote in the national elec- tions?	(1)
nationality	What's your nationality? Are you American?	(1)
naturalized	I'm a naturalized American.	(1)
natural	The country is rich in natural resources.	(1)
navy	Have you ever thought about a career in the navy?	(4)
network	I wonder if this is a network show?	(9)
newscasters	We met one of the newscasters over at the television	()
newscasiers	station.	(9)
newsletter	What's the total circulation of this newsletter?	(8)
newstands		(0)
newsstanas	I haven't seen the latest issue of the magazine. Is it on the newsstands?	(8)
		(0)
noise	I couldn't hear the program because there was too much noise in the room.	(9)
northeastern	Are most of the lakes located in the northeastern region?	
northern	As you travel porthward does the land get more fertile?	(2)
northward	As you travel northward, does the land get more fertile?	. (3)
northwestern	Are most of the lakes located in the northwestern region?  This nation is noted for its economic stability.	
noted	This nation is noted for its economic stability.	(1)
novelist	Who would you name as the greatest novelist of our times?	(10)
zoolana selesal		(10)
nursery school	Children enter nursery school at the age of five, don't	(2)
	they?	(3)

^		
0	The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.	(2)
ocean	Be a good sport. Play according to the official rules.	(7)
official	There are oil wells here, and petroleum is important.	(2)
oil wells	We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony	( - )
orchestra		(10)
	orchestra.	(1)
ore	The country is rich in natural resources. It has iron ore.	(6)
organ	He plays the organ for his own enjoyment.	(6)
other than	Do you have any special interests other than your job?	(9)
outlet	Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?	())
outside	What do you do for recreation? Do you have any out-	(7)
interests	side interests?	(7)
outside	You'd get better TV reception if you had an outside	(0)
	antenna.	(9)
_		
P	The second secon	
painting	I like painting, but I wouldn't want it to be my life's	(1)
	work.	(4)
packing	Is meat packing a big industry in your country?	(5)
paper	John has extracurricular activities. He's editor of the	(2)
	school paper.	(3)
parched	The land in this region is dry and parched.	(2)
party	Who's the leader of this political party?	(1)
pathology	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	( 2 )
	pathology.	(3)
peaks	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep	
	canyons.	(2)
peanuts	Because of the warm and sunny weather, cotton and	
•	peanuts grow very well here.	(5)
pedestrian	Did you read the article about the pedestrian that was	
•	killed?	(8)
petroleum	The petroleum region is centered largely in the north.	(1)
philosophy	In college I majored in philosophy.	(3)
photography	I've always thought photography would be an inter-	
	esting hobby.	(6)
physics	In secondary school, children study mathematics,	
	physics, and chemistry.	(3)
pianist	We went to a concert last night to hear a well-known	
p	pianist.	(10)
picture	I don't get a good picture on my TV set. There's some-	
piciolo	thing wrong.	(9)
piece	I've never heard that piece before.	(10)
pigs	In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and	
h.a.	raise pigs.	(5)
pilot	My uncle was a pilot with the airlines.	(4)
•	This is a poem about pioneer days in the United States.	
pioneer	My nephew is a baseball player. He is a pitcher.	(7)
pitcher	Is the coastal plain good for farming?	(2)
plain	15 the coastal plant good for farming.	( - )

	P WORD INDEX	143
plant	At this time of the year farmers plant their fields.	(5)
plateau	How far is it from the high plateau area to the fertile farmland?	(2)
playwright	Who would you name as the greatest playwright of our times?	(10)
plow	At this time of the year farmers plow their fields.	(5)
plug in	Where can I plug in the TV? Is this outlet all right?	(9)
poet	Who would you name as the greatest poet of our times?	(10)
poetry	This poetry is realistic.	(10)
pole-vault	When I was on the track team, I used to pole-vault.	(7)
political	Who's the leader of this political party?	(1)
politically	Politically, the country is divided into fifty states.	(1)
politician	Mr. Smith is a politician.	(4)
politics	After a successful career in politics, he was appointed ambassador.	(4)
poor	During your first year of college, did you make poor grades?	(3)
popular	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like popular music?	(10)
manulated	This part of the country is very heavily populated.	(2)
populated population	Do you know what the population of Japan is?	(1)
ports	Along the northern coast there are many ports.	(2)
portable	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a port-	( - /
	able model.	(9)
powerful	You'd get better TV reception if you had a more powerful set.	(9)
practice	You play the piano beautifully. How much do you practice every day?	(10)
practice	George's father is an attorney. He has his own practice.	(4)
pre-school	Children enter pre-school classes at the age of five,	
	don't they?	(3)
president	Who's the president of this republic?	(1)
press	There wasn't much news in the press release this	
	afternoon.	(8)
pride	He always takes pride in his work. He's very efficient.	(4)
principal	What are the principal farm products in this region?	(5)
principal	My uncle is a high school principal.	(3)
printed	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's printed	
	every week.	(8)
processing	Is food processing a big industry in your country?	(5)
products	What are the principal farm products in this region?	(5)
professional	He's not a professional. He plays the piano for the fun of it.	(6)
promoted	My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to	
	the rank of major.	(4)
prospecting	Is the coa tal plain good for oil prospecting?	(2)
provincial	My home is in the capital. It's a small provincial town.	(1)

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## 144 WORD INDEX R

psychology	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches psychology.	(3)
	What's the total circulation of this publication?	(8)
publication	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's pub-	(0)
published	lished every week.	(8)
punch	If you work in a factory, you usually have to punch a clock.	(5)
put out	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's put out every week.	(8)
Q		
100	When I was on the track team, I used to run the quar-	
quarter	ter mile.	(7)
quartet	Have you ever thought of playing in a string quartet?	(10)
quiz	What's on following the quiz program?	(9)
R	and the first terms of the section to the bases were	
races	Would you be interested in going to the horse races this afternoon?	(7)
racing	I've always thought car racing would be an interesting hobby.	(6)
rain	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get	(2)
	much rain?	(2)
raising	Is the coastal plain good for raising cattle?	(2)
range	This mountain range has many high peaks and deep canyons.	(2)
rank	My brother's in the army. He was just promoted to the rank of major.	(4)
rare	That's a rare set of coins.	(6)
realistic	This poetry is realistic.	(10)
reapers	Hay loaders and reapers have revolutionized farming.	(5)
receivers	Most amateur radio operators build their own receivers.	
reception	You get good reception on your radio.	(9)
recital	Have you ever thought of giving a recital?	(10)
recorded	I wonder if this is a recorded program?	(9)
recreation	What do you do for recreation? Do you have a hobby?	(7)
regions	Geographically, the country is divided into ten regions.	(1)
register	If you expect to enter the university, you should register now.	(3)
rogietrar's	If you expect to enter the university, you should go to	( - /
registrar's	the registrar's office now.	(3)
regulations	Be a good sport. Play according to the regulations.	(7)
relaxation	He's not a professional. He plays the piano for relaxation.	(6)
		(0)
relaxing	I find stamp collecting relaxing and it takes my mind off my work.	(6)
release	There wasn't much news in the press release this afternoon.	(8)
	그림 : 아이들에 아이들에 하면 그는 그를 보는 것이 없는 그 사람들은 것이 되는 것이 되었다. 그는 그를 보고 있는 것이 없는 것이다.	Charles of the

## S WORD INDEX 145

released	I sent in a subscription to that magazine. It's released	( 9 )
remained	every week.  According to the latest census, our population has	(8)
remained	remained the same.	(1)
replies	I got four replies to my ad about the bicycle for sale.	(8)
reporter	My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York	
	Times staff.	(8)
representative	Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as	( 1 )
1.11	representative.	(4)
republic	Who's the president of this republic?  Did you read the article about the rescue of the two	(1)
rescue	fishermen?	(8)
reserves	The country is rich in natural resources. It has timber	(1)
	reserves. The country is rich in natural resources	(1)
resources	The country is rich in natural resources.  I got four responses to my ad about the bicycle for sale.	(8)
responses retained	I was born in Spain, but I have retained Burmese citi-	(0)
retuined	zenship.	(1)
retired	My uncle was a pilot with the airlines. He just retired.	(4)
review	I'm looking for the book review section.	(8)
revolutionized	Tractors have revolutionized farming.	(5)
rice	Because of the warm and sunny weather, tobacco and	
	rice grow very well here.	(5)
rich	The country is rich in natural resources.	(1)
robbery	There was an article in today's paper about the bank robbery.	(8)
rocky	The ground around here is rocky and not very good	
	for farming.	(5)
roll	During your first year of college, did you make the	( ) )
•••	honor roll?	(3)
romantic	This poetry is romantic.  They had to cut down a lot of trees to make room for	(10)
room	farms.	(5)
route	My son has a newspaper route.	(8)
rules	Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game	. (7)
running (for)	Mr. Smith is a politician. He's running for election as	
	governor.	(4)
runs	John has built up his own business. He runs a	
	restaurant.	(4)
rural	This is a poem about rural customs in the United States.	. (10)
S		
sacred	He's a composer of sacred music.	(10)
salesgirl	My sister worked as a salesgirl in a dress shop before	
9 4	she got married.	(4)
saxophone	My brother took lessons on the saxophone for nearly	(10)
	ten years. The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean	(10)
scenery	The scenery is beautiful near the Pacific Ocean.	( - )

## مرجع زبان ایرانیان S WORD INDEX S

scenic	It's a beautiful country with scenic mountain areas.	(2)
	In college I majored in science.	(3)
science		(1)
scientific	We played a game last night. The score was tied six-	(
score	we played a game last hight. The score was tied six-	(7)
		(
screen	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a	(9)
		( ) )
secondary	In secondary school, children get more advanced	(2)
school	Allo Wie Bol	(3)
secretary	ini, didici in critica are a	(4)
sections	Culturally, the country is divided into two sections.	(1)
semi-arid	The faile in this region is	(2)
senator	How old do you have to be to become a senator?	(1)
senior	This is my fourth year of college. I'm a senior.	(3)
sentimental	This poetry is sentimental.	(10)
sent in	I sent in a subscription to that magazine.	(8)
service	After a successful career in the foreign service, he was	
	appointed ambassador.	(4)
severe	What kind of climate do you have? Is it severe?	(2)
sheep	In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and	
	raise sheep.	(5)
shipped	Milk, butter, and cheese are shipped here from the	
	dairy farms.	(5)
shop	My sister worked as a salesgirl in a dress shop before	
4-70	she got married.	(4)
shore	How far is it from the shore of the Atlantic to the	
	mountains?	(2)
shortstop	My nephew is a baseball player. He plays shortstop.	(7)
short story	Who is the author of this short story?	(10)
signed off	Station WRC is off the air now. They signed off two	
signed on	hours ago.	(9)
skating	My favorite winter sport is ice skating. I belong to a	
3641119	skating club.	(7)
ski	My favorite winter sport is skiing. I belong to a ski	
361	club.	(7)
akiina	My favorite winter sport is skiing.	(7)
skiing	My favorite winter sport is sledding.	(7)
sledding	Our family went camping last summer. We had to	( . ,
sleeping bags	buy sleeping bags.	(7)
Lating the late	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you get any	( , )
snowfall	snowfall at all?	(2)
		(7)
soccer	Soccer is my favorite sport.	( , )
society	I didn't read the whole paper. I just glanced at the	( 9 )
	society page.	(8)
songs	What's your favorite kind of music? Do you like folk	(10)
	songs?	(10)
sophomore	This is my second year of college. I'm a sophomore.	(3)
southeastern	Are most of the lakes located in the southeastern region?	(2)

# T WORD INDEX 147

southern	Geographically, this country is located in the southern hemisphere.	(2)
southward	As you travel southward, does the land get less fertile?	(2)
southwestern	Are most of the lakes located in the southwestern region?	
special	In secondary school, children begin to concentrate on special interests.	(3)
spectacular	The scenery is spectacular near the Pacific Ocean.	(2)
sport		
	Be a good sport. Play according to the rules of the game.	(1)
sports	John has extracurricular activities. He's active in sports.	
stability	This nation is noted for its economic stability.	(1)
staff	My brother-in-law is a reporter on The New York Times staff.	(0)
at mails		(8)
static	I couldn't hear the program because there was too much static.	(0)
station		(9)
station	We met one of the engineers over at the television station.	(0)
state	Who's the chief of state of this nation?	(9)
steel		(1)
-15E1	In the United States, there are many factories for making steel	151
atara a	ing steel.	(5)
stereo	I've gotten interested in stereo.	(6)
stimulating	I've never read a more stimulating story.	(10)
stirring	I've never read a more stirring story.	(10)
stony	This part of the country is very stony.	(2)
streams	There are streams here and fishing is important.	(2)
string	Have you ever thought of playing in a string quartet?	(10)
subscribe (to)	If you subscribe to the newspaper, it'll be delivered to	
	your door.	(8)
subscription	I sent in a subscription to that magazine.	(8)
suffer	The weather is warm and sunny here. Do you suffer	
	from the heat?	(2)
swamp	The ground around here is swamp land and not very	
	good for farming.	(5)
swift	This mountain range has many high peaks and swift	
1	rivers.	(2)
symphony	We went to a concert last night to hear the symphony	
	orchestra.	(10)
T		
taxicab	John has built up his own business. He has a taxicab	
	company.	(4)
teaches	My brother is a member of the faculty. He teaches	
Anahadalaa	economics.	(3)
technician	My sister worked as a technician before she got married.	
technology	This nation is noted for its advanced technology.	(1)
teller	As soon as I complete my training, I'm going to be a bank teller.	(4)
temper	The hardest thing to learn is not to lose your temper.	(7)

# 148 WORD INDEX U

148 WORD	INDEX	
tent	Our family went camping last summer. We had to buy	
	a new tent	(7)
thoroughbreds	In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	raise thoroughbreds.	(5)
threshers	Binders and threshers have revolutionized farming.	(5)
thrilling	I've never read a more thrilling story.	(10)
tied	We played a game last night. The score was fied six-	aL to
	to-six	(7)
timber	The country is rich in natural resources. It has timber	
	reserves	(1)
toaster	Where can I plug in the toaster? Is this outlet all right?	(9)
tobacco	Because of the warm and sunny weather, tobacco and	
lobacco	rice grow very well here.	(5)
track	When I was on the track team, I used to run the quar-	
iluck	ter mile.	(7)
tractors	Tractors have revolutionized farming.	(5)
trade school	He went to grade school in New York and a trade	
nade school	school in Chicago.	(3)
train	In universities, students train to become teachers and	
Irain	engineers.	(3)
transistorized	The next time I buy a TV set. I'm going to buy a	
II GIISISIOI IZEG	transistorized set.	(9)
transmitters	Most amateur radio operators build their own trans-	
iransimilers	mitters.	(9)
transported	Milk, butter, and cheese are transported here from the	
Halisporieu	dairy farms.	(5)
trombone	My brother took lessons on the trombone for nearly	
Trombone	ten years.	(10)
A. a. stant	What kind of climate do you have? Is it tropical?	(2)
tropical	Is it true that the manufacturing of automobiles is a	
true	major industry?	(5)
Automod	He plays the trumpet for his own enjoyment.	(6)
trumpet	The next time I buy a TV set, I'm going to buy a 21-	
tube	inch picture tube.	(9)
tu	What frequency did you tune in to on FM last night?	(9)
tune in	Please turn the radio down. It's too high.	(9)
turn down	Please turn the radio up. It's too low.	(9)
turn up	Please turn the radio up. It's too low.	( - )
U		
umbrellas	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	
dilibitellas	collecting umbrellas.	(6)
underbrush	They had to burn a lot of underbrush to make room	
Olideipiosii	for farms.	(5)
unrealistic	This poetry is unrealistic.	(10)
	I've heard of unusual hobbies, but I've never heard of	or in the second
unusual	that one.	(6)
	6 11 T1	90.00
upperclassman	Is the coastal plain good for urban development?	(2)
urban	15 the coastal plant good for aloun development.	

V		
valleys	This mountain range has many high peaks and fertile	
	valleys.	(2)
violin	He plays the violin for his own enjoyment.	(6)
violinist	We went to a concert last night to hear a famous	
	violinist.	(10)
vivid	This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.	(10)
vocational	He went to grade school in New York and vocational	
school	school in Chicago.	(3)
volleyball	Volleyball is my favorite sport.	(7)
volume	I don't get much volume on my TV set. There's some-	
	thing wrong.	(9)
vote	How old do you have to be to vote in the national elec-	
	tions?	(1)
w		
water-skiing	I like fishing and hunting, but I don't like water-skiing.	(7)
weekly	What's the total circulation of this weekly magazine?	(8)
weights	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout. We	
	lifted weights.	(7)
well-known	We went to a concert last night to hear a well-known	
	pianist.	(10)
wells	There are oil wells here, and petroleum is important.	(2)
westward	As you travel westward, does the land get higher?	(2)
wheat	In this flat country people grow wheat and corn and	
	raise cattle.	(5)
wonder	I wonder if this is a local broadcast.	(9)
worker	What kind of work do you do? Are you a government	
	worker?	(4)
workout	This afternoon we went to the gym for a workout.	(7)
works	Your car radio works very well.	(9)
works	How much do you know about the works of Henry	
	Wadsworth Longfellow?	(10)
writer	My brother-in-law is a feature writer on The New	
•••	York Times staff.	(8)
writings	This writer uses vivid descriptions in his writings.	(10)



# مرجع زبان ایرانیان TO EXERCISES

#### UNIT 1

# Grammar Review Exercises Page 9

- 1. I am a native American.
  - a. Am I a native American?
  - b. Am I a naturalized American?
  - c. I am a naturalized American.
  - d. They are naturalized Americans.
  - e. He is a naturalized American.
  - f. He is president of a university.
  - g. Is he president of a university?
  - h. Is he leader of his political party?
  - i. He is leader of his political party.
  - j. He is a French citizen.
  - k. They are French citizens.
  - l. I am a French citizen.
- 2. This nation is noted for economic stability.
  - a. Is this nation noted for economic stability?
  - b. Isn't this nation noted for economic stability?
  - c. This nation isn't noted for economic stability.
  - d. This nation isn't noted for mineral resources.
  - e. This nation is noted for mineral resources.
  - f. This nation is rich in mineral resources.
  - g. Is this nation rich in mineral resources?
  - h. Is this country rich in mineral resources?
  - i. Isn't this country rich in mineral resources?
  - j. This country isn't rich in mineral resources.
  - k. This country doesn't have mineral resources.
  - l. This country has mineral resources.
  - m. This country has ten regions.
  - n. This country is divided into ten regions.
- 3. You can vote in the national elections, can't you?
  - a. You can't vote in the national elections, can you?
  - b. You can't become president, can you?
  - c. You can become president, can't you?

- d. You want to become president, don't you?
- e. You don't want to become president, do you?
- f. You don't want to live in a small town, do you?
- g. You want to live in a small town, don't you?
- h. You would like to live in a small town, wouldn't you?
- i. You wouldn't like to live in a small town, would you?
- j. You wouldn't like to work in an industrial center, would you?
- k. You would like to work in an industrial center, wouldn't you?
- l. You will work in an industrial center, won't you?
- m. You won't work in an industrial center, will you?
- n. You aren't going to work in an industrial center, are you?
- o. You are going to work in an industrial center, aren't you?

# Word Study Exercises Page 11

- 1. a. developed, (has developed), b. accomplished, c. elect, d. populated, e. born, f. governs
- 2. a. celebration, b. divisions, c. vote (voter), d. decrease
- 3. a. decline, b. commercial, c. head, d. farm, e. reserves,
  - f. nationality, g. weather, h. keep, i. native

### UNIT 2

# **Grammar Review Exercises**

- 1. The mountain area is scenic and the coast is, too.
  - a. The mountain area is scenic, and so is the coast.
  - b. The mountain area isn't scenic, and neither is the coast.
  - c. The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and neither is the coast.
  - d. The mountain area isn't heavily populated, but the coast is.
  - e. The mountain area isn't heavily populated, and the coast isn't, either.
  - f. The mountain area isn't fertile, and the coast isn't, either.
  - g. The mountain area isn't fertile, and neither is the coast.
  - h. The mountain area is fertile, and so is the coast.
  - i. The mountain area is fertile, and the coast is, too.
  - j. The mountain area is fertile, but the coast isn't.

- 2. There are streams and forests here, so lumbering is important.
  - a. There are streams and forests here; therefore, lumbering is important.
  - b. There aren't streams and forests here; therefore, lumbering isn't important.
  - c. There aren't streams and forests here; therefore, fishing isn't important.
  - d. There are streams and forests here; therefore, fishing is important.
  - e. There are streams and forests here; consequently, fishing is important.
  - f. There are streams and forests here; consequently, the scenery is beautiful.
  - g. There are streams and forests here; thus, the scenery is beautiful.
  - h. There are streams and forests here; as a result, the scenery is beautiful.
  - i. There are streams and forests here; as a result, the land is fertile.
  - j. There are streams and forests here, so the land is fertile.
  - k. There are streams and forests here, so the land is not arid.
- 3. The weather is very warm, and we don't get much rain.
  - a. The weather is very warm; moreover, we don't get much rain.
  - b. The weather is very warm; moreover, the land is arid.
  - c. The weather is very warm; in addition, the land is arid.
  - d. The weather is very warm; in addition, the land is stony.
  - e. The weather is very warm, and the land is stony.
  - f. The weather is very warm, and we suffer from the heat.
  - g. The weather is very warm; also, we suffer from the heat.
  - h. The weather is very warm; furthermore, we suffer from the heat.
  - i. The weather is very warm; furthermore, it is tropical.
  - j. The weather is very warm; in fact, it is tropical.
  - k. The weather is very warm; as a matter of fact, it is tropical.
  - 1. The weather is very warm; as a matter of fact, it is a hot desert area.
- 4. This region is not fertile, but it has good harbors.
  - a. This region is not fertile; however, it has good harbors.
  - b. This region is fertile; however, it is heavily populated.
  - c. This region is not fertile; nevertheless, it is heavily populated.
  - d. This region is not fertile; nevertheless, it is an industrial area.

- e. This region is not fertile, still it is an industrial area.
- f. This region is not fertile; still it is a scenic area.
- g. This region is not fertile; in spite of that, it is a scenic area.
- h. This region is not fertile; in spite of that, it has large lakes.
- i. This region is not fertile; yet it has large lakes.
- j. This region is not fertile; yet it is good for urban development.
- k. This region is not fertile; on the other hand, it is good for urban development.
- 1. This region is not fertile; on the other hand, it isn't a desert area.

# Word Study Exercises Page 23

- 1. a. warmth, b. length, c. moisture, d. depth, e. growth,
  - f. humidity, g. population, h. industry
- 2. a. région régional
  - b. geography geographical
  - c. scénery scénic
  - d. spéctacle spectácular
  - e. beauty beautiful
  - f. population populated
  - g. fertility fértile
  - h. móuntain móuntainous
  - i. industry industrial
  - j. cómfort cómfortable

### UNIT 3

# Grammar Review Exercises Page 34

- 1. Your sister, who graduated last night, received a B.A. degree.
  - a. Did your sister, who graduated last night, receive a B.A. degree?
  - b. Did your sister, who majored in economics, receive a B.A. degree?
  - c. Your sister, who majored in economics, received a B.A. degree.
  - d. Your sister, who majored in economics, received high grades.
  - e. Your sister, who majored in economics, was an excellent student.
  - f. Was your sister, who majored in economics, an excellent student? g. Was your sister, who was active in sports, an excellent student?
  - h. Your sister, who was active in sports, was an excellent student.

- i. Your sister, who was editor of the school paper, was an excellent student.
- j. Your sister, who was editor of the school paper, graduated with honors.
- 2. High school is for older children whose knowledge is more advanced.
  - a. High school is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced.
  - b. College is for young adults whose knowledge is more advanced.
  - c. College is for young adults who want to concentrate on special interests.
  - d. Is college for young adults who want to concentrate on special interests?
  - e. Is college for young adults who want to become teachers and engineers?
  - f. College is for young adults who want to become teachers and engineers.
  - g. College is for young adults who want to study psychology.
  - h. College is for students who want to study psychology.
  - i. College is for students who make good grades.
  - j. College isn't for students who don't make good grades.
- 3. The professor on the faculty is my uncle.
  - a. The professor with an M.A. degree is my uncle.
  - b. The professor with an M.A. degree teaches at the university.
  - c. The graduate lecturer with an M.A. degree teaches at the university.
  - d. Does the graduate lecturer with an M.A. degree teach at the university?
  - e. Does the graduate lecturer from New York City teach at the university?
  - f. Does the graduate lecturer from New York City teach economics?
  - g. The graduate lecturer from New York City teaches economics.
  - h. The graduate lecturer studying for his Ph.D. teaches economics.
  - i. The graduate lecturer studying for his Ph.D. is on the faculty.

## **Word Study Exercises**

- 1. a. lawyer, b. dentist, c. doctor, d. philosopher, e. economist, f. scientist, g. historian, h. mathematician,
  - i. engineer, j. teacher

- 2. a. professor, b. registrar, c. office, d. clerk, e. subject,
- f. U.S.A., g. factory, h. football 3. a. from, b. in, c. on, d. at, e. of, f. in, g. on,
  - h. by
- 4. a. do, b. get, c. given, d. have, e. make, f. see,
  - g. slipped, h. took

### UNIT 4

## **Grammar Review Exercises**

- 1. I enjoy my job since it has fringe benefits.
  - a. I enjoy my job although I work long hours.
  - b. I enjoy writing books although I work long hours.
  - c. I enjoy writing books because I receive a good salary.
  - d. I enjoy writing books if I have good working conditions.
  - e. I will take pride in my work if I have good working conditions.
  - f. I will take pride in my work when I have my own business.
  - g. I will take a vacation every year when I have my own business.
  - h. I will take a vacation every year after I'm on my own.
  - i. I will take a vacation every year as soon as I can.
  - j. I will start my own business as soon as I can.
- 2. You can't be a pilot until you complete your training.
  - a. You can't be a pilot while you are completing your training.
  - b. Can't you be a pilot while you are completing your training?
  - c. Can't you be a pilot before you complete your training?
  - d. You can't be a pilot before you complete your training.
  - e. You can be a pilot after you complete your training.
  - f. You can be a pilot as soon as you complete your training.
  - g. Can you be a pilot as soon as you complete your training?
  - h. Can you be a pilot when you complete your training?
  - i. You can be a pilot when you complete your training.
  - j. You can be a pilot if you complete your training.
- 3. I studied law during my college years.
  - a. I've studied law since high school.
  - b. I've studied law for four years.
  - c. I've practiced law for four years.
  - d. I practiced law during the past year.
  - e. I was very industrious during the past year.

- f. I was very industrious in the summer.
- g. I was very industrious until my retirement.
- h. I received an annual increase in salary until my retirement.
- i. I got some fringe benefits until my retirement.
- j. I got some fringe benefits after retirement.

# Word Study Exercises Page 49

- 1. a. meticulous, b. employed, c. profession, d. manages,
  - e. promoted, f. retired, g. dedicated
- 2. 1. d, 2. b, 3. g, 4. a, 5. f, 6. e, 7. h, 8. c
- 3. a. inefficient, b. undecided, c. unknown, d. unsuccessful,
  - e. inconsiderate, f. unsafe, g. unusual

### UNIT 5

## **Grammar Review Exercises**

- 1. If the ground is fertile, it is good for farming.
  - a. If the ground were fertile, it would be good for farming.
  - b. If the ground had been fertile, it would have been good for farming.
  - c. If the ground had been fertile, you would have had good crops.
  - d. If the ground were fertile, you would have good crops.
  - e. If the ground is fertile, you will have good crops.
  - f. If you cultivate your land, you will have good crops.
  - g. If you cultivated your land, you would have good crops.
  - h. If you had cultivated your land, you would have had good crops.
  - i. If you had cultivated your land, you could have grown tobacco.
  - j. If you cultivated your land, you could grow tobacco.
  - k. If you cultivate your land, you can grow tobacco.
  - 1. If the weather is warm, you can grow tobacco.
  - m. If the weather were warm, you could grow tobacco.
  - n. If the weather had been warm, you could have grown tobacco.
- 2. Unless you cultivate your land, you won't have good crops.
  - a. Unless you cultivated your land, you wouldn't have good crops.
  - b. If you hadn't cultivated your land, you wouldn't have had good crops.
  - c. If you hadn't cultivated your land, it wouldn't have been good for farming.

- d. If you didn't cultivate your land, it wouldn't be good for farming.
- e. If you don't cultivate your land, it won't be good for farming.
- f. Unless the weather is warm, it won't be good for farming.
- g. Unless the weather were warm, it wouldn't be good for farming.
- h. If the weather hadn't been warm, it wouldn't have been good for farming.
- i. If the weather hadn't been warm, you couldn't have grown tobacco.
- i. If the weather weren't warm, you couldn't grow tobacco.
- k. If the weather isn't warm, you can't grow tobacco.
- 1. Unless the land is fertile, you can't grow tobacco.
- m. Unless the land were fertile, you couldn't grow tobacco.
- n. If the land hadn't been fertile, you couldn't have grown tobacco.
- 3. I get to work on time every day.
  - a. I wish I got to work on time every day.
  - b. I wish I had gotten to work on time yesterday.
  - c. I wish I hadn't had to work yesterday.
  - d. I wish I didn't have to work every day.
  - e. I wish I didn't work in a factory every day.
  - f. I wish I hadn't worked in a factory last year.
  - g. I wish I could have worked on a farm last year.
  - h. I wish I could work on a farm every summer.
  - i. I wish I worked only three days a week every summer.
  - j. I wish I had worked only three days a week last summer.

# Word Study Exercises

- 1. a. raised, b. shipped, c. milked, d. grown, e. cut down, f. plowed, g. employed, h. manufactured
- 2. a. revolution revolutionize
  - b. transportation transport
  - c. cultivation cultivate
  - d. industry industrialize
  - e. manufacture manufacture
  - f. employment employ g. equipment equip
  - h. production produce
- 3. a. furniture, b. peanuts, c. swimming, d. wheat, e. corn,
  - f. manufacture, g. livestock, h. burned

#### UNIT 6

# Grammar Review Exercises

- 1. Does he believe photography is an interesting hobby?
  - a. Doesn't he believe photography is an interesting hobby?
  - b. Doesn't he believe photography is relaxing?
  - c. He doesn't believe photography is relaxing.
  - d. He believes photography is relaxing.
  - e. They think photography is relaxing.
  - f. They think photography is too expensive.
  - g. Do they think photography is too expensive?
  - h. Do they think hi-fi is too expensive?
  - i. Don't they think hi-fi is too expensive?
  - j. They don't think hi-fi is too expensive.
  - k. We don't imagine hi-fi is too expensive.
  - 1. We imagine hi-fi is too expensive.
  - m. We imagine coin collecting is too expensive.
  - n. We imagine coin collecting is an interesting hobby.
- 2. Which hobby is the most expensive?
  - a. Did you find out which hobby is the most expensive?
  - b. Did you find out what would be the most expensive?
  - c. Did you find out what would be an interesting hobby?
  - d. What would be an interesting hobby?
  - e. Please tell me what would be an interesting hobby.
  - f. Please tell me who has an interesting hobby.
  - g. Who has an interesting hobby?
  - h. Who has his own hi-fi?
  - i. Do you know who has his own hi-fi?
  - j. Do you know who can build his own hi-fi?
  - k. Do you know which student would like to have his own hi-fi?
  - l. Do you know which student would like to have a rare coin collection?
  - m. Which student would like to have a rare coin collection?
- 3. How many stamps have you collected?
  - a. I'd like to know how many stamps you have collected.
  - b. I'd like to know what stereo is.
  - c. What is stereo?
  - d. Please tell me what stereo is.
  - e. Please tell me how much a hi-fi costs.

- f. How much does a hi-fi cost?
- g. Can you tell me how much a hi-fi costs?
- h. Can you tell me why he collects umbrellas?
- i. Why does he collect umbrellas?
- j. I can't imagine why he collects umbrellas.
- k. I can't imagine how many coins he has collected.
- 1. How many coins has he collected?
- 4. Do you know where to buy rare coins?
  - a. Can you tell me where to buy rare coins?
  - b. Can you tell me where to buy hi-fi equipment?
  - c. Can you tell me how to build hi-fi equipment?
  - d. Did you learn how to build hi-fi equipment?
  - e. Did you learn who to ask about hi-fi equipment?
  - f. Did you learn who to ask about gardening?
  - g. I don't know who to ask about gardening.
  - h. I don't know who to ask about camping.
  - i. I don't know when to go camping.
  - i. I haven't decided when to go camping.
  - k. I haven't decided where to go camping.
  - l. I haven't decided where to go on my vacation.
  - m. I haven't decided what to do on my vacation.
  - n. I haven't decided what to do for a hobby.

# **Word Study Exercises**

## Page 74

- 1. a. collection, b. actor, c. relaxation, d. equipment, e. enjoyment, f. specialty, g. preference, h. beginner,
  - i. pleasure, j. suggestion
- 2. a. profession, b. common, c. cheap, d. boring, e. amateur
- 3. a. pastime, b. fun, c. exhausted, d. unusual, e. acting
- 4. a. for, b. of, c. with, d. of, e. off, f. as, g. in, h. of, i. with (for), j. by

### UNIT 7

### **Grammar Review Exercises**

- 1. He said, "Baseball is my favorite sport."
  - a. He told me that baseball was his favorite sport.
    - b. He told me that he liked hunting and fishing.
    - c. He said, "I like hunting and fishing."

- d. He said, "I play soccer."
- e. He told me that he played soccer.
- f. He told me that he ran the quarter mile.
- g. He said, "I run the quarter mile."
- h. He said, "I went to a swimming meet."
- i. He told me that he had gone to a swimming meet.
- j. He told me that it had been a good meet.
- k. He said, "It was a good meet."
- l. He said, "I like camping trips."
- m. He told me that he liked camping trips.

### 2. They asked him about baseball.

- a. They spoke to him about baseball.
- b. They spoke to me about baseball.
- c. They told me about baseball.
- d. Did they tell me about baseball?
- e. Did they teach me about baseball?
- f. They taught me about baseball.
- g. They taught you about baseball.
- h. They taught you the rules of baseball.
- i. They described the rules of baseball to you.
- j. They read the rules of baseball to you.
- k. They explained the rules of baseball to you.
- 1. They explained baseball to you.

### 3. We talked over the baseball rules.

- a. We talked them over.
- b. We made sure of them.
- c. We made sure of the score.
- d. We went over the score.
- e. We went over it.
- f. We tried it out.
- g. We tried out the camping equipment.
- h. We looked for the camping equipment.
- i. We looked for it.
- i. We looked forward to it.
- k. We looked forward to the horse races.
- l. We looked forward to the baseball game.
- m. We called off the baseball game.
- n. We called it off.
- o. We will take it up.
- p. We will take up water-skiing.

## Word Study Exercises Page 87

- 1. a. match, b. sore, c. tied, d. exercises, e. ice skating,
  - f. pole-vault, g. tent, h. shortstop, i. play by the rules,
  - j. to get angry
- 2. a. laughter, b. argument, c. agreement, d. failure, e. sadness, f. caution, g. meeting, h. membership

#### UNIT 8

# Grammar Review Exercises Page 99

- 1. This newspaper is very large.
  - a. This newspaper is too large.
  - b. This newspaper isn't too large.
  - c. This newspaper isn't large enough.
  - d. The classified section isn't large enough.
  - e. Isn't the classified section large enough?
  - f. Isn't the classified section too large?
  - g. Isn't the classified section too long?
  - h. Isn't the editorial too long?
  - i. Is the editorial too long?
  - j. Is the editorial long enough?
  - k. Is the editorial very long?
  - 1. The editorial is very long.
- 2. The evening newspaper is the same size as the morning paper.
  - a. The evening newspaper is the same price as the morning paper.
  - b. The evening newspaper is as good as the morning paper.
  - c. Is the evening newspaper as good as the morning paper?
  - d. Is the Sunday paper as good as the morning paper?
  - e. Is the Sunday paper thicker than the morning paper?
  - f. The Sunday paper is thicker than the morning paper.
  - g. The Sunday paper is more expensive than the morning paper.
  - h. The Sunday paper is better than the morning paper.
  - i. The Sunday paper isn't better than the morning paper.
  - j. The Sunday paper isn't the same price as the morning paper.
  - k. The Sunday paper isn't the same price as the other editions.
- 3. He reads the business section more carefully than the amusement section.
  - a. He reads the business section more carefully than the sports page.

- b. He reads the business section as rapidly as the sports page.
- c. Does he read the business section as rapidly as the sports page?
- d. Does he read the business section as rapidly as the news section?
- e. Does he read the editorial page as rapidly as the news section?
- f. Does he read the editorial page as carefully as the news section?
- g. Does he read the editorial page more carefully than the news section?
- h. He reads the editorial page more carefully than the news section.
- i. I read the editorial page more carefully than the news section.
- j. I read the headlines more carefully than the news section.
- k. I read the headlines more rapidly than the news section.
- 4. Which magazine is published the most often?
  - a. Which magazine is published every week?
  - b. Which magazine do you read every week?
  - c. Which section of the newspaper do you read every week?
  - d. Which section of the newspaper do you read the most carefully?
  - e. Which section of the newspaper do you read the fastest?
  - f. Which newspaper do you read the fastest?
  - g. Which newspaper is delivered the fastest?
  - h. Which newspaper is delivered the earliest?
  - i. The morning newspaper is delivered the earliest.
  - j. The morning newspaper is published the earliest.
  - k. The morning newspaper is published every day.

# Word Study Exercises

### Page 101

- 1. a. discontinue, b. misinforms, c. disagreed, d. misplaced, e. inaccurate, f. inconvenient, g. displeased, h. misspells
- 2. a. society page, b. amusement section, c. classified section,
  - d. sports page, e. headlines, f. editorial page, g. book review section, h. comic strips

### UNIT 9

# Grammar Review Exercises Page 111

- 1. I need a TV set right away.
  - a. I needed a TV set last year.
  - b. I'll need a TV set next year.
  - c. I won't need a TV set next year.
  - d. Won't I need a TV set next year?

- e. Will I need a TV set next year?
- f. Will I need an outside antenna next year?
- g. Will I need an outside antenna when I install my TV?
- h. I'll need an outside antenna when I install my TV.
- i. I'm going to buy an outside antenna when I install my TV.
- j. I'm going to buy an outside antenna now.
- k. I'm going to buy a color TV now.
- 2. He saw the repairman fix the TV.
  - a. He wanted the repairman to fix the TV.
  - b. He permitted the repairman to fix the TV.
  - c. Did he permit the repairman to fix the TV?
  - d. Did he let the repairman fix the TV?
  - e. He let the repairman fix the TV.
  - f. He made the repairman fix the TV.
  - g. He advised the repairman to fix the TV.
  - h. He ordered the repairman to fix the TV.
  - i. He encouraged the repairman to fix the TV.
  - j. Did he encourage the repairman to fix the TV?
  - k. Did he ask the repairman to fix the TV?
  - 1. Did he have the repairman fix the TV?
  - m. He had the repairman fix the TV.
  - n. He watched the repairman fix the TV.
  - o. He helped the repairman fix the TV.
- 3. He has to watch the news and weather.
  - a. He wants to watch the news and weather.
  - b. He wants to watch the quiz program.
  - c. He enjoys watching the quiz program.
  - d. He expects to watch the quiz program.
  - e. He insisted on watching the quiz program.
  - f. He insisted on watching the sports feature.
  - g. He plans to watch the sports feature.
  - h. He has to watch the sports feature.
  - i. He considered watching the sports feature.
  - j. He finished watching the sports feature.
  - k. He finished watching the mystery show.
  - 1. He got through watching the mystery show.
  - m. He tried to watch the mystery show.
  - n. He intended to watch the mystery show.
  - o. He kept on watching the mystery show.
  - p. He avoided watching the mystery show.



## Word Study Exercises Page 112

- 1. a. antenna, b. list of programs, c. went off the air, d. too loud, e. an outlet, f. noise, g. TV station, h. questions and answers
- a. off, b. on, c. to, d. of, e. in, f. at, g. in,
   h. out, i. up, j. down, k. for, l. to, m. out, n. of,
   o. on, p. of, q. to, r. with, s. from, t. on
- 3. a. console, b. live, c. receive, d. network, e. break, f. interference, g. frequency

#### UNIT 10

# Grammar Review Exercises Page 126

- 1. I should practice the piano every day.
  - a. I should have practiced the piano yesterday.
  - b. I had to practice the piano yesterday.
  - c. I didn't have to practice the piano yesterday.
  - d. I don't have to practice the piano tomorrow.
  - e. I won't be able to practice the piano tomorrow.
  - f. I wasn't able to practice the piano last week.
  - g. I couldn't practice the piano last week.
  - h. I can't practice the piano next Saturday.
  - i. I can practice the piano next Saturday.
  - j. I must practice the piano next Saturday.
  - k. I must practice the piano every day.
  - l. I've got to practice the piano every day.
  - m. I've got to practice the piano before my recital.
  - n. I could have practiced the piano before my recital.
  - o. I could have practiced the piano more often.
  - p. I'd better practice the piano more often.
  - q. I'd better practice the piano if I want to play well.
- 2. You should receive your tickets to the concert today.
  - a. You should have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.
  - b. You must have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.
  - c. You might have received your tickets to the concert yesterday.
  - d. You might receive your tickets to the concert tomorrow.
  - e. You might enjoy the concert tomorrow.

- f. You won't enjoy the concert tomorrow.
- g. You won't enjoy the concert if you don't like jazz.
- h. You wouldn't enjoy the concert if you didn't like jazz.
- i. You wouldn't have enjoyed the concert if you hadn't liked jazz.
- j. You wouldn't have gone to the concert if you hadn't liked jazz.
- k. You wouldn't have gone to the concert if you hadn't had tickets.
- 3. I'd rather stay home and read.
  - a. I'd rather not have stayed home and read.
  - b. I'd rather not have listened to jazz than classical music.
  - c. I'd rather listen to jazz than classical music.
  - d. I'd rather listen to folk music than popular music.
  - e. I'd rather not have listened to folk music than popular music.
  - f. I'd rather not have practiced the piano so often.
  - g. I'd rather not practice the piano so often.
  - h. I'd rather not read modern poetry.
  - i. I'd rather read modern poetry.
  - i. I'd rather read a novel than a poem.

## Word Study Exercises Page 127

- 1. a. stirred, b. stimulated, c. fascinated, d. thrilled, e. surprised, f. excited, g. amazed, h. amused
- 2. a. poem, b. pianist, c. novel, d. essay, e. metaphor, f. opposing, g. artistic, h. recital, i. disliked, j. listening