## American ENGLISH FILE

## Workbook

Christina Latham-Koenig
Clive Oxenden
Paul Seligson

```
اين مجموعه با لوكُوى مرجع زبان ايرانيان
به مورت نشر برخط و حامل به ثبت رسيده است.

\section*{Contents}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{7} \\
\hline 43 & A At the National Portrait Gallery \\
\hline 45 & B Chelsea girls \\
\hline 47 & C A night to remember \\
\hline 49 & PRACTICAL ENGLISH Getting lost \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{8} \\
\hline 50 & A A murder story \\
\hline 52 & B A house with a history \\
\hline 54 & C A night in a haunted hotel \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\[
9
\]} \\
\hline 56 & A Whatlate yesterday \\
\hline 58 & B White gold \\
\hline 60 & C Quiz night \\
\hline 62 & PRACTICAL ENGLISH At a restaurant \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{10} \\
\hline 63 & A The most dangerous road... \\
\hline 65 & B CouchSurf around the world! \\
\hline 67 & C What's going to happen? \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{11.} \\
\hline 69 & A First impressions \\
\hline 71 & B What do you want to do? \\
\hline 73 & C Men, women, and the Internet \\
\hline 75 & PRACTICAL ENGLISH Going home \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{12} \\
\hline 76 & A Books and movies \\
\hline 78 & B I've never been there! \\
\hline 80 & C The American English File questionnaire \\
\hline 82 & LISTENING \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STUDY LINK GChecker SELF-ASSESSMENT CD-ROM}

\section*{Powerful listening and interactive assessment CD-ROM}

Your iChecker disc on the inside back cover of this Workbook includes:
- AUDIO - Download ALL of the audio files for the Listening and Pronunciation activities in this Workbook for on-thego listening practice.
- FILE TESTS - Check your progress by taking a selfassessment test after you complete each File.

Audio: When you see this symbol FCheaker, go to the iChecker disc in the back of this Workbook. Load the disc in your computer.


Type your name and press "ENTER."

2


Choose "AUDIO BANK."


Click on the exercise for the File. Then use the media player to listen.

You can transfer the audio to a mobile device from the "audio" folder on the disc.

File test: At the end of every File, there is a test. To do the test, load the iChecker and select "Tests." Select the test for the File you have just finished.


\section*{1. My name's Hannah, not Anna}

1 GRAMMAR verb be \(\boxplus\), subject pronouns
a Complete column 1 with the words in the box. Then write the contractions in column 2.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 1 Full form & 2 Contraction \\
\hline I am & \({ }^{1}\) I'm \\
\hline you \({ }^{2}\) & \\
\hline he \({ }^{4}\) & 5 \\
\hline \({ }^{6}\) & \\
\hline it \({ }^{8}\) & 9 \\
\hline we \({ }^{10}\) & \\
\hline you \({ }^{12}\) & \\
\hline \({ }^{14} \ldots\) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b Complete the sentences with be. Use a contraction.


1 I'm four.


5 \(\qquad\) in a taxi.


2 \(\qquad\) students.


6 \(\qquad\) tourists.

2 VOCABULARY days of the week, numbers 0-20, greetings
a Put the letters in order to make days of the week. Remember to start with a CAPITAL LETTER.

1 ARSAYDUT
2 NYAUDS
3 HRDYTUSA
4 ODNYMA
5 DFARYI
6 DSYEEAWND
7 EUASDTY
b Continue the series.
1 five, six, seven,
2 six, eight, ten,
3 twenty, nineteen,
4 five, seven, nine,


3 \(\qquad\) in room 2.


7 \(\qquad\) in room 317.
\(\qquad\)
eight nine \(\qquad\) ten
\(\qquad\) , \(\square\), ,
\(\qquad\) ———.

4 \(\qquad\) Thursday.


8 Hello. \(\qquad\) in my class.
c Complete the dialogues.
1 A Hi, Emily. This is Daniel.
B Hello, Daniel. __ to you.

2 A Hi, I'm Paulo. \(\qquad\) 's your \(\qquad\) ? B Louise.
A ?
B Louise!
3 A Hi, Yoshi. \(\qquad\) are you?
B l'm fine, thanks. And \(\qquad\) ?

A Very well, thank you.
4 A What's your phone ? B It's 718-555-0123.
d Complete the words with \(a, e, i, o\), or \(u\).



\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds, word stress}
a Write the words in the chart.
```

meet fine six am ten eight three nice in
thanks day twelve very

```
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
I \\
fish
\end{tabular} & \[
\underset{\text { tree }}{\square}
\] & \(æ\) cat & \[
\frac{\varepsilon}{E_{1}}
\] & train & \[
\frac{\partial{ }^{2}}{\text { bike }}
\] \\
\hline & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b fighank Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c Underline the stressed syllable in these words.
1 sand wich
2 te|nnis
3 eigh|teen
4 thirfteen
5 bas|ket|ball
6 goodbye
7 e|mail
8 Infterinet
9 compulter
10 hotel
d Gheaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{4 LISTENING}

GChecker Listen to three conversations.
Choose a, b, or c.
1 Sarah's phone number is...
a 917-555-6942.
b 917-555-6542.
c 917-555-6524.
2 The class on Thursday is in...
a room two.
b room three.
c room five.
3 A cheese sandwich and a coffee cost...
a five dollars and twenty cents.
b four dollars and twenty cents.
c five dollars and ten cents.

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
bye /bar/
fine /fam/
goodbye gud'bai/
hello /ha'lou
hi hat
sorry /'sari/
thank you /'日æŋk yu/
thanks Oieng s/ \(^{2}\)
very well /'veri wel/
How are you? hat ar yus
Nice to meet you. /'nars la 'mit yu/

\section*{13 \\ All over the world}

\section*{1 GRAMMAR verb be ? and \(\square\)}
a Complete B's sentences

b Order the words to make questions.
1 your / 's / name / What
What's your name
2 she / Where / 's / from
\(\qquad\)
4 five / room / we / in / Are

5 vacation / you / Are / on

6 from / he / Vietnam / Is
c Match these answers to the questions in \(\mathbf{b}\).
a Yes, he is.
b No, I'm not.
c She's from Italy.
d No, we aren't.
e Yes, they are.
\(f\) Michael.

2 VOCABULARY the world, numbers 21-100
a Complete the sentences with a country or a nationality.
1 Luz is from Peru. She's Peruvian.
2 Bratwurst is German. It's from _Germany
3 Aki is from Japan. He's \(\qquad\) -
4 My friends are Iranian. They're from \(\qquad\) -
5 Maria is from Mexico. She's \(\qquad\) -.
6 Kia cars are South Korean. They're from
\(\qquad\) -.
7 Paella is from Spain. It's \(\qquad\) -
8 We're Thai. We're from \(\qquad\) .
9 She's from the United States. She's \(\qquad\) .
10 They're Brazilian. They're from \(\qquad\) -
b Complete the dialogues with a continent.
1 A Where's Spain?
B It's in
2 A Where's Japan?
B It's in
3 A Where's Brazil?
B It's in
4 A Where's Canada?
B It's in
c Complete the compass.
d Write the numbers in words.
\(\qquad\)


\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION \(/ 2 / / 2 t /\) /, fl , /d \(\mathrm{d}_{3} /\)}
a Circle the syllable with \(/ \partial /\) in these words.
1 A|frica
2 Chilna
3 Ger|malny
4 Irelland
5 Euriope
6 Brazil
7 Itally
8 Japan
b GCreaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c Circle the word with a different sound.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
f
\] \\
chess
\end{tabular} & 1 & Chinese & English & French \\
\hline shower & 2 & Turkish & Russian & Vietnamese \\
\hline \[
\frac{d z}{\text { jazz }}
\] & 3 & Spanish & Japanese & Argentinian \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
d Chesker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{5 LISTENING}
fichegker Listen and complete the dialogues.
1 A Areyou \(\qquad\) ?
B No, I'm Turkish. I'm from Istanbul.
2 A Where are you from?
B We're \(\qquad\) We're from We're on vacation in South America.

3 A Where's he from? Is he \(\qquad\) ?
B No, he isn't. He's \(\qquad\) He's from Cancún.

4 A Mmm, delicious. Is it ? B No, it isn't. It's

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

\section*{Learn these words and phrases.}
flag /Flæg
language /længwid3
Excuse me... /ik'skyuz mi/
I'm from... /'aim fram/
All over the world. /al 'ouvar oेa warld
I'm not sure. /am nat for/
Where are you from? /wer ar yu 'fram/

\section*{4 READING}

Read about three people: Yin, Moira, and Carlos. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

1 Moira is a teacher. \(T\)
2 Carlos is a student. -
3 Moira is twenty-eight.
4 Yin is a teacher.
5 Yin is from Asia.
6 Carlos is nineteen.
7 Yin is twenty-eight.
8 Moira is American.
he's a student. Yin is Chinese. He's from Shanghai, a big city in the east of China.


This is Yin. He's 19 and the


This is Moira. She's an English teacher and she's 28. Moira is Canadian. She's from Vancouver, a city in the west of Canada.


This is Carlos. He's Mexican. He's from Monterrey, an important city in the North of Mexico. Carlos is 25 and he's a receptionist in a hotel.

1 GRAMMAR possessive adjectives: my, your, etc.
a Complete the chart.
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
\hline Subject pronouns & Possessive adjectives \\
\hline 1 & 1 \\
\hline 2 & your \\
\hline he & 3 \\
\hline 4 & her \\
\hline 5 & its \\
\hline we & 6 \\
\hline you & 7 \\
\hline 8 & their \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.
1 Her name's Teresa.
2 \(\qquad\) name's Edward.
3 We're students. \(\qquad\) teacher's name is Matt.
4 I'm Brazilian. \(\qquad\) family is from São Paulo.
5 It's a Chinese restaurant. \(\qquad\) name is Merry City.
6 A What's \(\qquad\) phone number?
B My cell phone number? It's 917-555-0156.
7 They're Canadian. \(\qquad\) last name's Baker.
c Order the words to make questions.
```

1 first / her / What's / name
A What's her first name?
B Sandra.
2 teacher / Where / from / your / 's
A ?
B The United States.
3 he / student / Is / a
A
B No, he isn't.
4 you / old / How / are
A

```
\(\qquad\)
```

    B I'm 35.
    5 name / last / spell / do / How / you / your
A ?
B C-O-O-M-B-S.

```

\section*{2 INSTRUCTIONS IN YOUR BOOK}

Match the words to the pictures.


\section*{3 VOCABULARY classroom language}
a Complete the sentences.
1 Close the door.
2 L \(\qquad\) and repeat.
30 \(\qquad\) your books, please.
4 W \(\qquad\) in pairs.
5 A \(\qquad\) the question.
6 T \(\qquad\) off your cell phone.
7 L \(\qquad\) at the board.
8 G \(\qquad\) to page 94 .
b Order the words to make sentences.
1 don't/I/know
Idon't know.
2 do / How / it / you / spell
don't / / / understand
4 you / that / can / please / repeat / Sorry,
5 in/English/Excuse / what's / me, / "vacaciones"
6 remember / I/ can't

4 PRONUNCIATION /ov/, /u/, /ar/; the alphabet
a Circlethe word with a different vowel sound.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{OO}_{3}^{3} \\
& \text { phone }
\end{aligned}
\] & know don't & north \\
\hline \[
\underbrace{\widetilde{u}}_{\text {boot }}
\] & two south & you \\
\hline \[
\frac{d r}{c a r}
\] & Argentinian & start vocabulary \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 003 \\
& \text { phone }
\end{aligned}
\] & go close & do \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b Gcheakel Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c Circle the letter with a different vowel sound.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
 \\
train
\end{tabular} &  &  &  & \[
\frac{21}{\text { bike }}
\] \\
\hline H & C & Q & F & E \\
\hline J & P & U & A & I \\
\hline G & S & 0 & M & Y \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
d fichearer Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the letters.

\section*{5 LISTENING}

FChesker Listen to the dialogue at a hotel reception desk. Complete the form.


\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

\section*{Learn these words and phrases.}
address adres
age /eld3/
zip code /'zip koud/
receptionist /ri'sepfanıst/
student /'studnt/
last name /læst nerm/
first name fàrst neım/
cell phone //sel foun/
phone number /foun nambar/
How old are you? hav ould ar yu/
I'm 22. /arm twenti 'tu/

\section*{Practical English Arriving in London}

\section*{1 VOCABULARY In a hotel}

Complete the words.


\section*{2 CHECKING IN}

Complete the conversation with phrases in the box.
Can you sign here, please? Have a fesefvation Just a second... Thank you That's right
```

A Good evening, sir.

```
B Hello. \({ }^{1}\) Ihave a reservation . My name's Carl Zimmerman.
A Can you spell that, please?
B Z-I-M-M-E-R-M-A-N.
A Thank you. For three nights?
B Yes. \({ }^{2}\)
A Can I have your passport, please?
B \({ }^{3}\)
\(\qquad\) Thank you.
A Thank you. \({ }^{4}\) \(\qquad\) Here's your key. It's room 403, on the fourth floor. The elevator is over there. Enjoy your stay, Mr. Zimmerman.
B
```

5

```

\section*{3 SOCIAL ENGLISH}

Complete the missing words in the dialogue.
1 A Who is this? B This is David Barnsley.
2 A Where are you from?
B I'm from Boston. What a \(\qquad\) you?
3 A Sorry.
B No pr
4 A Hello?
B Is th \(\qquad\) Tom?
5 A Are you on vacation? B No. I'm here on b

6 A Is 10:30 OK for you?
B That's p
7 A Would you like another drink? B No thanks. It's t \(\qquad\) for bed.

\section*{4 READING}
a Match the hotels to the people. Write the numbers in the boxes.

1 Antonia and James want to have a relaxing weekend.
2 Mr. Edwards wants to have a two-day meeting with managers from other US offices.
3 The Scott family wants to go to Boston and visit the city.

b Underline five words or phrases you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

\section*{2A A writer's room}

1 VOCABULARY things
irLanguage


2 GRAMMAR a / an, plurals; this / that / these / those
a Write It's \(+a\) an or They're.
1 It'sa change purse.
2 They're pens.
3 __ dictionary.
4 umbrella.
5 _ stamps.
6 \(\qquad\) keys.
7
8 \(\qquad\) pencil.
b Write each word in its plural form in the correct column.
```

pencil eity eoin ticket nationality watch window

``` address sandwich country class dictionary
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline\(-s\) & -es & -ies \\
\hline coins & addresses & cities \\
& & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
c Complete the sentences with this, that, these, or those.


1 That's a French newspaper.


2 \(\qquad\) watch is American.


3
headphones!


4
is good.

5
yourkeys.
d Complete the chart.
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
\hline Singular & Plural \\
\hline man & women \\
\hline person & \\
\hline & children \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
e Complete the sentences with a word from the chart in d.
1 Her mother is a very nice \(\qquad\) person .

2 My English teacher is a \(\qquad\) His name's William.
3 I have two \(\qquad\) My first \(\qquad\) is six years old.
4 Many American \(\qquad\) drink coffee.
5 Not that restroom, Mr. Davis! It's for
\(\qquad\) , not \(\qquad\) -.

\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION final -s and -es; th}
a Circle the word that ends in \(/ \mathrm{zz} /\).
\begin{tabular}{lll}
1 coins & wallets & change purses \\
2 classes & files & scissors \\
3 stamps & books & addresses \\
4 photos & watches & headphones \\
5 tissues & pens & sandwiches \\
6 magazines & glasses & newspapers
\end{tabular}
b fichearer Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c Circle the word with a different sound.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ð mother & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{1 that they thanks} \\
\hline thumb & 2 & thing & thirty & y & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
ð \\
mother
\end{tabular} & & three & this & the & \\
\hline thumb & & Thursday & \(y\) th & hose & thirteen \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
d ficheaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{4 READING}

Read the text and label the pictures.

\section*{The top five things in people's bags}

Keys are at the top of the list. They can be house keys, car keys, or office keys. Next are pens, to write down names, numbers, and email addresses. Number three on the list is a package of tissues. These can be white or different colors, like pink or yellow. Next is medicine, for example aspirin for a bad head. Receipts are number five on the list. These are small pieces of paper from stores.


\section*{5 LISTENING}
fichecker Listen to four people talking about things they have in their bags. Which person...?
1 has a book in his / her bag that helps him / her speak to people
2 has something to listen to music
3 changes bags every day
4 has a computer in his / her bag

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
lamp /læmp/
room /rum/
neat /nit
messy /'mesi
What's this in English? wats ois in 'inglif?

\section*{23 Stars and Stripes}


1 GRAMMAR adjectives
a Circle the correct words.
1 They're jeans blue/blue jeans.
2 It's a nice day / day nice.
3 My sisters are very tall/ very talls.
4 That's a car fast / fast car.
5 These are goods photos / good photos.
6 Those boots are really cheap / really cheaps.
7 It's a big house / house big.
8 Her children aren't very olds / very old.
b Order the words to make sentences.
1 blue/This/is/a/pen
This is a bluepen
2 expensive / an / That's / watch
3 very / My / long / hair / is
4 rich / very / is / woman / That
5 boots/really/Your / dirty/are
6 city / This / a / dangerous / is
7 very / book / good / That / isn't / a
8 big/house/very/is/His

2 VOCABULARY colors, adjectives, modifiers:
very / really
a Write the colors.
1 blue + yellow \(=\) green
2 black + white \(=\)
3 red + yellow \(=\)
4 white + red \(=\)
5 red + green \(=\)
b Complete the crossword. Write the opposite adjectives.

c Match the pictures to the sentences. Write the letter in the box.


1 She's thin, with long hair.


2 He's tall, with short hair.
3 He's old, and goodlooking.

4 She's young, with blond hair.
5 He's short, with dark hair.
6 She's fat, and she's beautiful.
d Look at the information and write sentences with is very (adjective) isn't very (adjective), or (adjective).
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\cline { 2 - 4 } \multicolumn{1}{c|}{} & Rob & Neil & Jim \\
\hline Age & 15 & 65 & 85 \\
\hline Height & 6 feet, & 5 feet, & 5 feet, \\
& 5 inches & 2 inches & 9 inches \\
\hline Weight & 300 pounds & 250 pounds & 121 pounds \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Age (old/young)
1 Rob is very young/isn't veryold.
2 Neil is old.
3 Jim \(\qquad\) -

\section*{Height (tall / short)}

4 Rob \(\qquad\)
5 Neil \(\qquad\) .

6 Jim \(\qquad\) .

\section*{Weight (fat / thin)}

7 Rob \(\qquad\) .
8 Neil \(\qquad\) .
9 Jim \(\qquad\) —.

\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION long and short} vowel sounds
a Make phrases with an adjective and a noun with the same vowel sound. Write the phrases in the chart. Use \(a \mid\) an with singular nouns.

\section*{Adjectives}
blue clean good long big stop
Nouns
book eity watch jeans shoes song
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\frac{\mathbf{I}}{\text { fish }}
\] & 1 __abigcity _ &  & 4 \\
\hline  & 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
U
\] \\
bull
\end{tabular} & 5 \\
\hline \[
\underset{\text { clock }}{\mathrm{a}}
\] & 3 &  & 6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
b Gichecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{4 READING}

Read the text and write T (true) or F (false).
1 The Walk of Fame is in the UK.
2 It's a short street.
3 Every year there are more stars.
4 The stars are for famous actors.
5 Michael Jackson has more than one star.
6 Only real people can have a star.

\section*{VIIRHOUTMWOOU WOMTOP SAME}

Hollywood is an area of Los Angeles in California in the US. The Walk of Fame is in the center of the area on Hollywood Boulevard and Vine Street. It is over 1.2 miles long, and has more than 2,400 stars. There are more than 20 new stars every year.
The stars are in five different types: movies, TV, music, radio, and theater. Some famous people have more than one star, for example, Michael Jackson. He has two stars: one as a solo artist, and one as a member of the Jackson Five. But the Walk of Fame isn't only for real people. Mickey Mouse has a star and more recently, Shrek.

\section*{5 LISTENING}

GChenkel Listen to five speakers describing celebrities with Hollywood stars. Which speaker describes...?
A a short singer with blond or brown hair
\(B\) an old American actor with dark eyes
C a tall, good-looking man with brown eyes
D an actor and musician with blue eyes
E a British woman with green eyes

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
actor /tek t.ar
actress icklras
eyes 412
hair her
musician myutinn
politician pula'ufn
sportsman spartsmon
sportswoman sports, woman
singer /silpar
about (50) sbact
famous feumas
What color is it? wat kislar ir it

\section*{2C. After 300 feet, turn left}

\section*{1 GRAMMAR imperatives, let's}
a Complete the sentences with a verb in the box.
Usea \(\square\) or a \(\square\) imperative.

b Match the sentences to the pictures.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline A Let's park here. & D Let's cross the road here. \\
B-Let's go home. & E Let's go to a hotel. \\
C Let's eat lunch there. & F Let's turn on the air conditioning. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{2 VOCABULARY feelings}

Write a sentence from the box.
l'mangry. I'mbored. I'm cold. I'm happy. I'm hot. I'm hungry. I'm sad. I'm stressed. I'm tired. I'm thirsty. I'm worried.

1 My friend is late.
I'mangry.
2 It's \(37^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\).
3 It's my birthday!
4 My mother is in the hospital.
5 It's time for dinner.
6 I don't know what to do.
7 It's \(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\).
8 It's very late.
9 My husband is very far away.
10 I want water.
11 I have a lot of work.

\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION understanding} connected speech
a Practice saying the sentences.
1 Look at those children.
2 Turn off the TV.
3 Let's ask that man.
4 Don't open the window.
5 Let'seat at home.
6 Sit on this chair.
b fichecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.
c Complete the chart with the words in the box.
angry fat happy have hungry matter Monday one sad ugly does young


\section*{4 READING}
a Read the article about tips for a long car trip. Match the headings to the paragraphs.
```

Have fun! Is your car ready? Plan yourtrip:
Make sure everything is in the car. Keep awake!

```

\section*{- A Planyourtrip.}

Look at a map before you go. Think about the time you need to arrive at your destination and places where perhaps there is a lot of traffic.
- 8

Accidents sometimes happen because cars are in bad condition. Check the engine, the lights, and the wheels. Take the car to the garage if necessary.
- C

Put your bags and everything you want to take with you in the hall the night before. Don't forget essential documents like passports or ID cards, and of course your driver's license.
- D

Being tired is very dangerous for drivers. If you are tired, stop at a service station. Have a coffee or sleep for 15 minutes. In the car, open the windows and turn the radio on.
- E

Children are often difficult during long trips. Take games, for example, computer games or word games, and iPods to listen to music. And don't forget things to eat and drink.
b Underline five words you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

\section*{5 LISTENING}

Cheake Listen to the dialogues and choose a, b, or c.
1 Where are they?
a at an airport
b athome
c in a restaurant
2 Where are they?
a in a hotel
b in acar
c in a restaurant
3 Where are they?
a in a plane
b in a hotel
c in acar
4 Where are they?
a in a restaurant
b at home
c in acar
5 Where are they?
a in a hotel
b at an airport
c at home

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

\section*{Learn these words and phrases.}
jacket /'džekat/
pants /pænts/
sign /sain/
skirt /skərt/
uniform /'yunaform/
great (opposite terrible) /grert/
left (opposite right) /left/
park (verb) /park/
stop /istap/
trip /trip/
with /wie;
Be quiet! /bi 'kwarat/
Don't worry. /'dount 'wari/
Slow down. /slou 'daun/
turn on (opposite turn off) /tarn an/

\section*{ficheaker TESTS FILE 2}

\section*{3A. Things I love about the US}

\section*{1 VOCABULARY verb phrases}

Complete the verb phrases.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline animals glasses & difner economics hom a new car a newspaper \\
\hline 1 cook & dinner \\
\hline 2 study & \\
\hline 3 speak & \\
\hline 4 read & \\
\hline 5 say & \\
\hline 6 wear & \\
\hline 7 do & \\
\hline 8 like & \\
\hline 9 want & \\
\hline 10 take & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

2 GRAMMAR simple present \(\boxplus\) and \(\square\)
a Circle the correct words.
1 A lot of American people has havepets.
2 It don't rain / doesn't rain a lot in my country.
3 You live /lives in a beautiful house.
4 The sun shine / shines a lot in Southern California.
5 My father don't cook / doesn't cook.
6 My brother don't wear / doesn't wear glasses.
7 Americans don't eat / doesn't eat fast food every day.
8 We need / needs a new computer.
9 My Canadian friend make / makes good coffee.
10 I don't do / doesn't do housework.
b Look at the chart and complete the sentences.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Ryan & Kim \\
\hline eat fast food & \(\checkmark\) & \(x\) \\
\hline wear jeans & \(x\) & \(\checkmark\) \\
\hline drink water & \(\checkmark\) & \(\checkmark\) \\
\hline do housework & \(\checkmark\) & \(x\) \\
\hline play the guitar & \(x\) & \(x\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{1 Ryan eats fast food.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{2 Ryan__ jeans.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{3 Ryan and Kim_ water.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{4 Kim _ housework.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{5 Ryan and Kim_the guitar.} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

6 Kim \(\qquad\) fast food.

7 Kim \(\qquad\) jeans.
8 Ryan \(\qquad\) housework.
c Complete the sentences.
1 I don't play (not play) tennis.
2 They \(\qquad\) (not go) to the movies.
3 She \(\qquad\) (have) two children.
4 Her father \(\qquad\) (not work) in an office.
5 It \(\qquad\) (rain) a lot.
6 We \(\qquad\) (live) in a big apartment.
7 My friend \(\qquad\) (not speak) English.
8 My friends \(\qquad\) (study) at Tufts University.
9 You \(\qquad\) (not do) your homework.

\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds,} third person -s
a Say the words. Is the vowel sound the same or different? Write S (the same) or D (different).
\begin{tabular}{lll}
1 say & take & \(\boxed{S}\) \\
2 do & go & \(\square\) \\
3 & drink & live \\
4 want & \(\square\) \\
5 give & drive & \(\square\) \\
6 call & walk & \(\square\) \\
7 read & eat & \(\square\) \\
8 feel & wear & \(\square\) \\
9 play & watch & \(\square\) \\
10 buy & like & \(\square\)
\end{tabular}
b GTheaket Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c Circle the word which ends in \(/ \mathrm{zz}\) /.
\begin{tabular}{lll}
1 & likes & works \\
2 lives & drinks & watches \\
3 drives & finishes & plays \\
4 uses & takes & speaks \\
5 studies & listens & kisses \\
6 changes & gives & wears
\end{tabular}
d checkel Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
a Read the text. Match the headings (A-D) to the paragraphs.

A Enjoy your dinner.
B Shopping on the street
C Traveling is so easy!
D We can find that for you.


> Carly Hamilton is American, but she lives in Seoul, South Korea. Here are some things she loves about living there.

1
In South Korea, the customer is really important. When you walk into a store, the salespeople greet you with a smile and say, "Hello." As you shop, they ask you if you need help. If you can't find something you want, the salespeople try to find it for you. They want you to be happy.

2
I love restaurants that serve South Korean meat. It's so delicious. The servers grill the meat, and then they cut it for you! They also serve banchan-little side dishes of vegetables. The servers are very busy in South Korean restaurants. They don't talk as much as servers in the US, but they make sure that you have a great meal!

3
There are so many places to shop in South Korea! People sell things like clothes and jewelry on the street. There are shopping booths in the subway stations, too! When I take the subway to work, I often buy a pretty bracelet or necklace because they're so cheap. It's really nice!

4
The transportation system is great here! It's easy to get around because there are signs, and a lot of them are in English! You can use your cell phone on the subway here, too. You can't do that in the US!
b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.

5 LISTENING
Ficheaker Listen to the three speakers talking about Britain. Answer the questions with \(\mathbf{H}\) (Hannah), L (Lina), or J (Julianna).


Hannah, Korea


Lina, Brazil


Julianna, the US

Who...?
1 doesn't like the food
2 likes eating food from many different countries
3 likes the atmosphere at work
4 likes the parks
5 thinks the traffic is terrible
6 thinks that people are nice to foreigners

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
love /lav/
rain /rem/
buy (opposite sell) /bai/
call /kol/
change /tsemd \(3 /\)
feel fil/
need /nid/
pay /per/
prefer /prifar/

\section*{3B Work and play}

\section*{1 VOCABULARY jobs}
a Complete the crossword.

b Complete the job descriptions with a verb from the list.

c Match the descriptions to a job.
a journalist \(\qquad\) a nurse \(\square\) a police officer \(\square\)
c Write -er or -or.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 soccer player & 4 hairdress \\
2 manag_- & 5 doct \\
3 teach_ & 6 lawy_-
\end{tabular}
d Complete the sentences with these words.

\section*{a an at for in retired unemployed}

1 He studies economics at school.
2 My brother is \(\qquad\) engineer.
3 We work \(\qquad\) an American company.
4 I don't have a job. I'm \(\qquad\) .

5 Paola is \(\qquad\) receptionist.
6 My grandparents are 75. They're -.
7 They work \(\qquad\) a factory.
e Complete the words.


1 jacket


4 sk \(\qquad\)

2 sh \(\qquad\)

3 t \(\qquad\)


5 t \(\qquad\)
c Circle five more words with /ar/ and write them in the chart.
airport eam engineer Europe far here nurse journalist service short sure thirsty tired worker

d
iChecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{4 LISTENING}
a finecken Listen to a contestant on a quiz show and circle his job.
administrative assistant dentist flightattendant lawyer nurse receptionist veterinarian
b icheaker Complete the questions with the verbs in the box. Then listen again and check.
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline earn have make speak travel wear work \\
\hline 1 Doyou make things? & \\
\(2 \ldots\) & a college degree? \\
\(3 \ldots\) & foreign languages? \\
\(4 \ldots\) & a uniform? \\
\(5 \ldots\) & for your work? \\
\(6 \square\) & a lot of money? \\
7. & with other people?
\end{tabular}

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
degree /digri/
jacket /'dzækวt/
pants /pants/
skirt /skart/
comfortable /'k^mftəbl/
foreign (languages) /'fərən/
earn money brn 'mıni/
It depends. /It di'pendz/
a Underline the stressed syllable.
\begin{tabular}{llrl}
1 ar|chiltect & 5 jour|na|list & 9 re|cep|tion|ist \\
2 den|tist & 6 mo|del & 10 sol|dier \\
3 en|gi|neer & 7 mulsi|cian & & \\
4 tea|cher & 8 pillot &
\end{tabular}
b fcheaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{1 GRAMMAR word order in questions}
a Order the words to make questions.
1 heavy / like / you / metal / Do
Do you like heavy music \(\qquad\) ?
2 the / do / on / do / What / weekend / you ?
3 kind/What / do / books / read / you / of

4 drink / want / another / you / Do
\(\qquad\) ?
5 a / Are / flight / you / attendant

6 live / Where / do / Seattle / you / in

7 is / favorite / Who / writer / your

8 old / How / you / are

9 iPad / have / you / an / Do

10 your / good / Is / salad
\(\qquad\)
b Martin and Beth are new friends. They go for a coffee. Complete the questions.
```

M So, Beth, ' _where do you live ?
B South of Denver. In a big apartment.
M 2 _ with your parents?
B No, l live with my sister.
any
brothers and sisters?
M I have a sister. She's 23.
B 4

```
\(\qquad\)
``` a student?
M No, she works. She's a salesperson.
B What about you? \({ }^{5}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` work?
M In a hotel.
B \({ }^{6}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` your job?
M Yes, Ido. I love it!
```


## 2 VOCABULARY question words

Complete the questions with the questions words in the box.

```
How How many What What kind When
Where Which Who Why
```

```
1 A How do you go to work?
    B Bycar.
2 A
```

$\qquad$

``` car do you drive?
    B A Toyota.
3 A
                                do you work?
    B In a factory.
A A
```

$\qquad$

``` do you go to the gym?
B On Tuesdays and Thursdays.
5 A
``` \(\qquad\)
``` do you prefer, the movies or the theater?
B The theater, I think.
6
```

```of music do you like?
B Pop.
7 A
``` \(\qquad\)
``` CDs do you have?
B About a hundred.
8
``` \(\qquad\)
``` is your favorite singer?
B Rihanna.
9 A
``` \(\qquad\)
``` do you like her?
B Because she has a great voice.
```


## 3 PRONUNCIATION question words;

## sentence stress

a Match the question words 1-7 to the words with the same sounds a-g.

b fifhecken Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c Underline the stressed words.
1 A What do you do?
2 B I'm a doctor.
3 A Where do you work?
4 B I work in a hospital.
d Fhecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.

## 4 READING

a Read the article. Is Facebook good for your love life? $\qquad$


## Is Facebook good for your love life? Read on to find the answer.

1 C
You don't want to see your ex- friend when your relationship finishes. And you really don't want to know about his new friend. But Facebook tells you everything, including how happy he is with his new friend.
2
Your friend doesn't write on your "wall" one day. You're worried. Does it mean he doesn't like you? Another day, he sends you ten messages. You feel stressed. Does he like you too much?
$3 \square$
Your friends know you have a new friend because you change your status from "single" to "in a relationship." The problem is they know when it finishes too, because you change it back to "single" again.
4
You get a lot of messages from boys, but this isn't good for your relationship. When your friend sees you writing to so many other boys, he feels worried. And that can mean the beginning of the end.
b Read the article again. Match the headings A-D to the paragraphs 1-4.

A No secrets on Facebook
B Popularity is dangerous
Efoomuchinformation
D What does he really feel?

## 5 LISTENING

a
FCheak.ar Max and Jessica meet in a restaurant for dinner. Listen to the conversation. Are they a good match? $\qquad$

b Gchecken Listen again and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).
1 Max and Jessica meet in a Japanese restaurant.
2 They have the same job.
3 They work for the same airline.
4 They like the same movies.
5 Jessica lives near the movie theater.
6 Max wants to go to the movies next Sunday.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

movies 'muviz/
TV shows /'tivi Jouz/
Me too. /mitu/
meet a partner /mit a 'partnar/
Really? /rili/
Who's your favorite (actor)? huz yor 'fervərat
How interesting! /hav intrastup/
What about you? /wat 'abaut yu/

## Practical English At a coffee shop

1 VOCABULARY Telling the time
Write the times.


1 It'stwo thirty.


5 $\qquad$ 6 $\qquad$


3 $\qquad$
$\qquad$


7 $\qquad$


4 $\qquad$


8 $\qquad$

## 2 BUYING A COFFEE

Order the dialogue.
1 A Can I help you?
$\square$ B No thanks. How much is that?
$\square$ A Anything else?
$\square$ B Thanks.
$\square$ A $\$ 3.65$. Thank you. And your change.
$\square$ B Sorry, how much?
$\square$ A Regular or large?
2 B Yes. Can I have a latte, please?
$\square$ A That's $\$ 3.65$, please.
$\square$ B To take away.
$\square$ A To have here or to go?
$\square$ B Large, please.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH PHRASES

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
a seat first time to drink to you we are
1 Here _we are. This is the office.
2 Is this your ._ in Brazil?
3 Would you like something__
4 Talk_
5 Take_

## 4 READING

a Read about some coffee shops in Seattle, Washington. In which shop can you...?
1 celebrate a friend's birthday
2 pay nothing to hear music
3 get your coffee very quickly
4 buy things for your house
5 learn about different kinds of coffee

A BAUHAUS BOOKS AND COFFEE 301 East Pine Street
This coffee shop serves some of the best coffee in Seattle. It also sells books and paintings-you can shop and drink coffee at the same time! Not interested in shopping? Sit at a table and use the wi-fi connection.

## B victrola coffee and art 41115 th Avenue East

A big coffee shop with a lot of space and beautiful art on the walls. There is free live music two or three times a week. The baristas are friendly and the coffee is great. So is the carrot cake.

C TRABANT COFFEE AND CHAI 1309 Northeast 45th Street Trabant Coffee and Chai is open every day for breakfast, brunch, snacks, lunch, and dinner. All the food is homemade and vegan food is available, too. This coffee shop also gives classes about coffee.

## D C\&P COFFEE COMPANY 5612 California Avenue Southwest

A husband and wife run this coffee shop. It is in a beautiful, old house. It's a very calm and relaxing place, and the coffee is delicious. You can have a party or meeting in this coffee shop.

## E ZEITGEIST 171 South Jacks on Street

This coffee shop is popular because it serves great coffee. The friendly baristas can make drinks very fast. And they don't make mistakes. Zeitgeist is also a fun place to be with friends. There's a lot of space and many comfortable chairs.
b Guess the meaning of the highlighted food words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

## 1 VOCABULARY family

a Complete the chart.

b Complete the sentences.
1 My father's brother is my uncle..
2 My sister's daughter is my $\qquad$ -.
3 My mother's sister is my $\qquad$ -.
4 My father's mother is my $\qquad$ -.
5 My aunt's daughter is my $\qquad$ .
6 My brother's son is my $\qquad$

## 2 GRAMMAR Whose...?, possessive's

a Order the words to make sentences.
1 in / work / father's / my / store / I

- Iwork in my father's store $\qquad$
2 Japanese / husband's / My / car / is

3 friend's / is / His | Argentinian / mother
4 Sandra's / Do / know / you / brother
5 live / wife's / with / parents / my / We
6 of / money / earns / friend / son's / a / Their / lot

7 dangerous / Is / job / Adam's

8 uniform / very / Rosa's / ugly / is
b Add an apostrophe (') in the correct place in these sentences.
1 Carlos is my brother's friend.
2 That is my parents car.
3 I think this is that womans pen.
4 They drink coffee in the teachers room.
5 Do you know Barbaras sister?
6 My grandparents house is in Canada.
7 James wife is Brazilian.
c Look at the 'sin these sentences. Write a letter in the box:
$\mathrm{A}=$ possessive, $\mathrm{B}=$ is.
Kate's sister is a lawyer. A 5 Their uncle's a pilot.
2 His mother's very short.
B 6 Jim's children wear glasses.
3 My cousin's car is very big.


7 My brother's wife plays the piano.
8 Her name's Christina.
d Complete the sentences with whose or who's.
1 $\qquad$ is that bag?
$\qquad$ the woman in the red dress?
umbrella is this?
3 $\qquad$ her friend?
5 ___the man with the sunglasses?
$\qquad$ are those keys?
7 $\qquad$ your English teacher?

8 $\qquad$ headphones are those?

## 3 PRONUNCIATION the letter o;'s

a Match the sentences 1-4 to the sounds a-d.

| 1 Those phones are old. | $\square$ | a |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 Who do you choose? | $\square$ |  |
| 3 Their son comes every Monday. | $\square$ | c |
| 4 That blond model is a doctor. | $\square$ | d |

b Ghecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
c
hपारores: Listen to the sentences. Then listen again and repeat.
1 S. That's Mark's niece. They're Kate's parents.
2 造 He'sSandra'shusband. She's Andy's cousin.
3 /IZ/ I'm Grace's friend. Are you Charles's wife?

## 5 LISTENING

 How many photos does she show? Then listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 Jessie's sister has a son. E.
2 Jessie's sister is short.
3 Jessie's sister plays basketball.
4 The beach in the photo is in Canada.
5 Jessie went to a music festival with her sister.
6 Rosie has blond hair.
7 Rosie sees her friend all the time.
8 Pete is Jessie's boss.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

friend / frend/
celebrity /sa'lebrati/
ex-husband /\&ks 'hazbənd/
politician /pala'tifn/
be interested in /bi 'intrastad/
private life /'prarvat larf/
the other (person) / i i 'А $\mathrm{\partial} \partial \mathrm{r} /$

## 4 READING

a Read the article and complete the sentence. Mason is Kim Kardashian's $\qquad$ .

## A Celebrity family

The Kardashian family is one of the very famous celebrity families in the US. Kim Kardashian is probably the most famous of them.

Kim's mother is Kris. Her father is Robert. Together, they had three
daughters, Kim, Khloe, and Kourtney, and a son, Rob. Kris and Robert were divorced in 1990. In 1991, Kris married a famous sports star, Bruce Jenner. Bruce had two sons, Brody and Brandon. Then he had two daughters with Kris, Kendall and Kylie.

Kim's sister Khloe married basketball player Lamar Odom. Kim's other sister, Kourtney, has
babies named Mason and Penelope. Kim married basketball player Kris Humphries in 2011, but they were divorced by the end of the year.

## Glossary

married = past tense of marry
was = past of is
were = past of are
had = past of have

b Read the article again and complete the names in the family tree.

## $4 B$ What a life!

1 GRAMMAR prepositions of time (at, in, on) and place (at, in, to)
a Write the words in the correct column.
March Becembef $6 t h$ 6:30 the winter Monday night
the afternoon noon Saturday evening 1984
breakfast August 21 st

| in | on | at |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| March | - December 6th | $\underline{6: 30}$ |
|  | - | - |

b Circle the correct preposition.
1 I take a shower (in) on / at the morning.
2 They go on holiday in / on / at August.
3 My sister studies economics at / in / to college.
4 My brother goes to bed in/on/at midnight.
5 Do you work at / in / to a hospital?
6 We have English classes in / on / at Tuesdays and Thursdays.
7 The children have lunch at / in / to school.
8 Tina works in / on / at the weekend.
9 Jack goes at / in / to the gym after work.
10 It's very hot in / on / at the summer.
c Complete the text with the correct prepositions.

"My name is Tyler Benson and I work ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ an office in New York
City. During the week, I get up
$\square$ six-thirty. I go ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ work by train, but ${ }^{4}$ ___ Fridays I drive my car so I can visit my mother ${ }^{5}$ the afternoon. I start work ${ }^{6}$ _ quarter to nine and I have lunch ' $\qquad$ work.
$\square$ the summer, I work different hours because ? June 15th, we change to the summer timetable. It's very hot in New York City ${ }^{10}$ August, so most people go on vacation.

## 2 VOCABULARY everyday activities

a Circle the action that you usually do first.
1 get up / wakeup
2 get dressed / take a shower
3 have lunch / have breakfast
4 go to work / start work
5 go home / get home
6 make dinner / go shopping
b Complete the text with have, go, or get.

## A STUDENT'S LIFE IS EASY - OR IS IT?

Many people think that students have a very easy life. We ask two, Elena and Yejoon, about their typical day.

## ELENA RAMOS, from São Paulo in Bražil

" ${ }^{1}$ _go to a college in Texas in the US, so I don't live at home. Every day, $I^{2}$ up at 7:30 and I take a shower. I don't have time for breakfast, but I 3 $\qquad$ coffee in a cafe before classes
start. $1^{4}$ $\qquad$ lunch at school, and then

$1^{5}$ $\qquad$ to my afternoon classes. $1^{6}$ $\qquad$ shopping on my way home, so $I^{\prime}$ $\qquad$ home late.
I do some housework and study in the evening, and then $1^{8}$ $\qquad$ to bed at 11:30. I'm very tired at night!"

## YEJOON KIM, is from Seoul, South Korea

$"{ }^{19}$ to Seoul National University, so I live at home. My mother wakes me up every morning and we ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ breakfast together. Then, $1^{11}$ $\qquad$ dressed. $1^{12}$ $\qquad$ to school by bus.
$1^{13}$ to classes in the morning and
 then $1^{14}$ $\qquad$ home for lunch. My mother is a good cook and we ${ }^{15}$ $\qquad$ lunch together. In the afternoon, I study for an hour or two and then I watch TV. I take a bath after dinner. I'm relaxed when $I^{16}$ $\qquad$ to bed."
c Match the words to make phrases.
1 havea work
2 go
b emails
3 check
c dressed
4 do
d to school
5 get
e breakfast

## 3 PRONUNCIATION linking and sentence

 stressa Mark the connected words in each sentence.
1 You get uplate.
2 I take a shower.
3 We check emails.
4 He has a coffee.
5 She goes home early.
6 They have lunch at work.
b Gcheaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences. Try to connect words.
c
Fcheaker Listen and underline the stressed words. Copy the rhythm.
1 I wake up at six.
2 I take a bath.
3 I go to work by bus.
4 I do the housework.
5 I have a pizza for dinner.
6 I go to bed at midnight.
d Fitheaker Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

## 4 LISTENING

a Gicher Listen to an interview with Mark. Answer the questions.

1 What does he do?
2 Does he like his job?
$\qquad$

3 When does he work?

b
ficheaker Listen again. Number the activities in the order Mark does them.

Mark starts work at 7 p.m.
He goes to bed.
He goes to the gym.
He goes home.
He has a hamburger or a pizza.
He watches TV or checks his emails.
He gets up.
He has breakfast.
He sleeps for eight hours.
He has dinner.
He finishes work.
He takes a shower.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

```
customers /k.kstəmarz.
everyone /'Evriwan/
everything /'Evri0m/
menu /'menyu
busy /'bizi/
ready /'redi/
a couple of (hours) /a 'k.apl av/
go back /gou 'brek/
prepare food /priper 'fud
enjoy /n'd301/
```


## 4. Short life, long life?

1 GRAMMAR position of adverbs and expressions of frequency
a Complete the You column in the chart. Then complete the sentences with a verb and an adverb of frequency.
$\left.\begin{array}{l|l|l|l|l}\hline \begin{array}{ll}\text { always } \\ \text { usually } \\ \text { often } \\ \text { sometimes } \\ \text { h } \\ \text { hardly ever } \\ \text { never } \\ \text { nev }\end{array} & & & & \\ \hline\end{array}\right)$

1 Matt usuallysleeps for eight hours.
2 He $\qquad$ relaxed.
3 He $\qquad$ sports or exercises.
4 He $\qquad$ healthy food.
5 He $\qquad$ sick.

6 Becky $\qquad$ for eight hours.
7 She $\qquad$ relaxed.
8 She $\qquad$ sports and exercises.
9 She $\qquad$ healthy food.
10 She $\qquad$ sick.

| 11 I | for eight hours. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12 I | relaxed. |
| 13 I | sports and exercises. |
| 14 I |  |
| 15 I | healthy food. |
| sick. |  |

b Write the adverb of frequency in the correct place in the sentence.
1 Pilots sleep in hotels. (often) Pilots often sleep in hotels
2 The children walk to school. (every day) The children walk to school every. day. $\qquad$ .
3 Mike rides his motorcycle to work. (sometimes)
4 My sister is late. (never)

5 I see my grandparents. (every weekend)
6 Ellie drinks coffee. (three times a day)

7 I'm hungry. (always)

8 We study English. (twice a week)

2 VOCABULARY adverbs and expressions of frequency
a Answer the questions.

b Complete the sentences with one or two words.
1 Leo goes to the gym all week and on weekends. Leo goes to the gym _every day .
2 Tomo usually takes a vacation in the summer and winter. Tomo usually takes a vacation $\qquad$ a year.
3 We usually see one new film a month. We go to the movie theater $\qquad$ a month.
4 Adele doesn't do any homework at all. Adele $\qquad$ does homework.
5 They have English classes on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
They have English classes a week.
6 My mother goes to the hair salon once a week, on a Friday. My mother goes to the hair salon $\qquad$ Friday.
7 Sofia walks to work once a year. Sofia $\qquad$ ever walks to work.
8 I always buy a new pair of sunglasses in the summer. I buy a new pair of sunglasses $\qquad$ summer.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION the letter $h$

a Match the words to their pronunciation. In which word is the $h$ not pronounced? $\qquad$
$\begin{array}{ll}1 \text { half } & \square \\ 2 \text { high } & \square \\ 3 \text { how } & \square \\ 4 \text { hour } & \square \\ 5 \text { hardly } & \square \\ 6 \text { here } & \square \\ 7 \text { hurry } & \square \\ 8 \text { happy } & \square\end{array}$
a /hir/
b /acコar/
hal
'heri
Arreff
'hæрі/
/hordli/
/hau/
b fichecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 4 READING

a Read the interview. What is surprising about Esther Armstrong?

Interview with Esther Armstrong, 94

Interviewer How do you spend your day, Esther?
Esther My day is very normal, really. I get up, I get dressed, I have breakfast. Then I go to work.
Interviewer What do you do?
Esther I'm an accountant.
Interviewer Why do you still work, Esther?
Esther To have an interest. Also, my job is very exciting.
Interviewer What time do you start work?
Esther I start between 9 and 10 every day and I finish at 4 o'clock. It isn't very stressful, really.
Interviewer What do you usually do after work, Esther?
Esther I go out for dinner with friends two or three times a week, and we go to the movies or the theater, or to the ballet.
Interviewer Do you live alone?
Esther Yes, I do. I have quite a big apartment and someone helps me with the housework for four hours a week. I do everything else myself.
Interviewer Do you have children, Esther?
Esther Yes, I do. Both of my daughters live here in New York. One daughter works nearby, and she comes and has lunch with me. And I work with the other daughter, so we eat together two or three times a week, too. I'm very, very happy with my life.

## Glossary

an accountant = a person whose job it is to make lists of all the money that people or businesses receive and pay
b Read the interview again. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 Esther thinks her day is normal. $F$
2 She doesn't like her job.
3 She sometimes starts work at 10 o'clock.
4 She thinks her job is difficult.
5 She often sees friends after work.
6 She lives with one of her children.
7 She never does housework.
8 She has two children.
c Underline five words you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

## 5 LISTENING

a Gheqsem Listen to a radio program about being healthy. Who does the doctor say is healthy: Marge, Robbie, or Marge and Robbie?
b ichecker Listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 Robbie doesn't think he's healthy. $E$
2 Marge hardly ever eats fast food.
3 Marge always has breakfast.
4 Marge often goes to the gym.
5 Marge goes to bed late.
6 Robbie sometimes has breakfast.
7 Robbie plays soccer three times a week.
8 Robbie sleeps for six hours every night. -

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
hours /'avərz/
minutes /'mınats/
seconds /'sekandz/
teenager /'tineidzar/
healthy (opposite unhealthy) /'hel $\theta_{\mathrm{i}} /$
normally /'normali/
relax /rilieks/
be in a hurry /bi in a 'hari/
sociallife /'soufl lanf/'
spend time /spend 'tarm/

## ficheaker TISTS FILE 4

## 5. Are you the next American Idol?

## 1 GRAMMAR can / can't

a Write a sentence for each picture with can / can't.


1 They can't sing


2


3


4


5
b Write a question with you for each picture. Then write your answer: Yes, I can. or No, I can't.
Your answer
 . . --
c Match sentences $1-6$ to a-f.
1 Can you help me with my homework? I
-
2 Can you give me my glasses? I
3 Can you call my mom? I
4 Can you speak more slowly? I
5 Can you make dinner for 8:30? I
6 Can you tell me your name again? I
a can't come before then.
b can't see.
c car't toit:
d can't find my cell phone.
e can't understand you.
$f$ can't remember it.
d Write a sentence with can or can't for each picture.


1 You cancross now.


3 Dr. Atkins you now.

2 I
I now.


4 We here!

## VOCABULARY

verb phrases
a Complete the crossword with the correct verb.

b Complete the sentences.


## 3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a ficheaker Listen and repeat the sentences. Stress the bold words.

1 A Can you speak German?
B Yes, Ican.
2 I can't find the keys.
3 She can sing.
4 Where can I buy a newspaper?
5 A Can your father cook?
B No, he can't.
6 My sister can't swim.
b Write the words in the chart.
are bad can card far fat have park stamp start

| $\mathrm{a}_{\text {cat }}^{3}$ | $-\underline{b a d}-$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{a r}{\text { car }}$ | $-\quad-\quad-\quad-$ |

c Fibecker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 4 LISTENING

Fickeckerl Listen to the dialogues and choose $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$, or c .
1 When can they go to the swimming pool?
a On Saturday morning.
b On Saturday afternoon.
c On Sunday afternoon.
2 Where can the man park?
a Outside the hospital.
b Outside the restaurant.
c Outside the movie theater.
3 When can she help her brother?
a This morning.
b This afternoon.
c This evening.
4 Why can't they send the postcard?
a They don't have a pen.
b They don't have the address.
c They don't have a stamp.
5 Why can't they go in?
a He can't open the door.
b He can hear his boss.
c He can't find his keys.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
audience /'odians/
concerts /kansorts
entrance /Entrans/
judges /'djadjız.
late (opposite early) /lett/
nervous /'narvas/
a hit record /a hut 'rekard/
parking lot /parkır lat/
Good luck! god 'lak/
It's your turn now. hts 'yar tarn naw/

## 58 Love your neighbors

## 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

Complete the text with these verbs in the simple present.

```
argue shouł bark cry talk have
have play play
have play play

\section*{Alsure arguli}

My neighbors are very noisy. A young couple with a baby and a dog live upstairs. They aren't happy together, so they \({ }^{1}\) shout all the time. Their dog 2 \(\qquad\) when they aren't at home, and their baby \({ }^{3}\) \(\qquad\) when they are. An old couple lives downstairs. They can't hear, so they always " \(\qquad\) the TV on very loud. They 5 \(\qquad\) loudly because the TV is loud, and they \({ }^{6}\) \(\qquad\) a lot about which shows
to watch. Some students live next door. They all ? \(\qquad\) musical instruments and they aren't very good! Every night, they \({ }^{8}\) \(\qquad\) noisy parties and \({ }^{9}\) \(\qquad\) very loud music. I want a new apartment or some new neighbors!

\section*{2 GRAMMAR present continuous}
a Order the words to make sentences.
1 sister's / My / exams / for / studying / her.
- My sister's studying for her exams

2 with / staying / week / her / friends / this / are / Sarah's
3 tonight / party / We / a / aren't / having
4 I'm / cup / coffee / drinking / a / the / of / kitchen / in
5 for/looking/job/is/a / Marco / Why
6 because / aren't / They / jogging / today / cold / it's / too
7 computer / Are / using / you / the
8 soccer / Is / park / Adam / playing / in / the
b Complete the dialogue.
A What \({ }^{1}\) - are you doing, (you / do) Andy?
\(B^{2}\) \(\qquad\) ( 1 / make) the coffee. Why?
A I can hear a noise. It's people's voices.
B Iknow. That's the couple upstairs.
A \({ }^{3}\)
(they / argue)?
B No, \({ }^{4}\) \(\qquad\) (they / not shout). It's the TV. They're very old, so they can't hear it. \({ }^{5}\) \(\qquad\) (they / watch) a movie.
A Oh. What's that music? Is it a party?
B It's the boy next door. \({ }^{6}\)
 (he / not have) a party! (he / listen) to music. He likes heavy music.
A Your apartment is very noisy, Andy.
B Iknow. \({ }^{8}\) \(\qquad\) ( / look for) a new one!
c Look at the picture on page 33. What are the people doing? Complete \(1-9\) with a verb or verb phrase in the present continuous.
1 The woman's talking on her cell phone. -.
2 The couple \(\qquad\)
3 The children \(\qquad\)
4 The woman \(\qquad\)
5 The baby \(\qquad\)
6 The dog
7 The boy \(\qquad\)
8 The girl \(\qquad\)


\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION /y/}
a fichecker Listen and repeat the words.
\begin{tabular}{|l|ll|}
\hline 1 & \\
singer
\end{tabular}
b Circle the word with \(/ \mathrm{y} /\) in each pair.
\begin{tabular}{|lll|}
\hline 1 & sing & play \\
\hline 2 & pink & brown \\
\hline 3 & thin & long \\
\hline 4 & aunt & uncle \\
\hline 5 & drink & find \\
\hline 6 & France & England \\
\hline 7 & young & blond \\
\hline 8 & think & want \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
c
Thicaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{4 LISTENING}

साद्वरen Listen to four speakers talking about problems with their neighbors. Match the speakers to the problems. There are two problems you don't need to use.
Speaker 1 \(\square\) A They argue a lot.
Speaker 2
Speaker 3
B Their dogs bark.
Speaker 4
C They have noisy parties.
D They have the TV on very loud.
E Their baby cries.
F They play musical instruments.

\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
furniture /'fornutfor/
neighbors /'nerbarz/
noise /nvz/
noisy /'norzi/
strict istrikt/
upstairs (opposite downstairs) /^p'sterz/
now /naul
complain /kəm'plein/
apartment building /a'partmont buldin/
washing machine /'wafin majin/

\section*{5. Sun and the City}

1 GRAMMAR simple present or present continuous?
a Circle the correct form.
1 A What are you doing here?
B I'm on vacation. I sightsee / I'm sightseeing.
2 A Can you talk?
B No. I have dinner / I'm having dinner right now.
3 A Where do they usually go / are they usually going on vacation?
B To Florida.
4 A How often does your husband go abroad?
B He travels / He's traveling to Asia four times a year.
5 A What does your friend do / is your friend doing?
B She's a travel guide.
6 A Do you work / Are you working this week?
B No. I'm on vacation.
7 A What time does the museum close?
B It closes / It's closing at 6 p.m., I think.
8 A Does it rain / Is it raining today?
B No. It's hot and sunny.
b Complete the sentences. Use the simple present or present continuous.
1 My parents don't like_(not like)their hotel.
2 They \(\qquad\) (argue) about money all the time.
3 I'm 18 now, so I \(\qquad\) (learn) to drive. My father
\(\qquad\) (teach) me.
4 When \(\qquad\) you usually \(\qquad\) (go) to the gym?
5 Mybrother \(\qquad\) (go out) almost every night.
6 The sun \(\qquad\) (not shine) today. It's quite cold.
7 \(\qquad\) you \(\qquad\) (use) your computer right
now? I \(\qquad\) (want) to check something on
the Internet.
8 My sister \(\qquad\) (love) ice skating but she \(\qquad\) (not do) it very often.

\section*{2 VOCABULARY the weather and seasons}
a Write the seasons in the correct order.
\(\qquad\) , \(\qquad\) , \(\qquad\)
b Complete the sentences with words in the box. What's the weather like?

6 It's \(\qquad\) —.


2 It's


4 It's


5 It's \(\qquad\) —.


7 It's

\section*{3 PRONUNCIATION places in New York City}
a Underline the stressed syllable.
1 Rocke|feller Cen|ter
2 Yankee Stadium
3 Ellis Island
4 St. Paltrick's Calthedral
5 Grand Cen|tral Ter|minal
6 the Brooklyn Bridge
7 the Sta|tue of Liberty
8 Walshing|ton Square Park
b frheaker Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

\section*{4 READING}

Read the guidebook extract about things to do in Denver. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 The Molly Brown House Museum is outside the city. \(\underline{F}\)
2 Molly Brown is famous because she is an actress.
3 You can see clothes from one of Molly's trips.
4 You can see the city very well from Red Rocks Park.
5 You can use a camera in the park.
6 The theater at Red Rocks Park is very small.
7 Glennwood Hot Springs is in the center of Denver.
8 One pool is big.
9 The water is different in the summer and the winter.

\section*{5 LISTENING}

CTIIन Listen to the descriptions of places to visit in Victoria, British Columbia and write the number of the tour.
Which tour do you need to take if you want to...?
A see some old Asian art
B learn about insects
C see some animals and play sports
D listen to music
E have a drink and take a swim
F see a place that is famous because of a movie
G see a lot of books
H learn about a famous Canadian

\section*{What to do in DENVER}

\section*{1 WHEN IT'S RAINING Co to the Molly Brown House Museum}

The Molly Brown House Museum is a big, beautiful house on 1340 Pennsylvania Avenue in the center of Denver. Molly Brown is world famous because she was on the Titanic. You can take a tour of Molly's house. You can see interesting exhibitions, including clothes and other items from her trip on the Titantic. If the sun comes out, you can walk in Molly's yard or sit in her gardens.


\section*{2 WHEN THE SUN IS SHINING Go to Red Rocks Park}

Red Rocks Park is a mountain park in southwest Denver with excellent views of the city. The park gets its name from big red rocks that are special to this area. The rocks are over 290 million years old. You can walk around the park and take pictures of famous rocks like Creation Rock, Ship Rock, or Stage Rock. Or, you can go to a concert and listen to bands like U2 and Coldplay. The theater can seat almost 10,000 people.


\section*{3 WHEN IT'S COLD Go to Clennwood Hot Springs}

Glennwood Hot Springs is a hotel with an outdoor pool that's open all year. It isn't in Devner, butit's nearby in the Rocky Mountains. The hotel has two pools. One is a small pool. The other pool is 405 feet long! The water in the big pool is always \(90^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\). even in January! If you don't like to swim in the cold, visit the spa or enjoy lunch at the restaurant.


\section*{USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES}

Learn these words and phrases.
building /'bildın/ guidebook /'gardbok/
monument /'manyamont/
parks /porks/
statue /'stætfu
enormous /inormas
fascinating /'Fesaneıtı̣̆/
wonderful /'wandarfl/
including /in'kludın/
open-air swimming pool /oupan \(\varepsilon\) r 'swimur pul/

\section*{Practical English In a clothing store}

\section*{1 VOCABULARY clothes}

Write the words.


\section*{2 BUYING CLOTHES}

Complete the missing words in the dialogue.
```

A Canl'h_you?
B Yes.What '}\mp@subsup{}{}{2
is this T-shirt?
A It's a medium. What size do you need?
B Ineeda a'l
A Here you "a
B Thanks. Where can I try it on?
A The 'f

```
\(\qquad\)
``` rooms are over there.
B \({ }^{6}\) Th
``` \(\qquad\)
```

A How is it?
B It's fine. How 'm

``` \(\qquad\)
``` is it?
A It's \$15.99.
```


## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Match the words to make Social English phrases.

| 1 | It's so | $d$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a way! |  |  |
| 2 Right | $\square$ | b wrong? |
| 3 Don't | $\square$ | c be silly! |
| 4 Wait | $\square$ | d coot! |
| 5 I have to | $\square$ | e fun! |
| 6 Have | $\square$ | f now. |
| 7 What's | $\square$ | g go. |
| 8 No | $\square$ | h a minute. |

## 4 READING

a Read the article. Match the questions A-D to paragraphs 1-4.
A What can you do there? 1
B How do you get there?
C Where can you eat there?
D What time does it open? $\square$


## Shopping in the US

One of the best places to shop in the US these days is at the Fashion Island mall in Newport Beach, California-this open-air shopping mall is the nicest of its kind in California.
1 Customers at Fashion Island can buy fashion, food, home, and beauty products from more than 150 different stores. There are three huge department stores and a large supermarket. It has a seven-
screen movie theater, four hotels, and a view of the Pacific Ocean.
2 Fashion Island has more than 35 different restaurants and food bars. There are take-out restaurants and sit-down restaurants, including Hawaiian food and a bakery that sells vegan desserts and salads. Many of the restaurants stay open after the stores close.

3
Most of the stores in the shopping mall open from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. during the week, and from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. on Saturday. The opening hours on Sunday are from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m. The restaurants close around midnight and the movie theater closes at 11 p.m.
4 Fashion Island has more than 6,000 parking spaces and three valet parking stations You can get to this shopping mall by public transportation, too. Fashion Island is only one-half mile from the Pacific Coast Highway and about 5 minutes from John Wayne Airport.
b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

## 6A Reading in English

## 1 GRAMMAR object pronouns

a Complete the chart.

| Subject pronouns | Object pronouns |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | ${ }^{1}$ me |
| 2 | you |
| he | ${ }^{3}$ |
| she | 4 |
| 5 | it |
| we | 6 |
| 7 | you |
| they | 8 |

b Complete the sentences with object pronouns.
1 My sister has a new friend. She's on vacation with her_right now.
2 Can you hear $\qquad$ or do I need to shout?
3 This book is very exciting. I'm really enjoying $\qquad$ .

4 He works near his wife's office. He has lunch with
$\qquad$ every day.
5 Are you at home? Can I call $\qquad$ later?
6 Alberto doesn't live with his parents, but he talks to $\qquad$ once a week.
7 Excuse me, we have a problem. Can you help $\qquad$ ?
8 I can't find my bag. Can you see $\qquad$ ?
9 These shoes are new. Do you like $\qquad$ ?
10 Where's Charlie? I want to talk to $\qquad$ .
c Complete the text with these words.

```
he her her him him she them they
```

Lily is worried about her friend, Jamie. She calls ${ }^{1}$ him_ every day, but he doesn't call ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ .
When she wants to talk to Jamie, ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ always says he's busy. She waits for ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ after work, but he's usually with some friends. Jamie's friends don't like Lily, and she doesn't likes $\qquad$ Lily says hello, but 6 $\qquad$ won't look at her. Now she knows that Jamie doesn't love ' $\qquad$ But she's happy because she knows that ${ }^{\text {a }}$ $\qquad$ can find a new friend.

## 2 VOCABULARY phone language

Complete the dialogues with these words.

B 917-555-9832.

3 A The phone's ringing.
B Can you $\qquad$ it, please?

4 A Hello, is this Sophie? B No, l'm sorry. $\qquad$ is Grace.

5 A How do l end this call?
B $\qquad$ the red button.

6 A This is 714-555-3822.
B I'm very sorry. It's the number.

7 A I'm sorry, the manager is in a meeting. B Oh. Can you give him a $\qquad$ $?$

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /ail, /i/, and/i/

flinecket Listen and repeat the sentences. Stress the bold words.

1 Call me tonight.
2 Can you help us?
3 Don't listen to her.
4 See you later.
5 I don't like them.
6 Don't think about it.
7 Give it to him.
b Circlethe word with a different sound.

| 1 <br> fish | 1 him live nice | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 典 } \\ & \text { fish } \end{aligned}$ | 4 these his ring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\text { tree }}{\square}$ | 2 she this meet |  | 5 we leave it |
| aI bike | 3 me I my | ai <br> bike | 6 smile niece buy |

c fligaker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

## 4 READING

Read some more of Sally's Phone and answer the questions.
1 Who's Katharine? $\qquad$
2 What does Louise suggest to Sally?
3 Why doesn't Paul know his phone number?
4 Who tells him what his number is?

## Sally's Phone

Sally talks to Claire and Louise.
"I have a message for Paul - but who's Paul? Do you know a Paul, Claire?" she asks.
"No. What's the message?" Claire asks.
"It's his sister Katharine's birthday, and she's having a party tonight. Do you think it's a wrong number?"
"Yes, I think it is," Claire says.
"Hey, Sally!" Louise says. "Put on your red skirt and go to the party. Forget Andrew!"
Paul talks to a friend at work.
"This is Sally's phone - and Sally has my phone."
"But who is Sally?"
"I don't know," says Paul.
"Why don't you call her?"
"What's my number?" Paul asks. "I don't know my number."
"Why not?"
"Because I never call my number!"
Paul calls his mother.
"Mom, what's the number of my phone?"
"Why do you want your phone number, Paul?"
"Because Sally has my phone."
"Who's Sally?" his mother asks.
"I don't know, but she has my phone, and I have her phone."
"I don't understand."
"I know," says Paul. "It doesn't matter. Do you have
my number?"
"Here it is. $0781644834 . "$
"Thanks, Mom."

## 5 LISTENING

ficheaker Listen to the phone conversation. Choose a orb.

1 Who does Holly want to talk to?
a Beth
b Emily

2 Where is Emily?
a at home
b out

3 Where is Holly's bag?
a in Emily's car b in Emily's house
4 What is Holly's phone number?
a 606-555-4923
b 606-555-9423

5 What does Beth give Emily?
a the message
b the phone

6 Which keys are in Holly's bag?
a her car keys b her apartment keys
7 Who is Holly with?
a a neighbor
b a friend

8 Where do Holly and Emily meet?
a at Holly's house
b in a cafe

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

voice /vois/
fall /fol/
happening /'hæpənıŋ/
ring /rim/
smile /smari/
give a message (to somebody)/giv a 'mesidz/
pickup /'pik ^p/
press the button /pres дə 'bain/
put down /'put daun/
It's the wrong number. Лıts ঠə гэŋ 'nımbər/


[^0]
## 6B Times we love

1 GRAMMAR like + (verb + -ing)
a Write the verb +-ing form of the verbs in the box in the correct column.

| buy come draw find get have give run stop <br> swim take wait |
| :--- |
| verb+-ing $e+-i n g$ double consonant <br> +-ing <br> buying - - <br>  - - | | - |
| :--- |

b Look at the chart and complete the sentences.


2 VOCABULARY the date; ordinal numbers
a Continue the series.
1 September, October, November , December -
2 May, June,
3 January, February,
4 spring, summer, $\qquad$
5 first, second,
6 sixth, seventh,
7 eighteenth, nineteenth, $\qquad$
b Complete the chart.

```
1/1
```

| Day | Date | You say... |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| May Day | $5 / 1$ | Mayfirst |
| Halloween |  | - |
| New Year's Day |  |  |
| US Independence Day |  |  |
| Valentine's Day |  | $\square$ |

## 3 PRONUNCIATION consonant clusters;

 saying the datea Underline the stressed syllable in the multisyllable words.

| 1 | January | 7 | July |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 2 | February | 8 | August |
| 3 | March | 9 | September |
| 4 | April | 10 | October |
| 5 | May | 11 | November |
| 6 | June | 12 | December |

b fichecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.
c fhecker Listen and repeat the dates.

| $14 / 3$ | 6 6/14 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $212 / 26$ | $72 / 1$ |
| 3 5/11 | $811 / 7$ |
| $41 / 5$ | 9 10/22 |
| $53 / 18$ | $107 / 12$ |

## 4 READING

Read the article about important dates in the US and find the answers to the questions. Write $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C}$, or $\mathbf{D}$.

On which day or days...?
1 do some people watch sports on TV?
2 do people think about a man who helped others
3 do people help the earth
4 do people go to work
5 do people hear or read stories that aren't true
6 do some people walk outside in big groups


## US dates

## to remember

A April Fool's Day is on April 1st. It isn't a national holiday, but it's a day when people play jokes on friends and family. Some good jokes are on the Internet, in the newspapers, or on TV-for example, one year on the internet, a compnay that sells glasses put an advertisement for dog sunglasses on its website. Many people believed it was true.

B Earth Day isn't a national US holiday, but it is day the US and the rest of the world thinks about the earth and how to help it. People do things like clean up parks, ride their bikes, or plant trees. The first Earth Day was in 1970.

C Martin Luther King, Jr. Day is a US national holiday. On the third Monday in January, Americans remember Dr. King and his work helping Americans in the 1960 s. Most schools and some businesses close for the day. There are also parades and talks to celebrate Dr. King.

D Thanksgiving is a US national holiday on the fourth Thursday of November. A traditional Thanksgiving activity is cooking a turkey and eating a big meal with family and friends. After the meal, many people watch American football on TV or sit around the table and tell stories or play games.

## 5 LISTENING

a ficheaker Listen to four speakers talk about their favorite times of year. Match the speakers to the seasons.

Speaker 1 spring
Speaker 2 fall
Speaker 3 winter
Speaker 4 summer
b
fichecker Listen again. Match the speakers to the activities they enjoy doing at that time of year.
Speaker 1
Speaker 2
Speaker 3
Speaker 4
a walking
b planning
c taking photos
d traveling

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

birthday /'bar日dei/
asleep /ə'slip/
depressing /di'presin/
outside (opposite inside) /aut'sard/
hate /heit/
in a good mood /in a god 'mud/
When's your birthday? /wenz yər 'bar日deI/

## 6. Music is changing their lives

## 1 GRAMMAR review: be or do?

a Complete the sentences with the correct form of be or do.
1 What _are_you listening to?
2 Which instrument $\qquad$ you play?
3 The singer $\qquad$ Spanish. She's Argentinian.
4 I $\qquad$ buy CDs. All my music is on my iPod.
5 We $\qquad$ watching a movie.
We're watching the news.
6 $\qquad$ your friend like pop?
7 Which song $\qquad$ your brother downloading?
8 He $\qquad$ sing in a group. He's a solo artist.
9 They $\qquad$ go to concerts because they're too expensive.
10 $\qquad$ you a member of a fan club?
b Rewrite the sentences as questions.
1 They listen to music online. Do theylisten to music online ?
2 Bai sings karaoke.

3 She's singing in the shower.

## 4 That guitar's expensive.

$\qquad$ ?

5 They go to a lot of musicals.

6 I'm waiting in the right place.

7 Kathy likes folk.
$\qquad$ ?

8 You go fishing on the weekend.

9 He listens to classical music when he's stressed.
$\qquad$ ?

10 They're in an orchestra.
$\qquad$ ?

## 2 VOCABULARY music

a Complete the words.


1 Justin Bieber is a pop singer from canada.
2 Kings of Leon is an American $\mathbf{r}$ $\qquad$ band.
3 Black Eyed Peas is a famous $\mathbf{h}$ $\qquad$
h $\qquad$ group.
4 Iron Maiden is an English h $\qquad$ m $\qquad$ band.
5 John Lee Hooker is famous for $\mathbf{b}$ $\qquad$ music.
6 Bach and Beethoven are two German composers of c $\qquad$ m $\qquad$ _.
7 Marc Anthony is a popular singer of L $\qquad$ music.
8 Many r $\qquad$ musicians are from Jamaica.
9 Jamie Cullum plays modern $\mathbf{j}$ $\qquad$ -.
b Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

## concert go daneing download fanclub karaoke lyrics musicchannels online

1 My friends and I often _o walKing_ on a Saturday night.
2 My sister loves Green Day and she's a member of their $\qquad$ _.
3 I $\qquad$ new music onto my MP3 player almost every day.
4 My children love watching $\qquad$ especially MTV.
5 When she's using her laptop, she often listens to music $\qquad$ —.

6 I like the song, but I don't understand the

7 Many Japanese people love singing

8 Would you like to come to a tonight? I have two tickets for Michael Bublé

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /y/

a Circlethe word which doesn't have $/ y /$.

|  |  | Ven <br> yacht |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | use | beautiful | umbrella |
| 2 | young | journalist | yellow |
| 3 | nurse | use | music |
| 4 | musician | lunch | usually |
| 5 | January | university | summer |

b fichecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

## 4 LISTENING

fChecker Listen to the dialogues and choose $a, b$, or $c$.
1 Raul thinks pop is...
a loud.
b slow.
C great.
2 The people who sing on the woman's favorite CD are...
a a classical choir.
b a folk band.
c actors.
3 Wendy usually listens to music...
a online.
b on CDs.
c on the radio.
4 The second man really likes...
a Rihanna.
b Beyoncé.
c Justin Bieber.
5 John...the song.
a likes
b doesn't mind
c hates

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

a band $/ 2$ bænd/
conductor /kən'd^ktər/
karaoke /kæri'ouki/
orchestra /'כrkəstra/
soundtrack /'saundtrak/
awful /'Jfl/
fantastic /fæn'tæstrk/
be a fan (of...) /bi ə 'fæn (әv)/
Be a member (of...) /bi a 'membər/
download music /'daunloud 'myuzık/
go fishing /gou' fisıig/

## 7A At the National Portrait Gallery

GRAMMAR simple past of be: was / were

a Complete the sentences with was, were, wasn't, or weren't.
A Who's that?
B It's Edith Wharton.
A Why ${ }^{1}$ was she famous?
B She ${ }^{2}$ a writer.
A ${ }^{3}$ she Canadian?
B No, she ${ }^{4}$
She ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ American. She ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ born in New York City in 1862.
A And ${ }^{7}$ she married?
B Yes, she ${ }^{8}$
b Write questions and answers.
1 Alexander Graham Bell / sportsman? X Was Alexander Graham Bell asportsman $\qquad$ ?
No.he wasn't.
2 Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor / actors? $\checkmark$ Were Richard Burton and Elizabeth Tayl.or actors ? Yes, they were.
3 Jorge Luis Borges / writer? $\downarrow$
$\qquad$ ?

4 The Beatles / from the US? $\times$
$\qquad$ ?

5 Robert Frost/politician? $X$
$\qquad$ ?

6 I.M. Pei / composer? $x$
$\qquad$ ?


7 Sofia Vergara / born / Columbia?
$\qquad$ ?

8 Frank Sinatra / singer?
$\qquad$ ?

9 J.R.R. Tolkien and C.S. Lewis / painters? $x$
$\qquad$ ?

10 Michael Jackson / born / Britain? X
$\qquad$ ?
c Complete the dialogues with present or past forms of be.

```
1 A What day is it today?
    B Monday. Yesterday was Sunday.
```

2 A Hi. $\qquad$ your sister at home?
B No, she $\qquad$ She $\qquad$ here this morning, but now she $\qquad$ at work.

3 A I can't find my keys. Where $\qquad$ they?
B Idon't know. They on your desk this morning.

4 A Where $\qquad$ your new friend from?
B He
$\qquad$ born in the US, but his parents $\qquad$ born in Singapore.
5 A Why $\qquad$ your boss angry yesterday? B Because I $\qquad$ very late for work.

## 2 VOCABULARY <br> word formation

a Make professions from these words. Use $a$ or $a n$.

| 1 | invent |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | write |
| 3 | play |
| 4 | composen |
| 5 | music |
| 6 | paint |
| 7 | business |
| 8 | act |
| 9 | science |
| 10 | sail |

b Underline the stressed syllables, e.g. an inventor.
c Practice saying the words in a.
d Complete the sentences with was / were and a noun from a.
1 Francis Drake was a sailor.
2 Beethoven and Mozart were composers
3 James Dean $\qquad$
4 Galileo $\qquad$ .
5 Freddie Mercury $\qquad$ -

6 The Wright brothers $\qquad$ .
7 F. Scott Fitzgerald $\qquad$ -
8 Howard Hughes $\qquad$
9 Degas and Toulouse-Lautrec $\qquad$
3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress
Gichecker Listen and repeat the conversation.
A Who was Aaron Copland?
B He was a composer.
A Was he British?
B No, he wasn't. He was American.
A When was he born?
B He was born in 1900.
A Were his parents composers?
B No, they weren't.


## 4 LISTENING

a
fichecker Listen to a radio program about the greatest Americans o all time. Number the people in the order they come on the list.

b cheakel Listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 Ben Franklin was a young newspaper owner. I
2 George Washington was born on February 12, 1732.
3 He was 76 when he died.
4 Martin Luther King, Jr. was born on January 15th, 1929.
5 He was young when he died.
6 Abraham Lincoln was a painter.
7 He was 56 when he died.
8 The greatest American of all time was a singer.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
the (16th) century / ða 'sentโəri/
killed /kild/
between (1816 and 1820) /bitwin/
be against (something) /bi agenst/ be in love (with someone) /bi in 'lav/

## $7 B$ Chelsea girls

## 1 GRAMMAR simple past: regular verbs

a Complete the sentences with a regular verb in the simple past, first in the affirmative and then in the negative.
book download listen play study watch work
1 Yesterday I __missed my bus, but I _ didn't miss_my train.
2 We $\qquad$ to the news, but we
$\qquad$ to the weather.
3 My parents $\qquad$ French at school, but they - $\qquad$ the movie with me,
4 My sister but she $\qquad$ the soccer game.
5 The secretary $\qquad$ a table for lunch, but she $\qquad$ a taxi.
6 I but $\qquad$ ome music onto my laptop,

The salesperson $\qquad$ last Saturday, but she $\qquad$ on Sunday.
8 My brother $\qquad$ tennis at school, but he $\qquad$ basketball.
b Order the words to make questions.
1 you / did / night / TV / What / on / last / watch?
$\qquad$
B I watched the news.
2 did / game / the / time / end / What
A $\qquad$ ?
B At six o'clock.
3 your / presents / birthday / like / you / Did
A
B Yes, I did. They were great!
4 did / college / your / in / brother / What / study
A
Modern Languages.
5 parents / your / arrive / late / Did
A
B No, they didn't. They were early.
6 Brazil / your / in / friends / did / Where / live A
$\qquad$
B Rio de Janeiro.
7 of / you / Did / at / the / cry / movie / end / the
A
B Yes, I did. It was very sad.

8 time / work / did / What / arrive / Luisa / yesterday / at
A $\qquad$ ?
B At ten o'clock.
c Complete the questions and answers.
$1990 \quad 1997 \quad 1998 \quad 2001 \quad 2004 \quad 2007 \quad 2009$

## When did it happen?

1 when / the Akashi-Kaikyo Bridge / open
When did the Akashi-Kaikyo Bridge open $?$
It opened in 1998.
2 when Michael Jacǩson / die
He died in $\qquad$ .

3 when \% Face Oook $/$ start

It started in $\qquad$
4 when / Princess Diana / die

She died in
5 when / the first tourist / travel into space

It traveled into space in
6 when / iPhones / first appear
They appeared in $\qquad$ .

7 when / Tim Berners-Lee / create the World Wide Web

He created it in $\qquad$ .

## 2 VOCABULARY past time expressions

Circle the correct answer.
1 I chatted with my friends for an hour last night/ yesterday night.
2 My friend finished college ago two years | two years ago.
3 They traveled abroad last month / the last month.
4 Did you call me last morning / yesterday morning?
5 It stopped raining two hours ago / two ago hours.
6 My brother worked in the city last July / the last July.
7 We watched that movie before two weeks / two weeks ago.
8 David booked the tickets yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
9 Steve was born in 1990 / on 1990.
10 I played golf the day yesterday before / the day before yesterday.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION -ed endings

a fiffuce Listen to the words. Underline the word where-ed is pronounced $/ \mathrm{id} /$.

| 1 booked | checked | wanted | walked |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 painted | arrived | finished | traveled |
| 3 asked | waited | looked | stopped |
| 4 called | played | chatted | listened |
| 5 missed | watched | cooked | started |
| 6 followed | decided | lived | relaxed |

b ighecke Listen again and repeat the words.

## 5 LISTENING

a Checker Listen to four speakers describing bad trips. How did they travel (e.g., by car, etc.)?

1 $\qquad$ 3 $\qquad$
2
2
Checkel Listen again and match the speakers 1-4 to the sentences a-d.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Speaker 1 } & \square \\ \text { Speaker 2 } & \square \\ \text { Speaker 3 } & \square \\ \text { Speaker 4 } & \square\end{array}$
A A stranger helped me.
B Someone in my family helped me.
C I started my trip twice.
D I didn't arrive at my destination.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
GPS /dzi pi es
surprised /sor'praizd/
arrive /arav/
cry /kral/
miss mis
text /tekst!
travel 'triev/
country house kintri haus,

## 4 READING

a Read the article and choose the best title.
1 The wrong match
2 The wrong destination
3 The wrong player
b Read the article again and answer the questions.

1 How old was Bojana when the incident happened?
2 Where was the tennis tournament?
3 How did she travel to Carlsbad?
4 Where did Bojana travel to first?
5 When did she arrive at the tournament?
6 Who did she play in her first match?
7 Did she win?

Serbian tennis player Bojana Jovanovski was only 19 when she played in the San Diego Open. However, she almost missed the toumament. Her first match was in Carlsbad, California, so her agent booked a seat for her and gave her the ticket to Carlsbad. It was a long trip because Bojana needed to take three different planes. When she finally arrived in Carlsbad, she was surprised to find that the airport was empty. She waited for 15 minutes and then called Tournament Transportation. The problem was that Bojana was in Carlsbad, New Mexico and the transportation service was in Carlsbad, California where the tournament was. So, Bojana stayed in New Mexico for the night and then traveled to Carlsbad, CalifOrnia the next morning. She arrived only 30 minutes before the start of her match with the Italian player Roberta Vinci. UnfOrtunately, the day finished badly for Bojana because she lost the match 3-6, 6-4, 6-1. After that, she just wanted to go home!

## 1C. A night to remember

## 1 GRAMMAR simple past: irregular verbs

a Change the sentences from the present to the past.
1 We meet in a café. (last night)
We met in accafé last night.
2 Mateo sees his friends after work. (last night)
3 Emily loses her keys. (yesterday)
4 We don't have dinner at home. (last night)
5 They leave work at 5:30. (yesterday)
6 Alex doesn't get up early. (yesterday morning)
7 My friend feels sick. (yesterday)
8 Junko doesn't go out during the week. (last week)
9 I don't wear glasses. (yesterday)
10 Luciana can't come to my party. (last year)
b Complete the questions in the dialogue.

```
A Where }\mp@subsup{}{}{1}\mathrm{ did yougo last night?
B Iwent to that new sushi restaurant in town.
A 2
```

$\qquad$

``` good?
B Yes, it was great.
A Who \({ }^{3}\) with?
B I went with my friend.
A What \({ }^{4}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` ?
B I wore jeans and my new black shirt.
A What time \({ }^{5}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` home?
B We got home at about midnight.
A \({ }^{6}\) a taxi home?
B Yes. We didn't want to drive.
A Did'_ a good time?
B Yes, we had a great time. The food was delicious!
A \({ }^{8}\) it expensive?
B Yes, it was.
```


## 2 VOCABULARY go, have, get

a Erossout the incorrect expression.
1 GO to the beach out to a restaurant abors
2 HAVE lunch a sandwich for a walk a sister
3 GET dressed a good time up an email
4 GO to bed a car away on vacation
5 HAVE breakfast abike shorthair 18 years
6 GET shopping home a newspaper a taxi
b Complete the text with went, had, or got.


It was my wife's birthday last Saturday, so we ${ }^{1}$ went away for the weekend. I booked a hotel on the Internet, and on Friday we ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ the train to the coast. It was late when we arrived, so we just ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ a sandwich and ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ to bed.

The next day, we ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ up early and
$\qquad$ breakfast in the hotel. It was a beautiful day, so we ${ }^{7}$ $\qquad$ to the beach.

We took a swim in the morning, and in the afternoon we ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ for a walk. In the evening, we ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ dinner in an expensive French restaurant. The food was delicious! The next day was Sunday, so we ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ back home again. The weekend was very short, but we ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ a great time.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION irregular verbs,

 sentence stressa Look at the pairs of irregular verbs. Do they have the same vowel sound? Write $\mathbf{S}$ (the same) or $\mathbf{D}$ (different).

| 1 came | had | $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 did | feel | $\square$ |
| 3 taught | wore | $\square$ |
| 4 lost | spoke | $\square$ |
| 5 met | went | $\square$ |
| 6 knew | saw | $\square$ |
| 7 heard | left <br> 8 took | $\square$ |
| could | $\square$ |  |

b GCheger Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the irregular verbs.
c
GCheaker Listen and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

A What did you do last night?
B I went to the movies.
A Who did you go with?
B I went with a friend.
A Where did you go after the movies?
B We went to a restaurant. We didn't have an expensive meal. We didn't get home late.

## 4 LISTENING

a
flisaker Listen to an interview about a memorable night. What did Melissa do?

b Gifieaken Listen again and answer the questions.
1 When was it?

2 Who was Melissa with?
$\qquad$
4 When did she arrive in the city?
5 Where did they have a coffee?
6 Did they have a good time? Why (not)?
7 What did they have for dinner?
8 What time did they get home?

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

goal /goul/
moon /mun/
scarf /skarf/
screen /skrin/
embarrassed /im'berrast/
memorable /'memərab//
decide /di'saıd/
take a swim /terk a 'swim/
know (somebody) a little /nou a 'litl/

## Practical English Getting lost

## 1 VOCABULARY directions

Complete the words.
1 turn left
2 go str
3 turn r
4 go p-_ the train station
5 on the
6 across f
7 ab
8 at the tr


## 2 ASKING FOR DIRECTIONS

Complete the dialogue with these words.
exactly Exeuse miss near say Sorry tell way Where's
A ${ }^{1}$ Excuse me, please. ${ }^{2}$, I don't live here. the train station?

A Excuse me. Is the train station ${ }^{4}$ here?
C The train station? It's near here, but I don't know
${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ where. Sorry.
A Excuse me. Can you ${ }^{6}$
 me the ${ }^{7}$ to the train station, please?
D Yes, of course. Go past the hotel. Then turn left at the traffic lights. It's at the end of the street.
A Sorry, could you ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ that again, please?
D Yes. Go past the hotel. Then turn left at the traffic lights and it's at the end of the street. You can't
it!
A Thank you.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.


## 4 READING

a Read the information about getting around in the US.

## By bus



In the US, an economical way for traveling long distances is by bus. The most important company is Greyhound, which has trequent service between big cities. Greyhound is also a convenient way for traveling to smaller cities and towns that don't have other forms of transportation like trains or airplanes. Traveling by bus is usually cheap if you buy your ticket early and travel at times of the day that are not busy.
By car


Many people travel by car in the US. It can be expensive, and there is often a lot of traffic. However, traveling by car means that you can be independent and flexible. Also, a car with three or more passengers can be cheaper than public transportation. You can go quickly from one city to the next on freeways, but small roads are often more scenic and fun. Parking in big cities can be difficult and very expensive. Some cities like Denver, Baltimore, and Philadelphia have light rail train systems. You can park outside the city in a free parking lot and then take a light rail train downtown.

## By train



Trains are generally faster and more comfortable than buses for long distance travel, but they can be a lot more expensive. There is only one train company that operates train service in the US, and that is Amtrak. Passengers can get information on timetables and fares from the Amtrak website, which also has a way to buy tickets. There are three types of tickets: coach dass, business class, and first class. Tickets are cheaper if you buy them early.
b Read the information again. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 Taking a bus is a slow way to travel.
2 The best time to travel by bus is at quiet times.
3 There isn't much traffic in the US.
4 You need to pay for parking when you use light rail in Denver.
5 You can buy tickets from Amtrak.
c Match the highlighted adjectives to their meanings.
1 beautiful
2 easy to do
3 cheap
4 easy to change something
5 happening often

## 8A A murder story

1 GRAMMAR simple past: regular and irregular
a Read this police report. Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs in parentheses.

## POLICE REPORT

## Bank robbery

We ${ }^{1}$ arrived (arrive) at the bank at 9:36 in the evening, and we ${ }^{2}$ (park) our police car outside. The bank 3 (be) closed and all the
lights ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ (be) off, but we
${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ (look) through the
window. We ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ (see) a person inside the bank. At first, we 7 $\qquad$ (not can) see who it
was, but then he $\qquad$ (open)
the door and came out - it was Steven Potter. He ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ (not run) away - he just walked slowly to his car, and then drove away. The next morning, we ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ (go) to his house
at 6:00 a.m. We ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ (find)
him in bed. $\mathrm{He}{ }^{12}$ $\qquad$ (not want) to speak to us, but we ${ }^{13}$ $\qquad$ (take) him to the police station.
b Complete the questions with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.


## 2 VOCABULARY irregular verbs

a Complete the base form and past forms of these irregular verbs with $a, e, i, o$, or $u$.

| Base form | Past |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 beg_in | beg_an |
| 2 | c__me |
| 3 | dr__nk |
| 4 | dr__ve |
| 5 | g__ve |
| 6 | kn__w |
| 7 | p__t |

b Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs in the box.


## 3 PRONUNCIATION simple past verbs

a Match the verbs with the same vowel sound.

| drove could made said learned bought had |
| :--- |
| 1 came made |
| 2 left |
| 3 ran |
| 4 saw |
| 5 spoke |
| 6 took |
| 7 heard |

b fichecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

## 4 LISTENING

friccer Listen to a radio interview with a detective. What does he like most about his job?
b iCherker Listen again and choose $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$, or c .
1 Jeremy Downs decided he wanted to be a detective...
a when he was a child.
b when he left school.
c when he finished college.
2 His first job in the police was as...
a a teacher.
b a police officer.
c a detective.
3 Jeremy took a ... to make sure he was strong and healthy for the job.
a a law test
b a running test
c physical fitness
4 Jeremy usually works...
a outside.
b in an office.
c at the police station.
5 He sometimes feels...when he is at work.
a bored
b stressed
c worried

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
library /'latbreri/
murder /'mərdar/
nobody /'noubadi/
secretary /'sekrateri/
believe /bi'liv/
kill /kıl/
marry /'mæri/
business partner /'biznəs partnar/

## 8 B A house with a history

1 GRAMMAR there is / there are, some / any + plural nouns
a Complete the dialogue with the correct form of there is / there are and, if necessary, $a$, some, or any.

A Hello. I'm interested in the apartment for rent.
B Oh, OK Let me tell you about it. ${ }^{1}$ There's a large living room and ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ small kitchen.
$A^{3}$ $\qquad$ table in the kitchen?
B No, ${ }^{4}$ But ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ very nice dining room with a table and some chairs.
A That's fine. What about the bedrooms? How many bedrooms ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ ?

B $\qquad$ three bedrooms and a bathroom.
A ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ shower in the bathroom?
B Yes, ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ .
A Good. ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ living room?
B No, l'm sorry. But ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ cupboards.
A That's OK. I think it's perfect for us. How much is it?
b Write the sentences in the plural using some or any.
1 There's an armchair in the living room.
There aresome armchairs in the living room $\qquad$ .
2 Is there a rug downstairs?
3 There's a CD on the shelf.
4 Is there a glass in the cupboard?
5 There isn't a light in the study.
c Circle the correct form.
(It's)/There's a nice apartment and ${ }^{2}$ it isn't / there isn't very expensive. ${ }^{3}$ There are / They are two rooms, but ${ }^{4}$ there aren't / they aren't very big. ${ }^{5}$ There's / It is a small kitchen and a bathroom. ${ }^{6}$ There isn't / It isn't a bathtub in the bathroom, but ${ }^{\prime}$ it's / there's a new shower. The apartment is on the 10th floor, so ${ }^{8}$ there's / it is a great view of the city. And ${ }^{9}$ there's / it's a very large balcony with a lot of flowers. ${ }^{10}$ They are / There are beautiful in the summer!

2 VOCABULARY the house
a Complete the crossword.

b Write the room.
1 You usually take off your coat in the hall
2 You usually take a shower in the b $\qquad$ -

3 You usually have dinner in the d $\qquad$ r $\qquad$ .
4 You usually use a computer in the st $\qquad$ -.

5 You usually park your car in the $g$ $\qquad$ .

6 You usually make lunch in the k $\qquad$ -.
7 You usually watch television in the 1 $\qquad$ r $\qquad$ .
8 You usually sleep in the b $\qquad$ .
9 You usually sitoutside in the $y$ $\qquad$ .

3 PRONUNCIATION / $\mathrm{\varepsilon r} /$ and $/ \mathrm{r} /$; sentence stress
a
Circle the word with a different sound.

| $\begin{aligned} & \varepsilon r \\ & \text { chair } \end{aligned}$ |  | they're | there | dear |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IV |  | cheers | stairs | near |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Er} \\ & \text { chair } \end{aligned}$ |  | where | wear | we're |
| II |  | here | hair | hear |

b ficheaker Listen and repeat the words.
c Underline the stressed syllable.
1 offfice
2 mirrlor
3 culpboard
4 balcolny
5 bathtub
6 solfa
7 armichair
garage
ceiling
d
Hehegker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

## 4 LISTENING

a Fchecker Listen to Mrs. Goodings show her house to Bradley and Joanna, a couple who are interested in renting it. Check $\checkmark$ the three rooms Mrs. Goodings shows them.
1 bathroom
2 bedroom
3 dining room

b fichecker Listen again and write T (true) or F (false).
1 Mrs. Goodings always eats in the kitchen. I
2 Joanna doesn't like the living room. -
3 There isn't a washing machine in the kitchen.
-
4 There's a hole in the ceiling of the kitchen.
5 Joanna likes the windows in the living room. -
6 There isn't a TV in the living room.
7 There are three bedrooms upstairs.
8 Bradley forgets about the hole in the bathroom ceiling.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

advertisement /ædvar'taizmənt/
dishwasher /difwajar/
lovely /'lavli/
rent /rent/
a long time ago a lo lo tam a'gou/
Wow! /waul
How horrible! /hau 'horabl/
It's perfect! /its 'parfikt/

## 8. A night in a haunted hotel

## 1 GRAMMAR there was / there were

a Complete the text. Use was, were, wasn't, or weren't.


I went on vacation to Brazil last summer, and I stayed in an amazing hotel. My room was great. There ${ }^{1}$ __was_a large bed, and there ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ some big cupboards to put my clothes in. There ${ }^{3}$ a kitchen, but there ${ }^{4}$ $\qquad$ a small refrigerator full of drinks and snacks. There ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ three different restaurants to choose from. There ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ a beautiful swimming pool in the hotel, and there
$\qquad$ a long beach nearby. There ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ any tourists on the beach, but there ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ some baby turtles. They were really beautiful!
b Complete the dialogue with a form of there was / there were.

```
A Did you have a good vacation?
B Not really. ' There was a problem with my hotel.
A Oh, no. What happened?
B Well, we couldn't swim because }\mp@subsup{}{}{2
    a swimming pool. And }\mp@subsup{}{}{3
```

$\qquad$

```
                                any
    restaurants near the hotel.
A
```

$\qquad$

``` a small refrigerator in your room?
B No, \({ }^{5}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` a small refrigerator and
6
``` \(\qquad\)
``` a television. The only thing
in my room was the bed!
A Oh. \({ }^{7}\) a bathroom?
B Yes, but \({ }^{8}\) any clean towels. Everything was very dirty.
A \({ }^{9}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
``` any nice people at the hotel?
B Yes, \({ }^{10}\) some great people, but they all felt the same as me - very angry!
```

2 VOCABULARY prepositions: place and movement

Complete the sentences with these words.


1 There's a family in the dining room.
2 The boy is sitting $\qquad$ the girl.
3 The woman is $\qquad$ the man.
4 There's a ghost standing $\qquad$ the woman.
5 There's a bag $\qquad$ the table.
6 A waiter is coming $\qquad$ the kitchen.
7 There's a ghost $\qquad$ the waiter.
8 The waiter is carrying the plates $\qquad$ the kitchen $\qquad$ the tables.
9 There's a clock $\qquad$ the kitchen door.
10 A ghost is going $\qquad$ the stairs.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION silent letters

a Erossout the silent letters.
1 ghost
3 white
5 hour
7 builder
2 cupboard
4 know
6 walk
8 wrong
b ficherker Listen and repeat. Copy the rhythm.
c Checker Listen and underline the stressed words.
1 There was a lamp on the table.
2 There wasn't a bathtub in the bathroom.
3 Was there a mirror in the bedroom?
4 There were some books on the shelf.
5 There weren't any cupboards in the kitchen.
6 Were there any plants in the study?
d ficheacel Listen again and repeat the sentences.

## 4 READING

Read the text. Write T (true) or F (false).

1 Maesmawr Hall is more than 500 years old.
2 People have seen ghosts inside and outside the hotel.
3 The ghosts are all of people who lived in the house in the past. -
4 Robin Drwg's ghost sometimes appears as a bull.
5 Paranormal investigators didn't think that Maesmawr Hall was haunted.

## 5 LISTENING

a fheaker Listen to four people talking about hotel rooms. Which countries did they visit?
b fheaken Listen again. Match the speakers to the rooms. Speaker $1 \square \quad$ Speaker $2 \square \quad$ Speaker $3 \square \quad$ Speaker $4 \square$
$\square$ Speaker 1 $\square \quad$ Speaker $2 \square \quad$ Speaker $3 \square \quad$ Speaker $4 \square$
$\square$ Speaker 1 $\square \quad$ Speaker $2 \square \quad$ Speaker $3 \square \quad$ Speaker $4 \square$ Speaker 1 $\square \quad$ Speaker 2 $\square \quad$ Speaker $3 \square \quad$ Speaker $4 \square$ Speaker 1 $\square \quad$ Speaker $2 \square \quad$ Speaker $3 \square \quad$ Speaker $4 \square$ A The room was under the water.
B The room had mirrors on the walls and the ceiling.
C The room wasn't very comfortable.
D The room was up a tree.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.

| ghosts /gousts/ | haunted /'hontad/ |
| :---: | :---: |
| guest /gest/ | strange /streund/ |
| owner /ounər/ | In the middle of the night |
| priest /prist/ | in ঠ̀ mudl วv ঠ̀ 'nat/ |
| brave /brew/ | remote control /rimout kan'trou | frightened /frauthd



Maesmawr Hall is a manor house in Powy.s, Wales. It was built in 1535 and today is a 20 -bedroom hotel and venue for weddings. It is famous because people say it is haunted.
Many guests say that they have seen ghosts. A businessman who stayed at the hotel said that when he looked out of the window, he saw hundreds of Roman soldiers marching. In fact, in Roman times there was a road that passed through the grounds of Maesmawr Hall. Other guests said they saw the ghosts of the Davies sisters who owned the hotel in the 1900s, and the ghost of an old housekeeper walking through a wall in the hall. But perhaps most frightening is the story that the ghost of an evil man named Robin Drwg haunts the woods around the hotel. Some people say that they have seen this ghost suddenly change into the shape of a bull.
Maesmawr was on a TV show about houses with ghosts called Most Haunted. The TV show hosts and investigators from the Mid Wales Paranormal (MWP) reported a lot of strange activity in the hall - seeing balls of light, feeling movements, and hearing unusual sounds. During the investigation, the floor in one of the upstairs rooms moved. The hotel's current owner, Nigel Humphryson, says he often hears voices and banging noises that he cannot explain.
So if you're interested in ghosts, why not stay here? But don't go outside at night unless you're feeling really brave!

## 9A What 1 ate yesterday

## 1 GRAMMAR countable / uncountable nouns;

 a / an, some / anya What did Sarah and Martin buy when they went shopping yesterday? Write $a$, an, or some in the blanks.

b Write the sentences in the affirmative $\triangle$ or negative $\square$ form.

1 There's some cheese in the refrigerator.
$\square$ There isn't any cheese in the refrigerator
2 There are some strawberries in our garden.There $\qquad$ .
3 I didn't have an egg for breakfast.

+ I
- 

4 There isn't any sugar in my tea.
$\pm$ There $\qquad$ -.

5 I didn't eat any snacks yesterday. + I $\qquad$ .
6 There weren't any sandwiches iṇ the kitchen.

+ There
7 I bought a pineapple at the supermarket.
$\square$ I $\qquad$ _.
8 There was some bread in the cupboard.There $\qquad$ .
c Complete the dialogue with $a$, $a n$, some, or $a n y$.
A What do we need to buy for our dinner party? Let's make a list.
B Well, I want to make ${ }^{1}$ _a_lasagne, so we need ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ pasta and ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ meat.

A Pasta...and meat. What about tomatoes? Are there
$\qquad$ tomatoes in the refrigerator?
B Let's look. There's ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ onion, but there aren't

- $\qquad$ tomatoes. Put those on the list, too.
A OK...tomatoes. Is there ? $\qquad$ cheese?
B Yes, there's ${ }^{\text {a }}$ $\qquad$ mozzarella cheese, so that's perfect.
A Let's have ${ }^{9}$ salad with the lasagna.
B OK. Then we need to buy ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ lettuce.
A What about dessert? Is there ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ fruit?
B No, there isn't. Let's get ${ }^{12}$ $\qquad$ strawberries.

2 VOCABULARY food
a Complete the crossword.

b Write the words in the correct column.

| apples bananas candy carrots chocolate cookies <br> mushrooms onions oranges peas <br> potatoes potato chips sandwiches <br> ptrawberries |
| :--- |
| Vegetables Snacks Fruit <br>  - apples <br>  - - <br>    |

PRONUNCIATION the letters ea
a Circle the word with a different sound.

| tree | 1 meat breakfast tea |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { E } \\ \text { E } \\ \text { egg } \\ \text { eg } \end{gathered}$ | 2 bread healthy ice cream |
|  | 3 eat great steak |

b
Fichivisyly Listen and check. Then
listen and repeat the words.

## 4 READING

a Read the article and match the headings to the paragraphs.

```
coconut water popsicles roast camel
```

b Read the article again. Write T (true) or $F$ (false).
1 The Bedouin people eat roast camel on special occasions.
2 There are seven ingredients in the Bedouin meal.
3 Frank Epperson's drink froze because the weather was cold.
4 He sold his first ice pop when he was 29 years old.
5 According to the article, you can find coconut water in all coconuts.
6 Coconut water has a lot of sugar.
c Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.


## 5 LISTENING

a
fichecker Listen to four speakers talking about their
favorite meal. Complete the meals.
Speaker 1 roast $\qquad$ -

Speaker 2 tikka masala
Speaker 3 hot dog and $\qquad$ sweet and sour tofu and

Listen again. Match the speakers to the sentences.
b

## ficheaker

Speaker 1
Speaker 2
Speaker 3 Speaker 4


A I often eat it outside.
B I always order rice with it.
C I have it at a local restaurant.
D I eat it when I visit my parents.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

```
cream /krim/
dishes /dijiz/
ingredients /in'gridiants/
popcorn /papkarn/
sauce /sos/
sweet corn /'swit korn/
(food) to go /tou gou/
delicious /di'lijas/
vegetarian /vedza't\varepsilonrian/
```


## Three interesting <br> food tacts

1
The Bedouin people, who live in the deserts of Africa, sometimes prepare a very big meal to celebrate weddings. The cook uses some eggs, some fish, some chickens, a sheep, and a camel to prepare it. He stuffs the fish with the eggs, the chickens with the fish, the sheep with the chickens, and the camel with the sheep. Then he cooks all the ingredients together in an enormous oven in the ground.

## 2

It was an 11-year-old American boy who invented these. In 1905, the boy, Frank Epperson, wanted to make a drink. He put some soda powder in a cup of water and used a stick to mix it. Then he forgot about the drink and left it outside. That night it was very cold, so the mixture froze. Eighteen years later, he made some more of the frozen mixture and sold his first one at an amusement park. The British call them "ice pops."
3
You can find this liquid in young fruit that is still green. People drank it in South-East Asia, Africa, and the Caribbean before it became popular as a health drink. Today, athletes drink it after playing sports. It is very good for you as it is low in fats and sugars. Doctors sometimes use it in an emergency because it is similar to human plasma.

## 98 White gold

## 1 GRAMMAR quantifiers: how much / how many, a lot of, etc.

a Complete the questions. Then complete the sentences.


1 He doesn't put muchsalt on hisfood.

4 He


2 He $\qquad$ $\square$


5 He $\qquad$

www.irLanguage.com


3 She $\qquad$


6 She $\qquad$ -
b Read the information and write questions.

## FOOD FACTS

There is .81 ounces of sugar in an orange.
There are about 125 caleries in a banana.
There are about 18 oranges in a carton of orange juice.
There is .04 ounces of salt in a bowl of cereal.
There are twelve eggs in a carton.
There are 16 ounces of jam in a jar.


## 2 VOCABULARY food containers

a Unscramble the words to make food containers.

| 1 rja | - jar |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 bxo | - |
| 3 rncoat | - |
| 4 gab | - |
| 5 cpeagka | $\square$ |
| 6 nca | $\square$ |
| 7 totble | $\square$ |

b Complete the sentences with a container from a.
1 She was thirsty, so she bought a $\qquad$ of soda.
2 Do you need the scissors to open the $\qquad$ of juice?
3 He took the $\qquad$ of strawberry jam out of the cupboard.
4 There is a large $\qquad$ of potato chips on the table.
5 We always take a $\qquad$ of water when we go for a walk.
6 Ken feels sick because he ate a big $\qquad$ of cookies.
7 I gave her a $\qquad$ of chocolates to say thank you.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /f/ and /s/

a Circlethe word with a different sound.

|  | 1 sugar | salad cereal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\int$ <br> shower | 2 sure | fresh salt |
|  | 3 rice | shopping science |
| $\int$ <br> shower | 4 short | information center |

b GCheoker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.
c Gicherer Listen and repeat the sentences.
1 She saw Susan standing outside the study.
2 Shawn said sorry for singing in the shower.
3 Steve puts six spoons of sugar on his cereal.
4 Sylvia spends Saturdays in the shopping center.

## 4 LISTENING

a GCheakel Listen to the radio program about food groups. Complete the examples of the groups.


1 carbohydrates: bread, pasta, $\qquad$ potatoes
2 fruits and vegetables: apples, oranges, $\qquad$ carrots
3 protein: meat, $\qquad$
4 milk and dairy: $\qquad$ yogurt
5 fats and sugars: cake, $\qquad$ candy, chips
b Gcheaker Listen again. Fill in the blanks with one word.

1 Carbohydrates give us $\qquad$ -.
2 Fruits and vegetables contain important
3 Protein helps our bodies to $\qquad$ and repair.
4 Milk and dairy are important for our bones and $\qquad$ _.
5 You should eat fats and sugars $\qquad$ or a week.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

gold /goold/
spoon /spun/
vitamins (vautamanz/
fresh /fref
spoonful/spunful
instead of /n'sted $\supset \mathrm{v} /$
irLanguage

## 9C Quiz night

1 GRAMMAR comparative adjectives
a Write the comparative forms of these adjectives in the correct circle.

b Write sentences using the opposite adjective.
1 A bike is slower than a car.
A car is faster than a bike
2 Lions are smaller than tigers.
Tigers $\qquad$ -

3 Brazil is wetter than Argentina.
Argentina $\qquad$ -
4 January is longer than February.
February $\qquad$ .
5 A laptop is more expensive than an iPod.
An iPod $\qquad$
6 Fridays are better than Mondays.
Mondays $\qquad$
7 A stove is hotter than a refrigerator.
A refrigerator $\qquad$ -.

8 Spanish is easier than English.
English $\qquad$ .

2 VOCABULARY high numbers
a ficherer Listen and circle the correct numbers.

| 1 | 104 | 304 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 586 | 596 |
| 3 | 2,670 | 2,660 |
| 4 | 8,905 | 9,905 |
| 5 | 11,750 | 12,750 |
| 6 | 543,830 | 553,830 |
| 7 | $1,315,000$ | $1,350,000$ |
| 8 | $25,460,000$ | $35,460,000$ |

b Checker Listen and write the numbers in words.
1125
2895
3 4,500
4 12,470
5 33,930
6 575,600
7 6,250,000
$834,800,265$

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /ər/, sentence stress

a Write the words in the chart.
better bigger cheaper colder dirtier drier easier
healthier higher slower thinner worse

|  | fish |  | $\underset{\text { egg }}{\substack{\mathcal{E} \\ E}}$ | phone | $\xrightarrow[\text { bike }]{21}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | better |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

b Fhecker Listen and repeat. stressed words.

1 A pencil is cheaper than a pen.
2 China is bigger than Japan.
3 The kitchen is dirtier than the living room.
4 An apple is healthier than a cookie.
5 Canada is colder than Mexico.
6 Everest is higher than Kilimanjaro.
d fichedx Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

## 4 READING

a Read the sentences. Do you think they are T (true) or F (false)? Then read the article and check.

1 There are fewer car accidents on Tax Day.
2 Elephants remember more than other animals.
3 South America is bigger than North America.

## 5 LISTENING

fhecker Listen to a conversation between a couple talking about two cities with the same name. Write T (true) or F (false).

1 More people live in Birmingham, UK than Birmingham,US. I
2 Birmingham, US is bigger than Birmingham, UK. -
3 Birmingham, US is greener than Birmingham, UK. -
4 Birmingham, US is older than Birmingham, UK. -
5 Birmingham, US is wetter than Birmingham, UK. -
6 Birmingham, US is hotter than Birmingham, UK. -

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
contestants /kən'testants/ population /papys'lerfn/
prize /praiz/
approximately ね'praksəmətli/
win a competition /win a kampa'tifn/

## Checker TESTS FILE 9

b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.


1
Elephants have brains that are bigger than any other land mammal. The expression "an elephant never forgets" suggests that the bigger an animal's brain is, the better that animal can remember things. Animal researchers discovered that this is actually true for elephants! These animals can remember details about areas of land as big as 1,200 square miles!

2There are 12 countries in South America including Argentina and Brazil. It has an area of $6,888,062$ square miles and its population is over 371,090,000. North America includes Canada and the US, but it also contains the countries of Central America. It covers an area of about $95,401,198$ square miles, and its population is almost 529 million. This makes it bigger than South America.

3When the American Medical Association studied the number of people injured in traffic accidents in the US, they got a surprise. They discovered that there were more dangerous car accidents on Tax Day. Tax Day is every year around April 15. People in the US are busy around this time!
4. Experts have different opinions about margarine and butter, and there is a big argument about which one is better for you. The truth is that margarine today is better than it was in the past because producers use a different type of vegetable oil. Butter still contains a lot of animal fat. Margarine today contains less fat which makes it healthier than butter.

## Practical English At a restaurant

## 1 VOCABULARY AND READING

a Look at the menu and answer the questions.
1 Which is the best appetizer for somebody on a diet?
2 What main course can a vegetarian have?
3 Can you have fruit for dessert?
4 How many types of coffee are there?
5 Do children pay the same as adults?
Taste of Heaven Restaurant MENU

## Appetizers

Chicken soup ..... $\$ 6.50$
Shrimp cocktail ..... $\$ 9.25$
Grilled vegetables with low-fat cheese (V) ..... $\$ 6.75$
Salads
Tossed salad (V) ..... $\$ 5.50$
Seafood salad ..... 57.25
Main courses
Roast beef served with roast potatoes and vegetables ..... $\$ 19.25$
Mushroom risotto with Parmesan cheese (V) ..... $\$ 11.50$
Grilled salmon served with French fries and peas ..... \$16.75
Desserts
fresh fruit salad ..... $\$ 6.95$
Chocolate brownie with cream ..... $\$ 8.50$
New York cheesecake ..... $\$ 8.25$
Beverages
Iced tea ..... \$2.75
Soda ..... $\$ 2.75$
Coffee (espresso or latte) ..... $\$ 2.25$
Today's specials$\$ 19.95$ (see the board for the daily specials)25\% discount on children's portions(V) Suitable for vegetarians

## 2 ORDERING A MEAL

Complete the dialogue with one word in each blank.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A Good evening. Do you have } a^{1} \text { reservation ? } \\
& \text { B Yes, } a^{2} \\
& \text { Regina Morgan. } \\
& \text { for two. My name's } \\
& \text { A Come this }{ }^{3} \\
& \text { A Are you ready to }{ }^{4} \quad \text {, please. }
\end{aligned}
$$

B Yes. The grilled vegetables and the mushroom risotto, please.
C $\qquad$ like the shrimp cocktail and
then the roast beef, please.
A What would you ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ to drink?
C $\qquad$ water for me.
B A bottle of mineral water, please.
A ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ or sparkling?
B Is sparkling OK?
C Yes, sparkling.
A Thank you, madam.
B Thankyou.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Match the sentences $1-6$ to the correct responses a-f.
1 What do you do on your birthday? $\square$
2 Would you like a dessert?
3 A decaf espresso.
4 Can I use your phone?
5 Good news?
6 Could we have the bill, please?
a Not for me, thanks.
b Yes. I got the job!
c Nothing speciat.
d Yes, of course, sir.
e The same for me, please.
f Yes, go ahead.
b Underline the words or phrases you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

## 10A The most dangerous road...

## 1 GRAMMAR superlative adjectives

a Complete the chart.

| Adjective | Comparative | Superlative |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 cold | colder | the coldest |
| 2 high |  |  |
| 3 expensive |  |  |
| 4 dry |  |  |
| 5 dangerous |  |  |
| 6 hot |  |  |
| 7 beautiful |  |  |
| 8 interesting |  |  |
| 9 good |  |  |
| 10 bad |  |  |

b Write the questions.
1 What / small continent / world What's the smallest continent in the world $\qquad$
2 What/big ocean/world

3 What / large country / world
$\qquad$
4 What / populated city / world
5 What / wet place / world
$\qquad$
6 What / dry desert / world
$\qquad$
7 What / common native language / world

8 What / cold place / world
$\qquad$ ?
c Circle the correct answer to the questions in $\mathbf{b}$.
1 a Australia
b Europe
c South America
2 a The Atlantic
b The Pacific
c The Indian Ocean

3 a Canada
b China
c Russia
4 a Mumbai
b Shanghai
c Buenos Aires
5 a India
b Ireland
c Brazil
6 a The Sahara Desert (Africa)
b The Painted Desert (The US)
c The Atacama Desert (South America)
7 a Mandarin Chinese
b English
c Hindi
8 a The Arctic
b Alaska
c The Antarctic

## 2 VOCABULARY places and buildings

a Complete the sentences with a word in each box.
art department parking police post shopping town train
gallery hall lot office station station store
1 Where can you visit different stores?
At a shopping mall_.
2 Where can you see paintings?
In an $\qquad$ .
3 Where can you get a train from?
From a $\qquad$ -.

4 Where can you buy a stamp?
At a $\qquad$ -.

5 Where can you talk to a police officer?
At a $\qquad$ _.
6 Where can you buy clothes for all the family?
At a $\qquad$
7 Where can you leave your car?
At a $\qquad$ -
8 Where can you speak to a local politician?
In the $\qquad$ _.
b Complete the puzzle. Can you find the hidden word?


## 3 PRONUNCIATION consonant groups

Gcheder Listen and repeat the sentences.
1 It's the cheapest place to live.
2 It's the highest mountain in the world.
3 He's the healthiest person in the family.
4 It's the prettiest town in the country.
5 It's the most difficult language to learn.
6 It's the most polluted city in the area.
7 They're the most attractive couple I know.
8 She's the most intelligent person in the class.

## 4 LISTENING

a Gicizaket Listen to a radio interview with a travel writer.
What is his book called?
b ficheaken Listen again. Complete the sentences.
1 Uluru is the $\qquad$ music in the world.
2 It's $\qquad$ feet long.
3 The world's highest waterfall is in $\qquad$ -.

4 The tallest building in the world is $\qquad$ feet high.
5 The world's oldest city began in $\qquad$ BC.
6 The world's longest train track goes from to Vladivostok.
7 The shortest runway in the world is $\qquad$ feet long.

## 5 READING

a Read the text and write T (true) or F (false).
1 Ulm Münster is the world's biggest church.
2 You can sometimes see the mountains from the top of the church.
3 Ulm Münster was the city's first church.
4 Construction of the church took over 500 years.
5 The church opens every day at 8 o'clock.
6 It's very expensive to visit Ulm Münster.
b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.

## SKY'S

Ulm Münster in Germany is the tallest church in the world. The tallest part of the church is the steeple, which is 528 feet high and contains 768 steps. From the top of the church there is a view of the city, and on a clear day you can see the Alps.
Before the Münster was built, Ulm already had a church outside the city walls. However, the inhabitants of the city decided that they wanted a new church in the town center, and they agreed to pay for the building.
Construction of the church began in 1377 , but the building wasn't completed until May 31, 1890. At first, the work was difficult because the heaviest parts fell down and the builders had to repair them. Then construction stopped from 1543 to 1817 for political reasons.
Today, tourists can visit the church every day of the year. In the winter, the church is open from 9 a.m. to $4: 45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. and the church is open in the summer months from 8 a.m. to $7: 45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Admission to the church is free, but the price of climbing the steeple is $€ 3$ for adults and $€ 2$ for children.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

accidents «ksadants/
fun /fin/
region /ridzən/
almost /olmoust
popular /'papyalar/
wide (opposite narrow) /wald
below (opposite above) /bs'lou/

## 108 CouchSurf around the world!

1 GRAMMAR be going to (plans), future time expressions
a Order the words to make sentences.
1 are / there / you / get / to / How / going How are you going to get there $\qquad$
2 to / isn't / He / a / going / stay / in / hotel
3 show / to / They're / city / going / the / me
4 good / going / time / have / We're / to / a
5 is / home / to / she / going / When / go
6 not / sights / going / I'm / see / the / to
b Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of going to.
1 Are they going to leave by train? (they / leave)
2 We $\qquad$ our friends the city. (show)
3 They $\qquad$ nice meals in expensive restaurants. (have)
4 $\qquad$ with a friend? (you / stay)
5 They $\qquad$ the museum. (not visit)
6
He $\qquad$ a lot of people. (meet)
8 She $\qquad$ on vacation this year. (not go)
c Complete the dialogue. Use the correct form of going to.
A So, where ${ }^{1}$ are you going to go (go) on vacation?
B $1^{2}$ (travel) around the US for a few weeks.
A Really? Where ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ (stay)?
B Well, this year $I^{4}$ $\qquad$ (not/sleep) in hotels. Instead, I'm going to CouchSurf.
A CouchSurf? What a great idea! ${ }^{\text {s }}$ $\qquad$ (travel) alone?
B Yes, I am. My best friend ${ }^{6}$ $\qquad$ (drive) to San Diego with some friends. They ${ }^{7}$ on the beach, and they ${ }^{8}$ $\qquad$ (spend) all day (dance) all night.
Idon't like that kind of vacation. $1^{9}$ $\qquad$ (meet) a lot of new people and see a lot of new places.
A Which states ${ }^{10}$ $\qquad$ ? (visit)
B Virginia first, and then North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia. My CouchSurfing hosts ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ (show) me the sights. $1^{12}$ $\qquad$ (have) a great time!

## 2 VOCABULARY vacations

a Write the expressions in the correct column.
backhome by train a good time on vacation
the sights in a hotel nice meals
somebody around your town with a friend

| GO | back home |
| :--- | :--- |
| HAVE |  |
| SEE |  |
| SHOW |  |
| STAY |  |

b Complete the text with the verbs from $\mathbf{a}$.


Maria is really happy because she's going to ${ }^{1}$ go on vacation tomorrow. She's going to ${ }^{2}$ with her cousins in Buenos Aires. They're going to ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ her around the city, and she's going to ${ }^{4}$ all the sights. They're going to ${ }^{5}$ a lot of nice meals together. She's going to ${ }^{6}$ by plane, and she's going to ? $\qquad$ in Buenos
Aires for a week. The second week, Maria and her cousins are going to travel to the coast. They're going to ${ }^{8}$ in a hotel, and they're going to
9 $\qquad$ a great time. Maria's going to
${ }^{10}$ back to Buenos Aires before she goes home.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION <br> sentence stress

a fhecker Listen and underline the stressed words.
1 How are you going to get there?
2 Where are you going to stay?
3 We're going to stay for a week.
4 I'm going to see the sights.
5 We aren't going to go by car.
6 I'm not going to stay in a hotel.
iChecrer Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

## 4 LISTENING

a
GChecker Listen to four speakers talking about their first experience CouchSurfing. How many people did not enjoy the experience? $\qquad$
b fichecker Listen again and match the speakers to the sentences $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{D}$.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Speaker } 1 & \square \quad & \text { Speaker } 3 & \square \\ \text { Speaker } 2 & \square & \text { Speaker } 4 & \square\end{array}$
A CouchSurfing gave me the chance to make friends.
B CouchSurfing helped me with my work.
C My host was also my tour guide to the city.
D My second experience CouchSurfing was better than the first.

## 5 READING

a Read the text. Answer the questions with A (Angela), J (Jay), S (Sofia), or T(Tomo).
1 Which person made new friends while traveling?
2 Who spent very little on accomodations?
3 Who used his or her InterRail pass on another form of transportation?
4 Who was traveling abroad for the first time?
5 Which person found it easy to make new plans while traveling?

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

couch /kaut f/
roommate /'rummert/
a host /a houst/
create a profile /kri'eit a 'proufaul/
recommend (things to do) /reka'mend/
Have a good trip! /hrev a gud 'trip/
It's free. Itts 'fri/
Things didn't work out. / $\operatorname{migz}$ 'didnt wark aut/

## Traveling by InterRail

Since 1972, backpackers have enjoyed the freedom to explore 30 European countries thanks to the InterRail pass. Here, InterRail travelers say why they love InterRail so much.

## Angela Bowman, (23, the US)

Route
Amsterdam - Hamburg - Berlin - Warsaw - Krakow - Prague

- Vienna - Budapest - Zagreb - Split - Mostar - Sarajevo -
Belgrade

I love InterRail because you can go where you want, when you want! When we started our trip, we had an idea of where we wanted to go, but as we traveled, we got new ideas. Changing our plans was easy - you can stay an extra night or two if you like a place, and if you don't like it, you can go somewhere else. The InterRail pass gives you real freedom.

## Jay Honahan (26, Canada)

## Route

Amsterdam - Bonn - Stuttgart - Salzburg - Ljubljana - Split Pescara - Bari - Corfu - Igoumenitsa - Patras - Athens
One of the best things about InterRail is that you get cheaper, or even free travel on ferries as well as trains. I traveled to Split in Croatia and then took the ferry to Pescara in Italy. Then I traveled by InterRail to the south of Italy and then took the ferry to the Greek island of Corfu. It was fantastic! You also get discounts on hotels, tourist attractions, and a lot more.

## Sofia Valenzuela (26, Mexico)

## Route

Paris - Versailles - Épernay - Blois - Angers - Lyons Chamonix - Nice - Monaco - Ventimiglia - Pisa - Florence Perugia - Assisi - Rome - Naples

In six weeks, I met so many new, interesting people and made friends from all over the world. It's a cheap way to travel too, especially if you take the night trains - I saved a lot of money on accomodations this way. I really want to go InterRailing again!

## Tomo Nagasaki (21, Japan)

Route
Innsbruck - Venice - Sienna - Lucca - Pisa - Florence -
Cannes - Monaco - Nice - Figueràs - Rosas - Barcelona -
Paris - Antwerp
This was the first time I'd left Japan, and I loved it. InterRail is safe and easy for first-time travelers. I got an InterRail Global Pass so I could take as many trains as I wanted. I saw many amazing places, and learned a lot about Europe's culture and history. I visited over 15 cities in less than a month. I'm definitely going to do it again next year!

## 10C What's going to happen?

## 1 GRAMMAR be going to (predictions)

a Look at the pictures. Write sentences using these verbs and be going to.


b Write a letter in the box: $\mathbf{A}=$ plan, $\mathbf{B}=$ prediction.
1 I'm going to buy some stamps.
2 It's going to be cold tomorrow.
3 Jim's going to study tonight.
4 Our team is going to lose this game.
5 There's going to be a storm later.
6 I think that restaurant's going to close.
7 They're going to buy a new TV.
8 I'm going to book a flight online.

## 2 VOCABULARY verb phrases

Complete the phrases with verbs from the box.


## 3 PRONUNCIATION the letters 00

a Look at the pairs of words. Check $\checkmark$ the pairs with the same sound and put an $X$ on the pairs that are different.

| 1 choose | school | $\checkmark$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 book | soon | $x$ |
| 3 food | moon |  |
| 4 good | cook |  |
| 5 took | spoon |  |
| 6 look | too |  |

b
fichocker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat.

## 4 READING

a Read the text. Match the headings to the paragraphs.
1 Give me your hand
3 How do you like your tea?
2 Let's play cards
4 What's inside the ball?
b Read the text again and write T (true) or F (false).
1 The easiest way to read tarot cards is to use four cards.
2 An image of a nurse means bad health.
3 A strong heart line means you're going to find love.
4 A shape of a bird means bad luck.
c Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check in your dictionary.

## 5 LISTENING

a
TThecker Listen to Pete and Amy's conversation about the psychic Uri Geller. Was his trick with the spoons real?

b
Fhecker Listen again and write T (true) or F (false)

1 A lot of people watched Uri Geller in the past.
2 Pete and Amy see a video of the trick.
3 Amy doesn't believe the trick at first.
4 Uri doesn't use a normal spoon.
5 Uri doesn't speak during the trick
6 Today, Uri doesn't appear in public.

## Thenamebehind the method

In tasseography, the fortune-teller uses tea leaves to predict the future. You drink a cup of tea and leave a small amount in the bottom of the cup. Then you move the tea around the cup three times, cover it with a saucer, and turn it upside down. The fortune-teller looks at the shape the tea leaves make. For example, a bird means that you're going to have good news.

## B

In crystallomancy, the fortune-teller uses a glass ball. She places the ball on the table between you and her, and looks into it for a long period of time. At first, the ball looks dull and cloudy, but then it clears and images start to appear. The fortune-teller uses these pictures to predict your future. For example, a nurse means that you're going to be sick.

C
In tarot reading, the fortune-teller uses a special pack of tarot cards to predict the future. There are 78 cards in the pack, and there are different ways of using them. The quickest is to lay three cards on the table from left to right. The cards represent the past, the present, and the future. The fortune-teller turns over the cards and says what they mean. For example, the sun means that you're going to become famous.

D
Chiromancy is also called palmistry and it's when the fortune-teller studies the lines on the palm of your hand to predict your future. There are four major lines on the hand: the life line, the head line, the heart line, and the health line. For example, a strong heart line means that you're going to find the right partner and be happy in your life.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

soon /sun/
be lucky /hi laki/
Come in! /ksm m/
get married $\mathrm{g} \varepsilon \mathrm{t}$ 'marid
move to another country /muv tu anaðər 'kantri/

## 11A First impressions

## 1 GRAMMAR adverbs (manners and modifiers)

a Complete the sentences with an adverb.
1 The French cook perfect meals.
They cook perfectly.
2 The Americans are careful drivers. They drive $\qquad$ —.

3 The British are very polite.
They speak very $\qquad$ _.

4 The Brazilians are good at soccer. They play soccer $\qquad$ .
5 The Japanese are very hard workers. They work very $\qquad$ -.

6 The Canadians eat healthy food. They eat $\qquad$ .
7 The Argentinians are beautiful performers. They perform $\qquad$ .
b Circle the correct word.
1 My brother dresses casual /casually.
2 Shoji cooks real / really well.
3 It's easy/ easily to ride a bike.
4 They walked quick / quickly to the train station.
5 He's very quiet / quietly. He never says anything!
6 Elena's pizzas are incredible / incredibly.
7 My French is very bad / badly.
8 Can you speak more slow / slowly?
9 Mark speaks English good / well.
10 She eats unhealthily / unhealthy.
11 They have real / really stressful jobs.


## 2 VOCABULARY common adverbs

Make adverbs from the adjectives and complete the sentences.
eareful good easy hard healthy incredible perfect quiet
In the ideal city...
1 ...car drivers drive _carefully_.
2 ...workers work $\qquad$ .
3 ...families eat $\qquad$ -.
4 ...people speak foreign languages $\qquad$ _.
5 ...you can travel around $\qquad$ .

6 ...people talk $\qquad$ .
7 ...everybody treats tourists $\qquad$ .
8 ...everything is $\qquad$ cheap.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION word stress

a Underline the stressed syllable in the adverbs. Which three adverbs are not stressed on the first syllable?

| 1 beaultifully | 4 dangeirously | 7 perifectlly |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 carefully | 5 falshionably | 8 politelly |
| 3 calsually | 6 incredibly | 9 unhealithilly |

b

## 4 READING

a Read the text. Match the headings A-D to the paragraphs.
A The Mexican way oflife
B Feeling at home abroad
C My first impressions
D Not what I expected

## First impressions of Mexico City

Christina Hornick, from the US, came to Mexico for the first time three years ago. She now lives in Mexico City where she is a teacher.

1
You always remember your first impressions of a new country. When I first came to Mexico City, I didn't know much about Mexico at all. I didn't know anything about the culture. I didn't think the food was very different from American food, and I expected the weather to be similar to North Carolina in the US-maybe even warmer! But when I got there, I discovered how wrong I was.

2
It was summer, and it was warm, but not hot. In fact, the temperature was about 70 degrees Fahrenheit. My first impression was that Mexico City was more beautiful than I expected. I spent a lot of time looking at the incredible architecture. The city was so colorful and had a wonderful atmosphere. I saw pink, yellow, and red houses. The trees were colorful too with pink and purple flowers.

3
Mexican people are very friendly. A lot of Mexicans can speak a little English, and some speak it very well. I speak Spanish pretty well, but when I make a mistake, my Mexican friends don't mind. Mexican people are very hospitable and they love to socialize - get together, eat, sing and play music. At parties, there is often a lot of delicious, homemade food to eat. And there is often very loud music which makes it hard to hear people!

4
Mexico is a great place to live. It has everythingfriendly people, great public transportation, and delicious food. In Mexico City, the summers are warm, and the winters are cool. It's great weather for long walks in the nearby canyons. Mexico has mountains, lakes, beaches, and rivers. It has many beautiful cities and a fascinating culture. I still love the US, but Mexico feels like home now.
b Complete the sentences with words in the box.

| atmosphere <br> hospitality | culture <br> architecture | socializing <br> expect | fascinating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 Beforeshe went to Mexico City, Christina didn't know much about Mexican $\qquad$ —.

2 She didn't $\qquad$ the city to be so beautiful.
3 She was very impressed by the $\qquad$ in Mexico City.
4 She liked the colors and the wonderful $\qquad$ of the city.
5 The $\qquad$ of the Mexican people is warm and welcoming.
6 Mexican people like $\qquad$ with their friends and family.
7 Christina finds the Mexican culture $\qquad$ .
c Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check with your dictionary.

## 5 LISTENING

Chemker Listen to two people talking about where they live. Answer the questions.

## Speaker 1 Toronto, Canada

1 Where don't people usually go on the weekends?
2 How do people normally dress during the week?
3 Why is Toronto's nickname "Hollywood North?"

Speaker 2 Reykjavik, Iceland
4 When do people go to swimming pools and hot tubs?
5 What are there very few of in the Icelandic countryside?
6 How many people are there...? in Reykjavik in the second-biggest city
7 What kind of things do Icelandic people make?


## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

a foreigner /foranar/
myth $/ \mathrm{mi}$ -
subtitles "sabtanlz/
incredible /n'kredabl
incredibly /n'kredabli/
dress (well) /dres/
a strong accent /a stroj 'eksent/
first impressions /forst im'prefnz.
get dark /get 'durk/
in general /n "djenaral/
lock (your) doors /lak 'dorz

## 118 What do you want to do?

## 1 GRAMMAR verb + infinitive

a Complete the sentences with to and a verb in the box.

```
become cook download ge ride spend
stop visit
1 I'd like to go on a safari.
2 \mp@code { M y ~ b r o t h e r ' s ~ l e a r n i n g }
    a motorcycle.
3 \text { Do you need}
```

$\qquad$

``` less time on your computer?
4 She wants
``` \(\qquad\)
``` biting her nails.
5 Would you like
``` \(\qquad\)
``` New York City?
6 We know all their songs, so we don't need
```

$\qquad$

``` the lyrics.
7 I'm leaving home next month so I need to learn
```

$\qquad$

``` a meal.
8 Do you want
``` \(\qquad\)
``` a singer?
```

b Write sentences or questions with would like. Use contractions.
1 he / have very long hair $\square$
-He wouldn't like to have very long hair $\qquad$ .
2 you / climb a mountain?
$\qquad$ $?$

3 we / get up earlier $\dagger$

4 I learn to fly a plane $\ddagger$
she / make a short movie
they / get married ?

## 2 VOCABULARY verbs that take the infinitive

Match the sentences $1-8$ with the sentences $a-h$.
1 I'm taking some lessons.
2 Our washing machine is broken.
3 I have a lot of dresses.
4 I'm playing tennis tomorrow.
5 That girl is Brazilian so I can't speak to her.
6 We are looking at hotels in Miami, Florida.
7 I don't have time to do my homework now.
8 I love Carrie Underwood and her music.
a I'd like to learn Portuguese.
b I promise to do it later.
c I hope to win the match.
d I want to get tickets to her concert.
e We're planning to go there on vacation.
f łomearningtodrive
g We need to buy a new one.
h I decided to wear the red one.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a Underline the stressed words.
1 A Would you like to drive a sports car?
B Yes, I'd love to.
A Why?
B Because I love cars, and I love driving.
2 A Would you like to ride a horse?
B No, I wouldn't.
A Why not?
B Because I don't like horses.
3 A Do you want to learn to cook?
B Yes, I need to.
A Why?
B Because I want to live on my own.
b Fhecker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the dialogues.

## 4 LISTENING

a fhecker Listen to a TV host interviewing three people about things they want to do with their lives. What are their ambitions?


1 Dave


2 Carolina


## 3 Eddie

b iChecker Listen again and write T (true) or F (false).
1 Dave had a bicycle when he was younger.
2 Dave isn't a father. -
3 Carolina is planning to visit Canada with her sister.
4 Carolina enjoys flying.
5 Eddie has tickets to see his favorite band in concert.
6 Kings of Leon isn't touring this year.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
ambitions /æem'bifnz/
recipes /'resəpiz/
preferably /'preโərabli
serious /'sırios
translate /"trenslent
be yourself /hi yor'self/
bite your nails batt yor 'neilzi
(see a band) live laiv
stay awake /steı a'werk

## 5 READING

a Read the text. Answer the questions with J (Julio), K (Kimberley), Y (Yusuke), or G (Greg).

## Things I want to do

## Iulio, 25, 8 razil

I'd love to be in Times Square in New York City at midnight on New Year's Eve! And I'd like it to be snowing, too - that's more romantic. People say that the atmosphere there is amazing. I think it would be a great experience.

## Kimberly, 31, Canada

I want to visit the Amazon rainforest. It's such a unique and fascinating place, and I'm really interested in the wildlife that lives there. I'd like to do a trek and go camping there for three weeks or so. I've seen a lot of movies about explorers, and now l'd like to do something really exciting myself.

## Yusuke, 26, Japan

What I want to do is go on a road trip across Europe with my two best friends. I've been to the US and Canada, but l've never been to Europe. I want to see all the famous tourist sites like the Eiffel Tower, Big Ben, and the Leaning Tower of Pisa. I read about them in books when I was a child - it would be a dream come true for me to see them in real life.

## Greg, 34, the US

It's not very original, but I'd like to drive a really expensive sports car up the coast of California with my wife next to me in the passenger seat. However, right now I own a Toyota Corolla, so I may have to wait a few years before I can achieve my dream!

1 Which person became interested in his or her dream when he or she was very young?
2 Who wants to be part of a traditional celebration?
3 Who needs to buy something before he or she can achieve his or her dream?
4 Which person would like some adventure?
b Guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check the meaning and pronunciation in your dictionary.

## 11C Men, women, and the Internet

## 1 GRAMMAR articles

a Correct the mistake in each answer (B).

| 1 A Where are the children? | B They're at the schoo |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 A What do you do? | B I'm engineer. |
| 3 A Where's the juice? | B In a refrigerator. |
| 4 A What's that? | B A ID card. |
| 5 A How often do you go? | B Twice the week. |
| 6 A What animals do you like? B Ilike the dogs. |  |
| 7 A How did you travel? | B By a train. |
| 8 A Where did you get that? | B On Internet. |

b Complete the text with the, a $\mid$ an, or - .


## 2 VOCABULARY The internet

Unscramble the words to complete the sentences.
1 All our hotel rooms have wi-fi_(IW-IF) access.
2 It's cheaper to $\qquad$ (PKSEY) than to make a phone call.
3 Do you ever shop $\qquad$ (NONELI)?
4 You only need your username and your password to (GOL NI).
5 Do you want to $\qquad$ (DLWODNAO) this file?
6 I sometimes forget to include the $\qquad$ (TATHCANEMT) in my emails.
7 I need to $\qquad$ (RASHEC ROF) some information before I write my report.
8 You can $\qquad$ (OGLEGO) the name of the restaurant to find out the address.
9 They're going to $\qquad$ (POLUDA) their vacation pictures tonight.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION word stress

a Underline the stressed syllable in these words.

| 1 email | network | website |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 address | online | results |
| 3 document | Internet | username |
| 4 attachment | computer | directions |

b FWeaker Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

## 4 READING

a Read the article. When did the World Wide Web begin? $\qquad$
b Read the article again and number the events in the order they happened.

Tim Berners-Lee developed a new computer language.
A mericans opened an agency to develop new technology.
They put the new language on the Internet.
1 The Russians sent a satellite into space.
$\square$ The World Wide Web made the Internet available to all computer users.
The network changed its name to the Internet.
The agency developed a network to connect computers.
Berners-Lee and a colleague used the new language to write a new program.

## 5 LISTENING

a Cheaker Listen to four speakers talking about how they use the Internet. Match speakers 1-4 to the thing they do most often.
Speaker $\square$ uses a social network.
Speaker plays games.
Speaker does a job. Speaker talks to family and friends.
b Fhecker Listen again and match the speakers to the sentences A-D.
Speaker 1
Speaker 2
Speaker 3
Speaker 4
A This person often puts photos on the Internet.
B This person likes his / her job.
C This person uses the Internet to relax.
D This person saves money because of the Internet.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

advice ad'vais
both bastil
password /piesward/
username /'yuzarnem/
book (tickets / hotels) buk/
lose weight /luz 'werl/
make transfers /meık 'trænsfərz/
online shopping /anlaın 'Japin/
pay bills /pes 'bilz.

## The story behind the World Wide Web

To find out when the World Wide Web began, we first need to look at the Internet. The origins of the Internet go back to the space race of the 1950s. After the Russians sent the satellite Sputnik into space, Americans wanted to develop their own technology further, so they set up ARPA - the Advanced Research Projects Agency. This agency found a way of connecting computers, which they called ARPANET. In 1974, they changed its name to the internetwork or Internet for short.

In 1980, a scientist at CERN, the European Organization for Nuclear Research, wrote a computer program so that he and his colleagues could share their research. The scientist's name was Tim Berners-Lee, and his software was called ENQUIRE. At first, only scientists at CERN could use the program, which contained a new computer language called hypertext. Then, in 1991, he and a colleague wrote a more advanced version of the program which made hypertext available over the Internet. This was the beginning of the World Wide Web, as we know it. The first website and web server was info.cern.ch. Today, there are more than 227 million websites containing over 65 billion web pages.

Over two billion people now use the Internet, which is nearly a third of the world's population.

## Practical English Going home

## 1 VOCABULARY Public transportation

Complete the paragraphs.
1 You cangeta taxior ${ }^{1} c \underline{c} b$ at a taxi ${ }^{2}$ s $\qquad$ People usually give the driver a ${ }^{3} t$ $\qquad$ _.
2 Before you get a plane, you have to ${ }^{4} \mathrm{ch}$ $\qquad$ in online or at the airport.
Then you go through security to the ${ }^{5} \mathrm{~d}$ $\qquad$ area. Finally, you
go to your ${ }^{6} \mathrm{~g}$ $\qquad$ —.
3 You get a subway at a subway ${ }^{7}$ st $\qquad$ First, you get $a^{8} t$ $\qquad$ , and then you find the right ${ }^{9} \mathrm{Pl}$ $\qquad$ _.

4 You get a ${ }^{10} b$ $\qquad$ at a station or a stop. You can buy a ticket in advance or sometimes you can pay the ${ }^{11} \mathrm{dr}$ $\qquad$ _.

## 2 GETTING TO THE AIRPORT

Complete the conversations with a sentence in the box.

## Can I pay by credit card?

Could youtattme a taxi, please?
Could I have a ticket to O'Hare Airport, please? How much is it? And could I have a receipt?
Now, please. One-way, please.
Coach, please. To Union Station.
1 A Could you call me a taxi, please?
B Yes, of course. Where to?
A
B And when would you like it for?
A $^{3}$
2 A $^{4}$
C That's $\$ 18.50$, please.
A Make it $\$ 20$.
C Yes, of course. Thank you very much, sir.
3 A
D One-way or round-trip?
A ?
D Coach or first class?
A
D That's $\$ 18.50$.
A 9
D Yes, of course.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Match the words to make phrases.

| 1 I can't | $\boxed{e}$ | a to accept. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 Thank you | $\square$ | b good trip. |
| 3 I'd love | $\square$ | c in Rio de Janeiro. |
| 4 I'm so | $\square$ | d so much. |
| 5 Have a | $\square$ | e betieve it |
| 6 | See you | $\square$ | f happy.

## 4 READING

a Read the text about O'Hare International Airport.

## O'Hare International Airport

A
O'Hare International Airport is the second-busiest international airport in the US, and more than 32 million passengers pass through it every year. Below you can find different ways of getting to the airport.
BY CAR
If you're planning to drive to O'Hare Airport, you need to take interstate I-190 and turn off on Bessie Coleman Drive. The airport is 19 miles from downtown Chicago and takes about 35 minutes during quiet times.

## BY BIKE

Ride your bike to O'Hare Airport's Parking Lot E. You can leave your bike in a special bike parking area in this parking lot. Then take the Airport Transit System (ATS) to the terminal buildings.

## BY TRAIN

Chicago Transit Authority's Blue Line runs every ten minutes. It takes about an hour to go from Forest Park to O'Hare Airport. A one-way ticket costs $\$ 2.25$. Students and senior citizens can ride for a reduced price.

## BY BUS

Several different bus companies around Chicago operate services to O'Hare Airport. These buses run 24 hours a day and drop you off in front of the terminal buildings. The price for a one-way ticket can be as low as just a few dollars.

## BY TAXI

There are more than 15 different taxi companies to call for a ride to O'Hare Airport. The cost of a taxi from downtown Chicago to the airport is about \$45, and the trip takes about 30 to 45 minutes depending on traffic.
b How did the following people get to O'Hare Airport?

1 Diego made a phone call.
2 Vanessa paid \$2.25.
3 Samantha went from Forest Park.
4 Pete went on the Interstate.
5 Yoshi exercised.
c Underline five words or phrases you don't know. Use your dictionary to look up their meaning and pronunciation.

## 12A Books and movies

## 1 GRAMMAR present perfect

a Write the sentences with contractions.
1 I have not read The Pillars of the Earth. - Ihaven't read The Pillars of the Earth.

2 James has not seen this movie before.

3 They have gone to the movie theater tonight.

4 She has cried at a lot of movies.

5 I have bought all the Harry Potter movies.

6 They have not taken any photos.

7 He has interviewed a famous actor.
8 We have not appeared in a movie.
b Write sentences with the present perfect.
1 she / read/The Help She'sread The Help
2 we / not see / this show
We haven'tseenthis show
3 my parents | fall asleep

4 Adam / appear / in a movie

5 I/ not speak to an actor

6 you / break / the camera

7 Dawn / not cry / at a movie
8 we / not forget / the tickets
c Complete the dialogue.
A ${ }^{1}$ Have you heard (you / hear) of John le Carré?
B Yes, $1^{2}$ (read) some of his books.
A Really? Which books ${ }^{3}$
(you / read)
B $1^{4}$ (read) The Constant Gardener recently. It was great!
A
(you / see) the movie?

B No, but my brother ${ }^{6}$
(see) it. He loves John le Carré.
A $\qquad$ (he/read) Tinker, Tailor, Soldier, Spy?
B Yes, and he ${ }^{8}$ (see) the movie.

## 2 VOCABULARY irregular past participles

a Write the simple past forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

| Infinitive | Simple past | Past participle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 be | was / were | been |
| 2 break |  |  |
| 3 do |  |  |
| 4 eat |  |  |
| 5 fall |  |  |
| 6 forget |  |  |
| 7 go |  |  |
| 8 leave |  |  |
| 9 sing |  |  |
| 10 speak |  |  |
| 11 take |  |  |
| 12 wear |  |  |

b Use past participles from the chart in a to complete the sentences.

1 Have you ever __sung__karaoke?
2 We've never $\qquad$ the movie theater before the end of a movie.
3 My sister has never $\qquad$ octopus before.
4 Has your brother ever $\qquad$ your birthday?
5 Have you ever $\qquad$ glasses?
6 I've never $\qquad$ my leg.
7 My friend hasn't $\qquad$ the homework.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a iChecker Listen and underline the stressed words.

A Have you read The Millennium Trilogy?
B No, I haven't.
A Have you seen the movies?
B Yes, I have. I've seen all of them.
b fichecker Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

## 4 READING

a Read the article about a movie adaptation of a book. Did fans prefer the ending in the book or the movie?


My Sister's Keeper
Fans of American author Jodi Picoult who have read her novel My Sister's Keeper get a big surprise when they see the movie. This is because the movie has a completely different ending from the book.
The novel tells the story of 13 -year-old Anna Fitzgerald who was born to save the life of her older sister, Kate, who is very sick. Kate has cancer and Anna goes to hospital many times to give her sister blood and other things to keep Kate alive. However, when Anna is 13, she finds out that Kate needs one of her kidneys, and she decides that she doesn't want to give it to her. Anna goes to find a lawyer to help her fight her case in court.
At the end of the book, Anna wins her case so that in the future she can make her own decisions about her body. Unfortunately, the same day as she wins the case, she is in her lawyer's car when they have a serious accident. Anna is brain-dead after the crash, and the lawyer gives the doctors permission to use Anna's kidney. So in the end, Anna dies and Kate lives.

At the end of the movie, before they know the result of the court case, Kate and Anna's brother, Jesse, tells the family that Kate doesn't want to have any more operations. Kate dies and then Anna's lawyer visits the house to tell Anna she has won the case. So, in the movie Kate dies and Anna lives.

A website asked the people who have read the book and seen the movie to vote on the two different endings. $77 \%$ said that they hated the new ending while $13 \%$ said they preferred it to the ending in the book. Ten percent said that they enjoyed both the book and the movie and that the ending made no difference to them.

b Read the article again and choose $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$, or c .
1 Jodi Picoult is...
a a lawyer.
b a writer.
c adoctor.
2 Anna's parents had Anna because...
a they wanted another child.
b they wanted to save their daughter.
c they wanted another girl.
3 ...dies at the end of the book.
a The healthy sister
b The sister who was sick
c The brother
4 ... dies at the end of the movie.
a The healthy sister
b The sister who was sick
c The brother
$5 \ldots$ of the people who voted didn't think the ending was important.
a $77 \%$
b $13 \%$
c $10 \%$
5 LISTENING
a
fichecker Listen to a radio program. Who wrote the two books?
b fichecker Listen again. Write T (true) or F (false).
1 Great Expectations was made in 1956.

2 The movie critic is going to talk about two movies.
3 Great Expectations is a black and white movie.
4 The main character in Great Expectations is a girl.
5 The movie is more frightening than the book.
6 The host has read the book The English Patient.
7 The author of The English Patient isn't American.
8 The main character in The English Patient had a car crash.
9 The critic says that the best thing about the movie is the love story.
10 Both the book and the movie have won important prizes.

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

## Learn these words and phrases.

blood /blad/
appear /a'pir/
at least /at 'list/
fall asleep /fol ว'slip/
How about...? /'hau abaut/
order pizza /'ordər 'pitsa/

## 12 B I've never been there!

## 1 GRAMMAR present perfect or simple past?

a Complete the dialogues with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

```
1 A Have you been (you / be) on vacation recently?
    B Yes, we have. We
```

$\qquad$

``` (go) to the beach in July.
2 A When
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (your brother / buy) his motorcyle? B Last week. My parents
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (pay) for it.
3 A
(you / meet) your sister's new roommate?
B Yes, I
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (meet) her at a party last month.
4 A (you / be) to New York?
B Yes, 1
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (go) there last year.
5 A (your parents / ever / give) you an expensive present?
B Yes, I
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (get) a car for my last birthday.
6 A Why (he / send) his wife some flowers yesterday? B Because he
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (forget) their anniversary.
```

b Complete the sentences with gone or been.
1 Has Clare gone home? She isn't at her desk.
2 Have you ever $\qquad$ to Disneyland?
3 My sister isn't here because she's $\qquad$ for a walk.
4 My neighbors are away because they've $\qquad$ on vacation.
5 You look tan. Have you $\qquad$ to the beach?

6 It's late so the children have $\qquad$ to bed.
7 The refrigerator is full because we've $\qquad$ shopping.
8 Have you ever $\qquad$ to an Indian restaurant?
9 My best friend has never $\qquad$ abroad.
10 Jane's parents are out. They've $\qquad$ to the supermarket.

## 2 PRONUNCIATION irregular past participles

a Circle the word with a different vowel sound.

| $\begin{array}{\|ll} 1 & \\ & \\ & \\ & \text { I } \\ & \text { fish } \end{array}$ | $2$ $\qquad$ <br> saw | $\begin{array}{rr} 3 & \varepsilon \\ & \frac{E}{5} \\ & \text { egg } \end{array}$ |  | $5$ <br> train | $6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| given <br> written <br> seen <br> driven | walk <br> call <br> ball <br> last | left <br> heard <br> said <br> sent | come done drunk got | taken <br> made <br> read <br> paid | broken known lost spoken |

b

## 3 VOCABULARY more irregular past participles

a Write the simple past forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

| Infinitive | Simple past | Past participle |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 buy | bought | bought |
| 2 drink |  |  |
| 3 find |  |  |
| 4 give |  |  |
| 5 have |  |  |
| 6 hear |  |  |
| 7 know |  |  |
| 8 lose |  |  |
| 9 make |  |  |
| 10 meet |  |  |
| 11 pay |  |  |
| 12 send |  |  |
| 13 spend |  |  |
| 14 think |  |  |
| 15 win |  |  |

b Complete the sentences with past participles from the chart in a.

1 I'm going to be late. I've $\qquad$ the car keys.
2 Have you ever $\qquad$ long hair?
3 Debbie and Fernando have $\qquad$ a new house.
4 Kenji can't go out because he's $\qquad$ all his money.
5 My parents have never $\qquad$ of Maroon 5.
6 You've $\qquad$ a lot of mistakes.

7 She's $\qquad$ some money in the street.
8 He's $\qquad$ a lot of water today because it's so hot.

## 4 READING

a Read the email. Check $(V)$ the places Jessica has been to.
$\qquad$ Arizona
California
Colorado
New Mexico
Oklahoma
Texas


```
From: Jessica
To: Brianna
Subject: Hi from the US Southwest!
```


## Dear Brianna,

Thanks for your email telling me all the news from home. I'm glad everyone is well and that you're not missing me too much!
We're more than half way through our trip around the US Southwest, and we're having a great time. We've stayed in four states so far, and now we're in Colorado. We spent three days in San Diego, California where we walked on the 3-mile long Mission Beach Boardwalk along the ocean. From San Diego, we drove to Las Vegas, Nevada where we spent two days seeing the sights. We even saw a show by Cirque du Soleil - an amazing live music, performing, and circus show-in one of Las Vegas's many theaters. Our next stop was Phoenix, Arizona, which we found too hot-it was over 100 degrees Fahrenheit during the day. The best part of our visit was the Musical Instrument Museum, which has musical instruments from all over the world. From Phoenix we drove to Santa Fe, New Mexico, where we decided to relax and enjoy a spa. The weather was hot in Santa Fe, but not as hot as Phoenix! We wanted to stay longer, but it was time for us to drive to Colorado. And now here we are in Denver. Denver is a beautiful place with a lot of tall, modem buidlings. We've been to the Denver Zoo today, but unfortunately, it rained-just our luck. We have one more day in Denver, and then we're going to drive to Tulsa. We haven't been to Oklahoma or Texas yet, so we're looking forward to the last part of our trip.
I'll write again when we get to Austin. Until then, take care and give my love to Mom and Dad.
Love,
Joanna
b Read the email again. Where did Jessica...?
1 see performers $\qquad$
2 visit a museum $\qquad$
3 have a relaxing time $\qquad$
4 take a long walk $\qquad$
5 see animals $\qquad$

## 5 LISTENING

a
fChecker Listen to four speakers talking about different places they have been to. Where did they go? When?

Where? When?
Speaker 1 $\qquad$
b fichecker Listen again. Who...?

1 did an extreme sport
2 was in a dangerous situation
3 took part in a local celebration
4 wasn't on vacation

## USEFUL WORDS AND PHRASES

Learn these words and phrases.
recently /'risntli/
romantic /rou'mentik/
Let's forget it. Ilcts far'get it/
TV series /ti 'vi sıriz/
win (a cup or medal) /win/

# $12 C$ <br> The American English File questionnaire 

## 1 GRAMMAR review

a Correct the mistakes in the second sentence.
1 Those are her children. They is very young. They are very young
2 Jim lives in the city center. Your apartment is big.
3 I went shopping yesterday. I bought a shirt new.
4 That's Sophie. She's the sister of Ryan.
5 We love the summer. We go on vacation on August.
6 Tanya is going to lose her job. She always is late.
7 I don't like karaoke. I can't to sing.
8 My brother is late. I'm waiting for he.
9 We're doing the housework. We don't mind clean.
10 Our yard is small. There aren't some plants.
11 The hotel was full. There was a lot of guests.
12 They're very healthy. They don't eat many sugar.
13 I'm 21. I'm more older than you.
14 I don't like crocodiles. They're the more dangerous animals.
15 Hannah likes languages. She speaks Chinese good.
16 My sister has a good job. She's engineer.
b Look at the time expressions and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs. Use the simple present, present continuous, simple past, present perfect, or be going to.
1 We never have pizża for dinner. (have)
2 Caitlin $\qquad$ the dog for a walk twice a day. (take)

3
4 They $\qquad$ tomorrow because Jack is sick. (not come)

5 $\qquad$ you ever $\qquad$ to South America? (be)
6 _your son $\qquad$ to drive next year? (learn)
7 We $\qquad$ meat every day. (not eat)
8 We $\qquad$ a movie next Saturday. (see)

9 $\qquad$ you ever $\qquad$ a famous person? (meet)
10 Last night my husband $\qquad$ dinner. (cook)
11 I think it $\qquad$ tonight. (rain) you usually $\qquad$ to bed
12 What time $\qquad$ on the weekend? (go)
13 My brother $\qquad$ soccer right now. (play)
14 We $\qquad$ to work yesterday. (not walk)
15 What $\qquad$ your daughter $\qquad$ today? (do)
16 I $\qquad$ never $\qquad$ that book, but I'd like to. (read)

## 2 VOCABULARY review: word groups

a Circle the word that is different.

| 1 | Canada | lapanese | Turkey | China |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Iran | Vietnam | Asia | Mexico |
| 3 tall | expensive | dark | slim |  |
| 4 lawyer | teacher | shower | waiter |  |
| 5 aunt | daughter | niece | brother |  |
| 6 spring | cloudy | snowy | windy |  |
| 7 | fireplace | cupboard | sofa | kitchen |
| 8 mushroom | strawberries | onion | peas |  |
| 9 | pharmacy | departmentstore | bridge | shopping mall |

b Continue the series.
1 one, two, three, four -
2 ten, twenty,
3 Monday, Tuesday,
4 first, second,
5 morning, afternoon,
6 once, twice,
7 summer, fall, $\qquad$
8 June, July,
9 second, minute,
10 day, week, $\qquad$
c Complete the phrases with verbs.

| listen | to music | 6 | t | photos |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 d | homework | 7 | h | a noise |
| 3 s | hello | 8 | g | dressed |
| 4 t | a shower | 9 | h | two children |
| 5 g | shopping | 10 | u | a computer |

## 3 PRONUNCIATION review:

 soundsa Circle the word with a different sound.

| fish | 1 rich dirty big |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 <br> tree | 2 bread peas meat |
| æ <br> cat | 3 safe black fat |
| air <br> car | 4 dark day far |
| $\underset{\text { clock }}{\text { al }}$ | 5 money model doctor |
| - 0 <br> saw | 6 mall more met |
| U en bull | 7 cook food good |
|  | 8 who do go |
| $\underset{\text { bird }}{21}$ | 9 tired thirsty nurse |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { E } \\ \text { egg } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 10 eat healthy breakfast |
|  | 11 paid steak said |
| ă <br> bike | 12 buy nice ring |

b GChecker Listen and check.
c Underline the stressed syllable.

| 1 hos pital | 7 I talian |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 expensive | 8 August |
| 3 magazine | 9 difficult |
| 4 head phones | 10 musician |
| 5 administrator | 11 ga rage |
| 6 engineer | 12 ba na nas |

d
flheaker Listen and check.

## 4 READING

Read the article and answer the questions.


THE MOVIES in The Lord of the Rings trilogy have had a big impact on New Zealand. The country has become "Middle Earth" to many of the people who have seen the movies. This comes as no surprise to the movie director Peter Jackson, who is in fact a New Zealander. He chose his home country because he knew that the variety of different landscapes made New Zealand the best place to shoot the movies.
Jackson and his team looked over the whole country for the most beautiful and most appropriate areas. The rolling hills of Matamata became Hobbiton, the village where Bilbo Baggins lives, and the volcanic region of Mount Ruapehu transformed into the fiery Mount Doom, where Sauron first made the Ring. In total, the team used 150 different locations all over New Zealand, and they spent 274 days filming.
Thirty of the locations Jackson used are national parks or conservation sites, so he needed to get special permission to film here. In some cases, a special team dug up the protected plants and took them to special nurseries, where they lived until filming finished. Then the team took them back to the park and replanted them again. In Queenstown, Jackson used enormous red rugs to protect the plants in the battle scenes because there were up to 1,100 people on set every day.
The Lord of the Rings movies have been so popular that the tourist industry in New Zealand has grown dramatically. Today, tour companies offer a wide range of tours to different locations of the movie, including Hobbiton, Mount Doom, and Edoras.

1 Who directed The Lord of the Rings movies?
2 Where is the director from?
3 Why did he choose New Zealand?
4 Which area did they use to create Mount Doom?
5 How many different locations did they use in total?


6 What was the problem with some
7 How did they solve the problem?
8 Which locations from the movies can tourists visit today?
5 LISTENING
GChecken Listen to an advertisement for a day trip and complete the notes.

| Lord of the Rinas Edoras Tour |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Departure time: Christchurch '_2a.m. | Lunch: luxury ${ }^{5}$ |
| Return time: Christchurch ${ }^{2}$ | Price: |
| Transportation: by ${ }^{3}$ | Adults: $\quad$ \$ |
| Destination: Mount ${ }^{4}$ (Edoras) | Children: ${ }^{1} \$$ |

## Listening

## (A)) <br> \section*{1}

Nick Hello.
Sophie Hi, Nick.
Nick Hi, Sophie.
Sophie Nick, what's Sarah's phone number?
Nick Um...it's 917-555-6542.
Sophie Thank you!
2
Receptionist OK...your class on Tuesday is with Paul, and it's in room two. Your class on Thursday is with Kate, and it's in room five.
Student OK, so Thursday is in room three, and Tuesday in room five?
Receptionist No-it's Tuesday in room two, and Thursday in room five.
3
Liz A cheese sandwich and a coffee, please.
Barista That's five dollars and twenty cents, please. Thank you.
Liz Thankyou.
Barista Have a nice day!

## 1 B))

1 A Are you Russian?
B No, I'm Turkish. I'm from Istanbul.
2 A Where are you from?
B We're American. We're from California. We're on vacation in South America.
3 A Where's he from? Is he Spanish?
B No, he isn't. He's from Mexico. He's from Cancún.
4 A Mmmm, delicious. Is it French?
B No, it isn't. It's Italian.
$1 \mathrm{C})$ )
R = Receptionist, $\mathrm{E}=$ Erik
R Good morning. Can I help you?
E Oh, yes. Hello. I have a reservation.
R OK. What's your name?
E Erik.
R Is that Eric with a C?
E No, it's with a K. E-R-I-K.
R OK. And how do you spell your last name?
E T-A-Y-L-O-R
R Canyou repeat that please?
E Yes, of course. Sorry. T-A-Y-L-O-R.
R Thanks. Now just a few questions, Mr. Taylor.
Where are you from?
E I'm from Florida in the United States.
R Where in Florida?
E Miami.
R Miami. OK. And what's your address?
E It's 15 Atkinson Road.
R What's your zip code?
E Sorry?
R The zip code. You know, a number?
E Ah, yes.It's 33156.
R 33156. Great. What's your email address?
E It's eriktaylor@mail.com.
R And what's your phone number?
E My phone number in Miami is 305 - that's the code for Florida - 555-5692.
R 305-555-5692.

E Yes, that's right. And my cell phone number is 305-555-5701.
R 305-555-5701. OK, thanks Mr. Taylor. Here's your keycard. You're in room 503 on the third floor. Enjoy your stay.
E Thank you very much.

## ( A ))

Speaker 1 My bag is very important to me because I have my laptop in it! I also have some files and a pen. Um, I have my cell phone, my wallet, and my keys in my pocket, and I sometimes have a newspaper in my bag.
Speaker 2 Well, in my bag I have, uh, my books for the day, um, some pens and pencils to write with, and a file with lots of paper. Oh, and I have my iPod and my headphones too, so I can listen to music.
Speaker 3 What's in my bag? Well, yeah, I have my sunglasses and my camera. And I have a guidebook with a map. Oh, and I have a Spanish-English dictionary, too, to help me understand the people.
Speaker 4 I have a different bag every day, sometimes it's red, sometimes it's white, it depends. But I always have the same things: some tissues, um, the keys to my desk, uh, my wallet of course, and, uh, sometimes a magazine to read.

## 2B))

1 He's a Hollywood star, but he isn't American. He's very tall and slim. He's about 54 or 55, I think, but he's still very attractive. He has short brown hair and brown eyes. He's an actor.
2 She's young and she isn't very tall. She's usually slim, but it depends. Her hair is really brown, but it's blond in her music videos. She's American and she's a singer.
3 This actor isn't very tall, but he's very strong. He has short dark hair and dark eyes. He's American and I think he's 70 years old.
4 She's about 54 or 55 now and she's very tall and slim. She has blond hair, sometimes long and sometimes short, and green eyes. She's a British actress and she's in some of the Harry Potter movies.
5 He's a British singer and musician. He's about 62 or 63 now, I think.He's really slim. He has short blond hair, and blue eyes. He is also an actor.
$2 C)$ )
1 A I'm bored.
B Me, too.
A I know! Let's watch a DVD.
B Good idea.
A We can watch the new Batman movie.
B OK.
A Turn on the TV.OK, now... where's the movie?
2 A I'm hungry.
B Are you?
A Yes, I am. ls the restaurant open?
B No, it isn't. It's only five o'clock.
A Oh.
B Let's call reception. We can ask for some sandwiches.
A Great idea! Give me the phone.

3 A I'mhot.
B Turn on the air conditioning, then.
A It's already on.
B Is it? OK, then let's open the windows.
A Are we there yet?
B Yes, we are. Don't worry. It's only another 4 miles.
4 B I'm not hungry.
A Why not?
B I'm stressed. I have a lot of problems at work.
A Relax! It's the weekend. Let's go for a long walk and you can tell me all about it.
B Great.
A Finish your salad and we can go.
B OK. Let's pay the bill.
5 A I'm tired.
B I know. It's very late.
A What time is our plane?
B At 11:15 p.m. That's another hour to wait.
A An hour!
B Yes. Come on. Let's have a coffee. It might wake us up.

## ( A ))

Hannah Ilike the parks in Britain, especlally Hyde Park in London. The parks are clean and some are really big, and it's great to go for a walk and see so many trees and plants in the middle of a city. There is always something interesting to see or do, too. Sometimes there are festivals where you can hear music or watch a movie. But I can also relax, and read a newspaper on a Sunday morning.
But, I don't like the food here - it's very expensive, and I can't find good Korean food!
Lina In Britain, 1 think that people are very friendly and polite. At work, it's relaxed, and my colleagues always help me when I have a question or a problem. I also really like the buildings in Britain; the old buildings are very beautiful.
What don't I like about Britain? There are a lot of people and there's a lot of traffic, especially in London. It's difficult to relax.
Julianna What I really like about Britain is that it's really easy to meet people from all over the world. It's very international, and I think that most people are friendly to people from other countries. I also really like eating food from different parts of the world - in Britain you can try food from every country!
I think it's difficult to make friends in Britain. People like to help and are very polite, but it can take a long time to become friends with British people.

## (B))

$\mathbf{H}=$ Host, $\mathbf{J}=$ James, $\mathbf{M}=$ Maria, $\mathbf{F}=$ Frank
H Good evening and welcome to What's Your Job? And our team tonight is Maria, who's a lawyer...
M Good evening.
H ...and Frank, who's an actor.
F Good evening.
H And our first guest tonight is...
J James.

H Hello, James. OK team, you have one minute to ask James questions about his job, starting now. Let's have your first question.
M James, do you make things?
J No. No, I don't.
F James, do you have a college degree?
J Yes, Ido.
M Do you speak any foreign languages?
J No, I don'r need any foreign languages.
F Do you wear a uniform?
J Well, it's not really a uniform, but I wear a white coat, yes.
M Doyoutravel?
J Uh, I don't go to different countries, but I drive to people's houses sometimes.
F Do you earn a lot of money?
J DoI earn a lot of money? Well, I think the money is very good, yes.
H You only have time for one more question, team.
M Do you work with other people?
J Well, I work with one other person, but my job isn't really about people...
H Time is up. OK, team. So, what's James's job?
$3 C)$ )
J = Jessica, M = Max
J Hi. Are you Max?
M Yes. Are you Jessica?
J Yes, lam.
M Nice to meet you. Well, let's go in and sit down. Do you like sushi?
J Yes. I love Japanese food. It's my favorite.
M Good. So, Jessica, what do you do?
J I'm a flight attendant.
M Really? That's incredible?
J Why?
M Because I'm a pilot!
J Oh! You're right. That is incredible! Which airline do you work for?
M United. And you?
J Jet Blue. I love my job.
M Me too. What do you do on the weekends, Jessica?
J I meet my friends. We go to the movies or to a restaurant. How about you?
M I like the movies, too. What kind of movies do you like?
J I like comedies more than anything.
M Me too. Who's your favorite actor?
J Johnny Depp. I love him!
M Yes, he's good, isn't he? Do you live near the movie theater?
J Yes, there's a movie theater near my house.
M When do you go there?
J I go on Saturday evenings.
M Let's go together next Saturday.
$J$ OK. What do you want to see?
4 A) )
A = Angie, $J=$ Jessie
A Who's that?
J That's my nephew.
A Is that your sister's son or your brother's son?
J My brother's.
A How old is your nephew? He looks young.
J He's 13. The photo is from his birthday last week.
A Let's see the next one. Is that your family, too?
J Yes, it is. That's my sister.
A Wow! She's really tall.
J Yes, she plays basketball. She's very good.
A That's a beautiful beach. Where is it?
J It's a beach in California - I can't remember the name. I love it there!
A Is this California, too?
J No, it isn't. It's a music festival in Canada.

A Are those girls in your family?
J No, theyaren't. They're friends from college.
A Who's the blond one?
J That's Rosie. We live in the same apartment.
A Who's the boy?
J He's Rosie's friend. I don't like him very much, but she doesn't see him often.
A Are there any more?
J Yes. Look at this one.
A You look great! A nd who's that sitting next to you?
J He's my friend, Pete. It's the office party from last year.
A He's good-looking. Does he work with you?
J Well, sort of...He's the manager!
( $\mathrm{BI}_{\text {) }}$ )
$\mathrm{I}=$ Interviewer, $\mathbf{M}=$ Mark
I What do you do, Mark?
M I'ma taxidriver.
I Do you work at night or during the day?
M I work at night.
I What time do you start work?
M At about seven o'clock in the evening. I stop for a break at about two o'clock and I have something to eat.
I What do you have?
M A hamburger or a pizza and a soda. I'm really hungry at that time.
I What time do you finish work, Mark?
M I go home at about six o'clock in the morning and I go to bed immediately. I sleep for about eight hours and then I get up and have breakfast.
I What do you do in the afternoon?
M I go to the gym for an hour or so, and then I take a shower. After that, I watch TV or check my emails until I have dinner.
I What time is that?
M At six o'clock. Then I get into my car and start work again.
I Do you like your job?
M Yes, I love it.
I Thank you for your time, Mark.
M You're welcome.
$4(1))$
$\mathbf{H}=$ Host, $\mathbf{M}=$ Marge,
$\mathbf{R}=$ Robbie, $\mathbf{D}=\mathrm{Dr}$. Atkins
H Hello, and welcome to Who's Healthy? Today we have Marge Wilson and her son, Robbie, with us. Marge, do you think you're healthy?
M Um, yes. I think so.
H And what about you, Robbie? Are you healthy?
R Of course!
H Well, I'm going to ask you some questions and we're going to find out Who's healthy? First of all, Marge. How old are you, Marge?
M I'm 48.
H OK. So, how often do you eat fast food, Marge?
M Never. I don't like it.
H OK. And how often do you have breakfast?
M I always have break fast. I have a cup of tea and some cereal.
H Good. And how often do you do exercise?
M I go to the gym three times a week.
H OK, and how many hours do you usually sleep?
M Well, I get up early, and I always go to bed early, too. I usually sleep for about eight hours.
H That's great, Marge. And now it's Robbie's turn. Robbie, how old are you?
R Twenty.
H And how often do you eat fast food?
R Well, I love pizza and hamburgers, and I sometimes have French fries, so yeah, I eat fast food about five times a week.

H What about breakfast? How often doyou have break fast?
R I don't have time because I always get up late, so...I hardly ever have breakfast.
H OK, and how often do you exercise?
R Oh, I do a lot of exercise. I play soccer four times a week.
H Good. That's better. And how many hours do you usually sleep?
R I'm not sure. I go to bed late because I'm on my computer, so I guess I sleep for about six hours.
H OK. Thank you, Robbie. And now it's time to see what the doctor thinks. Dr. Atkins, Who's healthy? Marge? Robbie? Or both of them?
D Well, Marge always has break fast and she never eats fast food. She often exercises and she gets a lot of sleep. So, Marge, you're right. You're very healthy!
H And what about Robbie?
D Well, Robbie exercises four times a week, but he often eats fast food and he never has breakfast. He doesn't sleep enough either. So Robbie, you're wrong. You aren't very healt hy.
H So, there you have it everyone. A healthy mom and an unhealthy son! And that's all we have time for today. Join us again tomorrow at the same time for Who's healthy?

## 5 A))

1 A Let's goto the swimming pool onthe weekend.
B OK. Can we go on Saturday? I'm busy on Sunday.
A Yes, but I always play tennis in the morning. Let's go in the afternoon.
B OK. See you there.
2 A I want to have lunch in this restaurant. Can I park here?
B No, sir, you can't.
A What about outside the movie theater?
B No parking spaces there. A lot of people leave their cars outside the hospital. You can park there.
A Thanks.
3 A Can you help me with my homework?
B Not now, sorry.
A Can you help me after lunch?
B No. I'm busy.
A When can you help me?
B After dinner. I don't have any plans tonight.
4 A Let's write a postcard to Chris. Do you have a pen?
B Yes. Here you are.
A What about a stamp?
B We can buy a stamp in the store.
A OK. Do you know her address?
B No. Do you?
A No, I don't!
5 A OK. Let's go in.
B Sorry. We can't.
A Why not? Is your boss here?
B No, I can't hear him. But it isn't that. It's the door!
A Oh, now I understand. You can't open it.
B No! I don't know where my keys are!

## 5 B))

Speaker 1 They both work, so it starts when they leave home in the morning. I don't know how many they have - three, four, five - but they make a terrible noise. They take them out for a walk in the evening, so it's nice and quiet then, but they sometimes go out at night and the noise starts again. I don't know why people have animals when they're never at home.

Speaker 2 It's really bad. They do it every Friday and Saturday night. The music starts at about eight o'clock and then we hear the cars. They park outside my house and soon the street is full of cars. The prohlem is that they don't stay in the house - they go out in the yard to dance, too. They don't leave until about six in the morning, so we don't sleep all night.
Speaker 3 They're really nice people, actually. He's a lawyer and she's a doctor. The problem is what they do in their free time. They both finish work early, so they're home by five o'clock. Wecan't watch TV or listen to our own music because we can't hear it. They play the piano and violin all evening. It's so noisy!
Speaker 4 I'm so tired right now. Every time I go to sleep, he starts... I know my neighbors love their son, and he's only three months old, but I wish he wouldn't wake up all the time. I thought babies sleep and eat all the time. He's changed my neighbors' lives, and he's changed mine, too!

## $5 \mathrm{C})$ )

## Tour 1: Butchart Gardens

Thesegardens were planted in 1904 by Jennie Butchart. Walk around the gardens or take a boat ride to see the beautiful flowers. You can also listen to bands play many different types of music. Tour 2: Emily Carr House
This is the home of famous Canadian writer and artist, Emily Carr. Take a tour of thehouse and see Emily's paintings and other beautiful works of art. Listen to stories about the artist's life in the late 1800's.

## Tour 3: Beacon Hill Park

The park is the biggest in Victoria. It's a very nice place to visit with your family. It has a zoo where children can touch animals and a lot of places to play sports like tennis and soccer.
Tour 4: The Victoria Bug Zoo
This zoo only has two rooms. It's small because it only has insects! Walk around with a tour guide and see how very small insects like ants live!
Tour 5: The University of Victoria
The university was built in 1902. Famous students include artists and politicians. The library has over 2 million books.
Tour 6: Hatley Castle
This castle is a beautiful old building with an interesting history. The castle is now part of a college. It's also famous because it's Professor Xavier's school in the X-Men movies.
Tour 7: The Empress Hotel
This hotel is near the water and has 477 rooms, 4 restaurants, and an indour swimming pool. It is famous for its afternoon tea service.
Tour 8: Art Gallery of Greater Victoria Thisgallery has many paintings and drawings by Canadian artists. It also has a lot of important art like a Chinese bell from 1641.

## 6 A) )

H = Holly, B = Beth, E = Emily
H Hello, Emily. It's Holly.
B It isn't Emily. It's Beth. I'm Emily's sister.
H Oh. Hello. Um, is Emily there?
B No, I'm sorry. She's taking the dog for a walk.
H Oh. Well. Can you give her a message?
B Yes, of course.
H Canyou tell her my bag is in her car and I need it?
B Oh. Your bag. OK. Does she have your number? H I don't know.

B OK. Wait a minute. I need a pen. OK. What's your number?
H It's 606-555-4923.
B That's 606-555-4923.
H Yes, that's right.
B Wait a minute, Holly. Don't go, I think Emily is opening the door. Emily? It's for you.
E What? Oh, the phone. Hello?
H Hi, Emily. It's Holly.
E Oh, hi, Holly. How are you?
H I'm fine. Listen. My bag's in your car.
E Is it?
H Yes. And my keys are in the bag, and I can't open the door of my apartment. My cell phone's in my bag too, so I'm calling from the apartment next door. Can you give me my bag?
E Oh, right. Yes. Yes, of course.
H Let's meet in the cafe near my house.
E OK.
H Thanks, Emily.
E No problem. See you in a minute.
H Bye.

## 6 B))

Speaker 1 My favorite day of the year is New Year's Day. I always feel positive when I wake up, and I love staying in bed for an hour or so, thinking about my plans for the next year. I like knowing that I can forget the disasters of the year before and just start again.
Speaker 2 I love waking up on the first day of my summer vacation. It's wonderful going somewhere new and you don't know anything about it. I don't like packing, though, so I always get my bags ready the night before. Then I can enjoy every second of my trip.
Speaker 3 My birthday is in the fall, which is probably why I love this season. I try to go to a park or the countryside at least once a week in the fall to see the beautiful colors of the trees. But I hate it when it rains and the leaves get wet and slippery!
Speaker 4 I hate being inside in the winter, especially when it gets dark at four o'clock, so I'm always waiting for spring to come. I love seeing the new spring flowers on one of those typical spring days, when it's cold but sunny. I love photography, and I often go out and take pictures of trees and flowers.

## 6 C 1 )

1 A What kind of music do you like, Raul?
B I don't know. Ilike all kinds, really.
A Well, do you like heavy music?
B Uh, no! That's too loud for me.
A What about ska?
B No. ska's too slow.
A Well, what do you like?
B I usually listen to folk, so that's probably my favorite.
2 A Do you have a favorite CD?
B Yes. Yes, I do. I always listen to it in the car.
A Which group is it by?
B Well, it's not really by a group. It's sung by actors.
A Oh. Is it from a movie?
B Yes. It's the soundtrack from Mamma Mia! I love it!
A Isn't that about ABBA?
B Yes and no...It's a musical, with the songs by ABBA, but the actors in the movie sing them.
A lsee...

3 A How do you usually listen to music, Wendy?
B Well, I don't listen to the radio, that's one thing for sure. I want to hear music, not the voices of the announcers.
A What about CDs?
B Well, I have a lot of those, but they're in a box in the garage somewhere. I usually listen to music on my laptop. I have a good Internet connection at home and at work, and I can listen to what I want.
4 A Do you want to goto a concert with menext month?
B OK. Who's playing? I hope it isn't Justin Bieber. You know I don't like him.
A No, don't worry. This singer is nothing like him. Anyway, it's a woman.
B Rihanna! Great! I'd love to come.
A No, sorry, it isn't Rihanna. It's Beyoncé.
B Oh. Right. Beyoncé. OK. How much are the tickets?
5 A What do you think of this song, John?
B I don't know. It's very different from her other songs.
A I love it! It's really new and original.
B Yes, but it's slow, and it isn't easyso dance to.
A So you don't like it?
B No, it's OK. But I prefer her other songs.
7 A ) )
H = Host, T = Tom
H Hello, and welcome to what is a very special show, because we're going to find out the results of our poll. Tom Brewer from the Discovery Channel is here to tell us who the greatest American of all time is. Hello, Tom.
T Hi, there.
H So, let's look at the Top 5, Tom.
T All right. Well, number 5 on the list is, in fact, Ben Franklin.
H OK. I'm not surprised.
T I'm not either. Did you know that he was the owner of a newspaper, The Pennsylvania Gazette, at the age of 22? Or that he was an expert swimmer?
H No, I didn't know that! Very interesting! But who is number 4 ?
T Well, number 4 is George Washington.
H Ah, yes...George Washington. Tell us something about him.
T Well, he was born in Virginia on February 22, 1732. He was the first president of the US. He died in 1779 at the age of 67 .
H OK. Who's next?
T Number 3 on the list is Martin Luther King, Jr.
H Yes, he was an amazing person.
T That's right. So let me tell you about him. He was born on January 15th, 1929 in Atlanta, Georgia. He was famous because he was one of the leaders of the US civil rights movement. He was killed on April 4th, 1968. He was only 39 years old.
H Yes, that was tragic. So, Number 2?
T Number 2 is Abraham Lincoln, the 12th president of the US.
H Really? Tell us about him.
T Well, he was born on February 12th in 1809. He was president during the American Civil War, and he was killed on April 15th, 1865. He wasn't very old when he died, only 56.
H OK... and now for the moment we've been waiting for. Who is the greatest American of all time? Who is at the top of the list?

T Well, I'll give you a clue. It's a man....he was born on February 6th, 1911 and died in 2004, He was an actor and a US president!
H I knew it! It's Ronald Reagan!
T That's right. Ronald Reagan is the greatest American of all time. Americans voted for Reagan because jobs were good and salaries were high when he was president.
H Tom Brewer, thank you so much for joining us.
T My pleasure.

## 7 B ) )

Speaker 1 I had a bad trip one vacation when I wanted to visit my family back home in Chicago. About twenty minutes after leaving the airport, there was a problem with our plane. We returned to the airport again and waited five hours for another plane. Finally, I arrived in Chicago eight hours later than I planned.
Speaker 2 We tried to go on vacation to Toronto one year, but it was a disaster. We started our trip late and stopped for lunch in a town on the way. When we were on the road after lunch, our car started making a strange noise and finally, it stopped altogether. The car ended up in a garage, and we called a taxi to take us home again.
Speaker 3 My bad trip happened when I was in college. I wanted to go home for the weekend, so I was on a train. The trip was very long about seven hours - and I was almost home. We stopped at the last station before mine, but then we didn't start again. The train was broken. In the end, my dad picked me up in his car.
Speaker 4 I had a bad experience with a bus company once. I booked a ticket from the Port Authority Bus Terminal in New York City to Newark Airport, but there were a lot of people at the bus station when I arrived, and it was impossible to get on the bus. In the end, I traveled to the airport with abusinessman in a taxi. He didn't ask me for any money, which was nice.

## 7 C))

$\mathbf{I}=$ Interviewer, $\mathbf{M}=$ Melissa
I Can you tell us about a memorable night, Melissa?
M Well, let me see. There are a lot of them, actually. But yes, there was one particular night this year that was memorable.
I When was it?
M It was February 14th.
I Valentine's Day?
M Yes. That's why I remember the date. It was Valentine's Day, but I didn't have a friend at the time. In fact, I was with two friends.
I Where were you?
M I was in Miami. There was a concert that night by my favorite singer, Drake, so I traveled to Miami to see it.
I When did you a rrive in Miami?
M The night before the concert.
I So, what did you do before the concert?
M We had a coffee at an interesting coffee shop near the beach. Then we tried to find the concert. We didn't know exactly where the theater was, so we drove around for a very long time. In the end, we got there five minutes before the concert started.
I Was the concert good?
M Yes, it was fantastic. Drake sang all our favorite songs, and we performed and sang for about two hours.
I Didyou go home after the concert?
M No, we didn't go home right away. We didn't have dinner before it started, so we were hungry.

We went to a fast-food restaurant and had a hamburger. It was delicious! After that, we drove home.
I What time did you get home?
M We didn't get home that late. It was two o'clock in the morning, more or less. But we had a great time. That was the important thing.

## 8 A))

H = Host, D = Detective
H Hello and welcome to What Next?, the program that looks at today's career opportunities. In the studio with us is Detective Jeremy Downs from the Metropolitan Police. He's here to tell us about his job and how he got it. Hello, Jeremy.
D Good morning, Peter.
H So, tell us, why did you decide to join the police?
D Well, it runs in my family, really. My dad was a detective, and so was his father. I always knew that this was what I wanted to do.
H What did you need to become a detective?
D First, I got a college degree in criminal justice. Then I had to get experience as a regular police officer. So I worked as a police officer for twoyears. Then Itook two tests - one to test my knowledge of the law and one to test my physical fitness for the job.
H Detective, what do you like most about your job?
D Well, you feel great when you solve a mystery and find a murderer. That's the best thing about it. And also, I'm usually outside or talking to people, so I don't spend muchtime in an office. I'm never bored when I'm working.
H And what don't you like about it?
D It's a very stressful job. I'm usually working on more than one case at a time, and sometimes it's difficult to know what to do first. And going to the scene of a murder can be terrible. But apart from that, I love my job and I recommend it to anyone who likes finding answers and solving problems.
H Detective Downs, thank you for joining us.

## 8 B ) )

$\mathbf{M}=$ Mrs. Goodings, J = Joanna, B = Bradley
M Hello. Good morning. I'm Mrs. Goodings.
J Hi. I'm Joanna, and this is Bradley.
B Hi.
M Hello. Please come in. So...let's start, OK? This is the kitchen, as you can see.
B It's very big.
M Yes. There isn't a dining room, so we eat in here.
J Oh look! The walls are big windows! You can see the yard - it's beautiful!
B Can I ask you a question, Mrs. Goodings? Why did we come in the back door?
M We always use the back door. There isn't a rug in the kitchen so there aren't any problems with dirty shoes.
B Oh. Right.
J Where's the washing machine?
M It's in the corner over there.
J Oh, yes. I see it. Why is there a hole in the ceiling?
M Well, upstairs is the bathroom. The hole is for when you take a shower. You take off your clothes and put them down the hole. They land on the floor next to the washing machine.
J Oh. That's interesting!
M Yes...It was my idea...Now...this way please...I want to show you the living room. There. What do you think?
J Oh! There are big windows here, too. I love it!
B Mrs. Goodings, is there a television?

M No, there isn't. My husband and I don't watch TV. We prefer listening to music. Now...let's go upstairs.
J There are four bedrooms upstairs, is that right?
M Yes. Four bedrooms and a bathroom.
B Is this the bathroom?
M Yes, it is. Be careful with the...
B Aargh!!!
J Bradley? Bradley? Where is he?
M Don't worry. He's in the kitchen.
J What?
M Do you remember the hole in the ceiling?
J Oh, no! Bradley? Bradley? Are you all right?

## 8 (1))

Speaker 1 When I was in Costa Rica, I stayed in a bed-and-breakfast hotel with a difference. It was in the middle of the jungle and we could see monkeys and birds from our window. As well as an air-conditioned bedroom, there was a full bathroom with a warm-water shower. We had a small refrigerator and a coffeemaker, too.
Speaker 2 I spent the night in an ice hotel when I was in the north of Sweden. The temperature in the room was $23^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and the only furniture was a bed made of ice and snow. I slept in a special sleeping bag with all my clothes on - I even wore a hat! It wasn't very comfortable, really, because there wasn't even a bathroom!
Speaker 3 I once stayed in a very artsy hotel when I was in Berlin. All of the rooms in the hotel were completely different. In the middle of my room there was a diamond-shaped bed and when I lay down, I could see hundreds of people who looked just like me. There weren't any cupboards, so I put my bags under the bed.
Speaker 4 I went to Fiji with my husband after we got married and we stayed in a really special hotel. A special elevator took us down to our room, which was surrounded by fish and other sea animals. There was a large, comfortable bed in the bedroom and a library and personal office in the living room. We loved it there!

## 9 A))

Speaker 1 My favorite meal is roast beef. It sounds boring really - just a piece of meat, but you need to cook it for the right amount of time. My mom cooks it perfectly and she always serves it with roasted potatoes and a lot of other . vegetables - peas, carrots, broccoli, and beans. Then she pours a sauce called gravy all over it. Delicious!
Speaker 2 Indian food is really popular these days, and I absolutely love it! We're lucky because we have a great Indian restaurant down the street. My favorite dish is chicken tikka masala, which is chicken in a sauce made with tomatoes, cream, and spices. I always order special Indian bread to eat with it.
Speaker 3 You probably think I'm crazy, but one of my favorite meals is a hot dog and French fries. Yes, I know it's not very healthy, but I only have it about twice a month. I always buy it from the same street vendor, and if the weather's nice, I sit outside in the park to eat it. I put a lot of mustard and relish on the hot dog. Yum!!!
Speaker 4 My favorite food is Chinese food, and I always order the same dish - sweet and sour tof $u$ and vegetables. This is pieces of tofu in a sauce made of sugar, tomatoes, white vinegar, and soy sauce. The sauce also has pineapple, green peppers, and onion in it. I always eat it with rice. I have it at the restaurant, and sometimes I get it to go and eat it at home.

## 9 B))

$\mathbf{H}=$ Host, $\mathbf{M}=$ Miriam
H Hello and welcome to the program. Our first guest today is nutritionist Miriam Shepherd. She's here to give us some advice about healthy eating. Miriam, what do we need to eat to be healthy?
M Well, basically, we all need a balanced diet.
$\mathbf{H}$ And what exactly is a balanced diet?
M It's when you eat the right amount of food from each of the five different food groups.
H Can you tellus more about those groups, Miriam?
M Yes, of course. Let's start with carbohydrates. These are things like bread, pasta, rice, and potatoes. We need to eat a lot of carbohydrates because they give us energy.
H OK. What's next?
M The next group is fruit and vegetables. Things like apples and oranges, and peas and carrots. These contain important vitamins, so you need to eat something from this group at every meal.
H OK. What's the third group?
$\mathbf{M}$ The third group is protein, which is in food like meat and eggs. We need it to grow and to repair the body. Youneed to eat a lot of foods from this group, but not necessarily with every meal.
H Interesting. What's the next group, Miriam?
M Milk and dairy. Dairy foods are things like cheese and yogurt. This group contains calcium, which is important for our bones and teeth. But you have to be a little careful because they sometimes contain a lot of fat. You need to eat something from this group every day, but not necessarily every meal.
H And which is the last group, Miriam?
M The last group is fats and sugars. These are found in snacks, like cake, cookies, candy, and chips. Fats and sugars aren't very good for you, so only eat a little food from this group - maybe once or twice a week.
H Thank you, Miriam. That was very helpful.
M My pleasure.
9 (.))
$\mathbf{M}=$ Michael, $\mathbf{R}=$ Rachel
M Rachel, did you know that there are two cities called Birmingham?
R Really? I know the one in the state of Alabama in the US, but where's the other one?
M It's in the UK.
R OK. Are the cities very small?
M Not really. One big difference is the population. There are only 243,000 people living in Birmingham in the US, whereas there are over a million in Birmingham in the UK.
$\mathbf{R}$ So, Birmingham in the UK is bigger then?
M Well, no. The area of Birmingham in the UK is 63 square miles while Birmingham in the US covers 93.8 square miles.
R Oh, that's big.
M Yes, but there aren't as many people. Birmingham in the UK isn't very green.
$\mathbf{R}$ And the American Birmingham is really green.
M Yes.And there's also a big difference in age. Birmingham in the UK was already a small village as early as the seventh century while Birmingham in the US didn't exist until 1871.
R OK. What about the weather? It's always raining over here so the weather is probably better in Birmingham in the UK.
M You're right! There are 26 inches of rain in Birmingham in the UK. There is twice as much in Birmingham in the US- 53 inches.

R Interesting!
M Yes, but it's colder over there. The average temperature in Birmingham in the US is $73^{\circ}$ F whereas in Birmingham in the UK it's $55^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. That's ten degrees colder.
R So, why are you telling me all this anyway?
M I'm reading an article in the newspaper. It's about a mistake that they made in Birmingham.
That's Birmingham in the UK, not ours.
R What happened?
M They made an advertisement for Birmingham in the UK, but they used the wrong photo. They put a photo of Birmingham in the US on the advertisement instead of Birmingham in the UK.
R No! How funny!
M Yes, 1 thought so, too!

## 10 A ))

$\mathbf{H}=$ Host, $\mathbf{M}=\mathbf{M a x}$
H Hello, and welcome to the travel section of the program. Our guest today is travel writer Max Miller, whose book Superlative Sights came out yesterday. Max, welcome to the program.
M Thank you, Gloria.
H So what exactly is your book about?
M Well, it's basically about the biggest, the best, and the most beautiful places in the world.
H Can you give us some examples?
M Yes, of course. Let's start with Ayers Rock in Australia. Its other name is Uluru, and it's the world's largestrock. It's almost 12,000 feet long, 7,920 feet wide, and 1,141 feet high enormous!
H Yes, I see what you mean. What else?
M How about the world's highest waterfall? Angel Falls in Venezuela is 3,212 feet high. A lot of the water evaporates before it hits the ground.
H Wow! Are there only natural places in your book, or do you have any man-made structures?
M Yes, we include man-made structures, too. For example, do you know what the tallest building is right now?
H No...tell us more.
M Well, it's Burj Khalifa in Dubai in the United Arab Emirates. It stands 2,717 feet high.
H Incredible!
M What about the oldest city in the world?
H I'm not sure. Um...somewhere in Egypt?
M Almost, but not quite. It's Aleppo, in Syria. The city dates back to 600 B.C. and it's the oldest continuously inhabited city in the world.
H Really? I didn't know that.
M There are also some interesting facts about transporation. For instance, do you know anything about the longest train trip?
H Well, I suppose it's in Russia.
M That's right. The Trans-Siberian Railway from Moscow to Vladivostok is 5,771 miles long and crosses seven different time zones.
H That's one long train ride!
M That's right. And how about plane trips? What's the shortest runway in the world?
H Runway? You mean where the planes land at the airport?
M That's right.
$H$ I have no idea.
M Well, it's on the beautiful island of Saba in the Caribbean. The runway is only 1,300 feet long and it ends in a 196-foot drop into the ocean.
H This is fascinating stuff, Max. I can't wait to read your book!

## 10B1))

Speaker 1 I had my first experience
CouchSurfing in China. I wanted to spend a
few days in a city called Guilin, so I made contact with a Chinese guy named Leo. Leo was the perfect host: he gave me abed, he organized a dinner that other CouchSurfers came to, and he showed me around the city. I loved it, and I'd recommend it to anyone!
Speaker 2 My first CouchSurfing experience did not go well. I was in B oston - in the state of Massachusetts in the US, and I found a college student who agreed to host me. First, he was late and then he didn't stop talking about himself all night. In the end, I said I was tired and went to bed. The next morning, I left Boston and took the train to New York City, where my host was an older woman, and I had a much better time.
Speaker 3 I'm Canadian, and my first
CouchSurfing experience was in New Orleans in the state of Louisiana in the US. I wanted to do some research for a novel I'm writing, so I needed to meet as many people as possible. My sister told me about the website, so I decided to try it out. In the end, I stayed with someone different every night, and I got a lot of ideas for my book!
Speaker 4 I was in Australia working when I found out about the CouchSurfing website. I wanted to travel around the country on weekends, but I didn't know anyone. A friend suggested looking at the CouchSurfing website, and I'm very happy that I did. Inow have friends all over Australia, and some of them are going to visit me in the US when I go back next month.

## 10C))

P = Pete, A = Amy
P Amy, do you remember Uri Geller?
A No, I don't. Who is he?
P He is a kind of psychic. He was on TV a lot in the past and he became famous.
A What kind of tricks did he do?
P Well, his most famous trick was bending spoons. There's a photo here - come and take a look.
A Oh, there's a video here, too, on YouTube. Let's watch it.
P You see? At first, the spoon looks normal.
Here, he's touching it with his finger... and now, it's bent.
A That's amazing!
P Actually...it isn't.
A What?
P It's a trick.
A So how does he doit?
P The spoon is bent before he showsit to us. He's hiding the bent part in his hand, so thatyou think it's a normal spoon. You don't have much time to look at the spoon at all because he's talking so much. What he's doing is distracting you while he's pulling the bent spoon slowly out of his hand. You think he's bending it but, in fact, heisn't.
A So, the guy is a cheater!
P Yes, but he's a very famous cheater.
A Does he still do his trick in public?
P Yes, he does. And the most incredible thing is that people still believe it.

## 11A))

## Speaker 1: Toronto, Canada

On the weekend, the city is pretty busy. It's very similar to New York City or Washington, D.C.
The streets are crowded with cars and people. There are interesting neighborhoods to visit, great restaurants to eat at, and a lot of places to hear music. I think most people stay in the city because there isn't much to do outside of the city.

People dress nicely here, especially at work. In big companies, it's normal for men to wear suits and women to wear business clothes. On the weekend, people dress more casually. They wear jeans or shorts and T -shirts, depending on the weather.
An interesting thing is that Toronto's nickname is "Hollywood North." A lot of TV and movie companies film their shows in Toronto. The city is also home to the Toronto International Film Festival.
Only the Cannes Film Festival in France is bigger!

## Speaker 2: Reykjavik, Iceland

In Iceland, a very important part oflife is swimming and going to a hot tub, which is like a small swimming pool with hot water. People go before work or on the weekend to meet with their friends, or sometimes even to have business meetings!
The countryside in Iceland is incredible. There are almost no trees, and there are volcanoes and fields of lava, which are the incredibly hot stones that come out of the volcanoes. You can walk for days and not see another person, because there aren't many people in Iceland. In Reykjavik, there are less than 250,000 people, and the secondbiggest city has only 15,000 .
Icelandic people are very creative. It's normal for many people to make music, paint or draw, and even write books. Also, many people make their own clothes, and they look really fashionable!

11B))
H = Host, D = Dave, C = Carolina, E = Eddie
H Hello. I'm Jenny Richards, and I'm on the streets of New York City asking people what they want to do with their lives. Let's start with this man over here. Hello.
D Hi.
H I'm Jenny Richards from TV NYC. What's your name?
D I'm Dave.
H OK, Dave, we'd like to ask you about your ambitions for the future. What do you want to do with your life?
D Well, uh, what I'd really like, um, is...
H Yes?
D I'd really like to buy a motorcyle. I had a little dirt bike when I was younger, but I stopped riding it when I got married and had kids. Now, I'd like to start again.
H Well, good luck with your ambition, Dave. Let's talk to someone else now. Hello. What's your name?
C Carolina.
H So, what do you want to do with your life, Carolina?
C Well, I'd love to go traveling to different places.
H Oh really? Any particular place?
C Yes. I'd really like to go to Australia with my sister. I have friends there, and it's a very exciting country.
H Why don't you, then?
C I can't.
H Why not?
C My sister hates flying, and it's a 22 -hour flight.
$H$ Well, maybe one day you can go there on your own. Good luck with your ambition, Carolina.
Now, what about you? What's your name?
E I'm Eddie.
H Do you have any ambitions, Eddie?
E I'dlike to see Kings of Leon live.
H Why Kings of Leon?
E They're my favorite band.
H Why don't you get a ticket for their next concert?
E Yeah, I want to, but they aren't touring this year. They're making a new album.

H Well, maybe next year. Now, let's talk to this woman over here...

## 11 ( ) )

Speaker 1 I really couldn't live without the Internet. Every evening after dinner, I spend a few hours on my laptop playing games online. My job is very stressful, so it helps me relax. I forget about my problems and focus on something different. I think it's really good for me.
Speaker 2 The Internet is really important for me because I live abroad. All of my family and friends live in the US, and I'm living in the UK. Phone calls are really expensive, but with the Internet I can Skype them whenever I want to. With Skype I can even see their faces, so it's much better than a phone call.
Speaker 3 Well, um, I'm a webmaster, so the Internet is very important for my job. I work with different websites, first of all creating them and then making sure that everyone can use them. I also try to make existing websites work faster. I enjoy my job because I love computers and solving problems.
Speaker 4 Yeah, I spend a lot of time on the Internet every day. It's a great way to keep in touch with friends and also to meet new people. There's one site I use a lot to talk to my friends, upload photos, and post videos that I find funny. I also like looking at my friends' profiles to see what they're doing.
12A))
H = Host, C = Christopher
H Hello, and welcome to Movie Madness. In the studio with us today is movie critic Christopher Phillips. We've asked him to choose his two favorite movie adaptations of books. Christopher, where are you going to start?
C Well, it's been a difficult choice but I'm going to start with a very early movie, the 1946 adaptation of Great Expectations by Charles Dickens.
H 1946? That is early.
C Yes, and as you can imagine, the movie is in black and white. It tells the story of a poor young boy named Pip who with the help of a mysterious person, becomes a gentleman. The story doesn't change much in the movie, but the photography makes the atmosphere darker and more frightening. It's an excellent adaptation.
H Great Expectations. OK. I haven't seen the movie, but l've read the book, of course. What's your other movie, Christopher?
C Well, my other choice is more recent. It's The English Patient.
H Yes, I've seen that one a few times. But I don't know anything about the book. Tell us more.
C Well, the author is a Sri Lankan-Canadian writer named Michael Ondaatje, and his novel won an important prize - the Booker Prize. The movie came out in 1996, and it's a wonderful adaptation of the book. It tells the story of a man in a military hospital who has been in a plane crash. We also learn something about the life and loves of his nurse. Again, there are a few changes to the story, but the best thing about the movie is the choice of actors, who are perfect for their parts. The movie won a total of nine Oscars, which shows just how good it is.
H Christopher Phillips, thank you for joining us.
C Thank you for having me. I've enjoyed it.

## 12B))

Speaker 1 I = Interviewer, $\mathbf{S}$ = Speaker 1
I Have you ever been to Africa?

S Yes, I have. I've been to Kenya.
I When did you go?
S I went in 2010. We stayed with some friends who are living in Nairobi. While we were there, we went on a trip to Tsavo East, which is an enormous national park. Unfortunately, our car broke down in the park, and the guards took six hours to rescue us. It was really scary!
Speaker 2 I = Interviewer, $\mathbf{S}=$ Speaker 2
I Have you ever been to South A merica?
S Yes, I have. I've been to Brazil.
I When did you go?
S I went there in 2006 on a business trip. In fact, we were at a conference, so it wasn't very hard work. We stayed in a five-star hotel, and the company paid for everything.
Speaker 3 I = Interviewer, S = Speaker 3
I Have you ever been to Australia?
S Well, I haven't been to Australia, but l've been to New Zealand.
I When did you go?
S I went with my wife when we got married in 2011. We stayed in a luxury apartment on the banks of Lake Wakatipu, and we had a great time doing a lot of different water sports. The best moment for me, though, was when we did a bungee jump from the Kawarau Bridge. It was really exciting!
Speaker 4 I = Interviewer, $\mathrm{S}=$ Speaker 4
I Have you ever been to Asia?
S Yes, I have. I've been to Thailand.
I When did you go?
S I went with my family in 2006. We stayed in a special hotel in the jungle, and we slept in a treehouse. But the most amazing part of our trip happened when we visited Bangkok. We were lucky enough to be there for Songkran, the Thai New Year, so we saw the water festival. You know, the one where everybody throws water at each other in the street!

## 12C))

New Zealand. Home of Middle Earth. And the best way to experience it is on our Lord of the Rings Edoras tour. The tour leaves Christchurch at $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. and returns at 6 p.m., but we can pick you up at other central city locations, too. The groups are small, and the guides are friendly and informative. You don't need to be a Lord of the Rings fan to enjoy the tour because the scenery is fantastic. Transportation is in a Land Rover, and we take you through the spectacular mountains of the Southern Alps where you can see clear lakes and blue rivers, and you can breathe fresh mountain air. Our destination is Mount Sunday, the real-life mountain that in the movie is Edoras, the capital city of the Rohan people. While you're there, you can use some the most famous items from the movie: Aragorn's sword, Gimli's axe, and the flag of Rohan. For lunch, there is a luxury picnic, which we eat outside in the open air. Visit our store at the end of your trip and buy exclusive Lord of the Rings souvenirs for your family and friends back home.
The tour runs daily throughout the year, and you can buy tickets on line. The price includes your pick up and drop off, your trip in the Land Rover, your guided walk to the very top of Edoras, and your delicious lunch. Tickets cost $\$ 135$ for adults, per person, and $\$ 94$ for children aged 14 and under.
So, what are you waiting for? Book your tickets now before you miss your chance to see one of the most beautiful Lord of the Rings locations. It's an experience you'll never forget.


## American

## Get everyone talking. In class. Everywhere.

Grammar, Vocabulary, Pronunciation in each lesson.


Oxford $>$ making digital sense
iChecker Self-assessment CD-ROM includes a Progress Check and Challenge for every File as well as all Workbook audio

## For Students

- Student Book with Online Practice
- Workbook with GCherser
- Multi-Pack: Student Book/Workbook Split Edition with Online Practice and GChes ker
- English File Pronunciation app


## OXFORD

UNIVERSITY PRESS

## For Teachers

- Teacher's Book with Testing Program CD-ROM
- Class DVD
- Class Audio CDs
- iTools Presentation Software DVD-ROM
- Online Class Management



[^0]:    Extract from Oxford Bookworms Library Starter: Sally's Phone by Christine Lindop © Oxford University Press 2008. Reproduced by Permission.
    ISBN 978-0-19-423426-9

